"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today; tomorrow showers; moderate southerly winds. Temperature Yesterday—Max., 77; Min., 61. ☞For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIII...No. 24,311. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1924. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GERMANS GIVE IN ON RUHR EVACUATION; FULL ACCORD NEAR

Met by Solid Allied Front in Favor of Year's Delay, Berlin Delegation Yields.

APPEAL TO MACDONALD VAIN

British Premier Advises Germans to Accept but Refuses to Guarantee Withdrawal.

BERLIN OPINION PREPARED

Minister Jarres Tells Press That Germany Must Yield or Take Blame for Dawes Plan Failure.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Thanks to some extent to the good-will of all concerned, but more especially to the compelling necessities of the European situation, to which Secretary Hughes made discreet reference during his visit to London, the conference on application of the Dawes report, which began here on July 15, has now reached the final and successful stage.

The protocols have yet to be signed, but there will be no difficulty and not much delay over that, for an agreement on the question of the military evacuation of the Ruhr was arrived at today. This was the coping stone of the arch built up upon the Dawes report.

Whether the conference will actually be ended tomorrow or by the middle of next week is immaterial, for that will depend merely upon subsidiary points which cannot be allowed to interfere with the main issues.

Germans in Touch With Berlin.

It was a busy day for some of the delegates to the conference. The Germans had been up all night or most of it. Chancellor Marx had gone to bed at dawn in the hope of snatching some repose, but he was roused from his pillow just as he was failing asleep by communications from Berlin in reply to the exposition of the situation here which he had sent to President Ebert.

All through the morning exchanges of views between the German delegation at the Ritz Hotel and Berlin continued. A private wire had been placed at the disposal of the German delegation by the British Prime Minister, who was keen as mustard to expedite matters. German personalities in Berlin and German representatives in London questioned and answered one another. Points were raised and settled.

Then along came a dispatch from Berlin which is understood to have run to some 7,000 words and which gave, it may be imagined, a comprehensive reply to Marx's appeal for information upon all points on which he had felt it necessary to consult not only his colleagues in the Government of the Reich but the leaders of the other parties in Germany.

Berlin Signifies Acceptance.

In substance this dispatch signified acceptance by all those whom President Ebert had consulted of the proposals made by France in regard to the military evacuation of the Ruhr as a necessary corollary to the operation of the Dawes plan. There were qualifications. There were also suggestions for fresh arguments and there were protests against what in some quarters in Germany was regarded as an attempt to dictate the conditions of German acceptance of the French offer.

After a long study of this dispatch by the whole German delegation, Chancellor Marx informed Prime Minister MacDonald that he was prepared to lay before him the final decisions taken by himself and his colleagues as representing the German Government. This was shortly before 6 o'clock this evening. It was the German desire to make the British Prime Minister their intermediary or at least their channel of communication with the French and, of course, the Belgians. The reasons for this will become apparent later.

In ordinary course, seeing that negotiations in regard to the Ruhr have been between the Germans and the French and Belgians and that the British have endeavored to take a detached attitude, in this particular matter Dr. Marx might have been expected to communicate his final reply to MM. Herriot and Theunis. However, Mr. MacDonald readily accepted the task of intermediary and at 6 o'clock he received Dr. Marx and Dr. Stresmann at 10 Downing Street.

American Observers Arrive.

The three were closeted together when Ambassador Kellogg and Logan drove up to No. 10 and disappeared within the portals only to reappear a short while afterward. It was understood the American observers had come in quest of information. Both of them seemed well pleased when they left No. 10, where MacDonald, Marx and Stresemann were still engaged.

Neither observer would, however, commit himself to a definite statement, though it was apparent both expected a satisfactory settlement. In fact, the order of the day in all quarters during the early evening was that absolute secrecy should be preserved regarding the course of the confabulations. It was, however, suggested that the Germans were not altogether pleased with the results of their effort to gain the British Prime Minister's good offices as intermediary. Mr. MacDonald flatly refused to agree to some of the suggestions put forward by Dr. Marx and Dr. Stresemann, one of these being that the Allies generally should guarantee in any form or measure French undertakings in regard to military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Mr. MacDonald stuck to his guns. He

Continued on Page Three.

Milk to Go Up a Cent in City, Due to Shortage in Production

Officials of the Borden's Farm Products Company announced yesterday that beginning Monday the public must pay one cent more a quart for milk, prices to be 14 cents for a bottle of Grade B and 17 for Grade A in Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn. Cream prices will be advanced at the same time one cent a half pint.

The company said that the increase was necessary because the Dairymen's League Cooperative Association was advancing prices to the company because of the shortage of milk resulting from the prolonged drought. The company said it would have to pay an advance of more than one cent a quart to the farmers and added that on Aug. 1 it was required to pay an increase of almost a half cent, which it did not pass on to the public.

EGYPTIANS PREPARE DEMANDS ON BRITAIN

Cabinet Council Instructs Minister in London to Protest the British Action in the Sudan.

GIVES ITS OWN VERSION

Communique Is Declared by British to Be Inaccurate and to Suppress Facts.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Aug. 15.—The Council of Ministers issued a communiqué tonight on events in the Sudan, the text of which it had been considering for the past few days. After giving its version of events in the Sudan since Aug. 9, the communiqué states that the Ministers took the following decisions:

First, to ask the Governor General of the Sudan for a full report of the incidents, their causes and the measures adopted in connection therewith, and requesting him to keep the Egyptian Government informed of the result of those measures.

Secondly, to communicate, through the Egyptian Minister in London, to the British Government a protest against its proceedings in the Sudan, and insisting upon the immediate formation of an Egyptian-Sudanese commission to examine the situation, establish responsibilities and take measures to pacify feelings, and thus avoid bloodshed.

The communiqué concludes that, confronted by these painful happenings, the Egyptian Government entirely shares the nation's sentiments, and it is closely watching over the situation in order to preserve the country's dignity and safeguard its rights.

The Egyptian Cabinet's communiqué was issued too late for full comment, but it is necessary to point out that its recital of the Atbara events is glaringly incomplete, referring only to the British reinforcements there and thereby giving a wholly false impression that they had formed a cordon and fired on the mutineers, whereas previous reports show that this was done by the Sudanese Arab Mounted Rifles.

The Government's omission, which, it is feared here, will tend unnecessarily to inflame Egyptian feeling all the more, is regarded as inexcusable, since it is in possession of the fullest facts.

The Acting High Commissioner says he has protested against this incorrect and misleading version of events.

More Disturbances Reported.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—An evening news dispatch from Khartum states that a party of laborers, armed with hammers and sticks, started a demonstration there today, but it was dispersed upon the arrival of British troops. It was added that the British cruiser Weymouth was standing by at Port Sudan to assure the public of security.

The dispatch stated that a fight occurred at Port Sudan upon the arrival of British troops from Khartum. It was said that the leaves of officials and British officers had been canceled and certain responsible officials recalled.

New and disquieting features in the Sudan, Khartum advices state, include the posting of anonymous proclamations, the exchange of telegrams among the natives containing verses from the Koran, referring to the overthrow of unbelievers, and an organized system

Continued on Page Three.

SHENANDOAH AT SEA TO JOIN IN WAR GAME WITH BATTLE FLEET

Departs for Manoeuvres 500 Miles Out—Our First Use of a Dirigible for Scouting.

TO SPY OUT "ENEMY" SHIPS

Will Hunt Practice Squadron of Midshipmen on Their Way Home From Europe.

SPENDS DAY OVER JERSEY

Cruises Down the Coast, Returns and Hovers Near Field, Then Puts Out Over Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEHURST, N. J., Aug. 15.—The naval dirigible Shenandoah left today to join the Atlantic fleet in manoeuvres 500 miles at sea, her longest journey from land. She is expected back Sunday for re-fueling.

After cruising most of the afternoon down the Jersey shore, the Shenandoah was seventy miles east of the Five Fathom Bank, off the South Jersey coast, at 8:30 o'clock, her radio officer reported. The officer said the ship was heading due eastward, and he made periodic requests for radio compass bearings which were furnished by both naval communications and the Brooklyn Navy Yard in New York. At 11 o'clock the Shenandoah was 80 miles east of the Delaware breakwater.

Commander Zachary Lansdowne, in charge of the dirigible, cast off from the mooring mast here about 11:30 this morning. A brisk Northeasterly breeze floated the airship rapidly to the South, and her fins angled to hold a course that included Asbury Park and Point Pleasant.

Sails Back Over Atlantic City.

After passing Point Pleasant the Shenandoah turned and doubled back, bringing up about four miles west of the flying field here. The radio exchange at this time was confined to weather conditions and forecasts, and in the absence of any explanation of the return it was believed at headquarters here that Commander Lansdowne was marking time. The ship was not scheduled to report with the Atlantic fleet until tomorrow morning.

Beating southward again, the dirigible sailed over Atlantic City about 5 P. M. and reported later over Barnegat Bay that she was putting out to sea.

The airship, which is carrying a picked crew of thirty-seven men, has orders to join the fleet off the New England coast and assist in spying out the approaching enemy some 500 miles beyond the battle line. The "enemy" will be the midshipmen's practice squadron of three battleships, which is returning from its Summer cruise in European waters. The movements of this squadron have been kept hidden from the Atlantic fleet, but the Naval Board of Strategy is known to have arranged for its arrival off the American coast for tomorrow or Sunday. It is under the command of Admiral McCullough.

Captain J. H. Klein Jr., Commandant of the Naval Air Station, said that the participation of the Shenandoah in the manoeuvres would be the first use to which the American Navy has ever put an airship over great distances. The problem to be worked out, he said, gives the Shenandoah an opportunity to prove a new and important utility.

Interesting Experiments Planned.

The dirigible will be under direct orders from the flagship of the Atlantic fleet, and Captain Klein expected many interesting experiments to be made in the evolutions set for her to execute.

Captain Klein further recalled that dirigibles first proved their worth in naval warfare at the Battle of Jutland, the greatest naval engagement in world history, when it was the reconnoissance of German Zeppelins that largely enabled the German fleet to "get home" the next morning. Their scouting work during the battle also proved so valuable that afterward Admiral Jellicoe was quoted as saying that a rigid airship was worth two or three scout cruisers.

A successful sortie was made this afternoon by the non-rigid dirigible J-1, a home-made blimp. The J-1 left at 2 o'clock for Sea Girt, N. J., where it participated in the celebration of the last Governor's Day of the season. It returned about 5 o'clock after giving Governor Silzer a fifteen-minute flight.

Pennsylvania Town Wrecked by Explosion As Home of Judge in Liquor Cases Is Bombed

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Aug. 15.—The mining town of Slovan, twenty miles north of here, was almost blown to bits at 3 o'clock this morning by enemies of Squire Henry Tennyson, who dynamited his house in an effort to kill him and his family. The Magistrate and his family escaped without injury, but their $10,000 home was wrecked.

The inhabitants of the mining village were thrown into a state of terror. Windows in a hundred dwellings were shattered and the structures rocked as if in an earthquake. Plate-glass windows of every store in the community were destroyed.

Tonight Slovan gives the appearance of a tornado-swept town. Its telephone lines are destroyed, its inhabitants are in a state of nervous tension and the streets patrolled by officers.

The total loss from the explosion of a huge amount of dynamite is estimated to be about $50,000.

The family of Justice Tennyson escaped as if by a miracle. His 4-year-old daughter Ruth, sleeping alone, became frightened shortly after midnight and tearfully sought her parents' bedroom, where she spent the remainder of the night. The bed in which she had been sleeping was blown to atoms, the kitchen floor in that part of the house being hurled through the second story and roof.

Tennyson, his wife, daughter and son Arthur, age 18, who were sleeping in the front of the house, were hurled from their beds. While the débris of the wrecked house fell all about them they suffered scarcely a scratch, and they escaped from the ruined home by crawling over a porch roof and then being lowered to the ground.

Other residents of the town were literally hurled from their beds by the force of the blast, which was heard many miles away. Men, women and children ran into the streets in a panic, believing an earthquake had occurred.

Following an all-day investigation, the county and State authorities had made no arrests and were unable to find any definite clues. The county Commissioners tonight offered a reward of $1,000 for the perpetrators of the outrage.

Justice Tennyson, before whom most of the numerous liquor law prosecutions have been held, said today he had been anonymously threatened repeatedly and a short time ago the windows of his house had been broken in the middle of the night.

BELL-ANS FOR ACUTE INDIGESTION relieves the most severe attack.—Adv.

Magistrate House Forgives Taxi Driver Who Tried to Make Him Pay Excessive Fare

"Take me to 464 West 153d Street, taxi." With that a white-haired man closed his umbrella and entered a "lowest rate" taxicab at Park Avenue and 125th Street.

West on 125th Street they rode, north on St. Nicholas Avenue and from then on it appeared that Yonkers was the goal. But at Broadway they turned back south, and by a winding process the taxicab drew up in front of the desired destination.

"That's very nice of you, my friend," said the passenger as he alighted. "I presume that you are my friend, although I have never seen you before, because no one but a friend would take me all that distance for $1.20."

"One dollar and twenty cents? What do you mean? Don't you see $4 on the meter?" was the somewhat startled reply.

"Yes, I know, but I never pay more than $1.20 for that ride," came the retort.

"Well, you'll come across this time, or I'll take you before Freddy House."

"Freddy House? Who's he?"

"He's the Judge of the Traffic Court and he's a personal friend of mine."

"Do you mean to say that you know him well enough to call him by his first name?"

"Sure I do, and you'd better come across."

In the meantime a policeman approached, nodded to the fare and inquired what had caused the argument.

"Why, this guy won't pay me my fare," replied the driver.

"Do you know who 'this guy' is?" asked the policeman.

"No, and I don't give a continental," returned the driver.

"Well," said the policeman, "this guy is Magistrate Frederick B. House of the Traffic Court."

When he had regained his composure the taxi driver was listening to Magistrate House directing the patrolman to issue him a summons.

"You'll never have a chance to overcharge another fare," said the Magistrate.

But Magistrate House immediately experienced a change of heart, and he directed the policeman to cease writing.

"I'll take this man's name and address and think this thing over, officer," he said.

An hour later Magistrate House was receiving a little wife and three children, who had called to thank him for allowing "daddy" to continue work by not revoking his license.

PICTURE NORMALITY OF FRANKS SLAYERS

State Experts Attack Defense Based on Endocrine and Consequent Mental Disorders.

PHANTASIES CALLED NORMAL

Psychiatrist Testifies That the Two Defendants Had Displayed Ordinary Emotions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The prosecution today produced two experts who testified in diametric opposition to four alienists for the defense, who had set forth conclusions that Richard Loeb and Nathan F. Leopold Jr. were "mentally sick" when they kidnapped and murdered Robert Franks May 21.

Dr. Rollin T. Woodyatt of Chicago, who qualified as an expert on endocrinology, challenged the report on findings of functional disorders of the endocrine systems of Leopold and Loeb, and Dr. H. Douglas Singer, a psychiatrist, testified that the youths' phantasies are normal, and that he had remarked displays of normal emotions on the parts of the two defendants.

Thus, the three points of the defense's plea for imprisonment rather than execution for the youths were attacked, it being the defense's hope to swerve Judge John R. Caverly toward mitigation by showing that diseased endocrine glands, childish phantasies swaying their maturer years, and stunted emotional growths, had resulted in "mental sickness" in both Loeb and Leopold.

Dr. Woodyatt refused to be moved on cross-examination from his statements in favor of the prosecution. The defense got no opportunity to attempt to prove error in Dr. Singer's conclusions that both youths were sane, as the hearing was adjourned upon conclusion of his direct examination. He will undergo cross-examination by Clarence S. Darrow, chief of defense counsel, at the two-hour holiday session tomorrow.

Boys' Attitudes Analyzed.

Dr. Singer was permitted to take into consideration all the evidence previously presented, excepting expressions of opinion, in stating his conclusions. "No evidence of mental disease," ended his replies of approximately 1,200 words in answer to hypothetical questions involving each defendant.

The courtroom demeanor of Loeb and Leopold was turned against them in Dr. Singer's analysis of what he termed their normal emotional lives. He asserted that the carefree, laughing attitudes so apparent from the inception of the twenty-two-day-old hearing, lately had been dropped for a serious, worried appearance, with Leopold particularly displaying concern.

As an example of the youths' emotion and intellect, Dr. Singer cited their refusal to answer questions while they were in the custody of the State's attorney. He said that to all interrogations they replied:

"I respectfully decline to answer on the advice of counsel."

He also quoted a statement by Leopold to Robert E. Crowe, the State's attorney: "I am in your power, but I protest at these proceedings."

Defense counsel interrupted to say that the boys were held illegally during the period of the examination by alienists for the State before they had been charged formally with kidnapping and murder.

"They also understand they did not get your advice soon enough," Mr. Crowe directed at Mr. Darrow.

"You let in the alienists in direct violation of the law, and the witnesses knew it and everybody knew it," Mr. Darrow countered.

"It was really too bad for the cause of justice that they were so loquacious," shot back Mr. Crowe, referring to the youths' confessions.

Phantasy life is a normal experience, Dr. Singer said, representing an instinctive emotional life in an individual.

"It represents a dreaming or instinctive longing as being fulfilled," he said, "satisfying of appetites, longing and desires otherwise incapable of fulfillment because of the social organization."

Dr. Woodyatt Assails Disease Theory.

Endocrinology, the "new chemistry of character," used by the defense in its effort to save the lives of Loeb and Leopold, was described by Dr. Woodyatt as comparable to Darkest Africa before the explorer Stanley entered there.

"There are many definite facts known,

Continued on Page Four.

DOCTOR'S FINDING AIDS M'COY DEFENSE

Coroner's Surgeon Says Pistol That Killed Mrs. Mors Was Held Close to Her Head.

VERDICT IS NONCOMMITTAL

Police Examine Blood-Stained Axe-Handle Found in the Car McCoy Used.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 15.—Without expressing an opinion as to whether it was a case of suicide or homicide, a coroner's jury investigating the death of Mrs. Theresa Mors, in connection with which Kid McCoy is being held on a charge of suspicion of murder, decided late today that the woman died as a result of a gunshot wound inflicted by a person or persons unknown.

The first evidence of any person having heard the shot that ended Mrs. Mors' life came when Mrs. A. E. Avery, a tenant of the apartment house where the killing occurred, went on the stand. She said she had retired about 10:30 o'clock Tuesday night, had fallen asleep and awakened to hear two screams—apparently a woman's—a shot, and then silence.

Detective C. H. Jarvis, who questioned McCoy after the latter's arrest, detailed the first official version of the ex-pugilist's statement, the substance of which was:

The gun which killed Mrs. Mors had been given to McCoy by Hubert Kittle, ex-special police officer, dare-devil aviator and bandit suspect, who committed suicide here recently. McCoy carried it with him and put it on the table in Mrs. Mors' apartment when he went there Tuesday night.

Mrs. Mors asked McCoy if he intended to leave her. He replied that he did, and she, declaring she would "end it all" seized a butcher knife and attempted to stab herself.

McCoy said he wrestled with her, but she seized his pistol from the table with her left hand and shot herself in the temple. (Jarvis pointed out that Mors told him his wife was right-handed).

McCoy said he attempted to revive her, failed, covered the body, straightened up the apartment and left it at midnight. He had a "hazy recollection" of having visited his sister and saying that he "just had to kill Mrs. Mors," but he had no remembrance of writing his will twice, once in favor of his mother and once in favor of his sister.

Talk of Possible Fifth Victim.

Search for a possible fifth victim was being carried on tonight by the police as the result of new information imparted to District Attorney Keyes by McCoy's sister, according to a copyrighted article in The Los Angeles Examiner.

The first account given by his sister, Mrs. Thomas, of McCoy's alleged confession at her home early Wednesday morning, soon after the death of Mrs. Mors, was to the effect that the former pugilist said: "I just had to kill that woman."

In amplifying her statement today she said she had replied to her brother's startling announcement with: "Did you kill the man, too?"

"Yes, I got him, too," McCoy answered, The Examiner quotes Mrs. Thomas as saying.

Mrs. Thomas explained that she then supposed McCoy meant Mors, and until Mors was found by the police, unharmed, the idea that both he and his wife had been killed persisted in her mind.

The police suggest that McCoy might have been thinking of Mors when his sister asked: "Did you kill the man, too?"

In that case his "Yes, I got him too," might have meant simply that he was sure Mors could not escape him.

Surgeon's Smokeless Powder Theory.

McCoy today received some support for his suicide story from the lips of a county autopsy surgeon, Dr. H. A. Wagner, who on the witness stand at the inquest declared that his investigations led him to believe the pistol with which Mrs. Mors was killed had been fired "when close or against" the woman's head. He explained the absence of powder burns by saying that undoubtedly the cartridge had been charged with smokeless powder.

F. M. Andreani, attorney for Albert E. Mors, testified that on Tuesday she had met Mors in his office for a busi-

Continued on Page Five.

EX-U. S. JUDGE MAYER MADE A RECEIVER OF MIDDLE STATES OIL

With Joseph P. Tumulty He Will Administer Affairs of the Big Corporation.

ASSETS ARE $25,000,000

Claims Total $14,000,000—Appointment Pleases Stockholders and Creditors.

MAYER'S TRIP ABROAD OFF

President of Corporation Tells of Its Recent Losses—Ex-Gov. Haskell a Figure in Its Affairs.

Julius M. Mayer, former United States Circuit Court Judge, and Joseph P. Tumulty, private secretary to the late President Wilson, were appointed receivers yesterday of the Middle States Oil Corporation, Federal Judge Knox, who made the appointments, said he selected Mr. Mayer because he is an expert in equity proceedings and a man "who cannot be crowded." Mr. Mayer was spending a vacation in the Adirondacks. He came here to discuss the matter with Judge Knox and consented to accept the appointment because he saw in the work "a chance for public service." He had planned a trip to Europe, but this will be abandoned.

Mr. Tumulty was chosen from a list submitted by the security holders and others having a financial interest in the corporation as one who would be satisfactory and who would not provoke court opposition from allied interests in other jurisdictions.

The receivers will represent both the stockholders and the creditors. The way was smoothed for their appointment by the filing, earlier in the day, of a complaint by John J. Curtin, counsel for the creditors, of a claim by Joseph A. Phelan, a creditor, for $5,750. This complaint stated that the Middle States Oil Corporation was a holding concern and that its assets, consisting of stock in approximately thirty subsidiaries, amounted to $25,000,000 and that the claims against it were estimated at $14,000,000. Among the subsidiaries, according to the complaint, are four railroad companies, and other companies engaged in the production and sale of crude oil and illuminating gas. Some of these subsidiaries, the complaint states, need financing to complete payments for land, for drilling and for operating the companies to capacity.

Dividends Defaulted on $5,114,800.

Among the claims cited are $5,114,800 of gold serial notes on which the dividend on the second series was defaulted on Aug. 1. An answer to this complaint, filed by Phillips, Leibell & Fielding, counsel for the corporation, admitted the truth of the allegations.

In appointing the receivers Judge Knox said:

"I think the receivers will soon call a meeting to discuss what steps shall be taken. Judge Mayer agrees with me that there is an opportunity here for public service to be rendered to the stockholders and creditors, and he fully feels that a chance should be given them to correct a difficult situation, so that the property can be restored to a better condition than it is in at present."

A letter sent to the stockholders early this month stated that the assets of the Middle States Corporation "dwindled to the extent of over $77,000,000 in less than a year." The committee presented a balance sheet as of Feb. 29, 1924, and compared it with the figures of a balance sheet of June 30, 1923, in support of this statement.

The proceedings which led to the receivership were instituted by William Shivers, a stockholder, who charged the officers of the corporation with fraud and mismanagement and alleged that former Governor Charles N. Haskell of Oklahoma was implicated in both. Besides Mr. Haskell and his son, Charles J. Haskell, the complaint named as defendants the corporation, Pherozshaw D. Sakiatvala, its President; Charles B. Peters, T. John Leahy, John F. Casey, John F. Stevenson, and Joseph De Wyckoff.

On July 10 Judge Knox denied the application for the appointment of receivers, but made an order restraining the defendants from pledging, selling or removing from this State any of the corporation's assets.

Charges Against Haskell.

That the corporation and its subsidiaries would eventually pass into the hands of receivers was indicated by

Continued on Page Five.

Government Gets $13,627,588 By Leasing Mineral Rights

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Receipts of the Federal Government from bonuses, royalties and rentals under the law providing for the leasing of mineral rights on the public domain aggregated $13,627,588 for the fiscal year ended June 30, according to a statement issued by the Interior Department today.

The largest receipts were obtained from leasing mineral lands in Wyoming, the amount being $12,270,322. The second State in the list was California, with $957,480.

Each State Government receives 37½ per cent. of the receipts from bonuses, royalties and rentals accruing from public lands within its borders; the Reclamation Fund receives 52½ per cent. and the other 10 per cent. is placed in the Federal Treasury.

COOLIDGE IS PLEASED BY PRAISE OF SPEECH

President Manifests Good Humor Over Much Favorable Comment in Press.

ATTACK ON BRYAN PLANNED

His Possible Election by Senate Considered—Frelinghuysen Warns on La Follette.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Before he started this afternoon for his old home at Plymouth, Vt., to take a short vacation, President Coolidge appeared to be in great good humor over the notification ceremonies last night at Memorial Continental Hall, when he formally accepted the nomination of the Republican Party for President.

He told callers he had enjoyed the affair, in spite of the tax on his voice and strength in reading his acceptance speech, which occupied one hour and twenty minutes in delivery. He was especially appreciative of the cordial reception given to Mrs. Coolidge and himself by the crowds in the hall and its vicinity.

The President also indicated that he felt gratified over the tone of much of the newspaper comment on his address. Altogether he was in a happy frame of mind, part of which was due apparently to the prospect of a rest in the Vermont hills. He spoke to several of his callers in an enthusiastic way over the first vacation he has taken since he entered the White House, a year ago.

With the acceptance speech delivered, the Republican Presidential campaign is regarded as having begun in earnest. William M. Butler, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, who came to Washington for the notification ceremonies, left here this afternoon for Chicago, where he will take active charge of the party's national campaign. He expects to remain there for about two weeks, and will then go to the Eastern campaign headquarters in New York to direct activities in behalf of the Coolidge-Dawes ticket in this part of the country.

Before starting for Chicago Chairman Butler said reports he had received from Republican State and County Chairmen assured a campaign so intensive that no section would be neglected. While Mr. Butler did not amplify his statement, what he said was in accord with the announced intention of the Republican campaign management to carry their contest into Wisconsin, Minnesota, the two Dakotas, Montana and other States where La Follette or Democratic chances are believed to be better than those of the Republicans.

Leaders Praise Coolidge's Speech.

From the Republican National Headquarters there came today a flood of statements praising the acceptance address of President Coolidge. Some of the prominent Republicans who were at headquarters today expressed themselves as follows:

Senator Willis of Ohio—He met every issue squarely and fearlessly; when he specified a problem he was ready with a solution. Compare it with the address of John W. Davis and you will see that, unlike the latter, President Coolidge has a clear vision of what the country needs and how we should proceed to get it. Mr. Davis may be capable of such an address but he certainly did not make it at Clarksburg.

Senator Ball of Delaware—I look for East and West, North and South to issue a chorus of approval to the President's address. He met every problem

Continued on Page Two.

Check for $2,000 Handed to Postal Clerk Who Fought Off Bandits at East Orange

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Postmaster General New listened today to Eugene Stack, the 23-year-old postal clerk, who told how, after being wounded, he had killed one bandit at East Orange, N. J., on July 31, and routed another. Then in the presence of his official family, the Postmaster General told Stack that the Army and Navy decorated their men for conspicuous acts of bravery, but the Post Office Department had no way of doing that other than to place in an employe's record a citation for such acts.

He handed Stack a check for $2,000, saying that was the limit which Congress had provided for such rewards. General New read to Stack the citation which recorded conspicuous loyalty to the service at the peril of his life.

Stack told how he received several sacks of valuable registered mail from New York on the Lackawanna railroad train on the morning of July 31, at the East Orange station. Two men swung

When you think of Whiting, Think of Whiting.—Adv.

off the train as it pulled out. Stack said he was suspicious and reached for his pistol. As he did the men opened fire on him and he felt two bullets strike, one on the thigh, the other on his right thumb. Nevertheless, he returned the fire, and the men turned to flee. Stack's aim was true and one bandit fell. The other escaped in an automobile.

President Coolidge arranged the program today to permit him to congratulate the youth personally and hear his story.

Stack's act has won expressions of admiration from the entire postal service as well as that of many individuals throughout the country. He was sent to Atlantic City to recuperate from his wounds with funds contributed by numerous postal employes, and a special extension of his leave of absence has been granted by the Postmaster General to permit his recovery, delayed by the frail condition of his health, which, six months before the attempted robbery, had caused his transfer from the service in New York to East Orange.

DAVIS WILL ANSWER COOLIDGE ON STUMP; FIRST SPEECH FRIDAY

President's Acceptance Principles to Be Taken Up at Rally at Seagirt, N. J.

WESTERN TOUR PLANNED

Candidate Will Appear Before Ohio Democratic State Convention, Later Visiting Chicago.

McADOO MEN STAY IN LINE

Dropping of J. Bruce Kremer From National Committee Post Not Expected to Cause Defections.

John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, will reply to President Coolidge's acceptance speech by his own speeches during the campaign. This became known at a conference yesterday between Mr. Davis and newspaper reporters, during which Mr. Davis declined to comment at present on the President's speech.

Mr. Davis's first opportunity to reply to the President, so far as arrangements have been made, will be next Friday at Seagirt, N. J., when he will address a gathering of New Jersey Democrats as the guest of Governor George S. Silzer. Preparations are being made to have the meeting attended by Democrats from all over the State. A large delegation is expected from Hudson County, under the leadership of Frank S. Hague of Jersey City, who was elected a Vice Chairman at the Democratic National Committee at Clarksburg.

Mr. Davis will make an even more important speech at the Ohio Democratic State Convention at Columbus on Aug. 26. His speech at Columbus will be only one of a series on this trip, which may extend as far as Chicago, it was learned. He will make a labor speech on Labor Day, the place for which has not been determined, and from then on his campaign will be in full swing. It is expected that at least a partial itinerary for his speaking trips, upon which the nominee has been in conference with the National Committee headquarters at Washington, will be made public early next week.

It became known that Mr. Davis does not believe that party harmony has been broken by the dropping of J. Bruce Kremer of Montana as Vice Chairman of the National Committee. He has received assurances that supporters of William G. McAdoo, for whom Mr. Kremer was floor leader during the Democratic National Convention, do not consider the dropping of Mr. Kremer to have had any general significance and that they will support the national ticket.

Mr. Davis arrived early at his headquarters in the Murray Hill Hotel, which will be transferred next week to the Hotel Belmont. Among his callers during the forenoon were Representative Royal H. Weller, David Hunter Miller of New York, Senator A. M. Jones of New Mexico, Melville E. Stone and Adolph S. Ochs.

Mr. Davis had luncheon at the Century Club with Senator Key Pittman of Nevada, Frank L. Polk and Norman H. Davis, each of whom formerly was Under Secretary of State, and Gordon Auchincloss, son-in-law of Colonel Edward House. Plans for the Western campaign were discussed, this being the third conference on this subject with Senator Pittman.

Mr. Davis drove to his home in Locust Valley late in the afternoon and will not return to New York until Monday.

Announcement was made by Thomas J. Spellacy, Eastern campaign manager, of the appointment of Mrs. Dorothy H. Jackson, member of the National Committee from New Hampshire, as head of the Women's Bureau, and of Joseph Fitzpatrick of Jersey City as head of the Foreign Language Voters' Bureau. Mrs. Jackson has been a member of the National Committee since 1920 and is the wife of the New Hampshire Democratic State Chairman. Mr. Fitzpatrick has been Chairman of the Speakers' Bureau of the New Jersey Democratic State Committee for the last eight years.

Mr. Spellacy said that no dates had been fixed for speeches by Mr. Davis in the Eastern territory, nor had any speaking dates been arranged for Governor Smith. "Maine undoubtedly will want Governor Smith," he said. "I have received requests from nearly every State in the country for the Governor—so many, in fact, that he could not possibly fill them."

Mr. Spellacy smiled when his attention was called to a statement attributed to Representative John Q. Tilson, head of the Republican Speakers' Bureau, that Democrats in Maine had voted for the Klan candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor to further their own cause.

"Why not ask Mr. Tilson if the same thing is true in Indiana?" he said. "Does the Republican National Committee repudiate its Klan candidate for Governor in Maine because Mr. Tilson says Democrats voted to nominate him? Why are they sending speakers of national prominence, including Gen. Dawes, candidate for Vice President, to support him?"

Following the characterization of Klansmen as "midnight assassins" Thomas F. McGinley, county leader of Democratic organization of Union County at a meeting to designate candidates yesterday adopted the following resolution denouncing the Ku Klux Klan:

Whereas, the fundamental principles of the Richmond County Democracy are based on principles of

Constitution of the United States of America, which guarantees to the citizens of our great country the right of a free press, free speech and religious liberty; and

Whereas, the Ku Klux Klan, an unpatriotic organization, organized for unlawful purposes and in violation of the Constitution of the United States, is pursuing activities of a pernicious character in violation of the guarantees given our citizens under the Constitution of the United States; now therefore be it

Resolved, That all candidates endorsed by this organization will support the fundamental principles of the Democratic party and use their good offices to sustain its ideals against the principles of freedom proclaimed in the Constitution of the United States.

The resolution was offered by Edward L. Miller, Commissioner of Jurors, who is a Mason.

The candidates designated as the choice of the organization to run in the primaries were Anning S. Prall for Representative in Congress, a renomination; Albert C. Fach for District Attorney; Thomas J. Walsh for State Senator; William S. Hart and William H. Vaughan for members of the Assembly, and Edward J. Atwell for Sheriff.

WALSH CONDEMNS COOLIDGE ATTITUDE

Montana Senator Declares the President Gives No Thought to Oil Scandal.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 15.—The attitude of President Coolidge toward the oil disclosures was assailed in strong terms here tonight by Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, prosecutor of the Senate oil committee and Chairman of the Democratic National Convention.

The President, he declared, was giving no thought to the more serious moral aspects of the oil scandal, now that he had turned the evidence over to Government counsel.

"He has not the sensitiveness to official misconduct that the American people expect and demand of a President of the United States," Mr. Walsh asserted.

The Senator's condemnation of Mr. Coolidge's attitude, delivered in an address opening the Democratic campaign in Montana, was followed by a tribute to John W. Davis as "a fitting choice to lead a fight for clean government," of proved ability and "progressive in thought and action."

To the candidacy of Senator La Follette the speaker made no direct reference, but he paid a tribute to his colleague, Senator Burton K. Wheeler, the La Follette candidate for the Vice Presidency, for his services as prosecutor of the Senate Daugherty committee.

"You may indulge in any view you like touching his course in aligning himself with the fortunes of Senator La Follette," said Mr. Walsh. "You must take your hat off to him for the service he did the country in driving from office a member of the Cabinet notoriously unfit, an achievement to his credit before he had been in the Senate a single year, in the history of this nation there is no similar example of sudden rise to fame."

Senator Walsh declared the four leading issues of the campaign to be "honesty in government, the revenue law, the tariff and the policy of isolation."

The difference between the Mellon tax plan and "the Democratic plan now in operation," he said, formed a clear line of demarkation between the policies of the Republican and Democratic Parties. The Republican tariff, he declared, had "robbed the farmer," while the Republican foreign policy had contributed nothing toward reconstruction except to send abroad a species of "eavesdroppers" to watch the course of others.

Referring to the reparations negotiations conducted by Charles G. Dawes and Owen D. Young, the Senator pointed out that they were "private citizens, individuals, with 'no authorization from our Government,' and continued:

"The saddening part of the whole affair is that Dawes and Young acted as the representatives of a group of international bankers, who actually took the conduct of our foreign affairs out of the hands of our Government and are themselves directing the course of the present exchanges about the council table in London."

The Montana Senator prefaced his discussion of the oil scandal with a review of the Senate inquiries into the Veterans' Bureau, the Department of Justice and oil leasing, with references to the "three major scandals" of the Taft Administration—the Archbold impeachment, the Lorimer case and the Ballinger affair.

"The Republican Party," he said, "has twice been found wanting and asks to be tried a third time. If there were any evidence of repentance the country might be disposed to take another chance. The danger of the government lies in the fact that Republican leaders affect to regard the revelations as of no great consequence, the misdeeds of their associates as matters of course, or manifestations, as the President expressed it, of after-the-war psychology. He expressed surprise, not that the rottenness existed, but that there was not more of it.

"Lord save us,' one may reverently remark, how could there be more? Our annals will be searched in vain for any record-bearing comparison to it—one Cabinet member under indictment and already condemned by public opinion for bribery, another driven from office by an outraged public opinion, a third forced to retire for stupidly permitting buccaneers to pillage the oil reserves so essential to the national safety.

"The nearest the President has come to criticism of this infamy is found in a statement issued by him to the effect that if there is any guilt it will be punished; if there is any civil liability it will be enforced; if there is any fraud it will be revealed, and if there are any contracts which are illegal they will be canceled. Imagine President Roosevelt or President Wilson or President Hayes lingering with such rottenness as was disclosed before the Committee on Public Lands.

"It may be impossible to convict Fall, it may be that no satisfactory proof can be made that he actually got the money, the parties to the transaction all claiming immunity from testifying. What then? Has the President no word in reprobation of the transaction at which the country stands aghast?

"Suppose proof of the delivery of the money should be made, and the jury should not be convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that it was a bribe rather than a loan. What does Mr. Coolidge think of a Cabinet member who, while carrying on negotiations looking to a lease of 30,000 acres of oil lands, estimated to contain 250,000,000 barrels of oil, accepts a loan of $100,000 from the prospective lessee, who afterward secures the lease out of which he expects to realize $100,000,000? Apparently he doesn't think about it at all.

"Suppose it be decided that Fall or Denby, or both of them, had the right under the law to make these leases. What does Mr. Coolidge think of the policy of taking the oil out of the ground and storing it in tanks, contrary to the views of three of his predecessors?

"Can he emancipate himself from those malign influences dominant in the Republican Party that are responsible for foisting Fall and Daugherty upon an unoffending public? He still retains every subordinate of either, even those who were cognizant of and silent concerning their official acts which aroused suspicion and provoked the unrestrained resentment of the country.

"His election would be a condonation of the disgraceful record of the last three and a half years and a distinct lowering of the moral tone of the public service."

INDEPENDENTS FOR GUTMAN

La Follette Supporters Refuse to Endorse Brooklyn Socialist.

Further difficulty in uniting the Socialists with other elements supporting the La Follette-Wheeler third party ticket was experienced yesterday when the East New York Independent Voters' League endorsed the candidacy of Daniel Gutman for member of the Assembly in the Twenty-second Brooklyn District and announced that it would support him at the polls.

The Socialists have named Morris Feiga as a candidate in the same district, which would be represented in the event of Socialist and has a large enrolled vote.

PRESIDENT STARTS ON 12-DAY HOLIDAY

Seeks Brief Period of Quiet and Rest With His Family at Plymouth, Vt.

SLEMP ACCOMPANIES HIM

Secretaries Weeks and Wilbur Off for Vacations in New Hampshire at the Same Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President and Mrs. Coolidge, accompanied by their son John, left Washington today for Plymouth, Vt., the President's boyhood home, where they will have a vacation of twelve days. C. Bascom Slemp, secretary to the President, a stenographer and two clerks accompanied them. A detail of Secret Service guards and twelve newspaper men were also in the party.

The President is traveling in a private car. This, with coaches for other members of the party, and a baggage car made up a second section of a regular train leaving here at 2:05 o'clock this afternoon. The President and his wife and son will remain at Plymouth during the vacation period. Mr. Slemp and the others will go to Woodstock, Vt., sixteen miles from Plymouth.

Secretary Weeks left Washington for his country place at Lancaster, N. H., today. He said he would not make political speeches while away, but would devote himself to harvesting twenty-five acres of oats. Lancaster is between 100 and 125 miles from Plymouth, and it is probable that Mr. Weeks will be in touch with Mr. Coolidge during their vacation.

Another Cabinet member, Secretary Wilbur, also went to New England, to be the guest of Rear Admiral Guy Burrage, near Concord, N. H., which is even nearer to Plymouth than Lancaster. Secretary Wilbur will remain in New Hampshire until Aug. 21, when he will start for a transcontinental trip, which will take him away from Washington until Sept. 23. He will make many speeches, but said today that none of these would be political. Incidentally, he will visit all the naval oil reserves, including the famed Teapot Dome.

Attorney General Stone and Mrs. Stone will also be in New England on a motor tour during the last part of this month.

President Takes Sugar Report With Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ABOARD THE PRESIDENTIAL TRAIN, Aug. 15.—The journey of President and Mrs. Coolidge toward the hills of Vermont, where they will spend their first real vacation since Mr. Coolidge became Chief Executive, was without incident in the trip between Washington and New York. The special train carrying the party reached New York at 1:20 (Standard Time) and left the city twenty minutes later.

Few people other than railroad employes knew the time of his arrival, so that there was but a scant gathering to welcome him as he stepped out on the platform of the car. Only a few officials accompanied him, and they smiled at the applauding group and then retired into the car while the train waited. When the signal to start was given the President came out on the rear platform and waved good-bys to the cheering crowd.

There was a small crowd to greet the party in the Washington trainshed, mostly passengers hurrying to their trains, but there were a few others, but not many knew that the President and Mrs. Coolidge were departing.

After the President and his wife, with their son John, were photographed on the rear of their private car, the special drew out of the station. During the trip northward Mrs. Coolidge rested, while the President and his son chatted and read.

The train made no stop at Baltimore, but at West Philadelphia, where engines were changed, there was a small crowd to see the President and Mrs. Coolidge, who stepped to the platform, where they posed for the photographers. Mrs. Mary Pepper Thompson, President of the Coolidge Woman's Club of the Twenty-fourth Ward of Philadelphia, gave the President a word of greeting. She assured him that the women of West Philadelphia were organizing to combat radicalism and would be active at the polls in his behalf. The President bowed and thanked her.

It is very apparent that the President desires a complete rest during his stay in the mountains. He did take with him the reports of the Tariff Commission on sugar, which he expects to read carefully; but indications are that he will not act promptly on the recommendations.

One report, signed by four members of the commission, recommends a reduction in the duty on sugar of about 20 per cent, while the minority report, approved by two Republican members of the commission, is opposed to any change in the duty under the flexible clause in the tariff law.

Unless a situation develops which requires immediate consideration or action, the President will do nothing of an official nature. The trip is taken entirely for recreation and to bring Mrs. Coolidge near the grave of her son. The President shows need for rest and a change of scene. He may do his share in the hayfield if the crop has not been gathered by the time he reaches his father's farm.

Although he will be twelve miles away from a railroad station during his vacation, the President will not be cut off from the world. There is a long-reach radio set in his father's home, and telegraph and telephone wires have been installed in a second story of the old Coolidge store in Plymouth. This will be used as an office by the President and his secretary. A digest of news and other matters that might interest the President will be wired him daily from the White House, and he will also be in touch over the telephone with members of his Cabinet.

New York newspapers will be sent to the President daily.

The special train will make only necessary stops, and is scheduled to arrive at Ludlow, Vt., at 2 A. M. (Standard Time) tomorrow. The President and Mrs. Coolidge will have breakfast on the farm.

TO BOOM ROOSEVELT FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Traveling Salesmen's Convention on Aug. 27 Will Put His Name Up.

A boom for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, for the Republican nomination for Governor, is likely to be launched here on Aug. 27, it was learned yesterday. Some of the New York members of the National Council of Traveling Salesmen's Associations propose to use the annual dinner of this organization, at which Colonel Roosevelt is to speak, as the occasion for putting his name before the public.

Fred M. Lewis, Vice President of the council and Chairman of the Salesman's Roosevelt-for-Governor League, said that the latter had collected many thousand signatures to a petition urging the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt.

Leaders of the Republican State organization were reported to have accepted with resignation to have Judge Frick of Chemung, Chief Executive, was without incident in the trip between Washington and New York. The special train carrying the party reached New York at 1:20 (Standard Time) and left the city twenty minutes later.

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Leaders of the Republican State organization were reported to have accepted with resignation to have Judge Frick a final decision of Speaker H. Edmund Machold not to be a candidate. Colonel William Hayward, United States District Attorney of Erie County, has many supporters here, and Guy D. Steele, District Attorney of Erie County, has many adherents in the Western part of the State. Some of the most prominent leaders were said to remain in favor of the nomination of Judge Frick, Chief Clerk of Brooklyn, despite his reported disinclination to be a candidate and the fact that his nomination would give Governor Smith an opportunity to name a Democratic successor to the Court of Appeals bench.

DENIES IT IS IN POLITICS.

Steuben County Society a Social Organization, Statement Says.

A statement denying that it was concerned in any way with politics, was issued yesterday by the Steuben County Society of New York, following announcement in newspapers that the Steuben Society would support Senator La Follette, third party candidate for President. Because of the similarity of names there was said to have been considerable confusion in attributing statements by the Steuben Society to the Steuben County Society.

"The Steuben County Society of New York is composed of upward of 1,000 former residents of Steuben County, New York State," the statement said. "It is an active social organization, absolutely nonpartisan in character, and has a successful history of more than thirty years' standing. The present officers of the society are Jacob Hollnick, President; Clarence H. Fay, Secretary, and Samuel B. Balcom, Treasurer. The Steuben County Society wishes any impression that it mixes in political or international affairs corrected."

COOLIDGE'S SPEECH SCORED AND PRAISED

Davis's Manager "Shocked" at Dismissal of Oil Scandal as "a Mere Incident."

'DODGES NOTHING'—HILLES

La Follette Leaders Call President Inconsistent — Claims All the Good, Is Socialist View.

Widely diverse views concerning President Coolidge's acceptance speech were expressed here yesterday. Republican leaders praised it, while Democrats and supporters of Senator Robert M. La Follette criticised it, both asserting that the President failed to deal adequately with the issue of official corruption, while the Progressives contended in addition that the President "straddled" on important economic issues.

John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, read as well as heard the President's speech, but would make no comment. Thomas J. Spellacy, the Democratic Eastern campaign manager, however, attacked the President's speech caustically and declared that he considered it "shocking" that the President should have dismissed the revelation of corruption in office as a mere incident and a matter of no consequence.

"If the voters will but spend an evening in a comparative study of the speeches of Mr. Davis and the President, the cause of the former will be materially advanced," Mr. Spellacy said. "In nothing is the contrast more striking than in their opposing viewpoints on corruption in public service.

Oil Scandal an "Incident."

"We expected the President to be embarrassed in treating of the unequaled corruption in the Government during the last four years. He sat in the Cabinet and knew of the oil lease deals when they were pending. He made no protest then. If he has since been shocked by the revelations he has given no indication. He certainly did not assist in the uncovering of the crimes. He certainly failed to express any reprehension as to the bribe of Fall. He stood by Denby and finally let him go after giving him a written assurance that Denby's course in the oil lease matter met with his approval. He stood by Daugherty until public opinion demanded his dismissal, and when it came he gave Daugherty a written testimonial as to the satisfactory character of his services.

"It was certain that he would be embarrassed in treating of this notable phase of his Administration. It is a shocking thing that he should dismiss the matter as a mere incident. His attitude is a reflection upon the moral sense of the American people.

"We have read the speech microscopically for his views on the activities of the Ku Klux Klan. Others will do the same. In view of the open amalgamation of his party with the Klan in Indiana and Maine with his tacit approval, it is significant that he should dismiss the subject in seven words, hitched onto the end of a sentence which is buried in the middle of a paragraph having no direct connection with the subject. The utterances which go beyond his customary caution is all the more significant when taken in connection with his adoption of the favorite phraseology of the Ku Klux Klan about America being kept American.

"The speech will cause no heart palpitation among the followers of John W. Davis."

"Voice of An Honest Man."

Just the contrary view was expressed by Charles D. Hilles, Vice Chairman of the Republican National Committee. "The address tingles with Americanism from start to finish," he said. "The ring of sincerity is in every line. It is the voice of an honest man unaccustomed to making sounds like a demagogue.

"Mr. Coolidge brings home to the people the importance of thrift, and emphasizes the need of common-sense in everyday affairs, including government. He proves himself again to be the able, conscientious, trustworthy, practical administrator. His grasp upon the vital problems of the day is remarkable and his plan of solving them must appeal to every reasoning man and woman. He offers no patent nostrum to the discontented, no cure-over-night panacea in order to catch votes. He makes no unfulfillable promises. He squarely and honestly catalogues each important issue and says how he proposes to meet it. He dodges nothing.

"Most impressively does he demonstrate the imperative need of useful economy and how the Government under his direction is practicing it as well as preaching it. The country may be sure that he will do his utmost further to reduce taxes and enable the people to get more out of life by relieving them of another fraction of their burdens. In this connection he wisely calls attention to the ever-growing tendency toward concentration of power, authority and activity in the Federal Government. This is an evil which very soon must receive the thoughtful consideration of the people.

"The American spirit pervades the entire speech and the President rightly cites the predominance of domestic affairs over foreign. Yet, there could be no greater service to mankind than contributing through American agencies to the rehabilitation of Europe. Without entangling us in European politics, or making needless sacrifices, he is helping in feasible ways to restore the embattled nations of that continent to a condition of prosperity whose effects will be promptly reflected in the United States.

"The speech is most refreshingly Republican and one of its striking paragraphs is his summarization of the principles which he believes in and advocates. There are ten of them and they might fittingly be called the Coolidge decalogue. There is no trimming of sails to catch vagrant political winds, but the tone throughout is spiritedly and unqualifiedly Republican. At the same time he pitches his campaign upon the highest plane and leaves the opposition grasping at the trivial issues they have raised and upon which they pretend to hope for success."

Convincing, is Hicks' View.

"The speech of the President was complete, comprehensive and convincing," was the comment of Frederick C. Hicks, Eastern Republican Campaign Director.

"The confidence which the American people felt in Calvin Coolidge last Winter when they came to realize and measure his exceptional abilities is maintained.

"In this time of party strife and political turmoil they look to him in increasing numbers for guidance, fully convinced that his sound judgment, courage and comprehensive knowledge of public affairs mean security and safety to the nation. From all sections of the East we are receiving convincing reports of the strength and popularity of Mr. Coolidge.

"It is a clear and sufficient presentation of the real issues of the campaign," said John Q. Tilson, director of the Speakers' Bureau of the Eastern Republican headquarters. "Nothing else is needed to define these issues. It should serve as a textbook for the guidance of Republican speakers throughout the campaign."

The following statement on President Coolidge's speech was issued at the La Follette-Wheeler headquarters, 25 West Forty-third Street:

"Mr. Coolidge has come out boldly for progress as long as it stands still. He is opposed to no official support, no privilege and monopoly, but he stands firmly for the monopoly tariff which hands out to privileged groups several billions of dollars of the people's money every year. He suggests that freedom would droop if 'the people were shackled with Government monopolies,' though almost in the next breath he declares that 'the Government of the United States is supreme over the people.' He displays not the least concern about the exactions of private monopolies, which assuredly do not represent the public.

"Mr. Coolidge says he is against dishonesty and that his former political associates who have been caught with the goods are being prosecuted. Over six months ago he declared in a public speech that punishment would be speedy and drastic, yet all of the crooks who profited by the orgy of graft under Republican rule are still at liberty. The bribe-givers and bribe-takers who arranged the looting of the naval oil reserves, the grafters who looted the Veterans' Bureau, the squads of blackmailers and the agents of privilege, Mr. Daugherty, are all still running loose.

"Mr. Coolidge expresses sympathy with the farmer and believes that nature and economic law are bettering his sorry state. If these do not suffice Mr. Coolidge speaks vaguely of calling some sort of conference. As for the worker, Mr. Coolidge tells him that he has always profited under Republican rule, and mentions as legally established methods for adjusting labor disputes. This is doubtless a delicate allusion to the policy of the Department of Justice in securing injunctions in labor disputes which forbid labor organizations to function and reduce their members to silence and prayer."

Foreign Policy Attacked.

"Mr. Coolidge asserts that the Republican régime covets no foreign territory, and speaks complacently of its friendly relations with weaker neighbors. At this time his Government is exercising either military or financial control or both over nine Latin American republics.

"Mr. Coolidge bravely told the negro voter that 'law is law and justice is justice,' and congratulated him on having been lynched less frequently than usual last year.

"Mr. Coolidge expressed his cordial belief in the firesides of our land, the mothers of our land, the American home, the brotherhood of man and the Fatherhood of God, helpfulness and service. These matters are pleasant to hear, but they are as far removed from the issues of the campaign as Wall Street is from Galilee."

"Our silent President's lengthy speech conforms to the time-honored Republican practice of claiming credit for everything, enough and ignoring the rest," said Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate for Governor. "It would appear that we ought to thank the Republican Party for everything from the inevitable economic progress due to the return of peace conditions down to the bad weather which has produced a crop shortage, thereby raising the price of wheat.

"Mr. Coolidge defends his party against the charges of corruption by saying that it had put in a budget system, which is very much as if a man should answer the charge of cheating his butcher on the ground that he always pays his grocer. As he leaves that more ought to be said, Mr. Coolidge goes on to make a claim for prosecuting individual wrongdoers that is to presume upon the short memory of the people.

Silent on the Ku Klux Klan.

"Mr. Coolidge is an individual who does not perceive the gross inconsistency of condemning Government interference in business at the very time that he supports the highest source of protective tariff, which is nothing but Government intervention in behalf of favored individuals. He praises peace, but has no words to condemn the economic imperialism of adventurers in Latin America, met by our marines, which is a violation of the basis of peace. He has no remedies to offer for the judicial tyranny which makes social legislation and the peaceful organization of labor all but impossible. He has no remedy to propose for our economic slavery to special interests which control railroads, coal mines and the rising super-power industry. His idea of tax relief is still relief for the very rich. He is profoundly silent about the Ku Klux Klan. And this he calls common sense in Government. It is even more unsatisfactory as a slogan than Mr. Davis's 'honesty in Government' to an electorate which wants specific remedies."

"Mr. Coolidge's plea for popular support in November is typical of the Republican campaign of 1920 and the Republican platform of 1924," said J. A. H. Hopkins, Executive Chairman of the Committee of Forty-eight. "Its consistency consists in the fact that it incontinently straddles every issue. When Mr. Coolidge says that the Republican Administration has been honest and that the Government is sound he forgets that only a few weeks ago he said that the wonder was not that there was so much worldliness and so many participants but rather that there had been so little and so few. When he says 'America exists as one of the family of nations' we cannot be lectured, we must forget that the late Mr. Harding and himself were elected on a solemn pledge to avoid foreign entanglements of any description."

LA FOLLETTE GROUPS GATHER IN ALBANY

Clash of Rail Men and Socialists Is Forecast in Conference Today.

LATTER HAVE STATE TICKET

But Rail Men Want Smith Endorsed —Trainmen's Brotherhood Will Not Attend.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 15.—With the gathering here tonight of the leaders of the La Follette forces in New York State preparatory to the conference tomorrow at which a State Committee for the newly formed La Follette Progressive Party is to be appointed, a Chairman chosen and a list of electors approved, it became apparent that the meeting may not be entirely harmonious.

For one thing, it is said on excellent authority that one of the large railroad organizations, the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, will not be represented, though it was announced in New York City that every one of the railroad unions would have its delegates on hand.

Information on this apparent break was given to Gilbert E. Roe, former law partner of Senator La Follette, and now the regional manager of the campaign in the group of States including New York, and Mr. Roe at once replied:

"We don't know who will be here and who will not. We do know that in some cases locals are sending representatives here without the parent organization having acted. There will be a number of people in the gathering tomorrow who will announce themselves and make themselves known to us for the first time. The meeting is an open one, and so far we have not even drafted a program. We have no State Committee or other organization to arrange things in advance.

"That is not the way we are doing this thing. I don't know whether the railroad trainmen will be represented or not, and I don't think it will make very much difference."

May Clash on Socialism.

Mr. Roe arrived this evening, with Arthur Garfield Hays of the Committee of Forty-eight, and also of the Civil Liberties Union. They went to dinner at the Ten Eyck with Morris Hillquit of the Socialist Party. Mr. Hillquit said that during the evening there would be an informal conference, at which a program would be arranged for tomorrow, and that thereafter there might be a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, of which he is a member.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen is one of the "Big Four" of the railroad organizations. The report is that though it will not be represented as an organization, some of the members, notwithstanding, will be at the conference as individuals.

On one side this is regarded as significant of a split; on the other it is regarded merely as a determination on the part of a powerful organization to keep itself out of politics and not attempt to dictate to its members.

It may be more than a coincidence that John P. Ogden of Watervliet, Chairman of the Legislative Board of the Brotherhood, and other officers of the organization are also in Albany, attending the biennial meeting of their organization. It is clear that these men, if they wished, could attend the conference tomorrow, but it is said to be extremely unlikely that they will do so. However, representatives of the other railroad organizations, the Engineers, Conductors and Firemen and Enginemen, will have representatives at the meeting.

There appears to be a strong feeling among the railroad men against the Socialist Party. If there is to be trouble tomorrow, it is said, it will be due, either directly or indirectly, to the Socialists' desire to run things in the State for the benefit of their State ticket, or because of the opposition of other organizations to them.

The Socialists are very anxious to have their State ticket ratified by this conference, but the most conservative of the so-called Progressives are disposed to regard this proposal, on which the Socialists have been actively at work for some days, with some hesitancy.

It is not even determined yet that the conference will be empowered to indorse candidates at all. In fact it appears much more likely that that will be left to the State Committee, and the latter will appoint a Committee on Candidates to pick and choose.

In some quarters there is hope that Democratic candidates may be endorsed, and a few men of the Labor representation even go so far as to hope for an endorsement of Governor Smith, should he finally decide to run again.

Rail Men Endorse Smith.

There can be no question that Governor Smith is a great favorite with the railroad men. It would be to the liking of probably a majority of them should this conference agree on an endorsement of him.

But the other elements of the conference are not of the same way. The Socialists are for Norman Thomas first, last and all the time, and they will expect the Progressive Party to support him.

It is also highly likely that the representation of the Committee of Forty-eight, which is particularly powerful by virtue of being about the best established body represented here after the Socialists, will favor the endorsement of Mr. Thomas. As for the rest of the places on the State ticket, it appears probable that the new party will follow the lead of the older parties and parcel them out.

Today the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen, which is to be represented at the conference, passed a resolution approving the record of Governor Smith. A similar resolution was put through by the trainmen. Thomas E. Ryan, Chairman of the conference of tomorrow, presided at the meeting of the firemen and enginemen, and was responsible for the introduction of the measure. He is credited with being chiefly responsible for the scheme to have the La Follette conference endorse Governor Smith.

Whether or not there will be any formal action taken tomorrow as to endorsing, by formal resolution, the candidacy of Senator La Follette for President had not been determined late tonight. It is likely that will be taken for granted, inasmuch as the gathering is a La Follette gathering. But it is a fact that Mr. Ogden, Chairman of the Legislative Board of the New York State organization of trainmen, received from W. G. Lee, President of the Grand Lodge of the organization, a letter counseling the State organization to abstain from endorsing any candidate for President, inasmuch as such action might possibly lead to internal strife and other complications, which labor leaders are always anxious to avoid, and which the railroad brotherhoods hitherto have kept clear of.

The letter was to the effect that the general policy of the brotherhoods would be to keep its members informed at all times as to who were and who were not the friends of labor, and contended that the membership was of sufficient intelligence to know how to act in the circumstances, on the information transmitted.

Mr. Hillquit agreed tonight that it was possible there would not be a unanimous agreement on every question that might come up, but he added:

"First, we will make a program, then we shall see. All who are here have one common purpose, which is to work to elect La Follette and Wheeler. All other matters can be taken care of as they come up, and there will be no trouble."

Algernon Lee, Socialist, and at one time an Alderman, said it was not anything to be surprised at that there might be objection to the indorsement of the Socialist ticket. "We are fully aware that many of the members of the railroad brotherhoods, while ardent La Follette men, are also enthusiastic Smith men. Their reported readiness to endorse Smith is what many of us fully expected," he said.

No Program Decided.

The conference to determine upon a program for tomorrow was still in session in the room of Arthur Garfield Hays in the Hampton Hotel late tonight. Mr. Roe announced that the program had not been decided upon and that no announcement would be made until the morning. The conference was a small one, Messrs. Roe, Hillquit, Hays and Ryan being the principal members present.

There has been a report about Albany for a week that Senator La Follette was to come here tomorrow and make a speech. It was learned during the conference that it would not be known definitely until tomorrow whether either the Senator or his son would be here, but the belief was that neither would be present.

EVANSTON GETS READY FOR DAWES CEREMONY

Plans Are Made for Huge Crowd —Many Organizations Expected for Tuesday Program.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Vice Presidential candidates get the spotlight next week with their notification ceremonies, and Evanston, home of General Charles G. Dawes, the Republican nominee, is decking itself in holiday attire for the ceremony on Aug. 19.

General Dawes's notification will follow by one day that of his Democratic opponent, Governor Charles W. Bryan, at Lincoln. The Republican Vice Presidential candidate, who will bear the brunt of the campaign, is spending his last idle week-end before he "takes the road." He has finished his acceptance address and has written his Augusta, (Me.) speech for Aug. 23, as well as the one to be delivered at Lincoln, Neb., his old home, on Aug. 29.

Evanston is leaving nothing undone to celebrate the honor which Dawes's nomination brought to the North Shore suburb, and all details for the ceremonies have been completed by the Republican National Committee.

Minute arrangements have been worked out for handling the crowds that are expected to overflow the Dawes lawn and nearby streets. Chief of Police Colline is lending 125 picked Chicago policemen to Evanston, and Sheriff Hoffman is furnishing a motorcycle unit of fifty men.

The committee is expecting about 100,000 visitors to hear General Dawes. The town already has put on much of its holiday dress and Dawes pictures are everywhere. The formal ceremonies are expected to get under way about 3:30 P. M., but the Dawes premises will be thrown open at 7:30 o'clock.

Chairman William M. Butler, who will preside, is expected here tomorrow. The notification speech will be made by former Representative A. W. Jefferis of Omaha, who placed Dawes in nomination at Cleveland. Besides the official and semi-official guests, numerous organizations, political, military and otherwise, are planning to go in groups.

Preceding the ceremonies General Dawes will be host to one hundred official guests, including National Committeemen, members of the Senate and House, Governors and the Notification Committee, at a home dinner. These official guests also will be given a luncheon by the Hamilton Club here at noon. Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, Senator James M. Wilson of Pennsylvania, Senator Ernest Bert Crosby of Kentucky and Representative Everett Sanders, director of the Republican Speakers' Bureau, will speak at the luncheon.

Republican women plan to stage one of their biggest rallies at the notification. Amplifiers will carry the voices of the speakers to crowds which are unable to get close to the platform on the Dawes lawn.

One of the biggest delegations is coming from Indiana, headed by Senator Watson, Postmaster General Harry New, National Committeeman Joseph R. Keating and Clyde Walb, Republican State Chairman.

GOV. BRYAN PROCLAIMS DEFENSE DAY PLANS

Says National Guard Units Will Assemble, and Suggests Local Patriotic Rallies.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 15.—Governor Bryan's proclamation to the people of Nebraska on National Defense Day, Sept. 12, was issued here today. Chairmen and commanders of patriotic organizations were asked to arrange patriotic programs at such an hour as may prove convenient in their localities.

The proclamation, addressed "To the Citizens of Nebraska," says in part:

"In order to recognize the desires expressed by the Commander in Chief of the military forces of the United States, I have authorized Adjt. Gen. H. J. Paul to assemble all units of the military forces of Nebraska over which the Chief Executive has authority in their respective localities, without expense to the State, and participate in such National Defense Test Day plans as the President may suggest.

"As a further recognition of, and compliance with, the request of the President that patriotic programs be provided in the various communities, I suggest and recommend that the patriotic and civic organizations of the State arrange, at such hour in the afternoon or evening as is convenient in their communities, suitable ceremonies, with appropriate patriotic music and public addresses."

The proclamation names "such patriotic and religious organizations as may desire to participate" as heads of the movement "to bring attention of their organizations to the importance of National Defense Test Day."

BACK RECORD IN JERSEY.

La Follette-Wheeler Forces to Aid Him in Senate Fight.

George L. Record of Jersey City, Independent Republican candidate for United States Senator, will receive the "full cooperation and support of the La Follette-Wheeler forces in New Jersey," according to an announcement made yesterday in Newark by Frank F. Pattison, the Progressive State Chairman. Mr. Pattison said that Mr. Record was just the type of man needed to reinforce the Progressives in Congress.

Mr. Pattison made public a letter from Basil M. Manly, director of the Progressive Legislative Service in Washington, denying the recent charge of former Governor Edward C. Stokes of a deal alleged to have prevented the ousting of Senator La Follette from the Senate in 1917. The letter said:

"Ex-Governor Stokes' false charge that there was a deal to permit La Follette to remain in the Senate to permit the retention of a prominent Senator, now dead, as Chairman of one of the most important Senatorial committees is perhaps the most venomous charge ever made against the Republican leaders of the Senate. Such a deal obviously could not have been made without the understanding and cooperation of the then chairman of the Republican Committee on Committees, and the late Senator Dillingham, Chairman of the committee to which the charges against La Follette had been referred."

To Direct La Follette Speakers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Appointment of Representative O. E. Keller of St. Paul as Chairman of the Bureau of Speakers and Motion Pictures of the La Follette campaign, was announced today by Representative John M. Nelson, National La Follette campaign manager.

WOMEN TO DECIDE ON FORMING BL

Delegates of the National Pa Gather at Westport, N. Y., for Convention Today.

THEY DEMAND EQUAL RIGHTS

Support Is Sought for Mott Amendment—Attitude to Other Parties Undecided.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTPORT, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The policy of the National Woman's Party in the forthcoming campaign is to be decided here tomorrow at the second session of a three days' election convention which opened this morning at the Westport Inn. A strong faction tonight is urging that the party make a determined fight for the formation in Congress of a "woman's bloc" and that everything else be made subservient to that end.

Six women have been nominated as Congressional candidates in various sections of the country, and each of these as may be elected will be used as the nucleus of the proposed bloc, according to present plans of the Women's Party leaders. The objective is the enactment of the Lucretia Mott amendment to the Federal Constitution, which provides for equal legal rights for women within the jurisdiction of the United States and its insular possessions.

The conference, if present plans are carried out, will urge all women to become candidates for Congress and will seek to obtain pledges from the nominees of all other parties to support the Mott amendment. If these pledges are not forthcoming, active effort will be made in many States, it is declared, to defeat the candidates who are recalcitrant.

Mrs. Steven H. P. Pell entertained the 150 delegates from all over the country this afternoon at her home, King's Garden, Ticonderoga, when Miss Alice Paul and other leaders sought to extract from her a pledge to become a candidate for Congress on an independent ticket. This is the district of Representative E. E. Sneli. Mrs. Pell at first refused, but later reconsidered to the extent of saying that she would announce her final decision at a meeting of the New York State delegates, which has been called by Mrs. Florence M. Smith, the Chairman, for tomorrow.

The conference opened today with an open air meeting of the Student Council. Lucy Brannam of Baltimore, a student at Columbia University and Chairman of the Lucretia Mott Memorial Committee, which has charge of the organization of students, reported that enthusiasm was being shown for the party in all of

FLY TO NEW BASE IN GREENLAND TODAY

American Aviators Start This Morning for Bay 15 Miles North of Angmagsalik.

SUPPLIES GO BY ROWBOAT

Hope Set for Sunday and Monday Will Bring the World Fliers Back to the American Continent.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

REYKJAVIK, Aug. 15.—The American world fliers will start early tomorrow.

They will attempt to land fifteen miles north of Angmagsalik, Greenland, where Lieutenant Schultz has found an ice-free bay.

REYKJAVIK, Iceland, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The American Army world fliers will not hop off for Greenland this morning, owing to a new and better landing place for them having been discovered fifteen miles from Angmagsalik.

Marking out this new base and bringing thither the supplies from the steamer Gertrud Rask will occupy twenty-four hours. The Gertrud Rask cannot be moved to the new base, owing to the ice conditions. Therefore the supplies will be carrier in rowboats.

The weather conditions were fine on the whole Iceland-Greenland route today, the storm forecast yesterday not having materialized.

Hop to Labrador Monday.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
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U. S. S. LAWRENCE, INDIAN HARBOR, Labrador, Aug. 14.—The world fliers are preparing to make the hop from Ivigtut, Greenland, to Indian Harbor, Labrador, next Monday. News to this effect came today from Admiral Magruder, in command of the naval forces that are in Northern waters to mark the course for the aviators. The message, directed to the cruiser Milwaukee, now at Ivigtut, and relayed from the Milwaukee to Captain Russel Wilson, in command of the destroyer flotilla here, instructed the ships to take up their positions between Ivigtut and Indian Harbor at 4 o'clock Sunday morning.

The Milwaukee is to take her station sixty miles southwest of Ivigtut, the destroyer Coghlan is to be seventy miles further on, the McFarland eighty miles this side of the Coghlan, and the Charles Ausburn ninety miles out from Indian Harbor.

The cruiser Richmond, with Admiral Magruder on board, is coming here and is expected before the Lawrence leaves.

For two days there has been ideal flying weather here and Captain Alfred Hassenstein, army meteriological expert, believes it will continue until at least Sunday.

"Beyond that I would not care to hazard an opinion at this time," Captain Thiesen said.

Report From the Richmond.

ON BOARD U. S. CRUISER RICHMOND, OFF ICELAND, Aug. 14 (By Wireless to The Associated Press).—As the naval patrol stretched out along the Iceland-Greenland route to protect the next leg of the army aviators' world flight the cruiser Raleigh tonight reported a forty-six-mile gale from the north at her station outside the East Groenland port of Angmagsalik. The Danish Government steamer Gertrud Rask, with supplies for the aviators at the Angmagsalik base, reported the weather calm inside the harbor where she is stationed.

The Richmond is due to arrive at her station, 270 miles off the coast of Iceland, early Friday morning, awaiting the passing of the fliers at that point.

The recent injury to the propeller of the cruiser Raleigh through striking an ice hummock was of a minor nature, according to reports from the vessel, and is not affecting the work of the cruiser.

Smith Reports Delay to Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The round-the-world flight will be resumed tomorrow, according to a dispatch received tonight by Major Gen. Patrick, chief of the Army Air Service, from Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, the flight commander. The radiogram from Lieutenant Smith had been postponed until that date to stated that the flight to Angmagsalik allow Lieutenant Schultz, the advance officer, to establish a new base in an ice-free harbor at latitude 65.52, found by Schultz on a scouting expedition on Aug. 15. The establishment of the new base, Lieutenant Smith stated, would reduce hasards.

The emergency base at Frederikdal, Greenland, is ready, Lieutenant Bissell, advance officer of the flight, reported to the chief of the Air Service today. The message, which was filed Aug. 13 and transmitted via Louisburg on Aug. 14, stated that the Islanda Falk, a chartered vessel, sailed for Frederikdal on Wednesday. The steamer Gertrud Rask arrived at Angmagsalik on Aug. 12. The message also told of the U. S. S. Raleigh having damaged her propellers in the ice. The destroyers Barry and Coghlan sailed from Indian Harbor Aug. 13 to take position for the Angmagsalik-Ivigtut flight.

Lieutenant Bissell said the fliers planned to reach Angmagsalik Aug. 16 and Ivigtut on the 17th. Lieutenant Wade, the message stated, probably would proceed on a destroyer. Clear weather inside the ice at Angmagsalik was reported.

LOCATELLI STOPS AT FAROES.

Italian Lands First Plane in Islands —Flies to Iceland Today.

THORSHAVN, Faroe Islands, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Lieutenant Locatelli, the Italian aviator, flying across the North Atlantic in the wake of the American Army world fliers, landed here today, having flown from Stromness, Orkney Islands, in 2 hours 10 minutes. He had the honor of landing the first flying machine to visit the Faroe Islands and was given an enthusiastic welcome by the natives. All the officials were absent from Thorshavn for the inauguration of harbor work at Transgisvaag, but the islanders organized a demonstration of their own.

Lieutenant Locatelli reported that the weather conditions today were ideal, and he hopes to resume his flight at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning, with Hoefn Hornafjord, Iceland, as the objective.

MARTIN'S PLANE FOUND.

Wreck Lies 30 Miles From Port Aviator Reached After 10 Days.

PORT MOLLER, Alaska, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The plane, the wrecking of which caused Major Frederick L. Martin to drop out of the United States Army around-the-world flight, has been found, it was reported today.

The report came to the Pacific-American Fisheries cannery station here from William Sullivan, fireman at a fish hatchery. The wreck occurred April 20.

The place where the plane was found was said by Sullivan to be thirty miles from this cannery, where Major Martin arrived with Sergeant Harvey, his mechanician, after ten days of wandering in snow and brush of the Alaska Peninsula.

The machine, said Sullivan, was hopelessly shattered.

AMERICAN WARSHIP REACHES HONDURAS

The Galveston Now at La Ceiba to Protect Our Interests

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The U. S. S. Galveston, sent to Honduran waters to protect American interests during disorders there between striking Hondurans and imported laborers from Jamaica, arrived at La Ceiba, Honduras, today, according to reports to the Navy Department.

While the Galveston was sent ostensibly because of the labor disturbances it is known that the State Department feels that the presence of an American warship in Honduran waters at this time is likely to have a beneficial effect on the attitude of Honduran revolutionists toward foreign property.

Department officials declined to discuss the situation in detail today, but pointed out that few of the factions represented in the pact of Amapala, drawn up some months ago under the auspices of Sumner Welles, representative of the United States, seem to be observing the terms of the treaty. Officials declined to say what, if any, action toward mediation is contemplated at this time.

It is known that officials here take a pessimistic view of the situation, and there are suggestions in some quarters that order and constitutional government will not be restored in the revolution-ridden country until some sort of supervision similar to that instituted by the United States in Haiti and Santo Domingo has been established.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 15.—The Nicaraguan Government is sending more troops to the Honduran frontier, strengthening its garrisons, due to the rebellion in Honduras and the consequent political unrest. Recruiting is under way and only troops known to be loyal are being retained.

It is reported from Honduras that General Gregario Ferrera, former Minister of War and one of the rebel leaders, is entrenched at La Esperanza.

WIEDFELDT ANXIOUS TO REJOIN KRUPPS

German Friends Sure He Will Not Return to Washington From September Holiday.

BERLIN, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, German Ambassador to the United States, is expected to reach Berlin for an indefinite holiday at the end of September, and although the Foreign Office denies his resignation from the Washington post is definite, his friends and associates in the Krupp directorate are convinced he will not return to America.

Dr. Wiedfeldt is said to have requested the Government to relieve him at an earlier date than he originally contemplated as he urgently desires to rejoin the Krupps as soon as possible in view of the complexity of the problems confronting German industrial and financial interests in connection with the execution of the Dawes report.

The Foreign Office has been conducting an informal survey of available candidates for the Washington post, but it is stated that no selection has yet been agreed upon.

APOLOGIZES TO YUGOSLAVIA

Foreign Minister Admits That Bulgarians Raided the Serbian Border.

SOFIA, Aug. 15.—M. Rakitch, Yugoslav Minister to Sofia, called on M. Kaloff, the Foreign Minister, today and informed him that the Yugoslav Government had conclusive information that the band which violated the Serbian frontier recently was composed of Bulgarians.

Minister Kaloff said that he regretted the incident deeply and that the Bulgarian Government was anxious to maintain friendly relations with Belgrade. He promised to continue efforts to prevent further incursions of Bulgarians into Yugoslavia, but pointed out that the Bulgarian Army, under the Treaty of Neuilly, was too small.

FIGHTING NEAR CANTON.

Yunnanese Troops Battle Close to the American Baptist Mission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Considerable fighting occurred this morning near the American Baptist Mission in Tungshan, a suburb of Canton, the State Department was informed today by Edward Bell, Charge d'Affairs of the Legation in Peking.

Mr. Bell said that the report came in a cable from Consul General Douglas Jenkins at Canton, who declared that the trouble was between opposing factions of Yunnanese soldiers.

The Consul General added that he had been informed by the American commander of the South China naval patrol that all Americans in his area were understood to be safe.

EGYPTIANS PREPARE DEMANDS ON BRITAIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

of speeches, demonstrations and prayers in the mosques to influence the Moslem population to fanaticism on behalf of Egypt and Islam against the English and infidels.

It was feared that the eclipse of the moon would mean trouble among the ignorant natives, and great efforts have been taken to acquaint the people with the real reasons for the pheudomenon.

Another dispatch filed at Khartum shortly after noon stated that quiet was prevailing everywhere in the Sudan. A dispatch from Cairo also said no incidents had occurred either there or at Alexandria.

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 15.—No British troops have yet been dispatched to the Sudan, but a battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, stationed at Ismailia, is leaving tomorrow for the Sudan.

DE VALERA WORKING AGAIN FOR REPUBLIC

Resumes at Ennis Campaign Interrupted by His Arrest Last Year.

CITES A SPEECH BY DAVIS

And Declares False the Assumption That "Ireland Has Shaken Off Her Long Subjection."

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 15.—An enormous crowd was at Ennis today when Eamon de Valera addressed his County Clare constituents for the first time since his arrest there a year ago today.

Some 6,000 or 7,000 young men from all parts of the county assembled in O'Connell Square, and there was not an inch of room when Mr. de Valera arrived, accompanied by a band of pipers. There were scenes of wild enthusiasm when he rose to speak.

He reiterated that the Republican policy still stood for an assertion of independence, unity of the whole people, abolition of the memory of past dissensions and substitution of the common name of Irishman for all sectional denominations. There must be no assenting to partition, no acknowledging allegiance or subjection to any foreign Government or people.

"So long," he said, "as England lays claim to any right of exercising any authority whatsoever in or over Ireland, or any part of it, so long will there be need for the organization of republicans to oppose it. The need for this organization of opposition, the need for asserting our right to and demand for recognition of our full sovereignty and independence is particularly urgent at the present time.

"By national efforts, from 1917 to 1921, the peoples of the world have been educated to understand the scope of our national demand. The moment England by threats had secured Irish signatures to her so-called treaty, the organs of English propaganda throughout the world were concentrated on making it appear that our national demand was conceded and Irish national aspirations fully satisfied.

"To illustrate the effectiveness of this propaganda I need only to point to the speech of John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for the Presidency of the United States, when he recently spoke of Ireland as 'having shaken off her long subjection.'

"That friends of Ireland throughout the world, and particularly in America, may not be deceived and may not be tempted to relax their efforts in Ireland's behalf until real freedom is achieved, let us send forth this plain message:

"'The so-called treaty that has been imposed upon them by threats of force and purports to deny their sovereignty and to partition their country, is not accepted by the Irish people, and is not regarded and never will be regarded by them as binding either on their honor or conscience.'"

Returning to the question of republican policy, Mr. de Valera pointed to the Constitution of the Irish Free State as implying the securing of international recognition for an independent Irish Republic, it being understood that having achieved that status, the Irish people could by referendum choose their own form of government. He said:

"I shall be as faithful to that Constitution, in letter and in spirit, in the future as I have been in the past."

LOWER PRICES NOW AT NIJNI NOVGOROD

Better Terms Are Expected to Increase Fair Sales to Central Asia.

QUIET SCENES ON BOURSE

Transactions Between Russians and Fantastically Garbed Orientals Executed With Grave Decorum.

By WALTER DURANTY.
Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NIJNI NOVGOROD, Aug. 14.—The "Bourse," or, more properly speaking, the goods exchange, at the Nijni Novgorod fair, differs considerably from similar establishments in Western countries. The hall where business is conducted looks like nothing so much as a schoolroom during the examinations. The body of the hall is filled with rows of small wooden tables hardly bigger than students' desks, but each with two or three plain wooden chairs. On the tables there are pens, ink, paper and blotters. Maps and colored charts on the walls heighten the resemblance to a schoolroom, while a row of blackboards near the entrance might be awaiting tests in geometry or algebra.

At the end of the hall there is a long table draped with red baize, where one expects the examiners to take their places. It is for the presiding committee of the Bourse, which does not sit during business sessions, but at meetings for general discussion. Seats in the Bourse are reserved for members, numbering about 250 to date this year—nearly twice as many as last year. Daily tickets are given to any accredited business man who applies for them. A large proportion of the members represent the Soviet State industrial and commercial "trusts." There are also agents of the cooperatives and a number of foreigners, mostly Persians, but I was unable to find any business man from Western Europe. Private Russian business men are admitted on the same terms as State agents, but their number is small—not above 4 or 5 per cent.

The most striking feature is the silence in which business is transacted. The brokers or direct purchasers—there appears to be no distinction made between them—do not shout out bids, but sit quietly watching the prices and quantities of goods offered for sale which are chalked up on the blackboards. If any one wants to make an offer he goes to the table of the seller of the particular goods he desires and engages in low-voiced conversation with him. If a deal results both parties notify the Secretary of the terms. The details of the transaction are immediately posted on another blackboard.

The gayly-colored silk robes and skull-caps of Mohammedans from Central Asia gave a picturesque note to the scene. There was one Elder from Khiva, who wore a small green turban, evidently meant to show the Russian unbelievers that he had made a pilgrimage to Mecca. The Tartars had little black skull-caps, the Persians small black fezzes, and one big Mongol an immense toque of white wool, which the heat soon compelled him to relinquish, thus exposing a head perfectly bald except for a tiny black pigtail about four inches long.

The daily turnover of the Bourse is now about 400,000 gold rubles, which is a good deal less than last year because every one is waiting to see how prices go. The Persian firm of Asadullaeff, which two or three days ago sold a big stock of dried fruits, today sold several hundred tons of wool. Both transactions are said to have been concluded at a better rate than the Russians were willing to make a week ago. The Russian textile and other trusts are also reducing prices and extending terms of credit, and it is thought that the coming week will show a crystalization of prices and a big increase of business.

RIFF TRIBES INFLICT LOSSES ON SPANIARDS

Seize Several Moroccan Villages —Spanish Position Is Reported Critical.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, Aug. 15.—Hostilities continue at Agran and Afrau on the Melilla front, while the situation of the Spanish outposts in the lower part of Wad-Lau, to the south of Tetuan, is reported to be very critical.

Generally speaking, there is very little official information. The Government said yesterday that owing to atmospheric conditions it was unable to obtain news.

MADRID, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The rebel forces in Morocco are continuing their attacks on Spanish positions and have captured several villages, according to an official statement issued today. Loma Verde is under attack and the situation there is described as "very critical." The Spaniards have lost a considerable number of men, killed or wounded, says the communication, which in part follows:

"The enemy attacked a Spanish convoy returning from Loma Verde, notwithstanding the fact that it was being escorted by a company of troops. We lost twenty-five men killed or wounded.

"In the eastern zone the enemy continues to attack Afrau and Agran and has established himself along the coast road. We withdrew with fourteen casualties and then bombarded the enemy's positions.

"In the western zone the enemy attacked one of our convoys, among which there were several casualties. After considerable fighting 200 rebels have occupied the village of Xeruta."

TETUAN, Morocco, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The rebel Moroccan tribesmen are attacking the town of Loma Verde. Today they occupied the heights surrounding both Spanish positions there. The main body of the rebels is moving toward Acruta, Loma Verde and Termes.

General Serrano has arrived here to take command of the Spanish forces in the Wad-Lau region. The son of Abdel Malek, a tribal chief who was friendly to Spain, has asked the Spanish Government to permit him to command the troops led by his father, who was killed in the recent fighting.

Advices from Rabat, French Morocco, are to the effect that increasing uneasiness prevails among the Kabyle tribesmen in the Ouarga region owing to the presence of Riffian rebels. The French Moroccan zone, however, is described as generally tranquil.

ROMAN CANDLE KILLS GIRL.

Fireworks Explosion Injures Score at Camden—Four Men May Die.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 15.—The celebration of the feast of the Assumption, attended by 5,000 persons at Second and Line Streets, this city, turned into a tragedy tonight, when a mortar used in shooting off the fireworks exploded. A 12-year-old girl was killed, four men were so badly hurt that they probably will die, and fifteen others were injured. The sound of the blast, which could be heard across the river in Philadelphia, followed the premature explosion of a roman candle inside the mortar. The girl killed was Myrtle Farrell of 418 Clinton Street, Camden.

The excitement was so great that fifty policemen had all they could do to prevent women and children from being trampled to death. Every ambulance in Camden was rushed to the scene and the attendants had to fight their way through panic-stricken groups. The explosion occurred just as the celebration was about to end. An evening fireworks had been set off and the mortar, about four feet long, had been loaded for the "Good Night" display. One of the attendants was ready to light the fuse when the charge exploded. The mortar was shattered and fragments flew like shrapnel in a fifty-foot circle.

MEXICAN CONGRESS MEETS UNDER GUARD

Outbreaks Feared as Session Opens to Pass on the Electoral Vote.

CALLES SUPPORTERS SPLIT

Trouble Between Labor and Agrarian Groups Over Seats of Deputies Is Expected.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 15.—The Mexican Congress is in a state of siege. Detachments of mounted police surround Congressional Hall, where the Permanent Commission and the Deputies unopposed at the election met this afternoon as the Electoral Congress.

Residents of the capital were surprised to see groups of policemen bearing rifles on the roof of the hall and squads of police, armed with shining Mauser rifles and with belts filled with cartridges, patrolling the near-by streets, in order to prevent possible demonstrations when the Permanent Commission met this afternoon to examine the credentials of newly elected Congressmen.

The split in the party which elected General Calles to the Presidency was expected to cause trouble, the Labor group, which contends that its strong forces made the election of General Calles possible, having split from the Agrarian group, which also claims that honor. The precautions were taken, however, largely against street rows, and no serious outbreak was expected.

General Eugenio Martinez, commander of the garrison of the Federal District, in order to prevent trouble, had ordered all Federal troops to be confined to barracks.

Calles Factions Are Divided.

Copyright, 1924, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 14.—Mexico, on the eve of the opening of Congress, is facing one of the greatest political crises in years.

Tomorrow the Permanent Commission of the Chamber of Deputies and Deputies unopposed in the last election will meet as an electoral college to pass on the seating of those claiming a victory in the July elections. Three factions claim a majority and in some quarters tonight trouble is feared.

Events since the elections on the first Sunday in July have been many, confusing and increasingly difficult of analysis. Long before the arrival of returns was possible, both General Plutarco Elias Calles, the Labor candidate, and General Angel Flores, candidate of the more conservative element, claimed a sweeping victory. General Flores admitted later that General Calles won by actual polling, but he accused General Calles's supporters of destroying ballot boxes and preventing General Flores's adherents from voting.

Meanwhile General Calles's supporters are openly split on the matter of representation in the Chamber of the Socialist, Agrarian and Labor Parties, all favoring Calles and all seeking to put their own candidates into office.

The unopposed Deputies who will sit to pass on the claims of the others are mostly General Calles's men, but even they are divided among themselves, while the members of the Permanent Commission, which is calling the vote, are Obregonistas, but not all favor Calles.

If the Chamber is able to form, then trouble may develop between General Calles's and General Flores's supporters on the question of passing on the next President, although the result would doubtless be in favor of General Calles.

The general belief is that President Obregon has the support, sympathy and power of the greater part of the army, which fact makes him the key to the situation. He is the axis around which the wheel must inevitably turn, for, while he appears in the background at the moment, any action by him is calculated to effect a transformation in the situation, and there are not wanting those who suggest that he is less cordially disposed to General Calles than in the old Sonora days.

Another possibility is that General Flores's claimants to seats in the Chamber, of whom there are more than 100, out of a total membership of 260, will decline to accept the ruling of the electoral college and will form a Chamber of Deputies of their own, calling on President Obregon and the public for fair play.

EXECUTION OF CHINESE UPHELD BY AMERICANS

British Officer's Action in the Hawley Case Is Regarded as Helpful to Foreigners.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 15.—The murder of Edwin C. Hawley, the American, of Amherst, Mass., on June 19 by Chinese junkmen of Wan-Hsien on the upper Yangtse River, and the subsequent action of the British gunboat Cockchafer in compelling the local officials to execute two of the ringleaders and themselves follow the funeral on foot, promises to become historic.

Ever since low-draft steamers began to ply the upper Yangtse there has been friction between their personnel and junkmen, who saw their trade being taken away by a swifter means of transportation. Eventually, an amicable agreement was reached whereby the steamers would not carry certain kinds of cargo, particularly wood and oil, leaving these for the junks. This agreement, however, does not apply to the Summer months, from June to October, when the river is so high that the junks cannot move.

Therefore, when Hawley set about shifting cargoes of wood and oil to foreign steamers for shipment down the river he was well within the agreement. Furthermore, he is said to have received assurances from the Junk Guild and from Chinese officials that he need fear no trouble. So far as the officials are concerned many foreigners believe this assurance was a lie, as the better class junkmen kept out of the row.

As Hawley was beginning to move the wood and oil he was set upon by rowdies and hit over the head and knocked into the river. The Cockchafer was on the spot, and, although Hawley was not a Britisher, her commander threatened to bombard Wan-Hsien unless the city officials did the penance he ordered.

Now it has come to light that certain persons in Wan-Hsien had been organizing a junk transportation monopoly, of which the city officials certainly seemed to have been aware, and by which, there appears to be strong reason to believe, they would profit. In every instance these officials prefer cargoes to go by junk because they can tax them more easily than the goods on foreign ships.

It is now alleged that it was well known in Wan-Hsien that the promoters of the monopoly meant to make trouble for any one who tried to move wood and oil by foreign ships. Lieutenant Whitehorn knew this and it is taken for granted that the native officials did also. That they connived at the attack on Hawley, trusting to the chance that he would not be technically in the wrong, as foreigners often do, is now suspected, and that they were encouraged by the indifference of the powers to many recent cases of treaty violations and outrages against foreigners.

Americans throughout China seem delighted over Lieutenant Whitehorn's courageous action. Property away from the treaty ports has been in such danger, and official disregard of responsibility has come to such a pass in China, that a few sharp lessons are held by foreigners to be indispensable if their trade is to survive.

15 Heavy Earthquakes in Japan.

TOKIO, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Fifteen heavy earthquake shocks rocked Tokio early today. The tremors were heaviest in the district north of here, where only slight damage was reported. The heaviest shocks were felt at Fukushima, a city of 43,000 population, two hundred miles northeast of here. At Chiba, at the north end of Tokio Bay, one house was destroyed. At Choshe, seventy-five miles southeast of here, telephone service was interrupted, while other towns reported broken windows.

POLICEMAN IS SHOT IN A 47TH ST. CAFE

Francis O'Neill, Wounded Three Times, Accuses Man He Arrested Year Ago.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS CASE

Police Hear Shots, but Find Restaurant Closed When They Reach Scene.

Francis O'Neill, a patrolman attached to the East 104th Street Station, was shot three times last night in a restaurant at 318 West Forty-seventh Street. He is in the Roosevelt Hospital with bullet wounds in the thigh, leg and ankle.

O'Neill told detectives of the West Forty-seventh Street Station the shooting was done by Thomas Gleason of 446 West Forty-ninth Street, whom he arrested on a burglary charge a year or two ago and who afterward was convicted and served a term in jail.

Detectives who went to the restaurant as soon as word reached the station house found it closed and barred.

According to O'Neill's story, he was in citizen's clothes and was walking west on Forty-seventh Street to his home at 639 Tenth Avenue, a block or two from the West Forty-seventh Street Station. As he passed the restaurant he said he recognized Gleason, who was standing in front of the place with three men known to him as Purdy, Potter and "Lefty."

Gleason made some remark about "getting the cop," O'Neill said, and turned toward Gleason, and the latter went into the restaurant with the other three men. O'Neill followed him in, he said, and when he entered the place the three men grabbed him, pinioned his arms before he could draw his revolver and then, he said, he heard Gleason say, "We'll give him the works." Then Gleason fired at him, O'Neill said, and the four men ran out of the restaurant.

The shots were heard at the West Forty-seventh Street Station and detectives were sent to the restaurant. By the time they had arrived O'Neill had crawled to the door and, with the assistance of a passing pedestrian, walked a taxicab and was taken to Roosevelt Hospital.

When the detectives forced an entrance into the restaurant they found two revolvers on the floor. One was O'Neill's regulation weapon fully loaded, the other had three empty cartridge shells in the chambers.

O'Neill was shot some time ago when he was serving on the Special Service Squad. At that time he was in citizen's clothes. The shooting took place at Thirty-first Street and Tenth Avenue. He was struck in the hand.

HAT FACTORY BURNED; 20,000 SEE THE FIRE

Mysterious Explosion Precedes Blaze That Attracts Throng From Suburban Districts.

Fire which followed a mysterious explosion completely destroyed the model two-story brick hat factory of Charles S. Merton & Co., at East Rutherford, N. J., shortly before midnight. The intense heat seriously hampered fire companies called from five towns. Motorists from all parts of Bergen County rushed to the scene and it was estimated the crowd at the blaze was 20,000. The damage was placed at $250,000 by Charles S. Merton, the owner, the loss being partly covered by insurance.

The building contained one of the largest blocks of hats in the Hackensack Valley, a city of 43,000 population, two hundred miles northeast of here. At Chiba, at the north end of Tokio Bay, one house was destroyed. At Choshe, seventy-five miles southeast of here, telephone service was interrupted, while other towns reported broken windows.

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RULE OF FASCISTI SCORED AS VIOLENT

Judge Anderson Says Klan Control Here Would Be Like Italian Regime.

OTHERS APPROVE FASCISM

Lejeune Tells Politics Institute of the Occupation of Haiti and Santo Domingo.

MONROE DOCTRINE DEBATED

Sir Arthur Salter Calls Use of Force to Back Trade "the Great Menace to Peace."

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 15.—If the Ku Klux Klan controlled the Government of the United States there would be the same state of affairs in this country as that which exists under fascism in Italy, with political murders, "castor oil discipline," censorship of the press and other forms of terrorism, according to statements made at the Institute of Politics during today's meeting of Professor Sidney Bradshaw Fay's round table on "Political Europe Today."

The comparison of the Klan with fascism came up in a debate on the merits of the Fascist movement, during which various views were presented, some of them extremely hostile to fascism, while others were in considerable agreement with Mussolini and his party.

Judge O. W. Anderson of Boston brought the Klan into the discussion by saying that while he was in Italy last March "a gentleman whose opinions I very much respect" had told him that conditions under the Fascist régime were similar to the state of affairs which would exist in the United States under the control of the Klan.

"Yes, that is true to a certain extent," replied Professor Fay. "There has been a similarity in the almost religious belief of the Fascisti in the good that their party would do the country."

Rear Admiral H. P. Jones said he did not think the comparison reported by Judge Anderson was a good one. While fascism was a national movement, he argued, the Klan was largely a local issue, standing for the correction of particular abuses in each community.

"Oh, no," interjected Dr. Albert C. Dieffenbach of Boston, editor of The Christian Register, "that isn't true."

Professor Fay remarked that as there seemed to be a disagreement as to what the Klan was, they could not very well compare it was Fascism.

Women Attack Fascism.

The most severe attacks on Fascism were made by Miss Leslie Hopkinson of Cambridge, Mass., writer and teacher, and Miss Sarah Wambaugh, formerly a member of the Secretariat of the League of Nations. Miss Hopkinson took issue with the view frequently expressed in America that Fascism was ridding itself of its earlier excesses and that, on the whole, it was a good thing because it had saved Italy from Bolshevism, had been a great improvement upon the previous Government, and had made great economic progress.

Miss Hopkinson questioned all the claims made on behalf of Fascism, and charged that it still retained murder, compulsory castor oil, and other forms of violence, as part of its policy.

Miss Wambaugh asserted that the Corfu incident had weakened Mussolini's position and had marked the beginning of the "taming of Mussolini's foreign policy." Although Fascism, as an advocate of violence, had been opposed to the League and had seized Corfu in order to gain control of the Aegiatic for the sake of economic expansion, she continued, the action of the League had resulted in Italy getting out of Corfu, Mussolini voicing adherence to the League, and his Foreign Minister filing the Treaty of Rapallo with the Secretariat of the League, she emphasized that the Council of Ambassadors in dealing with the incidents had carried out, with one exception, all the recommendations made by the Council of the League.

Major Gen. J. L. Chamberlain, U. S. A., gave Fascism most of the credit for saving Italy from ruin and putting her on her feet. He admitted that Fascism was based on violence and harsh measures, but insisted that Mussolini had accomplished wonders, and that his Administration was so much superior to that which preceded it that there was no comparison.

Tells of Italy's Progress.

Professor Fay, who took a middle ground in the discussion, said that many of the improvements in Italy probably would have taken place without Fascism. Regardless of the violence done by Mussolini's followers, he went on, there was no question that he had made great strides, and that Italy, under his Government, had recovered from the war more rapidly than any other European nation.

Professor Fay said Fascism and Bolshevism were alike in many respects, as both aimed at economic reform from social evils resulting from industrialism and landlordism, both won a political revolution, putting power into the hands of an efficient minority, and both resorted and have continued to resort, to violence. He pointed out, however, that there was a difference in their international policy, as Fascism had been intensely nationalistic, aggressive and imperialistic, and Bolshevism had been international in efforts at world-wide revolution. Mussolini and Lenin were entirely different, he went on. "Lenin," said the Professor, "was the prophet of a religion which he inherited, but he did not create. He was only a priest, and his disappearance has not seriously weakened his cult. Mussolini is the creator of his system, and with his creator the success of his system is bound up. Bolshevism is the dictatorship of a party which holds a kind of political religion. Fascism is the dictatorship of a man who would like to make belief in himself into a religion."

He pointed out that one of the main factors of Fascist strength in Italy was that it had forced all able men to work, averting the unemployment from which other countries suffered after the war, and enabling Italy to make a rapid recovery of her economic prosperity.

While admitting that the Fascist movement was a serious menace to democracy and constitutional government, Professor Fay thought too much stress had been laid on this in America, and that the real danger from Fascism was to the peace of Europe.

"A bad situation already exists in the French protectorate of Tunis, still governed by Italy, where there are 94,000 Italian residents to only 54,000 French residents," said Professor Fay. "Italy wants room for colonial expansion or influence in North Africa, Asia Minor and the Balkan peninsula. Fascism teaches that this is Italy's right, and also that she has the might to make good this right.

"The Italian ultimatum to Greece in the Corfu affair, which reads almost exactly like Austria's ultimatum to Serbia in 1914, is sufficient evidence of the menace which Fascism offers to the peace of Europe."

INTER-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

Major Gen. John A. Lejeune, Commander of the Marine Corps, speaking at the round table on "Inter-American Relations," defended the occupation of Haiti and Santo Domingo by the marines as beneficial to the people of those countries, and answered criticisms of the occupation by saying that almost all the charges of misconduct against the marines had been proved groundless. He announced that the last of the marines will have left Santo Domingo by the end of this month.

"It was impossible to expect," the General said, "all the men in any military force to have the character of angels, but the character of the men in the Marine Corps as a whole was, and is, fully as good as that of any similar number of young Americans. In all groups there are certain individuals who fail to measure up to their responsibilities, and even in colleges there are sometimes dismissals for misconduct."

General Lejeune emphasized the beneficial effects of the occupation. He declared the Government had been operated honestly, peace and tranquility had been maintained, sanitation and public health greatly improved, roads constructed and other public works undertaken, a modern school system introduced in Santo Domingo and public school buildings erected in all the towns.

Dr. L. S. Rowe, Director General of the Pan American Union, leader of the "Inter-American Relations" round table, said the maintenance of friendly relations among all countries of the Western Hemisphere depended upon the adoption of two fundamental principles by all the republics of both continents. These, he said, were general compulsory arbitration and a self-denying ordinance eliminating aggression.

Policy Toward Mexico.

He also stated the necessity of adopting the following principles to govern the policy of the United States toward Mexico and the republics of Central and South America:

"1. A clear and definite limitation of the Monroe Doctrine to the principle of non-colonization by European powers and non-interference by European powers in the internal affairs of the American States.

"2. A more definite limitation and definition of our 'special interest' in the Caribbean area.

"3. A willingness to submit to arbitration all disputes that may arise with the other countries of the American continent, no matter what their character.

"4. A keener appreciation on the part of the people of the United States of the important part which they are called upon to play, as individuals and as organized in universities or other private associations, in developing closer contacts and better mutual acquaintance with the other nations of this continent."

Dr. Rowe said the power of the Council of the League of Nations to exert economic pressure on a country which violated the covenant was not in contradiction of any of the principles of the Monroe Doctrine, but American public opinion probably would prefer to have an American dispute settled by the World Court rather than by the League.

CAUSES OF WAR.

Sir Arthur Salter, director of the economic and finance section of the League of Nations, delivered an address tonight on "Economic Conflicts as the Causes of War." He saw the attempts of Governments to use force in backing up competition in international trade as the great menace to peace in the present and future, and predicted the ruin of civilization by war, despite all arbitration or conciliation, if the great powers continued to bring armed force into the arena of economic competition.

The complete separation of international trade from national feeling and Government support with soldiers, according to Sir Arthur, was the only way to prevent a war that would destroy civilization.

"I look forward," he said, "to the time, to use the words of George Washington, 'commercial policy will hold an equal and impartial hand, neither seeking nor granting exclusive favors and preferences'; when, in the words of President Wilson, 'economic barriers will be removed and equality of trade conditions between nations be established'; when the phrase of the covenant of the League of Nations, 'equitable treatment,' will be secured in its fullest and most liberal sense; when the economic effort and competition of the world will pursue its way, neither erecting and nor fearing hindrance from Governments holding the power of the sword in their hand; when, in a word, there will be sufficient safety valves to rob economic strains and stresses of their explosive force.

"If world policy so develops, the problem of securing and maintaining peace will be practicable. But if the world policy takes a different turn, if we find a series of Governments of the world bringing more and more the power or the menace of their armed force into the arena of economic competition, by this power pushing the trade of their own nations and breaking that of others; blocking with dams and dikes and barriers the currents of the world's economic tides—sooner or later war must come. No system of arbitration or conciliation or of settling disputes at the point where they already threaten the peace, will stand the strain. The flood will burst its bounds and sweep our precarious civilization into irreparable ruin."

Cites Principle of Mandates.

Sir Arthur said the indications of the development of a world policy and code of international practice that might enable the economic struggle to continue without causing war could be found in some of the provisions of the League covenant and elsewhere. He called attention to the principle of mandates in the covenant, now enforced through the League over colonies of the Central African type.

"The mandatory power," he said, "is to secure equal opportunity for the trade and commerce of the members of the League—which, as applied, means of all countries in the world. Consider how immense a potential danger of war will be avoided by the application of this principle; still more if it is extended beyond the areas in which the covenant makes it obligatory."

At the present time, Sir Arthur said, political and economic factors both were of primary importance in determining the chances of peace or war, but as time went on the political were likely to diminish and the economic to increase in importance.

The ultimate problem in developing a world policy for permanent peace, he continued, was to make existing frontiers less changeable and "to strengthen the status quo of the administrative and governmental divisions of the world."

Effect of Discriminatory Tariffs.

Discussing discriminatory tariffs as a cause of war, Sir Arthur said:

"From the point of view of the peace of the world, the close association of the power of government with competitive economic struggle seems to me to involve danger in innumerable ways; and the closer the association the greater the danger. I am not now referring to ordinary tariffs or ordinary measures of nationalization. But if tariffs become discriminatory as a counterpart of general foreign policy; if an armed State enters actively the open arena of the international competitive struggle, the dangers to peace may be averted—but it is idle to ignore that they exist.

"It is a primitive and dangerous form of commerce when the trader goes with his goods in one hand a pistol in the other. It may in time be regarded as a primitive and dangerous form of international relations for an armed State to be visibly at the elbow of its nationals in their competitive trade in foreign markets."

EUROPEAN FINANCES.

At Prof. Allyn A. Young's round table on "The Financial Rehabilitation of Europe," this morning, Sir Arthur Salter described the reconstruction of Austria and Hungary by the League from the technical financial point of view. Discussing the present situation in Austria, he said:

"Since November, 1923, expenditures and receipts have been equal, a result obtained six months before anticipated. At present no attempt is being made to see whether the budget cannot be raised, and an increase in expenditures made possible by increased receipts. About 700,000 are unemployed in Austria out of a population of 6,000,000, a showing better than any other country in Europe."

Sir Arthur pointed out that the device for limited reparation payments adopted by the Dawes committee for Germany—that of distinguishing between a payment in local currency and a subsequent limited and safeguarded conversion into foreign currency for payment abroad—had been invented by the League in its plan for Hungary.

LAWS AND TRADE.

Arthur K. Kuhn of New York, speaking at his round table on "The Conflict of Laws and International Trade," said that the loss of time and money in litigation between traders of different countries, because of the difference of trading laws of their countries, had become so acute that unofficial groups of business men had begun work on a plan of international arbitration to take dispute out of the hands of the courts.

The International Chamber of Commerce and the American Bar Association, he said, were trying to introduce commercial arbitration on a wide scale into international trade.

HUGHES AT HIS DESK, PLEASED WITH TRIP

Secretary Feels Exchange of Views With European Statesmen Has Been of Great Benefit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15—Improved in health and in fine spirits, Secretary Hughes returned to his desk in the State Department today after his European trip. While Mr. Hughes made it clear that he was optimistic over the results of the pending negotiations in London for the carrying out of the Dawes plan, he indicated that no further statement on that subject would be forthcoming for the present, as the statement he made in New York upon his arrival is regarded as sufficient.

The visit of Mr. Hughes to Europe, involving as it did numerous conferences with responsible statesmen, can scarcely fail to prove of value to him, it is pointed out, in enabling him to gain first-hand information of conditions there and to familiarize himself with the personalities of the men who are taking the responsibility for the conduct of the foreign relations of the various countries.

Such exchanges of views as undoubtedly took place, it is assumed, would naturally prove more satisfactory than almost any amount of correspondence, and should enable Mr. Hughes in the future to take full account of the personal equation in dealing with the European chancelleries on any given question.

It may be stated that the attitude of the American Government toward the problems of Europe was fully stated by Mr. Hughes in his speech at the Pilgrims' dinner in London, and the lines of policy laid down in that address will be followed until such time as a change of the situation may call for the introduction of modifications.

Mr. Hughes has obtained, it is believed, an informative and helpful prospectus of the different views of the various statesmen, and has been able to form his own opinion of the state of public sentiment among the several peoples. Mr. Hughes, it is stated, was particularly impressed by the cordial and uniformly courteous reception accorded him.

The Secretary said this afternoon that the selection of an Ambassador to Mexico to succeed Charles Beecher Warren and another to Japan to succeed Cyrus Woods would be made shortly. No intimation was given as to the identity of the persons likely to be appointed.

REVOLT IN BRAZIL IS REPORTED SPREADING

Buenos Aires Hears That State of Amazonas Is Affected—Sergipe Under Control.

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—A rumor that the revolutionary movement in Brazil has extended to the State of Amazonas has been circulating here for some time, but the rigid censorship prevents its confirmation. The first information indicating trouble in that district was received here last week when the censor passed a dispatch from Rio de Janeiro announcing the publication in the Government's official bulletin of a declaration of a state of siege in Amazonas as well as Sergipe and Bahia.

An uprising in Sergipe, during which State President Cardoso is reported to have been imprisoned by the revolutionists, appears to have been put down by marines from the destroyer Amazonas sent there by the Federal Government. Nothing is known here concerning conditions in Bahia.

Senhorita Anesia Pinheiro Machado, Brazilian aviatrix and sportswoman, who was arrested recently at Sao Paulo by Federal authorities for alleged revolutionary activities, has been released, according to dispatches to La Nacion from Santos.

Dispatches received last night from Rio de Janeiro, stating that the Government of the State of Minas Geraes had sanctioned credit to cooperate with the Federal Government to "re-establish public order" in that State and "maintain the integrity of the country," was the first news received indicating there had been any trouble there.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 15.—The Commander of the Federal forces operating in the northern part of Parana State reports that district to be free of rebels. The Parana police and the State troops attached to the forces have been ordered to return to the State capital.

The Acting President of the State of Minas Geraes has signed a decree authorising the State Government to open credits deemed necessary to cooperate with the Federal Government in defense of the constitutional regime and for the re-establishment of public order in Minas Geraes.

SIR ALFRED MOND ELECTED.

Liberal Ex-Minister Wins Commons Seat Vacated by Party Colleague.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Sir Alfred Mond, Liberal, and former Minister of Health in the Lloyd George Cabinet, was yesterday elected member of the House of Commons in West Carmarthen, Wales. The vote for Sir Alfred was 12,760, for the Rev. R. T. Owen, the Labor and Government candidate, 8,351, and for Sir Alfred Stephens, Conservative, 7,009.

The West Carmarthen seat was made vacant by the resignation of Sir Ellis Griffiths, to give Sir Alfred Mond an opportunity to contest the seat. The result, therefore, makes no change in the political standing in the House of Commons.

Marblehead Proves a Fast Cruiser.

ROCKLAND, Me., Aug. 15.—With her propellers making 573 revolutions a minute, the new light cruiser Marblehead, raced over the Rockland trial course today at the rate of 34.99 knots an hour, close to the time record made by her sister ship, Detroit, whose fastest mile was at the rate of 35.05.

Heads the Knights of Pythias.

TORONTO, Aug. 15.—John Ballantyne of Boston today was elected Supreme Chancellor at the annual convention here of the Knights of Pythias. Richard S. Witte of Milwaukee, Wis., was elected Supreme Vice Chancellor in a closely contested election.

GILPATRIC'S ASSETS GREATLY CONFUSED

Even He Himself, It Is Learned, Cannot Fix Amount of Shortage.

IT IS NOW PUT AT $500,000

Investigators Find Records of Doubtful Loans and of Missing Bonds.

PUTNAM, Conn., Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Half a million dollars may be involved in the embezzlements of G. Harold Gilpatric, State Treasurer and cashier of the First National Bank of Putnam, it was indicated today by those who are trying to straighten out the tangle in which his attempt at suicide left his accounts. Gilpatric himself, it was learned, does not know how much he has taken.

In a statement of his assets, made as a part of the letter to his wife which was written before he fired the shot that will blind him, in part at least, for life, he listed such of his belongings as he could remember, but could say of his obligations only that he was "hopelessly involved." The existence of this list of assets became known only today, as did other facts in connection with the attempted suicide by which Gilpatric sought to close probably seven years of embezzlement.

The list is one of uncertainties. It includes an interest in a machine project at Worcester, which Gilpatric has said was worth $300,000, but which is now found to be worth less than 10 per cent. of that amount. It includes a note for approximately $100,000 given by a man of some prominence. This paper can be realised upon only for a small part of the sum, it was said.

Gilpatric also had an interest in an oil-burning project at New London, Conn., estimated to involve about $36,000 in investment, but worth little or nothing now. The list includes properties at Hartford and elsewhere listed at $187,000 that are found to be heavily mortgaged, with thin equities remaining, if any at all.

Although those familiar with the list left by him said that it bore every indication of an earnest effort to help his wife unravel the tangle and make the best settlement possible of his affairs, it included no mention of several mortgages that he holds. As assets, these probably are worth more than some of the items listed.

The likelihood that the losses will approximate $500,000 is based on accumulating instances of what apparently was the embezzlement of negotiable bonds left with Gilpatric at the bank; the obtaining of money by means of "straw notes," or notes with weak endorsements, and the indication that mortgages and mortgage notes obtained by Gilpatric as investments for estates in his charge, will prove to be without standing.

The $262,000 losses discovered at the bank by the examiners up to August 12, which covered bonds stolen and loose loans obtained, has been increased by new instances of each. The mortgage losses are still problematical, but the amount involved may total $60,000 if the mortgages are found to be forgeries. As yet the receiver, George W. Coffin, has not called for proof of claim, and today, with the bank doors reopened for everything but withdrawals, he was in receipt of several inquiries from persons who had entrusted their funds to Gilpatric and obtained no receipt.

Gilpatric has not signed the resignation as State Treasurer prepared for his signature by members of his family, it was stated this afternoon by G. Walter Gilpatric, of New York, his brother. At the Day-Kimball Hospital it was said that his condition was such that he would be able to sign if the resignation was presented to him.

The patient's condition was unchanged at the hospital, with the exception that he complained of the effect of the light upon one of his eyes. This indicated, the hospital authorities said, that there was a possibility that the sight of one eye might be preserved.

Mrs. Gilpatric, in the light of events of the last week, has told friends that there was nothing in her husband's life that was abnormal in any outward aspect. The income available at home was only that which was to be expected from his position, and his personal expenditures were in keeping with the moderate successes that he reported in business ventures. He was concerned over the future education of his children, yet set aside no sums of any size for that purpose. Except for the evidence of large business losses, the family has no information as to what became of the money, or when abstractions began.

The funds for a new $150,000 bank had passed the half way mark today, more than $75,000 having been subscribed.

KILLED AT TASLEY FAIR.

Youth Is Shot and Mob Attacks Showmen—Six Are Held.

Special to The New York Times.

SALISBURY, Md., Aug. 15.—The old fair ground at Tasley, Va., was converted into a battlefield early today, when Ralph Rosche, 25 years old, of Tasley, was shot to death by one of the showmen.

A mob of 700 infuriated farmers charged the midway, where the killing took place, and was held at bay with a fusillade of shots. The mob broke, but returned in a short while, armed with pistols and guns, only to find the showmen had fled in automobiles.

Jack O'Brien, a pugilist, and his wife, Rose Taylor O'Brien, were arrested at their home, in Wilmington, Del., on word from the authorities here. Elmer and John Taylor, with their wives, are held at Delmar, Del., and are under guard.

Frank West, owner and manager of West's Greater Shows, which provided midway attractions for the fair; a sailor and two other members of the show were captured as they sought to leave the fair grounds. They are held by the Accomac County authorities.

O'Brien had been giving boxing exhibitions with one of the West shows, and earlier in the week was knocked out by Rosche's brother in a ring battle. Bad blood is said to have followed, and it is thought that the dead man was mistaken for his younger brother when the attack took place.

Rosche was first struck with a hammer, it is charged, and then his assailant whipped out a revolver, it is said, and emptied it into his body.

4 MEN HELD IN AN ATTACK.

Bail of Prisoners Accused by Mrs. Harry Rockefeller Reduced.

Four men, arrested in connection with an alleged attack upon Mrs. Harry Rockefeller of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Staten Island recently, were arraigned before Magistrate William T. Crosk at Stapleton yesterday. Their bail of $5,000 each was reduced to $3,000 and the cases were adjourned for one week at the request of the District Attorney, who said Mrs. Rockefeller would be compelled to remain in Bellevue Hospital that long.

The men are Louis Pinto of 31 Bedford Street, Brooklyn, who is charged with criminal assault, and Edward Hoffman of the Comet Hotel, Brooklyn; Toto Sortino, 219 Bleecker Street, and Tony Pascala, 19 Cornelia Street, both Manhattan, who are charged with suspicion of criminal assault.

SPANISH PRISONER BREAKS IN AGAIN

Offers Oliver W. Sheets $120,000 If He Will Help Him Recover $360,000.

BUT MR. SHEETS DECLINES

Letter From Barcelona Reveals Revival of Confidence Game 350 Years Old.

A chance to make $120,000 by investing a few dollars in an old established business is being offered to American investors. It is a business which has been handed down from generation to generation for a period of nearly 350 years, having been founded immediately after the destruction of the Armada. At times it has been highly profitable, but for nearly twenty years it had slumped. As the result of overmuch publicity the game has fallen into disuse. Now apparently some enthusiast is trying to revive it.

Oliver W. Sheets of 871 Brock Avenue is one man who has an option on the big opening in this ancient and conservative line. Max Seal, a restaurant owner of Middletown, N. Y., is another. The opportunity which has come to Mr. Sheets and to Mr. Seal is that of obtaining 33 1-3 per cent. of $360,000—which works out at $120,000—by rescuing a wealthy Spanish prisoner or marrying his heiress.

Mr. Sheets and Mr. Seal unfortunately have other plans and projects which would make it inconvenient for them to collect the $120,000, so the proposition is practicaly open to anybody that could use 120 grand.

The chance to earn money in your spare time, which both men are passing on to those who need it more than they do, came in a letter on cross-lined note paper in a blue envelope with a Spanish stamp.

Here Is the Letter.

The letter, which would undoubtedly be found in a court of law to constitute a contract, is as follows:

Barcelona, 30/7/24.

Dear Sir: Being imprisoned here by bankruptcy I beseech you to help me to obtain a sum of $60,000 dollars I have in America, being necessary to come here to raise the seizure of my luggage, paying to the Register of the Court the expenses of my trial and recover my portmanteau containing a secret pocket where I have hidden two checks payable to bearer for this sum. As reward I will give up to you the third part, viz., 120,000 dollars.

I cannot receive your answer in the prison, but you can forward a cablegram to a person of my confidence who will deliver it me addressed as below.

Awaiting your answer to instruct you all my secret I only sign now C. First of all answer by cable, not by letter. RAUL CASAS.

Sists Correos 1750, Solenes (Spain). Doring: Sheets.

The man who takes advantage of the opportunity may have to hold himself in readiness for a trip to Spain, because Spanish prisoners are not freed now by bank by the examiners as in the days their predecessors used to be. Hardly any of them get loose from their chains unless the rescuer arrives on the spot.

The Prisoner Usually Dies.

One of the saddest features of the Spanish prisoner cases is that they usually die unless the ransomer is prompt. Generally a cable or a black-edged letter announces that the prisoner has perished and left a helpless daughter, as per enclosed photo, and a million orphaned pesetas. This message is usually sent over, according to the signatures, by the confessor or by the family duenna, who have written because they happened to know how the late prisoner would clank his chains and pray that the sainted Americano would save him and his.

Romance is not dead. Spanish love and Spanish gold, chivalry at 10,000 per cent. profit make the heart throb while the pencil calculates. The chance of rescuing a $360,000 estate with an Iberian maid among the chattels and movables has caused many to make the trip to Spain. Not all of these romances have had happy endings. The dream of lustrous black eyes and chests of gold sometimes ends with the knight errant getting a knock on the head and finding himself in a Spanish hospital or getting knockout drops and awakening to discover himself to be nothing less than a Spanish prisoner charged with intoxication.

The Spanish prisoner game started after the sinking of the Armada, when most of Philip's 188 ships were sunk and many Spaniards of wealth and name were cast up on the English coast. Some of these prisoners did pay large ransoms to their captors. Some were richly rewarded for helping Spaniards to get home. Within a few years Spanish crooks pretending to be prisoners of wealth and name were hoodling simple-minded Britishers. This industry was so firmly established that it has continued ever since. Men in every country in the world have received appealing letters from Spanish prisoners.

Game Popular When Jails Are Full.

The rattle of the Spanish prisoner's fetters was heard throughout this country after the Spanish War, when the tale was varied slightly, the prisoner being sometimes an American and sometimes a Spaniard jailed for American sympathies.

Although the Spanish prisoner is never in prison, the Spanish prisoner game always becomes popular in Spain when the jails are full. The political troubles in Spain have filled the jails up and it was predicted that this would put the venerable industry on its feet again.

The Spanish police have always shown a tendency to favor bullfighting as the national amusement, and this has had an injurious effect on the Spanish prisoner game, which has passed its prime in many parts of Spain. Its profits are said to grow less and less.

In the files of the National Police at Madrid letters of complaint show that up to the time of the annihilation of a gang ten years ago this particular crowd had made victims as far away as Sumatra. It was shown that replies came from 20 per cent. of those who received Spanish prisoner letters, and 4 or 5 per cent. sent money.

One of the largest hauls made by this band was 20,000 francs, from a Frenchman named Issanchou, who was either robbed and murdered or was robbed and so covered with humiliation at his stupidity that he never returned to his home in France.

GIFT TO CHAMPION GLIDER.

Schulz Receives New Airplane From East Prussian Manufacturer.

TILSIT, East Prussia, Aug. 15.—Hoping that his home province will excel in the national glider contest in the Eifel Mountains, Hermann Stoll, a wealthy furniture manufacturer of this city, has presented to Ferdinand Schulz, holder of the world's endurance record in air sailing, a new airplane built after the latter's specifications in the Stoll shops.

Schulz's old glider, in which he remained in the air 8 hours and 45 minutes, was a home-made affair.

Kills Wife, Children and Himself.

FAIRVIEW, Okla., Aug. 15.—Financial reverses are believed by neighbors to have caused Julius Burgraff, a farmer, to kill his wife and three children and then commit suicide at the family home near here yesterday. He had liquidated some of his affairs and remarked to a friend that he probably "would not be seen again."

MOTION PICTURE MAN HELD.

Herbert Horkheimer Accused by Woman of the Larceny of $1,200.

Herbert Horkheimer, said to have been engaged in the motion picture industry, was held in $5,000 bail for examination Aug. 22 on a charge of grand larceny by Magistrate O'Neil in the Coney Island Court yesterday. Mrs. Ira Platt, at whose home Horkheimer had been living at 248 Seacrest Avenue, Manhattan Beach, appeared as the complainant and alleged that Horkheimer had obtained $1,200 from her on the promise that he would purchase stock in the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation and manipulate it in such manner that she would make $5,000. Mrs. Platt said that she received neither profit nor principal in spite of repeated demands for an accounting.

Horkheimer, who up to a short time ago lived at the Hotel Ambassador, declared, through his attorney, that his failure to return the money to Mrs. Platt was due to a temporary loss in the stock market. He was unable to give bail and was taken to the Raymond Street jail.

FIRE MENACES TENEMENTS.

Three Alarms Turned In and Occupants Are Ordered Out.

Fire that drove out the occupants of tenement houses in three Brooklyn streets destroyed a brick extension to the Liberty Drug Company at 351 Tompkins Avenue last night. Three alarms were turned in, and six firemen were overcome by smoke.

The fire started in a rubbish pile in the one-story brick extension in the rear of the building and was discovered by Patrolman Thomas Kelly of the Gates Avenue station. Firemen responding to the first alarm sent in two successive alarms when they saw that the fire was threatening to destroy the four stories of the main part of the building.

Reserves of the Gates Avenue police station ordered occupants of the tenement houses across the street and around the corner, in Madison and Monroe Streets, to leave their homes. The Tompkins Avenue trolley cars were blocked for an hour.

5,000 WORKERS END STRIKE.

But Boston Cloak and Skirt Makers Order Walkout.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—While 5,000 workers in the men's garment shops of the city were closing an agreement under which they are to return to their places next Monday, the cloak and skirt makers made known their decision to launch a strike not later than next Wednesday.

The strike in the women's garment shops is called, according to the announcement, to better working conditions, and is aimed particularly at the "small sweatshops," it is said.

Agreements were made today between the men's garment manufacturers and the union providing for the return of nearly 90 per cent. of the workers who quit a week ago. The remaining shops will follow soon, it is asserted.

FINDS STUDENT'S BODY.

Life Guard Recovers It Off the Steeplechase Pier at Coney.

The body of Barnard Turner, 24 years old, of 227 Torbell Street, Brooklyn, graduate of C. C. N. Y., and rabbinical student at the Jewish Institute of Religion, was found in the water off Steeplechase Pier yesterday by a life guard. It was taken to the Kings County morgue, where it was identified by a brother-in-law, George Litsins, of 1,470 Pitkin Avenue.

The brother-in-law said that Turner had suffered a nervous breakdown recently due to overwork. While studying to be a rabbi he was at the same time teaching at the Hebrew Orphan Asylum and his health broke down. His clothing was discovered in a bathhouse at Coney Island recently and in it the police found a number of newspaper clippings relating to suicide.

GIRDERS FALL INTO STREET.

Policeman Hurt Rushing Woman and Child to Safety.

A woman and child were saved by a policeman yesterday from death beneath two steel beams weighing more than a ton which dropped eleven stories into the street from the sling of a derrick at 247-263 West Thirty-seventh Street. A sedan car parked near the curb was demolished and the policeman, William Agnew, was injured in the hand by a flying bolt.

As the beams began to slip from the cables Patrolman Agnew saw a taxicab approaching. He dashed toward it, dragged out the passengers, a woman and girl, and pushed them against the wall of a building just in time to save them.

PICTURE NORMALITY OF FRANKS SLAYERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

but they are scattered, disorderly and unrelated," he said. "This field of endocrinology has been exploited by romantic writers, charlatans and others not to be classified as scientists."

Findings in the report made by Dr. Carl Bowman and Dr. H. S. Hulbert, which indicated disordered functions of the endocrines in the two youths, were termed by Dr. Woodyatt as "compatible with entire normality" and "lacking anything to indicate a disease of the endocrine glands."

Describes Tests for a Patient.

Dr. Woodyatt described himself as a physician who has confined his practice to "international medicine." He said he had spent two years in Germany studying special phases of medicine. Returning to Chicago, he studied further in chemistry and founded a research laboratory. He is Professor of Medicine at the University of Chicago.

During the last fifteen years he said he had been engaged particularly in investigations along chemical lines in the practice of medicine, with his particular practice the last two years in metabolism, the replacement of tissues and secretions within the body. In scientific terms he described the various tests for determining the rate or degree of metabolism in a patient.

Milton Smith, an Assistant State's Attorney, put the hypothetical questions, phrasing them to include all the various disorders remarked upon as found by defense doctors in Leopold and Loeb.

Mr. Smith read from a prepared list of questions with which the witness seemed familiar.

"There would be nothing in the findings of the Bowman-Hulbert report to indicate a disease of the endocrine glands?" Mr. Smith asked.

"No," replied Dr. Woodyatt, "because there is nothing in those findings incompatible with health."

"Are they compatible with entire normality?" asked Mr. Smith.

"They are," the witness responded.

After having attacked the defense's theory of functional disorders of the endocrines as having affected the Leopold and Loeb mentalities, the prosecution surrendered Dr. Woodyatt for cross-examination.

"Have you done any research work in the endocrine glands yourself?" asked Walter Bachrach of the defense.

"I've worked intensively on diabetes for fifteen years, the only definitely established disease resulting from disease of the endocrines."

"The chemical processes of the body are connected with the functions of the endocrine glands. My work has been on chemical phases," the witness replied.

"Personally I believe there is a relation between the ductless glands and the mind," he replied to another question.

"Do you also believe there is a relation between the ductless glands and human conduct?" asked Bachrach.

"I'm willing to hazard my personal guess that the endocrine glands at times have some relation to conduct," replied Dr. Woodyatt.

"How about the thyroid glands relative to conduct?"

"I haven't seen them affect conduct in any particular way."

"Do they affect the nervous system?"

"It is definitely known that the thyroid gland produces a substance, but whether it has any further function opinions differ," answered Dr. Woodyatt. "That substance in overdoses increases the metabolic rate. The heart rate is usually increased."

"Have you any knowledge of the relation of the ductless glands and the nervous system?" asked Bachrach.

"Nothing very definite," was the response.

Dr. Woodyatt said he knew nothing of psychiatry.

"Do you know anything of the relation of the ductless glands and the psychopathic personality?" Mr. Bachrach asked.

Mr. Smith objected on the ground that Dr. Woodyatt was not a psychiatrist, but Judge Caverly said the witness had qualified as an expert and he should answer.

"It is assumed there is; I don't know," replied the doctor.

The State has left one alienist, its "ace," Dr. William C. Krohn of Chicago. No more lay witnesses will be called, Mr. Crowe deciding to abandon their use after Loeb's and Leopold's relatives were not required to give opinions as to the mental condition of the defendants.

Slayers Are Not Conducting Defense

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—There is no truth in the report that Nathan F. Leopold Jr., and Richard Loeb are conducting their own defense. They may want to, but early in the case their parents took matters out of their hands and insisted on retaining counsel and alienists for their defense. The boys are notoriety seekers and crave publicity even to an extent hardly credible in so serious a case. Counsel for defense, however, encourage publication of such stories as that Leopold and Loeb want to conduct their own case, because it helps to create the impression that their clients are abnormal.

SUICIDE'S FAMILY FACES STARVATION

Woman and Three Children Are Left Without Funds and Threatened With Eviction.

UNABLE TO BURY HUSBAND

"I Was Never Any Good," He Wrote Before Ending His Life in Baltimore Rooming House.

Destitute and facing eviction from her home at 2,871 Second Avenue, Mrs. Caroline James, whose husband, John O. James, committed suicide in Baltimore on Wednesday night, faced the extremity yesterday of giving up her three children, the youngest a girl of eight months, because she did not have enough money to keep her little family together.

"I would almost kill me to part with my three children," she said tearfully, "but what can I do? My rent was due on the first of the month, and the landlord may come at any moment and put me out. I have no money even to buy food for my children."

James, who was employed as a valet at the Hotel Continental, committed suicide by inhaling gas in a rooming house in Baltimore, and all he left was a note addressed to his wife and children, asking them not to think "bad" of him for his act.

Mrs. James notified the police yesterday that she would be unable to look after her husband's body, as she was penniless. He probably will be buried in Baltimore.

Reporters who climbed to the fourth floor rear of the tenement to notify Mrs. James of her husband's death, found her with barely enough money for a meagre breakfast for her children. Her eldest daughter, Ellen, is 10 years old, a bright, attractive girl, who dresses neatly and who attends the public school. Elsie is twenty-two months old, and the baby is eight months.

Mrs. James, who is an Austrian by birth, attributed all her family troubles to the fact that her husband drank heavily and quickly. She declared that it was his habit to remain away from home several days at a time. He left home last Monday without saying where he was going, and the next she heard of him was the news of his death from the reporters. It was learned that he had quit his job at the hotel that day, explaining to the manager that he "was sick of life and everything."

Mrs. James, who formerly worked as a nurse girl, said her husband was a Welshman and that on account of his drinking habits she separated from him five years ago. Little more than three years ago on his promise to mend his ways she went back to him, and the two younger children were born. They occupy a three-room flat, the rent for which is $30 a month.

She managed to keep the family together on the little money her husband gave her, but when the rent became due on Aug. 1 she had no money and the landlord ordered her to vacate the place unless she paid at once. Later he gave her a little more time, but now has decided to evict her, she said.

The note which James left read:

"Dear Caroline and Children—I am sorry to have to do this. I was never any good, so it is best for me to finish it this way. Please do not think bad of me. JOHN."

3 ABANDONED AUTOS FOUND.

One, a Sedan, Is Stuck in Mud In Lake at Bayside.

Detectives of Queens are trying to ascertain the identity of the owners of three automobiles found abandoned and partially demolished in three different sections of the borough.

One of the machines was found stuck in the mud of Oakland Lake, near the Oakland Golf Club, at Bayside. It was a Chandler sedan. A wrecking machine will be sent to Oakland Lake in an effort to reclaim the motor car. If the police can bring the machine up on dry land they figure it will be an easy task to read the motor number even if the license plate is missing, and thereby locate the owner.

A taxicab, considerably dismantled, was found on Betts Avenue, near Queens Boulevard, Long Island City, and another dismantled Mogul Checker taxicab was found in Meyers Avenue, near Roosevelt Avenue, Winfield. There is no clue to the owner of either car.

New Jamaica Hospital Opens Today.

The new five-story brick building of the Jamaica

HYLAN AND CRAIG IN LONG-RANGE FIGHT

Mayor in Saratoga, Controller Here, Issue Statements Attacking Each Other.

PRESS REPORTS CRITICIZED

Hylan Says City Is Not Saving Money by $35,000,000 Transfer —Craig Refers to Vacations.

Mayor John F. Hylan was in Saratoga Springs yesterday and Controller Charles L. Craig in New York City. But the few score of miles that separated them physically did not interfere with their customary exchange.

Early in the afternoon a messenger from the office of the Mayor in the City Hall delivered to the City Hall reporters carbon copies of a document bearing the usual caption, "Statement by the Mayor." No explanation accompanied the delivery of the message. It did not appear whether the Mayor had dictated the document on Thursday in the interval between adjournment of the Sinking Fund meeting and his departure at 1:23 P. M. for Saratoga, or had despatched it from the Springs later by messenger, telegraph, telephone or radio. This was Mayor Hylan's statement:

"So that the people and the editors of the several papers may know the truth about the Sinking Fund Commission meeting Thursday, I make the following statement and the Sinking Fund minutes will bear out what I say:

"Kerrigan, a former newspaper reporter, now Controller Craig's deputy, at a salary of $10,000 per year, does nothing for his money but induce his friends on several of the newspapers to garble the truth in their reports to their papers about meetings where I am present. At the meeting of the Sinking Fund Thursday I proved conclusively that Craig deliberately misstated the facts when he said the people were losing money because of any action the Sinking Fund did or did not take. I proved conclusively at this meeting that if we had taken the Controller's advice at the previous meeting the city would have lost thousands of dollars, and further I proved that the city made a mistake in taking time to consider and investigate Craig's recommendations in regard to investing Sinking Fund moneys.

Denies City Saves Money.

"The papers' report that the city is saving money on the purchase by the Sinking Fund of city bonds in this instance is likewise incorrect. The Sinking Fund had $35,000,000 in cash in the banks drawing 2 per cent. interest, which money is city money credited to the Sinking Fund. The sale of city bonds to the Sinking Fund by the city for $35,000,000 simply transfers the $35,000,000 from the Sinking Fund to the city to be used for city treasury purposes, and it still remains in the banks as before, drawing 2 per cent. interest.

"The papers owe some duty to the people. It seems to me, and should at least be the truth about a public official who is struggling for the people's best interests against an individual who glories in making trouble for himself and for everybody else. The reason we asked the $35,000,000 to be transferred from one fund belonging to the city to be credited to another fund belonging to the city, at the Sinking Fund meeting Thursday, was to help the city out of the embarrassing condition which the city would be in on Sept. 1, for which Craig is absolutely responsible.

"The Sinking Fund Commission passed resolutions at this meeting directing the Corporation Counsel to proceed against Craig and mandamus him in several matters where he has refused to perform his duty under the law."

Craig Attacks Hylan.

Not long after the Mayor's statement was made public Controller Craig countered with the following:

"In obedience to Mayor Hylan, and carrying out his threats to create as much confusion as possible in the Sinking Fund Commission, Mayor Hylan's Corporation Counsel today began an entirely new litigation against the Controller. Like previous efforts of Mayor Hylan, it is an attempt to cover up his own wrongdoing. The purported object of the new proceeding is to obtain a writ of mandamus to compel the Controller to pay $8,771,934.09 interest due on General Fund bonds held by the commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

"The petition is sworn to by Mayor Hylan's Chamberlain and states 'that the said interest is payable from the general fund.' It is perfectly true that this interest on the General Fund bonds has not been paid. The reason it has not been paid is that the only money out of which the interest could be paid is lying on deposit in favored Wall Street banks at 2 per cent., where it has been placed by the action of Mayor Hylan and his Chamberlain, and they have refused to sign the warrants which would withdraw such moneys and permit its being paid into the general fund. In other words, it has been withheld from the general fund by their illegal refusal to sign the warrants.

"In the unfinished trial before Judge Wagner, the Controller proved by indisputable evidence that he presented to Mayor Hylan and his associate commissioners of the Sinking Fund a warrant for $14,000,000 which the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund owed and still owe to the general fund of the City of New York, and Mayor Hylan, his Chamberlain and their associates refused to sign such warrant. The effect of such refusal was to prevent the withdrawal from the banks favored by Hylan and Berolsheimer of the $14,000,000, which since has been left on deposit at 2 per cent.

Blocked Payment of Interest

"Approximately one-half of this sum was required to pay the interest on the general fund bonds. Mayor Hylan and his Chamberlain knew that such interest could not be paid, because of their refusal to sign the necessary warrants, and by their own actions have prevented its payment.

"No one knows better than Mayor Hylan's Corporation Counsel that there is no possibility of his succeeding in the new mandamus proceeding brought against the Controller.

"Altogether approximately $20,000,000 of moneys that should be paid to the General Fund and used for the city's current necessities are being held on deposit in favored banks at 2 per cent. by Mayor Hylan and his Chamberlain. This compels the Controller to borrow a like amount of money in the open market and to pay interest to be raised by taxation. These sums are entirely separate from and in addition to the $35,000,000 of Sinking Fund moneys that the Mayor and his associates in the Sinking Fund Commission prevented being invested in 4¼ per cent. bonds.

"It carries into effect Mayor Hylan's policy, however, to create as much trouble as possible for the Controller, and to compel the Controller to appear in person in the courts and do the work that the charter requires the Corporation Counsel to do for him.

"Thus, while Mayor Hylan spends his numerous vacations and outings at Palm Beach, in the mountains overlooking the Pacific Ocean, at Shippan Point, cruising, and at the racetrack at Saratoga Springs, and Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, spends his summer in Europe, the Controller is left as the sole elective officer of the city to meet the situations created by the indolence and the absences and vacations of Mayor Hylan and his associates, and to contest their unfounded and muddle-making litigation."

HIRSHFIELD POWER DOUBTED

Failure to Take Oath Raises Question at City Hall.

While Mayor Hylan and David Hirshfield, his Commissioner of Accounts, were in Saratoga Springs yesterday the question was raised at the City Hall whether Mr. Hirshfield was or was not legally in the enjoyment now of his "power of subpoena."

The disquieting doubt arose when somebody inquired in the office of the City Clerk whether Commissioner Hirshfield had complied with the requirements of the City Charter and had filed with the City Clerk a copy of his oath or affirmation of office as the appointed head of the newly-created Department of Investigation and Accounts. The clerk in charge of the office replied that no oath or affirmation had yet been filed by Mr. Hirshfield.

Mr. Hirshfield's sphere of usefulness used to be merely a "bureau," and not a full-fledged city department. The last Legislature sought to circumscribe his activities by adopting a bill which permitted the power of subpoena only to the chiefs of regular city departments. Thereupon the Municipal Assembly passed a measure creating the City Department of Investigation and Accounts. Acting Mayor William T. Collins signed the act, for Mayor Hylan was in California.

It was declared then that Mayor Hylan, on his return to this city, would immediately appoint Mr. Hirshfield formally as chief of the new department and would swear him into that office, as the act passed by the Municipal Assembly went no further than to create the department in lieu of the old bureau. Commissioner Hirshfield, however, when asked if it had not become necessary for him again to be sworn in, replied that it was not necessary, because he automatically had become head of the new department under the Municipal Assembly act.

If Mr. Hirshfield ever has been sworn in since he acquired his new honors and a salary of $10,000 a year, the fact has not been discovered in the City Hall.

Friends of the Mayor and of Commissioner Hirshfield maintained that if there really had been an oversight in failure to comply with any of the charter provisions, it was an error easily rectified. Both the Mayor and Mr. Hirshfield being in Saratoga attending the races, it would be an easy matter, they suggested, for the Mayor to administer the oath to his friend between heats, or even in the paddock, and there really was no hurry for the performance of this legal technicality unless some truculent person should happen to challenge the validity of a subpoena issued by Mr. Hirchfield.

WHALEN RIDICULES INQUIRY.

Ex-Commissioner Says Report of Hirshfield's Action Is Absurd.

Grover A. Whalen, former head of the Department of Plant and Structures, yesterday ridiculed reports that some of David Hirshfield's men of the Department of Investigation and Accounts had been making a special inquiry into the affairs of the municipal ferries under his administration.

"This talk of a special investigation of my department is absurd," he said. "There never was any such thing. Any checking or audit was made in the regular line of duty. Commissioner Hirshfield's department is supposed to check up and investigate every department in the city once a year, and I suppose the expenses incurred by Samuel Richman, who was summoned as a witness before Controller Craig's examiners, according to newspaper reports, were incurred in the regular line of such routine duty."

NOT TEARING DOWN GARDEN.

Porticos Removed to Provide for Widening Madison Avenue.

Many persons who have witnessed the removal of the porticos and the arcade on the Madison Avenue side of Madison Square Garden within the last few days have thought that the demolition meant the beginning of tearing down the Garden itself. The porticos, however, are being torn out to provide for the widening of Madison Avenue in its lower area to conform with the roadway widening completed some time ago above Thirty-fourth Street.

The Garden will remain in its present condition until next Summer, when the license of the Ringling-Rickard interests expires, and the famous structure will then be torn down for a commercial and office building. Work on the new arena on the old Eighth Avenue car barn site between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets is expected to begin early in October.

4 BOYS REPORTED MISSING.

Sister of One Tells Police They Started for the "Far West."

The Missing Persons Bureau was asked yesterday by Miss Beatrice Boulle of 159 Orchard Street, City Island, to aid in the search for her brother Vernon, 10 years old, and three other boys, who, she said, left Thursday night for the "Far West." She said that Vernon and the other boys, John Brown, 19 years old; James Wilson, 17, and another, whose name she did not have, were known on City Island as the "four musketeers."

Miss Boulle said her brother and the three others had been seen on a bus bound for West Farms, and when asked where they were going they said: "We are going to Nh Jersey and the Lincoln Highway and then go out to the Coast to make our fortunes."

Ayala Now President of Paraguay.

ASUNCION, Paraguay, Aug. 15.—Dr. Eligio Ayala was inaugurated President of the Republic of Paraguay today. John W. Riddle, United States Ambassador to Argentina, attended the ceremony as the special envoy of his country.

POLICEMAN FACES HOMICIDE CHARGE

McAllister, Who Killed Alleged Automobile Thief, Has Not Been Arrested.

EXONERATED BY POLICE

But District Attorney's Investigation Will Cause Prosecution—Once Accused of Perjury.

Patrolman Robert McAllister, who on last Wednesday morning fatally wounded one of two alleged automobile thieves, will face a charge of homicide Monday morning, according to an announcement by Acting District Attorney George N. Brothers. McAllister has not been arrested and will not be taken into custody. His Captain, in the West 123d Street Police Station, will be directed to produce him in the Homicide Court before Magistrate House Monday morning.

McAllister, recently reinstated after an eight-month suspension growing out of a perjury charge, reported Wednesday morning that he saw Vincent Fighera, 24 years old, of 428 East 128th Street and Joseph Dandia, 25, of 340 East 113th Street try to make off with an automobile from Manhattan Avenue and 115th Street. The car belonged to J. Merton Meyer of 612 West 137th Street. McAllister said he gave chase when the man fled, firing first in the air and then at the fugitives. Fighera was brought down, a bullet lodging near his heart. He died in St. Luke's Hospital. His companion surrendered when Fighera fell.

Assistant District Attorney Morgan A. Jones, to whom the case was assigned yesterday, said that the District Attorney's office would not make any recommendation as to the Coroner's disposition of the short affidavit charging homicide to be filed with Magistrate House Monday.

McAllister's present plight, it was admitted by the prosecutor, was the result of his previous troubles. Because of these other difficulties, Police Inspector John D. Coughlin last Wednesday detailed detectives to investigate the circumstance of the shooting. Inspector Coughlin found, on their report, that it was said at headquarters, that McAllister had acted properly and in performance of his duty.

Acting District Attorney Brothers has been conducting an independent investigation to determine whether the shooting was necessary. The prosecutor had in mind McAllister's prowess as one of the fleetest sprinters in the world and the probability that the fugitives had caught both fugitives had the chase continued. Mr. Jones, who took up the case yesterday, said that the investigation had developed "peculiar features."

Mr. Jones said there was reason to doubt whether McAllister was justified in shooting as quickly as he did. He said his procedure would be to present all the witnesses in the case to the Court and leave to Magistrate House to determine whether the facts warranted holding the policeman in bail.

McAllister was suspended April 10, 1923, because Magistrate Corrigan had charged him with perjury in his testimony about his raid on the wine cellar of Charles S. Zittell, an editor, of 307 Central Park West, in which McAllister seized $50,000 worth of liquors and wines. In General Sessions Court Judge Thomas C. T. Crain dismissed the charges, holding that the testimony in question was not material. McAllister was placed on trial at Police Headquarters and on his exoneration was restored to police duty. During his suspension his employment as a bus driver was marked by a shooting affray.

SLAPS WOMAN, GOES TO JAIL

Young Street Car Conductor Unable to Pay $25 Fine.

Max Siegal, 19 years old, of 1,840 Anthony Avenue, the Bronx, a dental student at New York University, who has been working as a conductor on a Third Avenue street car during the Summer, was sent to jail for five days by Magistrate Corrigan in the Morrisania Court yesterday for slapping Mrs. Josephine Fay of 580 Teasdale Avenue across the face in the car after she had criticised him for slamming his car door on her.

Siegal was represented by a lawyer for the Third Avenue Railway Company. Magistrate Corrigan fined him $25, but he did not have the money.

BULGARIA ASKS FOR COINS.

Wants Bids Here to Manufacture 85,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Bulgarian Government has asked American manufacturers for bids on 85,000,000 new coins, the Commerce Department was advised today.

The coinage will require 284,725 pounds of aluminum, 25,208 pounds of zinc and 6,536 pounds of copper.

MIDDLE STATES OIL RECEIVERS NAMED

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Judge Knox in reviewing the charges made in the complaint and the information obtained during the hearing on the application. It was charged that Charles N. Haskell had become personally indebted to about thirty-five stockbrokers for a sum in excess of $5,000,000 through speculations in the stock of the Southern Oil Corporation and that in order to relieve himself of this responsibility he had procured the passage by the directors of the Middle States Corporation of a resolution which committed this corporation to the issue of $5,500,000 of serial notes and that a large amount of the money thus obtained had been used in acquiring a majority interest in the Southern States Corporation.

In commenting on this allegation when the appointment of receivers was first considered, Judge Knox said that the matter of this issue of notes should be the subject of a court inquiry.

On August 7 a stockholders protective committee was organized, of which Mr. Shivers was made chairman. The firm of Olcott, Olcott and Glass was retained as its counsel.

President Saklatvala's Statement.

Following the appointment of receivers for the Middle States Oil Corporation yesterday, P. D. Saklatvala, President of the company, issued the following statement:

"The new management of Middle States Oil Corporation found upon investigating its affairs that they were in extremely complicated condition. The company has a large number of subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries and most of them have minority stock interests outstanding in the hands of the public, and while its properties appeared to be valuable their operation was rendered difficult by reason of this situation, and its affairs were further complicated because of the fact that many of its holdings are fractional interests and fractions in some instances were held by different subsidiaries. Early in July the pipe-line companies notified oil producing companies that their oil runs would be prorated and that the pipe-line companies would only accept and pay for 50 per cent of the oil produced, the balance being stored at the producers' expense. This meant that the income of Middle States and its subsidiaries would be cut in two. Very soon thereafter there were different cuts in the price of crude oil which further reduced Middle States income.

"The suit brought by a stockholder seriously affected the company's credit and caused so much uneasiness among the stockholders generally that it was deemed advisable in view of all of these complications that a general receivership be had as the best means of protecting the interests of stockholders and all other security holders. It is believed that Middle States is entirely solvent and that the receivership will be of short duration and that it should result in a complete reorganization which will protect all security holders, including common stockholders, and also including stockholders holding minority interest in subsidiaries. The receivers appointed by the court are men of very superior ability and experience and the management believes that under their administration the assets will be conserved and preserved in such manner as will ultimately redound to the great financial advantage of the security holders."

Stockholders Are Satisfied.

Joseph Glass, of the firm of Olcott, Olcott & Glass, 170 Broadway, attorneys for the Middle States Oil Stockholders' Protective Committee and also representing William Shivers, the stockholder who filed suit requesting the appointment of a receiver for the company, said yesterday that the joint receivers would work for the interests of both the stockholders and the general creditors. This situation, he explained, is advantageous from the stockholders' viewpoint, as it makes it possible for the committee to work in close harmony with the receivers.

Having been more or less in the limelight of Wall Street affairs since its organization in 1917, first because of the sensational advance in the company's stock in connection with stock dividend declarations, and later as a result of its sharp decline, the company attracted more than the usual attention last December when a pool engineered by C. N. Haskell, former head of the company, in the stock of the Southern States Oil Corporation, collapsed on the New York Curb Market. The stock broke overnight from $33 to $5 a share.

In arranging a settlement with the brokers carrying the accounts for Haskell, the Middle States Oil Corporation issued its own secured gold notes in addition to Haskell's personal notes in payment for Southern States stock taken over from a group of Stock Exchange and Curb firms trading for Haskell's account. The legality of the notes issued by Middle States Oil for this transaction has been questioned by stockholders of the company, who recently applied for the appointment of a receiver. Interest and principal on the notes due on Aug. 1 were not met by the company, and this action was looked upon as a forerunner to the appointment of a receiver for the company.

Indians to Go Over Old Trail, But Will Travel in Their Cars

Special to The New York Times.

OWOSSO, Mich., Aug. 15.—Indians from all parts of Northern Michigan, most of the Sioux and Chippewa tribes, will gather here Sept. 1 for the start of a trip that will take them over the Indian trails over which their forefathers traveled more than a century ago. This announcement was made today by Chief Iosco.

The Indians will camp here on the night of Aug. 31 and the following morning will go to Flint. From there their route will take them through Pontiac, Detroit, Dearborn, Monroe, Toledo, Sandusky and Cleveland, then to Akron and down the Ohio River.

The Indians are thoroughly civilized and, with the exception of the chiefs, will wear civilian clothing. They will travel by automobile.

OLD BANK EMPLOYE BATTLES 3 ROBBERS

Messenger, 68, Risks Life Under Fire in Vain Effort to Save $130 in Satchel.

SHOOTS BACK AT THIEVES

Believes He Wounded One After They Had Sent Three Bullets at Him as They Fled.

Though the bag he carried contained only $130, Vincenzo Aramondo, 68 years old, a messenger, of 2,242 First Avenue, fought so desperately when three armed men assailed him yesterday in East 116th Street that they had the greatest difficulty in getting the bag. When they ran to an automobile manned by a fourth member of the gang, the elderly messenger emptied his pistol at them. He said two bullets hit the car and he believed a third wounded one of the fugitives.

Aramondo is a messenger for the Harlem branch, at 310th Street and First Avenue, of the Italian Discount and Trust Company. He was carrying to it a bag of $130 in silver from the Mechanics and Metals National Bank branch at 116th Street and Third Avenue.

When Aramondo was passing 325 East 116th Street three men ran toward him from an automobile which was turned in the wrong direction, with its motor going. One of the three hit the messenger on the head, felling him. Aramondo struggled to his feet. Another of the gang pinioned his arms against his back. Aramondo kicked and shouted. He clung so desperately to the bag that it required the combined efforts of two of his assailants to wrench it from his grasp.

With the bag in their possession, finally, the robbers ran to the automobile, one of them turning to fire three shots at the messenger. All the bullets went wild. The weapon, a .45 calibre pistol, clattered to the sidewalk as the machine started off.

Although almost exhausted, Aramondo ran after them and fired several bullets.

Traffic Policeman Samuel Grant, stationed at First Avenue and 116th Street, commandeered a taxicab and gave chase, but the gang's touring car got away.

The shooting reports caused a rumor that one of the several banks in that neighborhood had been held up. Thousands of excited depositors swarmed to the banks demanding to know whether their savings were intact.

UNITED TYPOTHETAE DROPS COURT ACTION

Trade Commission Believes It Will Cease Fight Against the Price-Fixing Ruling.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Apparently the long fight between the Federal Trade Commission and the United Typothetae is at an end, and the commission said today that it has won. On Aug. 17, 1923, the commission directed the organization, which includes about 120 groups of employing printers, to "cease and desist" from certain practices of fixing prices and from the publication and use of the so-called "standard price list."

The Typothetae was directed at that time to file an answer within sixty days. In October, 1923, the organization filed a petition with the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago to set aside the order.

It was said at the offices of the commission today that the Typothetae had withdrawn its action from the court, and it was understood, therefore, that the order of the commission would be obeyed. The Typothetae was specifically directed to "cease and desist, directly or indirectly," from the following practices:

1. From conducting its system of education in principles and methods of cost accounting in such a way as to suggest any uniform percentage to be included in selling price as profit or otherwise by members or others using such system of cost accounting.

2. From requiring or receiving from members and others using respondent's uniform cost accounting system, identified and itemized statements of production costs for the purpose of calculating average, normal or standard costs of production and from publishing them to members and the trade generally as a "standard price list" or "standard guide" or association cost or price list under any other name.

3. From compiling and publishing for use by members and others in the same trade, average, normal or standard production costs with instructions or suggestions for the translation of such standard costs into selling prices under the name of "standard price list" or "standard guide" or any other name.

It was reported that Chairman Thompson of the Federal Trade Commission had written a letter presenting the commission's viewpoint, but as the commission's offices in Washington today that no further announcement would be made public about the case.

N. A. MERRITT IN CONTEMPT.

Failure to Appear in Separation Action Prompts Court Action.

Norman Allan Merritt, Secretary and Treasurer of the Commonwealth Finance Corporation of 100 Broadway and former Postmaster of Washington, D. C., was adjudged in contempt of court yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Crain. Merritt's failure to present himself for examination in supplementary proceedings in a suit for separation brought by Mrs. Clora B. Merritt was the cause of the action.

Mrs. Merritt alleges that her husband is maintaining "one cast-off paramour in elegance, at a cost of not less than $400 per month, while supporting, on information and belief, at least two other females, purporting to be entitled to represent themselves as his wives, and also one Vera Keyzer, at great expense."

Falls 4 Stories; Fractures Skull.

Slipping under a load of planks he was carrying, Lewis Garvey, a laborer, fell seventy feet from the fourth floor of a school building under construction at Van Cortlandt Avenue and Mosholu Parkway, the Bronx, yesterday, and was badly injured. His skull was fractured, and he was taken to Fordham Hospital in a critical condition. The hospital authorities were unable to discover his address.

3 HELD FOR TRIAL IN SUNNYSIDE WRECK

Employes of the Long Island Accused of Manslaughter in the Second Degree.

REPLY MADE TO McANENY

District Attorney Newcombe Considers Grand Jury's Criticism of Transit Commission Justified.

Three employes of the Long Island Railroad were held yesterday for trial by County Judge W. Bernard Vause in Long Island City in $10,000 bail each. They were accused of manslaughter in the second degree in connection with the wreck July 30 in the Sunnyside Yards of a Port Washington train and an electric locomotive. One passenger, Miss Walberta Buck of Flushing, was injured fatally. Many others were hurt.

The men held in bail were Alfred C. Hunt, towerman accused of unlocking a hand switch with his tower lever prematurely; James J. Moore, the assistant locomotive engineer, charged with throwing the hand switch while the passenger train was passing, and James W. O'Loughlin, supervisor of towermen, accused of contributory negligence in that he had assigned Hunt to the tower though he knew that Hunt's training for the work was insufficient. The three men pleaded not guilty. No date was set for trial.

Immediately after the arraignment, at which the defendants were represented by railroad attorneys, District Attorney Richard S. Newcombe of Queens County issued a statement replying to that of Thursday in which Chairman George McAneny of the Transit Commission had assailed the presentment of the August Grand Jury. The presentment charged the Commission with a part of the responsibility in failing to eliminate obsolete equipment. Chairman McAneny rebuked the Grand Jury for "baseless criticism" and denied he had a large force of experts or that the functions of the Commission included inspection of equipment. Newcombe's statement was as follows:

"I have read what purports to be Mr. McAneny's defense of the Transit Commission in the morning's press to the presentment handed up by the August Grand Jury. But instead of a satisfactory explanation of the dereliction of duty complained of in the presentment, Mr. McAneny, in fact, emphasizes what the Grand Jury had said. The following quotation is from Mr. McAneny's statement: 'The accident to which this presentment referred was primarily a case of man failure. The fact that just that kind of accident might have been prevented by a different type of automatic installation than that actually employed is the sort of thing that takes an accident itself to demonstrate.'

"In other words, Mr. McAneny admits the charge that it is the policy of the Transit Commission to do nothing to guard the safety of the traveling public until a disaster occurs costing human life. That is the charge against the commission concerned in the presentment.

"In reply to the statement of Mr. McAneny that the District Attorney could have invited the members of the Transit Commission before the Grand Jury, suffice it to say that an engineer of the Board of Transportation and an engineer of the Transit Commission and Major Philip Mathews, the chief executive officer of the Transit Commission, appeared before that body.

"In an editorial in this morning's NEW YORK TIMES under the caption, 'An Inexcusable Accident,' THE TIMES, in commenting editorially on the presentment of the Grand Jury in which the Transit Commission is condemned for its failure to take proper action for the removal of a concededly inadequate, obsolete and dangerous condition before the disaster, rather than after the disaster, said of the Transit Commission:

"'The Transit Commission will find equal difficulty in explaining its default.'

"Mr. McAneny has evidently found this difficulty and is unable to overcome it."

LOUIS SHERWIN IN JAIL.

Former Dramatic Critic Owes His Wife $2,775 in Alimony.

Louis Sherwin, a scenario writer, formerly a New York dramatic critic, was sent to Ludlow Street jail yesterday on a Supreme Court commitment because he owed alimony of $2,775 to his wife, Anne Winsor Sherwin. Before Sherwin was taken into custody he had been arraigned before Magistrate Goodman in the Domestic Relations Court on his wife's complaint of abandonment and held in $500 bail.

When Sherwin was taken to jail he inquired whether he would have facilities for writing there and was told that he would have ample opportunity and plenty of time, because he would remain there for six months unless he paid up.

Sherwin was once dramatic editor of The New York Globe. Mrs. Sherwin, who was an actress before her marriage, filed suit for separation in 1919, charging Sherwin had abandoned her in 1912. She alleged that he failed to support her and that she was forced to take in roomers at her home, 110 West Eleventh Street. Sherwin rejoined that, while his wife might have tried to be economical during their married life, her "peculiar ideas" invariably cost him twice as much in the long run. In August, 1923, Mrs. Sherwin and her three children were evicted by a court order from an old mill she had converted into a studio on the North Shore Road, near Oyster Bay.

Sherwin went to California as a scenarist with a motion picture company. Two years ago it was reported that he and Mary Miles Minter, screen actress, were engaged to wed, but had met an obstacle in Sherwin's failure to get a divorce.

STEAL TRUCK AND BEEF.

Highwaymen Hold Up Driver on Jersey Road and Take Auto.

A motor truck valued by its owners, the P. J. Riordan Trucking Company of 317 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, at $5,000, and its contents, consisting of beef valued at $600, were stolen on the Lincoln Highway, near Passaic Avenue, Newark, early yesterday by six men, who stopped the driver, Edward Wheat, of 215 Freeman Avenue, Jersey City, and held him up at the point of pistols.

Wheat was driving the truck to Asbury Park and Long Branch when he came upon a limousine apparently stalled in the road. As he stopped the six occupants asked him for a tow. When he had dismounted three of the men drew revolvers and forced him to enter their car, while the other three started in a westerly direction with the truck.

Boy Falls From Roof to Death.

Playing on the roof of a tenement at 118 Attorney Street yesterday afternoon, Robert Swarnofsky, 11, of 85 Attorney Street, lost his balance and plunged five stories to death into a paved courtyard.

BOY TETHERED TO SINK; HIS FATHER ARRESTED

Lad of 9 Too Weak to Appear in Court After Being Tied Up Since Monday.

Officers of the Children's Society and the police rescued nine-year-old Amedeo Nicolazzi, whom they found yesterday tied to the sink in the kitchen of his home, 835 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn. Detective August Ranft, who investigated the case, arrested the boy's father, Joseph Nicolazzi, who was arraigned later in the Gates Avenue Court charged with assault. The boy was said to be too weak to be brought to court.

The investigation was made on complaint of the neighbors.

The detective said he found Amedeo tied by the ankles with window cord to the sink. The rope gave him a radius of about seven feet in which to move about. He had been tied there on Monday morning, they said. Mrs. Angelina Nicolazzi, his stepmother and his father's second wife, said she took food to the boy when his father was out of the house. She said her husband tied his son up and that the boy had to sleep on the floor.

Magistrate Short held Nicolazzi in $1,500 bail for further examination Monday.

DENIES EASY-TERM PLAN.

Brothers Says He Has No Understanding With Alleged Robbers.

Acting District Attorney George N. Brothers denied yesterday that his office had entered into an arrangement whereby seven men indicted for the attempted robbery of the American Express Company on the night of Aug. 3 were to be permitted to get off with light sentences. The seven were accused of attempting a $1,000,000 robbery at the company's warehouse at 438 West Fifty-fifth Street. Arrests were made after a pistol battle.

The prosecutor felt impelled yesterday to take cognisance of stories that the police authorities were disturbed by a report that an arrangement for light sentences had been made in return for pleas of guilty in degrees less than those charged in the indictments.

"Inspection of the records shows that there are three indictments against the accused," said Mr. Brothers. "These indictments allege robbery in the first degree, grand larceny and burglary in the third degree. Published reports state that all of the men have records. My information is that three of them never were arrested before.

"Lawyers representing the defendants have offered to plead guilty to burglary in the third degree, to plead guilty to that indictment as it stands. How are we going to stop them from pleading guilty?

"As to what punishment is to be meted out to them, that is a matter within the province of the sentencing Judge. That is entirely within the Court's province, and not within the province of the District Attorney, whose official duty ceases when he has secured a conviction.

"The robbery indictment charges that the defendants held up the watchman in the place and robbed him. That is to be investigated. The public can rest assured that if robbery was committed and these men are guilty of it they will be prosecuted on that charge in addition to the burglary charge. There has been no bargain between the District Attorney and the defendants whereby they are to be permitted to plead to any lesser degree of crime than the indictment for burglary sets out. The unlawful entrance into a buildin gnot occupied as a dwelling, whether in the daytime or the nighttime, is only burglary in the third degree."

Police Headquarters were disturbed by the prospect of light sentences, because some of the prisoners were old offenders and it had been the hope of the police that these would be sent away for many years.

MOTHER AND SON RESCUED.

Boy Falls Into Water and Woman Leaps After Him at Clason Point.

Mrs. Mary Sweeney of 420 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, went to Clason Point yesterday with her son John, 11 years old. She had been told that if she bathed in the sea on the day of the Feast of the Assumption her rheumatism would be cured. Her husband, however, warned her not to go into the water, so she sat on the sea wall.

While trying to make up her mind about heeding the warning the matter was settled for her, for John fell from the wall. Mrs. Sweeney leaped into the water after him, and at the same time a young man and Traffic Policeman Lohman plunged in to rescue them. The young man brought the boy to safety and disappeared, and the policeman saved the mother. They were able to go home after receiving treatment from Dr. Donnelly of Fordham Hospital, who responded to a call for an ambulance.

HELD IN BRACELET THEFT.

Court Orders Bail Despite Offer to Withdraw Complaint.

Though the complainant offered to withdraw the charge, Magistrate Marsh in Tombs Court directed yesterday that Miss Marion Stokes of 36 West Fifty-ninth Street be held in $500 bail for examination Monday on the allegation she was guilty of grand larceny in a transaction involving a $3,000 bracelet.

Miss Dorothy Brodezky, niece of S. Brodezky, a jeweler of 71 Nassau Street, had charged that she let the defendant have the bracelet on memorandum and that when payment was requested Miss Stokes replied, "See my lawyer." Malcolm Sumner, counsel for Miss Stokes, said that after paying $3,000 for the bracelet to the Brodezkys, Miss Stokes resold it to them for $1,700. He said his client was still waiting for them to pay a balance of $1,400 on the resale.

DOCTOR'S FINDING AIDS M'COY DEFENSE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ness discussion, and that she had shown considerable friendliness for her divorced husband.

The District Attorney, Asa Keyes, watching the inquest proceedings, reiterated his previous statement that, despite Dr. Wagner's testimony, he expected the County Grand Jury to indict McCoy for the murder of Mrs. Mors.

McCoy Says He Fears Violence.

The police have thrown a guard around McCoy in the city jail. Tomorrow he probably will go to the county jail. The guards were posted after repeated hints of violence against him.

When taken to a restaurant for lunch by Detective Stowell, McCoy suddenly halted and turned to the officer. "That man back there is following me and he's going to stab me!" he cried. Stowell turned and saw a dark, well-dressed individual disappear among the curious spectators. McCoy was hurried back to his cell. He said he did not know the stranger, but repeated: "He had a big knife, and he was going to kill me."

The police guard around his cell is carefully eying all visitors. It also is on the alert to frustrate any suicide attempts such as McCoy has spoken of half a dozen times.

The District Attorney interprets the prisoner's many statements and contradictions as an effort to bolster the defense of insanity. Mr. Keyes made this statement today:

"The theory of insanity is one we are prepared to meet point blank, and there is no doubt that we can win the case and secure conviction on the facts alone.

"The suicide explanation of Mr. Mors's death is only a blind. It will not fool any juror. It is being emphasized right now in McCoy's behalf only to distract attention from the main defense, which we expect to be insanity."

Last Wife Tries to See McCoy.

McCoy's last legal wife, Dagmar Dalgren, smiled when she received a message directed to her from the jail cell. This pretty, blue-eyed woman waited for hours in the city jail on the chance of talking to McCoy. After three hours McCoy refused to see her, giving his grimy and unshaven appearance as an excuse.

"Why doesn't he see me?" she cried. "Just tell him I'm not dressed up either."

This afternoon, after a shave, a change of linen and tidying his suit, McCoy asked a detective to assure her that he appreciated her loyalty and said, "She is a great little woman."

When the dancer received this message she brightened and said: "I am going to stick to Norman through all this trouble."

The police today devoted much time to the examination of a blood-stained axe handle found in Mrs. Mors's car, which car McCoy is said to have used the night of the murder. The handle is being finger-printed definitely to determine if McCoy had used it. Blackened with what looks like dried human blood, it is being subjected to the utmost scrutiny, and detectives have begun an exhaustive check to determine whether some relative of McCoy met a fate similar to that of the divorcée.

BUS KILLS A CHILD; 8 HURT IN BROOKLYN

Six-Year-Old Jersey City Girl Run Over in Front of Her Home.

234 TRAFFIC COURT CASES

Chauffeur Has License Revoked and Is Sent to Jail as a Fourth Offender.

A bus struck and killed Eva Bosonobick, 6 years old, as she was crossing the street in front of her home at 317 Grand Avenue, Jersey City, last night. The driver, Arthur Forman, of 96 Sea View Avenue, was locked up on a technical charge of homicide.

Eight persons were injured, four of them seriously, in two automobile accidents in Brooklyn yesterday. Due to a misunderstanding of signals a touring car and motor truck collided at St. John's Place and Rogers Avenue. The truck was owned by Silverman Brothers of 89 Sussex Street, Jersey City, N. J., and Samuel and Louis Silverman, who live at 1,470 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, were riding on the driver's seat. Both were treated at the Swedish Hospital for cuts and bruises. The touring car was driven by Louis Lotff of 122 Erasmus Street, Brooklyn. Lotti was uninjured, but two passengers, Louis Mendeltone of 249 Martense Street, Brooklyn, had an arm broken, Harry Sternson was badly cut and bruised. Both were treated at the Swedish Hospital.

A crowded westbound Church Avenue trolley car struck a motor truck on East Seventh Street, Brooklyn, late yesterday afternoon, injuring three negroes in the van and a policeman on the trolley car. Robert Green of 34 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, had his skull injured and was taken to the Kings County Hospital. Robert Jenkins of 104 Rochester Avenue and Thomas Sladge of 3 Embury Street, both of Brooklyn, were cut and bruised. Patrolman David Bailey of the Coney Island Station, who lives at 591 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, suffered injuries to his knee.

In the Traffic Court yesterday 234 violators of traffic regulations appeared in answer to summonses. Fifty-three speeders were arraigned, among them Morris Simley, 25 years old, a chauffeur of 234 East Fourth Street, who pleaded guilty as a fourth offender. He was sentenced to fifteen days in the workhouse and his license was revoked. A court summons was issued for Johnny Dundee, pugilist, when he failed to answer a summons issued for obstructing traffic near his home at 375 Riverside Drive.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 15.—Dr. John K. Agans, 51 years old, of 318 Chestnut Street, an eye-specialist, was run over by his automobile yesterday when he tried to crank the car while it was in gear. He suffered severe cuts and bruises.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 15.—Alfon Miroshka, 31, of Van Pelt Street, Singac, died today in St. Joseph's Hospital from a fracture of the skull received when his motorcycle collided with an automobile driven by Albert E. Vaughan of Butler, Thursday night, at the point where the Minnisink Road crosses the D. L. & W. Railroad. George Wassicie of Totowa Borough, who was in the side car, had a fractured leg.

SPANISH CONSUL JAILED.

Convicted at Montreal of Smuggling Alcohol Into Canada.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Aug. 15.—Miguel de Mauquer, Consul for Spain at Montreal, and Ramon Tey de Torrents, a local Spanish merchant, were sentenced today to six months in jail for conspiracy to smuggle alcohol through the Canadian customs and to import narcotics. Their counsel announced that an appeal would be entered.

The judgment marks the final development in an amazing intrigue which commenced in 1923, when agents of the

NOVELIST ATTACKS TITLE OF PICTURE

T. Everett Harre, Author of "Behold the Woman," Sues the Vitagraph Company.

TEMPORARY WRIT ISSUED

Writer Alleges Name Was Used to Take Advantage of Popularity of "Best Seller."

The Vitagraph Company of America was served yesterday with a temporary injunction signed by Judge James C. Cropsey restraining it from using the title of "Behold This Woman" on a motion picture now showing throughout the country. The order to show cause, returnable next Tuesday, was based on a suit by T. Everett Harre, author of "Behold the Woman." Harre's attorneys, William J. Dodge and Philip J. Ross, of 66 Broadway, allege the picture company is using the title to obtain the value of the advertising the book received. The Macaulay Company has joined with the author in pressing the suit.

"More than personal interests are involved in this suit," said Mr. Harre. "If this appropriation of title were allowed to stand, there would be no protection for authors against motion picture producers who desire to take advantage of the popularity of any book or the advertising of its title. If there were no redress for this particular thing, as illustrated in this specific case, within one week, or one month, or one year after a new novel by Booth Tarkington, Rex Beach or Rupert Hughes was published and widely exploited some picture producer could come along and claim that title, with some indistinguishable minor technical change and reap all the benefits acquired through the advertising of an author's story and its popularity with the public."

Mr. Harre says he wrote the book "Behold the Woman" in 1916; that it has been an exceptionally good seller, and has been widely advertised and internationally discussed. It is charged that J. Stuart Blackton, then Vice President of the Vitagraph, was familiar with these facts, because he entered into a contract with Mr. Harre in 1916 providing for the production by the Vitagraph Company of a picture from the novel. The company allowed its option to expire.

The titles of the picture and the novel are not identical. That of the book by Mr. Harre is "Behold the Woman," while that of the Vitagraph picture is "Behold This Woman," but the author maintains that the name of the picture "is sufficient to mislead, and does mislead, patrons of the motion picture theatres and the public and to generally lead them to believe that the picture and the novel are the same."

Mr. Harre said that the use of the name was first called to his attention last June when it was advertised in a motion picture magazine. He saw the picture when it was shown in New York and said that he found in it none of the theme of his novel. The Vitagraph Company, he said, advertised its picture as being based on a novel, "The Hillman," by E. Phillips Oppenheim.

NORA BAYES TO WED FOR FIFTH TIME

She Cables to Wells Hawks From London That She Is Engaged to Lew Cody, Film Actor.

Miss Nora Bayes is engaged to wed Lew Cody, moving picture actor, according to a cable received from her yesterday by Wells Hawks from London, where she is appearing at the London Pavilion in vaudeville. Plans for the wedding were not included in the dispatch.

Miss Bayes, who is known here to vaudeville and musical comedy audiences, has been married four times. She was divorced by Arthur A. Gordon, an actor known as Paul Gordoni, who was her fourth husband, in the Supreme Court here on Oct. 19, 1922, after Godfrey Saxe, referee in the case, had recommended a decree for Gordon. Her previous husbands were C. A. Cressing, a Chicago business man; Jack Norworth, the actor, and Harry Clarke, who was her dancing partner.

Miss Bayes went to Europe early this Summer and has been appearing in London since July 12. On the night following she attended a ball at the Hurlingham Club, which was attended by the Prince of Wales, and danced the first dance of the evening with him.

Mr. Cody, who is in England taking part in a picture being filmed there, met Miss Bayes there recently. Before entering the moving pictures, Mr. Cody appeared first in stock companies and later he assumed prominent roles in Broadway productions. His first was in the play "Via Wireless," and for two years he appeared at the Winter Garden.

His most recent films have been "Revelation," shown at the Capitol late in June, and "Reno," which was presented at the same theatre in January. He was born at Waterville, Me., in 1885 and was educated at McGill University, Montreal, Canada.

AVERY HOPWOOD FINED $30.

Playwright and Actor With Him in a Row With Jersey Police.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 15.—Avery Hopwood, playwright, and Charles Adams, a young actor, pleaded guilty today to charges of being intoxicated and disorderly and of resisting an officer. They were fined $30 each.

Mr. Hopwood came here for the opening of one of his plays, "The Best People," at the Savoy Theatre Monday night. Early this morning he was host to Adams and two young women of the cast at a café here. Motorcycle Patrolman Fred Aguero testified that the playwright became abusive at seeing him enter the door. Aguero said he got another patrolman and the two were trying to get Hopwood into a side car to take him to the police station, when Adams interfered. After some effort the two prisoners were got in hand, and posted $50 cash bail for appearance at arraignment.

Mr. Hopwood gave his address as 475 Fifth Avenue, and Adams, who said he was 22 years old, as 327 West Fifty-sixth Street.

SMALLPOX WARNING.

Acting Health Commissioner Pound Urges Vaccination.

Advising vaccination for all persons against smallpox, Acting Commissioner of Health William H. Pound issued a statement yesterday in which he said: "Smallpox is now prevalent in thirty-five States of the Union." The statement is based upon Department of Health data and also a report of June 15, 1924, issued by the Health Section of the League of Nations. The statement said in part:

"The fact that smallpox is prevalent in thirty-five years of the United States should be a warning to all people that they are in danger of contracting smallpox unless they are protected by a recent vaccination. All unvaccinated children, especially those about to be registered in schools, should be vaccinated at once and thus become protected against an attack of smallpox."

BETTY BRONSON, 17, GETS PETER PAN ROLE

Sir James Barrie Selects Almost Unknown Film Actress After 100 Tests of Players.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Film Director Herbert Brenon announced tonight the name of the film actress selected to play Peter Pan in the screen version of Barrie's phantasy. She is Betty Bronson, aged 17, born in Trenton, N. J.

Barrie has been viewing moving pictures of film actresses who were picked out as candidates for the rôle. In most cases he was unaware who the individuals were, and in making his decision he was pleased, so it is stated, to find his choice was an "unknown," although Miss Bronson has played regularly for the films since 1922.

Brenon added that Barrie, on being told of the final selection, said: "I am glad for her, but sorry for the disappointed ones."

Betty Bronson, who has been selected by Sir James Barrie to portray the title rôle in the picturised version of "Peter Pan," is practically unknown to the screen world.

Jesse L. Lasky, Vice President of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, received a cable message from Sir James yesterday. The cable read: "I have selected Betty Bronson to play Peter Pan. Regards. Barrie."

This decision is said to put an end to the search for an actress to play this part, which so many aspirants have been eager to fill. Sir James is said to have come to his conclusion after having viewed more than one hundred tests of film actresses. Recently the author cabled that he wished to have Lillian Gish fill the rôle of Peter Pan, but as Miss Gish is under contract with a rival producing concern it was not possible for her to carry out the suggestion.

The Famous Players-Lasky Corporation have been considering young women for the rôle for more than six months. Miss Bronson won favor with Sir James over the hundred other actresses, many of whom were internationally known photoplay celebrities. Herbert Brenon, who is to direct the filming of "Peter Pan," went to London to show the author the tests.

News of the author's choice was told to Miss Bronson by Mr. Lasky, who is in Hollywood. When she entered Mr. Lasky's office, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. N. S. Bronson, she had no idea she had been summoned concerning "Peter Pan." Miss Bronson was excited at the news and instantly sent a cable to Sir James in which she wrote: "I feel like a new Cinderella, thanks to you. I realize the importance of your trust in me and my tremendous responsibility. I am the luckiest girl in the world. Betty Bronson."

Miss Bronson was born in Trenton, N. J., in 1906. She was taken to Los Angeles when she was three years old and returned to New York at the age of eight. For five years she studied dancing, being once a pupil of Fokine. Hoping one day to get work in pictures, she studied hard to become a proficient dancer. Two years ago, when she was fifteen, she made her début in films in a picture called "Anna Ascends," in which Alice Brady was featured. So far as is known this is the only conspicuous work she has done for the screen.

JACKIE COOGAN HERE TODAY.

Will Wind Up Campaign to Fill $1,000,000 Food Ship for Orphans.

A children's crusade, will invade New York this morning, when Jackie Coogan arrives at 9 o'clock at Grand Central Station to wind up his campaign to fill a $1,000,000 foodship for Near East Relief orphans in Armenia, Syria, Greece and Palestine. The visits by the youthful film star to twenty cities on his way East have already produced most of the foodship's cargo, according to the relief organization which is now assembling tons of canned milk, corn syrup and flour at its warehouse in the Army Base, Brooklyn.

It is expected to have the campaign open here with a reception at Times Square this morning where Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn will preside. Various State and city officials have been invited to help out and listen to Broadway celebrities.

Under the auspices of the Near East Relief and the Broadway Safety Council another demonstration will be held for children in Prospect Park, Brooklyn. Jackey will sail for Bible Lands as a fully accredited relief worker on Sept. 6 to help distribute the cargo of his foodship among refugee and orphan waifs.

MARGARET ANGLIN'S ROLES.

She Will Open Her Season Here in October in Pinero's "Iris."

Margaret Anglin will be seen here this season in a series of productions opening early in October, in association with Mary Kirkpatrick. Miss Anglin will open her season with Pinero's "Iris," which she will follow with Paul Kester's "Lady Deadlock" and Orrick Johns's "A Charming Conscience."

Some time during the season Miss Anglin will appear in a dramatisation of "The Return of the Soldier," by Rebecca West. A month in the Spring will be devoted to a repertory of roles in which Miss Anglin has already appeared, with the exception of Schiller's "Mary Stuart," which she is now preparing.

ATTACK NON-UNION MEN.

Beat One With Blackjacks in Garment Maker's Shop.

Five men raided the shop of Odser and Trombler, contractors for cloaks and suits, of 168½ Delancey Street yesterday morning, and when Abraham Odser refused to unionize his employes, they injured one man with blackjacks and battled with several others. The men escaped, although Patrolman Weiss of the Clinton Street Station saw them leave the shop, and pursued them.

The injured man is Joseph Schnur, 55 years old, of 666 Alabama Avenue, Brooklyn. Dr. Telbo of Gouverneur Hospital attended him for lacerations of the head and body, and he was sent home.

HELD FOR ROBBING STORES.

Young Man Is Accused of Getting Goods by a New Ruse.

Claude Gafgin, 23 years old, was arrested yesterday on charges of fleecing department stores by a new ruse.

A detective who arrested Gafgin in the Hotel Pennsylvania said Gafgin would call up department stores, representing himself as some one who had an account, give an order for merchandise, tell them he would send a boy for the goods, and issue final instructions not to give the boy the goods without a written order. Gafgin, the police said, would then go to the store with a forged order and obtain the merchandise.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Dudley Diggs has been appointed Producing Director of the Equity Players.

"Lace Idols," a new play by Willard Mack, will be produced soon by A. H. Woods, with Lowell Sherman as star and Wilton Lackaye, Phoebe Foster, Robert Vivian and Fleming Ward in the supporting cast.

"Beggar on Horseback" will close at the Broadhurst Theatre a week from tonight and open in Chicago on Aug. 25.

"Charlot's Revue" will move to the Times Square Theatre on Sept. 1, and after three weeks there will set out on a road tour embracing Brooklyn, Newark, Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia.

Theresa Maxwell Conover will be in the cast of Otto Harbach's "Oh, Madeline," to be produced by A. H. Woods.

DANCE ADEPTS PUT BAN ON FINALE HOP

President of Masters' Association Calls It the Peat of the Ballroom.

FINDS ART AT BEST HERE

Most and Best Dancing Is Done in New York, Declares Baltimore Veteran.

"More and better dancing is being done in this metropolis than anywhere else," was the declaration made yesterday by Joshua T. Cockey of Baltimore, the newly elected President of the International Association of Masters of Dancing, which will close its thirty-first annual convention today.

Mr. Cockey, who has been a member of the association for more than twenty years and for the same period a teacher of dancing in Baltimore, asked members of the association yesterday to help him carry out his policy of "clean dancing."

"While our association, since its inception thirty-one years ago, continually has advocated clean dancing," he said, "its promotion is more necessary now than ever before. The dance floor is threatened seriously by the finale hop, which seems to be making greater inroads outside New York than in the city itself.

"All dancing masters, and all lovers of dancing, for that matter, look upon New York as the leader of the world in the creation of dance steps and their proper exposition. Dancing here never undergoes much change—that is, while new steps are brought out, the general cleanliness remains. Of course, there are some cases where there is room for much improvement, but there again the finale hop comes in.

"So far, the finale hop has not had much vogue here, although it has been on the verge several times of breaking into the more-frequented ballrooms. I am hopeful that we will be able to rid ourselves of that pest in short order and eliminate all other suggestive dances with it, so that the waltz and the tango can come back into their own again. Everywhere there has been wonderful improvement, with New York setting the pace, and I believe our investigating Committee will bear me out."

The committee to which he referred was that appointed by the association to make a tour of Greenwich Village and Broadway cabarets and ballrooms to get first-hand views of New York dances. The committee will report back today at the final business meeting of the association.

At yesterday's session Mrs. Anna Keenan of Philadelphia and her son, Walter, 12 years old, demonstrated a tango trot and a new step called the "Marchetta." Miss Hulda Hanker of San Francisco showed a modernized tango, with a heel step.

Madge Kennedy to Rejoin "Poppy."

Madge Kennedy, who was starred in "Poppy" all last year, will rejoin the show in Boston next Monday night and remain with it for the rest of its run. Philip Goodman, producer of "Poppy," announced yesterday that he had signed a contract for a number of years with Miss Kennedy and would probably present her in a straight comedy next year.

MUSIC FOR CHILDREN.

Goldman's Band to Entertain Young Folks on Mall Tonight.

As the Goldman Band concerts on the Mall at Central Park are drawing to an end—they finish Aug. 24—the crowds get larger and larger to show their appreciation of a gift which has meant a great deal to New Yorkers during the Summer. Edwin Franko Goldman has given his public excellent programs, and his men, all experienced musicians, have played with a spirit and unanimity which has won them much applause.

Last evening was no exception; the first part of the program was made up of Wagner numbers which made their unfailing effect. The second half included the famous quartet from "Rigoletto" and one of Mr. Goldman's own popular marches.

The fifty-fourth concert tonight in Central Park will be a children's program. The attendance of young folks at this series of concerts has been one of the outstanding features, and tonight Mr. Goldman plays a program arranged especially for their benefit. The program follows:

Marche Militaire.....Schubert
Overture, "Poet and Peasant".....Supps
Andante, "Surprise Symphony".....Haydn
Waltz, "The Blue Danube".....Strauss
"In a Clock Store".....Orth
"A Soldier's Dream".....Rogers
Waino Kauppi, cornetist.
"The Music Box".....Liadow
"Anvil Chorus".....Verdi
"March of the Toys".....Bucalossi

26th Inf. Band at Plattsburg.

The 26th Infantry Band is furnishing the music daily for the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Plattsburg. There are forty-two pieces, and each man plays at least two instruments. Three nights a week an orchestra is formed for the camp dances; the officers' dance is held another night and the enlisted men require a fifth evening. Every Friday the band gives an outdoor concert on the parade ground and plays every afternoon for evening parade. The leader is Warrant Officer W. J. Hershenow.

EXCHANGE OF PLAYS WITH LONDON PLANNED

Lee Shubert's Arrangement Includes 'Laurillard's Follies' and American Musical Comedy.

Lee Shubert, who returned Tuesday from a five weeks' trip abroad, announced yesterday that a plan had been evolved for the interchange of American and English plays. The first play to be seen under the new arrangement will be "Havoc," which opens at Maxine Elliott's Theatre on September 8, with an English company which sailed from London yesterday.

In October "Laurillard's London Follies" will exchange with an American musical play, the original casts to be seen in each case. This will be followed by "The Street Singer," now a success in London.

Mr. Shubert denied the report that he had purchased theatres in Berlin. Finding his time abroad limited, he said, he had sent an agent to Germany and the presence of this agent had given rise to the belief that he was negotiating for the purchase of playhouses for the Shuberts.

A list of the plays acquired by Mr. Shubert during his trip abroad will be announced later. Mr. Shubert said that he might return to England within a few weeks to set the new plan in motion. Offices for its development are already being established in London.

WHISKY RUSE USED IN ZIEGFELD SUIT

Dummy Package of Scotch Gets Man Into Producer's Office to Serve Papers.

CARTOONIST BRINGS ACTION

Bert Green Asks $25,000 Because of Failure to Use His Animated Pictures.

Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., was served with papers in a $25,000 suit, brought against him by Bert Green, a cartoonist, late Thursday afternoon.

"If Green's pictures were half as funny as the way he served that paper on me," said Mr. Ziegfeld, in his office at the New Amsterdam Theatre yesterday, "they'd be a riot."

Green says the theatrical producer had contracted to purchase four animated effects for the Follies, for which Mr. Ziegfeld promised to pay $1,000 and $50 a week during their showing. He alleges that when he delivered the pictures, Mr. Ziegfeld refused to accept them.

"But here's the funny part of the story," said Green, in his studio at 80 West Fortieth Street. "You see, we tried to serve the papers on Ziegfeld for almost a week, but there wasn't a chance in the world of getting him at his office. Then W. Wright Moxley, my lawyer, and I thought of a scheme.

"We got six bottles of Scotch whisky, removed the contents, and filled the bottles with water. Then we made a big package of the bottles, packed it up nicely, and told George Thompson, a friend of the lawyer, what to do."

"I've got something for Mr. Ziegfeld," said Thompson to "Tommy" Caldwell, the gray-haired and gray-mustached negro attendant at Mr. Ziegfeld's office, when he arrived there with the package Thursday afternoon. Thompson looked slyly at his package, and winked.

"All right," said Caldwell. "I'll let you see the secretary."

"I've got something for Mr. Ziegfeld," he told the secretary when she came out. Again he winked, and added, "It comes from the captain of a ship."

"I'll take it in," said the secretary.

"No, I've got instructions from the captain not to give it to any one else," countered Thompson. "I really must see Mr. Ziegfeld."

The secretary disappeared and came back shortly with the information that the producer would see him. Thompson went into the private office, placed the package carefully on the floor, winked again, and said it came direct from the ship.

"What captain? What ship?" asked Mr. Ziegfeld.

"Here's a note from him," and, in handing the envelope, Thompson backed to the door. "It tells all about it."

In the envelope was the complaint.

"That's what happened all right," said Mr. Ziegfeld when the conversation, as reported by Mr. Green, was repeated.

"And," he added, "who wouldn't take a package like that when you're told it comes from a ship? I really thought there was something 'real' in it."

Mr. Ziegfeld, however, said the pictures were not just as Green had promised and added that they were sent several days after the show opened. He said he had no fear of the outcome of the suit. Green said the complaint would be filed in the Supreme Court today.

BOOTLEGGERS RAISE PRICES.

Coast Operators, Fearing Blockade, Confer at Seabright.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., Aug. 15.—A special meeting held this afternoon on the veranda of the old Rock Hotel, overlooking the beach a few yards south of the Peninsula House, brought together 200 bootleggers, operating from Atlantic Highlands to Barnegat. The conference was called to adjust prices. Following the secret session it was understood that Scotch whisky will be advanced $15 per case, and special brands of rye $25, and brandies and champagnes $10 to $30.

The Jersey coast bootleggers say that they have been forced to advance prices by the recent orders from Washington for a stricter patrol. In view of the anticipated blockade some of the larger operatirs may withdraw temporarily from business.

Two destroyers from Hampton Roads and Philadelphia anchored off shore here this afternoon. Information from coast guard stations is to the effect that entrance to the lower bay and Shrewsbury River will be allowed to boats only after they have been stopped and searched. Three additional Federal patrol boats and two destroyers will be anchored off Sandy Hook point and at the entrance of the Shrewsbury on Monday.

Adrian Chamberlain, State Prohibition Director of New Jersey, announced yesterday that he would make complaint against the police of Woodbridge, N. J., for having blocked a trap the Director and ten of his agents were about to spring on an expected rum-runner.

This was the second hint of enmity between rival forces engaged in prohibition enforcement in New Jersey to be shown there this week. Police of Monmouth County charged last Monday that some members of the Coast Guard at Avon, N. J., were signaling rum-runners. The Coast Guardsmen, however, were exonerated after an investigation by District Superintendent Rasmussen.

Director Chamberlain and his agents were lying in wait early Thursday morning for a vessel reported to be preparing to unload 4,000 cases of whisky. They were hiding in a factory, he said, when a man known to him as a bootlegger caught sight of the party.

Soon afterward, Mr. Chamberlain said, he and his men were surprised to see a police car draw up. Six policemen he recognized as members of the Woodbridge force got out.

Although the policemen remained near the agent's ambush for some time, the State Director said, they declined to give a satisfactory explanation of their presence. His men waited until daybreak, but the rum runner did not appear.

Chief Murphy of Woodbridge denied there was any basis for a charge that his men could have signaled any rum-runners. He said his men were acting under orders, and "had good reason to suspect the agents and to wait and see what happened."

Prohibition Director Merrick said here yesterday that several New York druggists had been found here who were using legitimate liquor permits apparently to traffic illegally in liquor. That several drug stores were carrying on a bootlegging business outside their regular prescription work, he said, was indicated in the seizure of fourteen cases of whisky at the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad pier at Harrison Street.

On each case was a serial number through which Mr. Merrick said it would be possible to trace the original store to which the goods were shipped. There were seven different numbers involving as many stores.

Today's Radio Program

AUG. 16, 1924.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time).
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.
7:20 P. M.—Police alarms, stolen automobiles, missing persons.
8:30 P. M.—Popular songs.
9:00 P. M.—Instrumental solos.
10:00 P. M.—Dance music.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; stolen automobiles, missing persons.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Women's National Lawn Tennis Championship final matches.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:30-10:00 P. M.—Ruth Donaldson, soprano; Metropolitan Male Chorus; Minnie Well, piano; Edward Avis, whistler; T. Mattmann, 'cello.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Lopez Orchestra.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:00 P. M.—Hotel Vanderbilt Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—E. D. Thomas, talks.
4:30 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.
5:30 P. M.—Agricultural reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—A. T. Cole, tenor.
8:15 P. M.—School Bible sport contest.
8:30 P. M.—N. Y. Philharmonic Orchestra.
10:30 P. M.—Hotel Astor Orchestra.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
2:15-3:15 P. M.—Orchestra; songs.
3:45-5:30 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental selections.
6:30-7:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:30-12:00 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; talk.

WBBR, NEW YORK—272.
8:00 P. M.—Instrumental Trio; Bible questions and answers.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
2:30 P. M.—Ori-Peerless Trio.
3:00 P. M.—Clement Wood, negro spirituals.
3:15 P. M.—Ori-Peerless Trio.
3:45 P. M.—Clement Wood, poems.
4:15 P. M.—Rolleigh's Orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—Sports resume.
8:00 P. M.—Lilyan Challenger, contralto.
8:15 P. M.—Yascha Fishberg, violin.
8:30 P. M.—Ed. President Harding Orchestra.
9:15 P. M.—Lilyan Challenger, contralto.
9:30 P. M.—Yascha Fishberg, violin.
9:45 P. M.—Talk by Robert Wilberforce.
10:00 P. M.—Friedman Entertainers.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—278.
2:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—"Asthma and Hay Fever," by Dr. G. T. Brown.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ; trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Sports results; police reports.
11:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.
10:00 A. M.—Seashore gossip.
10:10 A. M.—Health suggestions.
1:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
1:05 P. M.—Organ recital.
3:00 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
8:30 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Weather report.
6:05 P. M.—Kentucky Serenaders.
6:45 P. M.—Stock and market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.
8:00 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra.
9:45 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
9:30 P. M.—Venzella's Band.
10:00 P. M.—Leman's Orchestra.
11:05 P. M.—Organ recital.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—396.
8:00 P. M.—Fairmount Park Orchestra; musical notes.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—306.
1:05 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.
7:05 P. M.—Baseball scores.
7:10 P. M.—Music.

WEAN, PROVIDENCE—272.
8:45 A. M.—Group singing.
12:00 M.—Orchestra; weather report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
8:00 P. M.—Organ and piano solos.
9:30 P. M.—Same as WNAC.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
3:00 P. M.—Springfield - Waterbury baseball game.
6:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball results; market reports.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:40 P. M.—Hotel Kimball Trio.
8:00 P. M.—To be announced.
10:00 P. M.—Copley Plaza Orchestra.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report.

WDBF, WORCESTER, MASS.—252.
11:30 A. M.—Music.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
11:30 P. M.—Music; weather report.

WNAC, BOSTON—476.
3:15 P. M.—Dance music.
9:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
7:30 P. M.—Odds - creation; weather forecast; crop notes.
8:00 P. M.—A. H. program; weather report.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
11:45 A. M.—Weather report.
12:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
12:50 P. M.—Local market report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
10:30 P. M.—Clover Club Orchestra.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
6:15 P. M.—Instruction in code.
7:00 P. M.—Children's Hour.
7:20 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:45 P. M.—Bible talk.
9:00 P. M.—Dance program.
9:45 P. M.—Music.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecasts.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
10:45 A. M.—Live stock market reports.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
3:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; concert.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:45 P. M.—Teachers' helps.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:00 P. M.—Band concert.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report; baseball scores.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:45 P. M.—Baseball scores; songs.
9:30 P. M.—Music.

CKAC, MONTREAL—425.
7:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Concert.
10:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.

ONRO, OTTAWA—435.
8:00 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; recitations.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—390.
7:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.
10:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Dance orchestra; vocal solos.

WSAI, CINCINNATI—309.
9:00 P. M.—Chimes.
9:15 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
10:00 P. M.—Music; news.
1:00 A. M.—Dance orchestra.

WLW, CINCINNATI—422.
2:30 P. M.—Market reports.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:30 P. M.—Schmeman's Band.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
7:00 P. M.—Orchestra; baseball scores.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.
9:30-11:00 P. M.—Concert; news; baseball scores; time announced at 11 o'clock.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.
8:30-9:30 P. M.—Orchestra; piano.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; songs; stories.
12:30-1:30 A. M.—Oriole Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Music; features.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Music.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Music; features.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
7:30 P. M.—La Salle Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—To be announced.
10:00 P. M.—Popular revue.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.
8:45 P. M.—Lullaby time; music; farm summary.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
6:45 P. M.—Bedtime story.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
9:00-9:58 P. M.—Music.
10:00 P. M.—Talks; stories; news every half hour.

WTAS, ELGIN, ILL.—286.
6:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
9:25 P. M.-2:30 A. M. — Orchestra; piano solos; songs.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
8:00 P. M.—Sport news; weather.
10:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra; vocal solos.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—546.
10:00 P. M.—Orchestra; songs.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
10:30 P. M.—Male quartet.

WSB, ATLANTA—429.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Musical revue.
12:45 A. M.—Rainbow Orchestra.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
7:30 P. M.—Market, weather, road reports; time signals.
8:00 P. M.—Music; address; stories; Plantation Players.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
11:00 P. M.—Music.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Notte Male Quartet.
1:30-3:00 A. M.—Adolphus Orchestra.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.
8:00-9:40 P. M.—Sunday School lesson; Bible class.

PWX, HAVANA—400.
9:00 P. M.—Studio recital.

KPO, OAKLAND, CAL.—312.
12:00 P. M.—Fairmount Orchestra.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—396.
12:00 P. M.—3:00 A. M.—Music.
1:30-3:00 A. M.—Hinkman's Orchestra.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—467.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Music.
1:30-2:30 A. M.—Popular songs.
1:30-3:00 A. M.—Oceanic Grove Orchestra.

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MISS WILLS WINS AFTER LOSING A SET

Champion Is Hard Pressed to Beat Miss Browne in National Play, 6-4, 4-6, 6-3.

MRS. MALLORY IS VICTOR

Former Titleholder Also Gains the Final by Eliminating Miss Goss on Forest Hills Court, 6-3, 6-4.

The champion who ruled the courts a decade ago and the champion of today met in one of the most thrilling tennis battles ever seen on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club yesterday, and until the final point was decided the spectators in the mammoth stadium were held breathless. Before them a young Californian, Miss Helen Wills, was fighting her hardest battle in defense of her women's national championship against Miss Mary K. Browne, who came out of the West in 1912 and reigned supreme for three seasons before she retired from competition to take up golf. Miss Browne was striving to win back the laurels she abandoned, striving desperately, but youth triumphed over experience in the end, Miss Wills gaining a brilliant victory in three sets and reaching the final round.

The defending titleholder won the first set at 6—4, but the second went to Miss Browne, a dramatic situation bringing her the set-point. Miss Wills was serving, the scores were 4—5 in games and 30—40 in points. She sent her first ball over with all the power of her sturdy arm, and Miss Browne, fearing it was good, attempted a return, but the ball went into the net. However, the service barely missed the line and the ball lay on the court. Miss Wills hesitated and Miss Browne started forward to sweep the ball out of the way. The champion's second service was delayed and Miss Browne, apologizing, asked the referee if the server couldn't have two balls, but the request was denied. The delay had taken Miss Wills's aim away and her next serve went into the net for a double fault, giving Miss Browne the needed point for the set.

The situation had arisen accidentally and no one was to blame. Probably no one was more disappointed than Miss Browne, and her expression was one of abject apology and confusion. She was almost naïve in her effort to show that she hadn't meant to upset Miss Wills's service, and chagrin was written all over her countenance as she walked off the court for the rest period. But Miss Wills came back like a human demon in the last and deciding set, wore herself out taking the lead at 3—1, saw her opponent creep up to 3—3, and then with one last desperate effort drove back the opposition with her powerful forehand, fought from the net, scurried over the court to make almost impossible returns and finally triumphed at 6—3.

Both Players Are Exhausted.

At the end both players were too exhausted to rush forward to the net and greet each other. They walked slowly toward the middle of the court, but their handclasp was sincere. It was a fitting conclusion to one of the finest battles of the courts. Both players had been through a struggle. Miss Browne, beaten, and Miss Wills, conqueror, had given all they had in stamina.

Miss Wills advanced to the final round by her victory and today she will face Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory. Mrs. Mallory reached the title round yesterday by eliminating Miss Eleanor Goss, third ranking player in the country, the scores being 6—3, 6—4. Today's struggle promises as sensational a match as the one yesterday, for Miss Wills and Mrs. Mallory have met twice in the final of the national championship. In 1922 the Norsewoman held her throne against the onslaughts of the California miss schoolgirl, but last year Miss Wills succeeded to the place in the sun which Mrs. Mallory had occupied six years. Today the girl from the Golden West will strive to hold the honors.

In the doubles Miss Goss and Mrs. Marion Zinderstein Jessup, who have held the title three times, advanced to the final round by defeating Miss Leslie Bancroft and Miss Edith Sigourney, 6—0, 6—4, while two other pairs reached the semi-finals. Miss Wills and Mrs. Wightman, winners of the Olympic doubles championship, conquered Mrs. Samuel H. Waring and Miss Edna Hanselt Roeser, 6—3, 6—2, while Miss Browne and Mrs. T. Horace Dudley, another pair that has won the title three times, eliminated Miss Rosamond Newton and Miss Edith Handy, 6—2, 6—3.

Today the winners of the semi-finals match will meet after the singles final, which is scheduled to start at 2 o'clock. The final in the doubles will be played shortly after, with an exhibition match in between. Officials of the West Side Tennis Club hope to bring two players of the French Davis Cup team, which will arrive this morning, to the courts to meet a pair of American players between the semi-final and final matches in the doubles.

Champion Had Pressed.

The match between Miss Browne and Miss Wills was easily the best of the day and the others to follow seemed almost prosaic after the exciting meeting earlier in the afternoon. Miss Wills had to fight all the way and no player in this country has given her such a battle since she won the title. Against her was an experienced campaigner and one of the greatest court strategists that the game has ever known. The champion had to call on sheer power to defend her title and even in driving speed Miss Browne was able to fight back on nearly even terms.

Through the first set both players fought a careful, steady, studied game. Each was sizing up her opponent and the sort of game she must face. Miss Wills played a back-court game entirely and Miss Browne came up to the net only on a few occasions. But there was tenseness from the very start and the fever of excitement mounted with every game, almost every point of the match, until at the end the gallery was nearly as fatigued as the players on the court.

Both players were able to get over twenty-two placement aces during the three sets, and Miss Browne committed seventy-seven errors to Miss Wills's seventy, sending seven more than her opponent into the net and one more outside, but serving one less double fault. The closeness of the match may be seen from these statistics, the differences being only slight, but Miss Wills seemed the better able to make her points when they were needed most, and the competitive spirit, with her youth and determination and a powerful forehand, carried her through to the victory.

Miss Browne started the service and won the first point on a netted ball after a short exchange across the webbing. Miss Wills slipped over two pretty placements to bring the score to deuce, but Miss Browne won the opening chapter when her opponent drove outside twice in succession. The next game also went to deuce, and this time it was Miss Wills who came through, forcing Miss Browne to send two into the net. Miss Wills took the lead in the next game, breaking through Miss Browne's service, and she increased her lead by winning her own after the score again went to deuce.

Miss Browne drew up in the fifth with a pretty placement on a chop stroke and two errors by her opponent. Miss Wills succeeded in getting her first ball in consistently during the sixth, and her opponent was unable to handle it, sending her returns into the net twice and out twice, taking her only point by a placement which passed Miss Wills as she came forward. Miss Browne captured the next on four forced errors by her opponent, but Miss Wills again made good her service in the following game and led at 5—3. Miss Browne sent through another placement in the ninth, which aided her in pulling up to 4—5, but the champion finished the set with her service, which was again effective.

Fast Tennis Is Displayed.

The second set brought for the fastest tennis of the afternoon. Twice Miss Wills passed her opponent in the first game, and in the second she combined a service ace and a placement ace to take the lead at 2-love. Miss Browne slipped and fell in making a hard return in the third, but Miss Wills, with the court wide open, sent the ball into the net for the deciding point. She led at 3-1 however, when she took the fourth, slipping two placements into unprotected corners and getting her first ball in for two more points, Miss Browne hitting her returns into the net.

It was then that Miss Browne started her uphill battle that finally gave her the set. She got a lucky break in the fifth when the ball hit the net cord and dropped over into Miss Wills's court, and in the next game she nicked the right-hand corner line twice and left once for three aces in a row, bringing the count to 3-all. She pounded relentlessly at her opponent's backhand to take the next and took the lead.

Miss Wills pulled out the eighth by making two beautiful driving gets, but the effort cost her greatly, and when she had evened the score at 4-all she had little stamina left, clearly distressed. Miss Browne won out the next two games for the set, the end coming when Miss Wills double faulted.

The players took only a short rest and were back on the courts before the excitement had subsided, ready for the set which would decide whether or not a champion was to pass after a reign of only one year. Miss Wills called on all her remaining energy and swept through with her strength waning in every stroke.

Miss Wills started again at her opponent's backhand and won the first game with two placements in the left corner, her drives carrying lightning speed. Miss Browne broke through in the second by the same method, pulling her opponent over to the right and then slipping the ball into the corner. Miss Wills increased the pace in the third, covering court brilliantly and coming forward to volley whenever possible. She went out in front, 3—1, by winning the fourth also, passing Miss Browne at the net with flashing forehand drives that swept down the side lines. But again Miss Browne rallied, carrying the first and left to make returns and bringing off the final point with a sharp drive to the baseline.

Miss Wills Takes Lead.

Miss Wills was plainly exhausted but no less was her opponent and both were striving to finish the points in a hurry. Miss Wills went into the lead at 4—2 by acing her opponent, but Miss Browne had one more effort to make before she would give in. She brought the count to 3—4, but then the champion ran out two games in a row for the set and match, sending her fastest drives to the other's backhand and allowing her only 3 points in the two games.

So ended what will pass into tennis history as one of the greatest efforts a former champion ever made to regain her crown and the sturdiest fight a champion ever made in defense of her laurels.

The point score and stroke analysis follow:

First Set.

POINT SCORE.

										Pts.	G.
Miss Wills	4	5	4	5	2	4	2	7	2	4—39	6
Miss Browne	6	3	2	3	4	2	4	5	4	1—34	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	SA.	P.	O.	N.	DF.	EP.	E.
Miss Wills	9	1	5	9	1	5	26
Miss Browne	0	8	23	12	0	8	34

Second Set.

POINT SCORE.

											Pts.	G.
Miss Wills	6	3	4	6	4	4	2	4	4	—37	6
Miss Browne	2	1	4	3	1	4	4	4	2	4—30	6

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	SA.	P.	O.	N.	DF.	EP.	E.
Miss Wills	1	6	13	5	1	7	19
Miss Browne	0	11	11	1	0	9	30

Recapitulation.

	SA.	P.	O.	N.	DF.
Miss Wills	10	1	18	14	1
Miss Browne	0	19	34	13	1

	EP.	E.	Pts.	G.	Sets.
Miss Wills	24	70	191	16	2
Miss Browne	22	77	92	13	1

Mrs. Mallory had little trouble with Miss Goss, although the tall girl, who ranks third in the list, put up a strenuous battle and gave her best until the last. The former champion used her powerful forehand throughout the match, whether her opponent came up to the net or strove from the back court. Mrs. Mallory's anticipation of the shots that were coming across the net, as usual, stood her in good stead and she seemed always ready to make returns, Miss Goss getting over only five placements in each sets.

The point score and stroke analysis follow:

First Set.

POINT SCORE.

Mrs. Mallory	10	4	4	1	4	4	5	2	4	—38	6
Miss Goss	8	1	2	4	6	1	3	4	2	—31	3

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	S.A.	P.	O.	N.	D.F.	E.P.	E.
Mrs. Mallory	2	12	16	10	0	12	26
Miss Goss	0	5	17	9	1	5	20

Second Set.

POINT SCORE.

Mrs. Mallory	2	5	4	4	2	4	4	3	0	4	—32
Miss Goss	4	3	2	4	1	2	3	4	4	1	—28

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	S.A.	P.	O.	N.	D.F.	H.P.	E.
Mrs. Mallory	0	12	10	12	1	12	23
Miss Goss	0	5	15	4	1	5	26

Recapitulation.

	S.A.	P.	O.	N.	D.F.
Mrs. Mallory	0	24	24	22	1
Miss Goss	0	10	32	13	2

	Ep.	E.	Pts.	G.	Sets.
Mrs. Mallory	24	46	70	12	2
Miss Goss	16	46	50	7	0

The summaries:

Singles—Semi-Final Round—Miss Helen Wills defeated Miss Mary Browne, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3; Mrs. Molla Mallory defeated Miss Eleanor Goss, 6—3, 6—4.

Doubles—Fourth Round—Miss Helen Wills and Mrs. George W. Wightman defeated Mrs. Edna Hanselt Roeser and Mrs. Samuel H. Waring, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Mary K. Browne and Mrs. T. Horace Dudley defeated Miss Edith Handy and Miss Rosamond Newton, 6—2, 6—4.

Semi-Final Round—Miss Eleanor Goss and Mrs. Marion Zinderstein Jessup defeated Miss Leslie Bancroft and Miss Edith Sigourney, 6—2, 6—3.

Siki Will Meet Stone.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15.—Battling Siki, Senegalese pugilist, and Ad Stone, Philadelphia heavyweight, have been signed for a ten-round bout at Shelzline Park the night of Aug. 25, it was announced today by Pete Waxler, promoter of a local boxing club.

9 Nations, 110 Stars, to Play In National Tennis Singles

Nine nations will be represented in the men's national tennis championship which will start on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills on Aug. 25, it was announced last night when entries closed for the event. Although the final tabulation has not been completed, officials of the United States Lawn Tennis Association announced that approximately 110 players would compete. Besides the leading performers in the United States, including William T. Tilden 2d, William M. Johnston, R. N. Williams, Vincent Richards and others, there will be the leading stars from Australia, France, China, Cuba, Japan, Mexico, Canada and Spain in the tournament. It is the greatest array of international performers that ever has been gathered together in one event. The draw will be made on Wednesday.

JOHNSTON REACHES FINAL AT NEWPORT

Defeats Brookes of Australia in Straight Sets in Tennis Tourney.

SNODGRASS ALSO GAINS

Eliminates Norton With Speed of Attack—Kinsey Brothers Advance to Final in Doubles.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 15.—William M. Johnston of California demonstrated conclusively today that he is prepared to give a brilliant account of himself in the Davis Cup challenge round when he defeated Norman E. Brookes of Australia in the semi-finals of the invitation tennis tournament at the Casino. Playing with a snap and accuracy that characterize his game at its best, Johnston overwhelmed the veteran from the Antipodes at 6—2, 6—2, 6—2. This was the first meeting between the two famous stars since Johnston defeated Brookes in the 1920 challenge round in Australia. Brookes took a set from the Californian on that occasion, but today he was no match for the No. 2 man of the United States team. Johnston's speed of stroke and unfailing passing shots made it a hopeless struggle for him from the start.

Tomorrow Johnston will meet Harvey Snodgrass of Los Angeles in the final, the third all-California final in succession in the three big invitation tournaments of the season. At Seabright it was Johnston and Howard Kinsey and at Southampton it was Kinsey and Snodgrass.

Snodgrass earned the right to meet Johnston tomorrow by defeating Brian I. C. Norton of St. Louis. The Los Angeles player's victory was almost as one-sided as was Johnston's. He won in three sets at 6—1, 8—6, 6—2.

The doubles final also will bear the all-California label. In the semi-finals today Johnston and Clarence Griffin defeated Snodgrass and Walter Wesbrook in a match that will long be remembered here as one of the longest and most desperate struggles seen on the Casino courts. For three hours the four players battled, giving an astonishing exhibition of terrific driving and volleying and making returns that bordered on the impossible.

Losers Make Rally.

Wesbrook and Snodgrass, the former particularly, played cyclonic tennis after dropping the first two sets, took the next two and went into a lead of 3-0 in the final chapter. Johnston and Griffin pulled up to 3-all, and then began a titanic struggle, in which the two teams alternated in breaking through each other's service and came within two points of the match any number of times. Johnston and Griffin were at match-point six times, and their opponents were within a single stroke of victory once before the set finally came to an end after twenty-eight games had been played. The final score was 6—4, 8—6, 4—6, 5—7, 15—13.

The other semi-final was won by the Kinsey brothers. They defeated Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer of Texas at 6—2, 6—3, 6—4. As both Johnston and Griffin and the Kinseys are being considered as Davis Cup defending teams, the final tomorrow will carry more than ordinary importance.

Norton gave a disappointing performance against Snodgrass and threw away many opportunities, particularly in the second set when he led at 5—3 and had the service. But even when he was going at his best he could not make much headway. The Californian overwhelmed him with his speed of service and off the ground in the first set and was as steady as a rock. Norton found it almost impossible to put the ball away, even when he had the other in a hole. Snodgrass would send back lobs of beautiful length and gradually force Norton away from the net and then come up to score a placement. Norton's forehand was his greatest weakness. He got nothing like the distance or pace on it that did Snodgrass, whose strokes were driven low across the net the full length of the court, and his control was indifferent. Any number of times after gaining an advantage on a beautiful shot Norton would err on a simple shot through failure to time his stroke right or to get set for it. The British player was forced to do a lot of running in the match when Snodgrass changed his tactics in the second set and began to mix up chops with drives and to alternate in the use of lobs and trap shots.

Johnston's Work Improves.

Johnston was deadly serious against Brookes, as he has been for the last three days. His forehand drives were going across the net like a streak, crowding Brookes with the ball and opening up gaps on all sides. Again and again Brookes would make a beautiful shot and the next moment he was standing helpless in his tracks as Johnston came through with a dazzling drive across court.

At the net the Australian veteran found the ground equally untenable. Johnston either slammed the ball back with so much speed that Brookes was unable to volley with steadiness or slipped his return through the narrowest opening to nick the sideline. There were few long rallies in the match. Johnston was too decisive in his stroking to permit of more than one or two returns. There were the exceptions when Brookes would rise to spectacular heights and thrill the galleries with the wizardry of his shots, but as a rule the points went quickly, with Brookes trying in vain to anticipate quickly enough. Even when he did diagnose the shot the ball died too quickly for him to make more than a feeble stab at it.

In the second set there was only one deuce game, every other one going at 4—1, and in the third chapter deuce was not called once. It was the most businesslike piece of work Johnston has done all week. One sensed the deep feeling of regard each player had for the other but friendship and sentiment never influenced the play of either.

The summaries:

Singles, Semi-Final Round—William M. Johnston defeated Norman E. Brookes, 6—2, 6—2, 6—2; Harvey Snodgrass defeated B. C. Norton, 6—1, 8—6, 6—2.

Doubles, Semi-Final Round—William Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin defeated Harvey Snodgrass and Walter Wesbrook, 6—4, 8—6, 4—6, 5—7, 15—13; Robert and Howard Kinsey defeated Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer, 6—2, 6—3, 6—4.

CAN'T LIMIT TENNIS FIELD.

Committee Powerless to Prune National Doubles List to 32.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—The plan to limit the entries for the national lawn tennis doubles championship to thirty-two teams has been virtually abandoned because the committee is not permitted to prune from the list players who have been ranked among the first twenty in singles or fared well in sectional doubles events, it was made known today.

The draw will be made tomorrow, and nearly forty teams already have entered. W. T. Tilden 2d and B. I. C. Norton, 1923 champions, have new partners this year, and probably will not be included among the seeded players.

New entries today included Wallace F. Johnson, Philadelphia, and A. H. Chapin Jr., Springfield; Frederick Kalms, Australia, and Willard Crocker, Montreal; Jacques Brugnon, France, and Lawrence B. Rice, Boston, and Manuel Llano, Mexico, and J. W. Foster, Boston.

AUSTRALIANS WIN DAVIS CUP FINAL

Take Doubles From Japanese and Make It Three Straight in American Zone Play.

PATTERSON-WOOD TRIUMPH

Beat Okamoto-Harada at Providence, 7-5, 6-2, 6-4—To Meet French Next.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 15.—The formidable Australian doubles combination of Gerald L. Patterson and Pat O'Hara Wood volleyed the land of the Antipodes into a victory in the American zone Davis Cup final on the grass court of the Agawan Hunt Club here today when it defeated Sunao Okamoto and Takeichi Harada of Japan, 7—5, 6—2, 6—4. Today's victory, together with yesterday's two triumphs in the singles, gives the Australians the right to meet the French team, winner of the European zone play, in the ground before the challenge round.

Except for a brief spell in the first set, when the Japanese players seriously threatened their opponents, the Australians had things their own way during the afternoon's play. It was Japanese steadiness against Australian brilliancy, and brilliancy won out in the final analysis.

The Japanese had only one good chance to slip over an upset on their Anzac opponents and that was in the first set, when they enjoyed a lead of five games to three, due largely to Wood's erratic play and Harada's spectacular smashing and driving.

Patterson Evens the Count.

In this set Harada began by winning his service and Patterson did likewise, evening the count. The Australians opened up a commanding lead by winning Okamoto's service and Wood's service, but Harada came through and won a love game on his own service, bringing up the score to 3—2.

The Japanese won the next game on Patterson's service. Okamoto won his service and the Orientals broke through Wood's service to bring the score to 5—3. With Harada serving, it looked good for the Japanese, but the big opportunity for the Orientals was lost when Harada, evidently nerved up to a high pitch by the strain of the match, made two double faults and lost the game. This break gave the Australians their chance and they made the most of it, finally winning, 7—5.

The second set was all Australia. The first four games went to the Antipodeans, but Harada changed things by winning his service. Patterson brought the score of games to 5—1 by winning his service, and Okamoto gave the Japanese new hope by coming through on his own service, but Wood won on his own service and the second set went to the Aussies.

Australians Wear Down Rivals.

The third set was a battle, but the Australians were wearing down their opponents, and, with the score 4—3 in favor of the Japanese, the Australians won the next three games, the set, the match and the series.

Tomorrow's singles matches between Patterson and Okamoto and Wood and Shimizu must be played according to the rules which govern play for the Davis Cup, but the results will have no bearing on the outcome of the series, as the Australians, by winning the first three matches, have cinched a place in the interzone finals against France.

In an exhibition doubles match played today as an added feature, Norman E. Brookes, Australian veteran, and his partner, Richard N. Schlesinger, defeated William T. Tilden, national champion, and his youthful protégé, Sandy Wiener of Philadelphia, 6—4, 6—4, 5—7, 6—2.

BABY GAR IV. GAINS LEAD IN CUP RACE

Gar Wood's New Speed Boat Wins Second Heat of Fisher-Allison Trophy Event.

BUFFALO, Aug. 15.—Baby Gar IV. of Detroit, the new speed boat owned and driven by Gar Wood, gained a commanding lead in the race for the Fisher-Allison Gold Cup by winning the second heat today in the Buffalo Launch Club's regatta. The winning craft averaged more than forty-two miles an hour for the fifty miles, closely approaching its maximum speed for a five-mile lap yesterday. Gar Wood kept his boat under wraps all the way, only putting on enough speed to win over the Rainbow of Buffalo, owned and driven by Sylvester B. Eagan, which holds a leg on the trophy. Nick Nack, owned by Humphrey Birg of Buffalo and driven by Dinty Moore, present holder of the cup, again finished third.

Wilgold II., owned and driven by Jack Williams of Buffalo, duplicated its winning performance in the second heat for runabouts. Baby June, owned and driven by George C. Hall of Buffalo, defender of the Interstate Championship Trophy, finished second. All Hours, owned by R. H. Berner of Buffalo, the only other entrant, failed to finish. Wilgold II. averaged 39.8 miles an hour for the thirty-mile route. This was faster time than it made in the first heat.

By taking first place in the second heat for the Leary Trophy, Arab VII., the hydroplane owned by R. H. Sidway of Buffalo and driven by Phil Wood of Windsor, Ontario, brother of Gar Wood, took the lead in the race for the cup. Miss Peerless, owned and driven by E. L. Grimm of Buffalo, cup defender, developed engine trouble on the third lap and dropped out while leading the field. Bess, owned and driven by C. C. Meier of Rochester, was second. Arab VII. covered the twenty miles at an average speed of 49.5 miles an hour.

MISS GREINER WINS TITLE.

Beats Mrs. Connell for Municipal Golf Honors by 3 and 2.

Miss Gladys Greiner yesterday won the women's championship of the New York Municipal Golf Association when she defeated Mrs. Genevieve Connell by 3 and 2 over the Pelham Bay Park course. Miss Greiner gained her victory during the final stages of the match, especially immediately after the turn, when she won three holes running. At the turn the match was all even. Then Miss Greiner won the tenth, eleventh and twelfth holes to become 3 up with only six holes to play. She lost the thirteenth but won the fourteenth. Once more Mrs. Connell brought the difference down to two holes when she won the fifteenth, but the match ended on the next green when Miss Greiner won the hole. The winner had a 49 to the turn and an approximated 98 for the round, while Mrs. Connell was a stroke better off at the turn but finished with a total of 103.

Honors in the beaten eight went to Miss Hilda Sternburgh, who defeated Miss M. Chandler by 6 and 5 as a result of deadly chipping and putting. On nine out of the fifteen holes Miss Sternburgh needed only one putt. Her opponent, on the other hand, was decidedly inaccurate, having several three-putt greens to offset her superior work through the fairways.

Auto Riders to Race at Night.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 15.—Night automobile racing will be inaugurated at the Ascot Speedway when the dirt track reopens Aug. 23, it was announced. Work has begun on the installation of the lighting system.

Abrogast Sets Casting Mark Of 267.6 Feet at Buffalo

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 16.—One record was broken and one champion dethroned in today's competition at the sixteenth annual tournament of the National Association of Scientific Angling Clubs. In the one-half ounce distance bait cast, Fred Abrogast of Akron bettered his own record of 267.9 feet with an average cast of 267.6 feet. William Stanley of Chicago was second with 256. This enables Stanley to maintain a comfortable lead in the all-around competition. Mrs. J. K. Hurst, defending champion in the plug accuracy test, restricted to women, was defeated by Mrs. A. Rease of Columbus, Ohio, who scored 99.8 per cent.

CRUICKSHANK WINS GOLF TITLE IN WEST

Takes Colorado Open With a 297, While Hutchison Has 302 for Second Place.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 15.—Robert (Bobby) Cruickshank of New York won the Colorado open golf tournament here today. Cruickshank turned in a card of 297 for the seventy-two holes of medal play, which began yesterday. Jock Hutchison of Chicago finished second with a 302. W. E. Mehlhorn of St. Louis and William Creavy of Oklahoma City tied for third with 305. Cyril Walker, national open champion, tied for seventh place with 314.

Creavy entered the final eighteen holes 3 up on Cruickshank, with whom he was paired. However, Creavy found himself in difficulty all afternoon, showing cards of 41 out and 42 in, while Cruickshank played a fine round of 33 out and came home in 39.

Creavy's unsteadiness in the afternoon cost him second honors when Jock Hutchison turned in a 74, and Mehlhorn gained three strokes by playing an 80 and tied with him for third.

Aside from Hutchison's initial round yesterday, the tournament was not marked by any spectacular work. The course record for eighteen holes was unequaled and approached by only three players, Creavy, Hutchison and Mac Smith, who each played a 71. Creavy himself set the course record of 69 in match play a day before the tornament opened.

Cruickshank got a 6 on the fourteenth hole, a par 4, only after great difficulty, during which he played a beautiful pitch shot from the bottom of a steep bank and laid the ball nearly even with the pin. Creavy went into the sand on the same hole, but came out with a 5, one of the few holes he played better than the New Yorker during the afternoon.

Cruickshank's victory in the Colorado open championship yesterday was worth $1,000 to the little Scottish professional, who is installed at Westfield, N. J. It is his third tournament victory since coming to America and turning professional in 1921. The first was gained in the Western New York State open championship, and later he staged a sensational rally to win the Missouri State open championship.

ROBINSON CAPTURES JUNIOR GOLF TITLE

Chicago Youth Takes Western Crown by Beating Carrick of Toronto, 3 and 2.

DEERFIELD, Ill., Aug. 15.—Elridge Robinson of the Southmore Club of Chicago won the Western junior golf championship, defeating Donald Carrick of Toronto, Ontario, 3 and 2, in the thirty-six-hole final at the Briergate Golf Club today.

It was an evenly fought match in the morning round, in which the husky Canadian boy finished all square. He had a card of 82, to 83 for the Chicagoan. In the afternoon round they were all square at the twenty-fifth hole, but from that point on the Chicago player showed the better golf, being especially strong on his short game. He won the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh holes, and they turned for home with Robinson leading, 2 up.

Robinson played fine golf on the remaining holes, shooting par at most of them. He was 2 up at the twenty-eighth, and after the next two holes had been halved, Carrick won the thirty-first, 5 to 6, Robinson taking three putts. They halved the next hole in 4s, but at the short thirty-fourth Carrick was trapped in his tee shot and lost, 5 to 3, putting him 3 down and 3 to play. They halved the thirty-fifth in 5s and the match was over.

Carrick's weakness was in his pitch shots, as he was unable to make the ball stop on the green. At least half a dozen times his ball went scooting over the green and led to a half or a loss of the hole.

Robinson's good putting in the afternoon was a feature. He played a heady game throughout and after passing the thirty-seventh hole without par on five of the next seven, Carrick having little chance to break through this good defense. Robinson played the outgoing nine in 40, as against 42 by the Toronto youth.

They played the next seven holes in 31 each. It was Robinson's last try for the title, as he is 19, while Carrick still has two more years to go.

HOME FOLK SEE HAGEN WIN.

With Kirkwood, He Beats Robeson and Yates at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Drawing the largest gallery that has ever seen him play in his home town, Walter Hagen, British open golf champion, paired with Joe Kirkwood, today defeated Fillmore Robeson and Arthur Yates, both of this city, two up, on the Oak Hill Country Club links. Hagen had a medal score of 33, 34—67. Yates, 69; Kirkwood, 72, and Robeson, 75. Hagen will play in exhibitions in Buffalo tomorrow and in Toronto Sunday.

SPALLA KNOCKS OUT MAYS.

Ends Bout at Elizabeth A. C. With Right to Jaw in Second Round.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 15.—After one minute and thirty seconds of one-sided fighting in the second round of a scheduled twelve-round bout at the Elizabeth Athletic Club tonight, Erminio Spalla, heavyweight champion of Europe, knocked out Fred Mays of Jersey City with a right to the jaw. The weights were announced as Mays 180 and Spalla 185 pounds.

This was Spalla's first appearance in the ring since his defeat by Gene Tunney, light-heavyweight champion, at the Milk Fund show in New York in July.

Jackson Bout Called Off.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Sully Montgomery-Tut Jackson boxing contest at East Chicago tonight was called off today for lack of interest.

BUFFALO GOLFERS GAIN STATE FINAL

Chase and Comstock Advance Two Rounds Each and Will Meet for Title.

DRIGGS IS ELIMINATED

Defending Champion Bows to Gardner, Who Is In Turn Defeated by Comstock in Afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Aug. 15.—Eddie Driggs, the smiling champion of 1923, is no longer king of the State golfers, for today in a gruelling sixteen-hole battle he met defeat at the hands of W. Hamilton Gardner of Buffalo. Gardner's triumph was short lived, for Henry W. Comstock, also of Buffalo, proceeded to eliminate the conqueror of the champion on the very last green. Lee J. Chase of the Buffalo Park Club, by rounds of wonderful golf, both extra-hole affairs, earned the right to play Comstock in tomorrow's final.

Cool thinking, slow moving, Lee Chase tenaciously putted his way to victory in both matches. His play was deemed the most remarkable because he came from behind to win. Comstock, his opponent tomorrow, is still a youth, game to the core, a long hitter and a fine putter.

Driggs required a 7 for his first hole. When the half-way mark had been completed Driggs found himself two holes down to Gardner, who was out in 37 to 41. Gardner took the tenth but dropped the twelfth and thirteenth. Driggs holed a 20-foot chip shot off the bank on the fourteenth for a three and a half of the hole. He was in the trap on the shot from the tee and was just on the bank in two and then came the unexpected. Gardner was on in one and took two putts. Gardner took the next two holes to end the match—three and two.

Henry W. Comstock, Western New York Champion in 1923, was playing par golf in the morning round against R. L. Ticknor of Syracuse, the match ending on the fifteenth green. Comstock was out in 37 and was two up. He took the next two holes and halved the other four on the home journey.

It was just a year ago that Henry Comstock took the scalp of Ham Gardner in the final of the Western New York championship and the latter was out for revenge, but the Wanakah ace was not to be stopped.

Going out at the fast clip of 36 Gardner found himself two up. But the match took a turn on the tenth. Gardner needed two putts and required two to get out while Comstock was eight feet from the cup on his second and holed the putt to win. He squared the battle on the eleventh when Gardner missed a three-foot putt. The twelfth was halved as were the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth.

The sixteenth is a treacherous hole, and Comstock allowed for his slight hook from the tee when he climbed, but the ball flew straight and carried the trees and came to a rest two feet from the creek, from where he chipped ten feet beyond the cup and holed the putt for a birdie 3, going one up. Gardner lay dead for a par four.

The seventeenth was halved in four. Gardner holing a twelve-foot putt. Fours halved the eighteenth also.

Rochester stars Arthur Yates and Dalley Jr. staged a battle of skill in the morning, the former shooting a 75 and the latter a 73. At the turn Yates was 1 up, but then approached the eighteenth all square, and herein lies a tale. Yates overplayed the green, required a 5 and lost the match when Dalley got a 4.

The summaries:

Third Round—Lee J. Chase, Park Club, defeated F. E. Watties Jr., Wanakah, 1 up, 22 holes; F. W. Dalley Jr., Oakhill, defeated Art Yates, Oakhill, 1 up; H. W. Comstock, Wanakah, defeated R. L. Ticknor, Onondaga, Syracuse, 4 and 3; W. H. Gardner, Buffalo, defeated H. H. Driggs, New York, 3 and 2.

Semi-Finals—Lee J. Chase, Park, defeated J. F. Dalley, Oakhill, Rochester, 1 up, 20 holes; Henry W. Comstock, Wanakah, defeated W. Hamilton Gardner, Buffalo C. C., 1 up.

LIDO INVITES BRITONS TO ONE-DAY TOURNEY

Plans Special Event for English and American Walker Cup Golf Teams.

The British international golfers who are coming to America for the Walker Cup matches to be played here next month will have an opportunity to play a golf course "after their own heart" as a result of plans made by the officials of the Lido Golf Club at Long Beach, L. I.

The club announced yesterday it had received permission from the Metropolitan Golf Association to hold a one-day event, which will be known as the Transatlantic Invitation Tournament, on Monday, Sept. 8. The tournament will be at medal play over thirty-six holes, in honor of the members of the British and American teams, all of whom have been invited, as have also a number of the low handicap players in the metropolitan district. The governors of the club have put up a handsome trophy for the winner, also prizes for second and third best scores.

The holding of the tournament is in the hands of Dr. Allent T. Haight, who, as Chairman of the Tournament Committee of the Lido Golf Club, has been given free rein to make all the necessary arrangements. Dr. Haight has communicated with Henry Gullen, Secretary of the Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews, who is acting manager of the British team, and with Captain Robert A. Gardner of the American defending team.

In response to Dr. Haight's cable to Mr. Gullen the latter replied that, while he did not know definitely what arrangements had been made for the British golfers after their arrival in America, he himself thought well of the idea, and expressed the belief that if there were no conflicting impediments in the way most, if not all, of the members of his team would compete. Captain Gardner replied, stating that he had no authority to speak for the other members of the American team, but advised that Dr. Haight communicate with the individual players.

This has been done by telegraph and also by personal invitations, which are now being sent out to the members of the two teams as well as to most of the low handicap stars in the metropolitan area. A special informal invitation has also been extended to the Prince of Wales to be present.

Lido and the National links are the two American courses that approximate those to be found along the coast in England and Scotland. Both of them afford as true tests of golf as are to be found anywhere. Especially is this true of Lido, which was constructed on filled-in land and which has wonderful turf and even more wonderful putting greens, but with rough that is rough in the fullest sense of the word.

SMITH TO BOX RYDER.

Kaplan and Burnbrook Also to Meet at N. Y. Velodrome.

Arrangements were completed yesterday by Promoter Tex Rickard for two twelve-round bouts to precede the scheduled six-round clash between Paul Berlenbach, Astoria light-heavyweight, and Young Stribling, Georgia product, at the New York Velodrome on Aug. 27. Midget Smith, rugged Harlem bantamweight, and Joe Ryder of Brooklyn will be opponents in one of the twelve-round battles. In the other K. O. Phil Kaplan and Eddie Burnbrook, welterweights, will be rivals. A four-round preliminary will bring together M. Del Pino, Cuban lightweight, and Red Cap Wilson of the West Side.

Airplane Rushes Star Pitcher To Field in Time to Win Game

ST. JAMES, Minn., Aug. 15.—A relief pitcher brought by airplane stopped an onslaught in a baseball game here. La Bissonaire, hurler of the Mankato team of the Southern Minnesota League, missed his teammates when they left Mankato for St. James. A friend offered to take him by airplane. He arrived in time to relieve Mudeking, when the latter blew up, and put a stop to further scoring. Mankato won, 5 to 4, and went into the lead in the league race.

VILLA AND GENARO ACCEPT BOUT TERMS

Expected to Sign Contracts Today

GIANTS AGAIN LOSE TO THE PIRATES, 6-4

Pittsburgh Takes Third Straight and Cuts Champions' Lead to Four Games.

NEHF DRIVEN FROM MOUND

Southpaw Knocked Out in Third When Winners Score Five Runs —Cuyler Gets Homer.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 15.—Base hits by a revamped Giant batting order were plentiful today, but runs from the same source were not, and so the Pirates won the third game of a series by a score of 6 to 4. The fate of the Giants was decided as early as the third inning when, after they made four runs the Pirates bounced right back at them with five. Later the Pirates added another run to their total, but it was a run they didn't need.

The combat opened with Art Nehf pitching against Ray Kremer, but Nehf got only as far as the third inning, when six hits, including a home run by Hazen Cuyler swept him out of action. Claude Jonnard came to his rescue and succeeded in subduing the Pirates, remaining in the game until the eighth inning when he was removed for a pinch hitter. The task of mopping up for the Giants was handed to Bill Ryan. Meanwhile, Kremer, having survived the third inning flurry by the Giants stuck gamely to his task and though he yielded, in all, fourteen hits, he was going stronger than ever at the finish.

By winning today the Pirates lengthened their string of consecutive victories to eight and cut another full game from the Giants' lead. They now lead by only four games. Furthermore, the home team roused the big crowd almost to the point of hysteria and brought several showers of straw hats onto the field.

O'Day Has His Way.

A bid for a run by the Giants in the second inning fell short by inches, that is, it did in the judgment of Umpire O'Day, but as the Giants saw it, it went through and the result of the umpire's decision was a raucous squawk. Jackson was on third base and Snyder on second with two out when a double steal was tried, but Maranville got the ball back to Schmidt in time to nail Jackson at the plate.

The tumultuous third inning began with Groh sending a fly to Barnhart, after which Frisch rapped a single to right and pulled up at second base when Young beat out a hit to Grimm. Wilson also smashed the ball at Grimm, who fumbled, and the bases were filled. Meusel smacked to right, Frisch and Young romping home and Wilson and Meusel moving up one base each when the ball went through Barnhart's legs. Kelly sent a long sacrifice fly to Carey on which Wilson counted and Meusel raced it to third and a single by Jackson brought Meusel in.

The Pirates' half of the inning likewise began with a putout, Schmidt being turned back on a fly to Young. But Kremer singled to left and so did Carey, and when Barnhart singled to right centre Kremer scored. Cuyler here contributed his home run, a blow to centre field that hopped past Wilson as the Giant outfielder lunged at it. The ball went to the fence, and three more runs were registered by the Pirates. Meusel made a fine catch of a long drive by Wright, but Traynor hit to left field for two bases and Maranville drew a pass. Grimm followed with a single past Frisch and Traynor scored. Here Nehf departed for the showers and Jonnard coming in got rid of Schmidt on a fly to Jackson. In the seventh the Pirates increased their lead by one run, employing a hit and run play to this end. Traynor singled to right and raced all the way to the plate when Maranville hammered a double to left.

Kelly Is Short Lived.

A double play stopped the Giants abruptly when they launched an attack in the eighth inning. Jackson beat out a bunt in front of the plate and Snyder having popped to Maranville, Terry was called upon to swing for Jonnard. Bill singled to centre, but when Groh, following him, smacked the ball to Maranville a double play was engineered.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey,cf	5	1	2	3	0	Groh,2b	5	0	2	1	2
Barnhart,rf	5	1	2	1	0	Frisch,2b	5	1	1	2	5
Cuyler,lf	4	1	1	4	0	Young,rf	5	1	2	5	0
Wright,ss	4	0	0	4	4	Wilson,cf	5	1	1	7	0
Traynor,2b	4	2	2	1	5	Meusel,lf	4	1	2	4	0
Maranville,2b	3	0	2	2	3	Kelly,1b	3	0	1	10	0
Grimm,1b	4	0	1	7	0	Jackson,ss	4	0	2	0	0
Schmidt,c	4	0	0	2	1	Snyder,c	4	0	2	1	1
Kremer,p	3	1	1	0	1	Nehf,p	1	0	0	0	1
						Jonnard,p	2	0	0	0	1
						aTerry	1	0	1	0	0
						Ryan,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	12	27	14	Total	39	4	14	24	8

Errors—Pittsburgh 2 (Barnhart, Grimm), a Batted for Jonnard in eighth.

New York	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Pittsburgh	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	6

Two-base hits—Groh, Traynor, Maranville. Home run—Cuyler. Stolen bases—Carey 2, Maranville—Kelly. Double play—Maranville, Wright and Grimm. Left on bases—New York 9, Pittsburgh 6. Bases on balls—Off Nehf 1, Jonnard 1. Struck out—By Nehf 1, Jonnard 1, Kremer 1. Hits—Off Nehf 6 in 2 2-3 innings, Jonnard 4 in 4 1-3, Ryan 3 in 1. Winning pitcher—Nehf. Umpires—O'Day, Quigley and Sweeney. Time of game —1:51.

RED SOX AGAIN VICTORS.

Make It Four Straight Over White Sox, 7-6—Boone Hits Homer.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—The Red Sox made it four straight from Chicago by taking today's game, 7 to 6. Boone made a home run in the third with Flagstead on base. Quinn, who relieved Piercy, was given spectacular support. Eddie Collins and Bib Falk performed for the White Sox brilliantly.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flagst'd,cf	4	2	1	2	0	Morehart,ss	4	2	3	1	1
Wamb'sg,2b	3	0	2	2	4	Archdea'n,cf	5	0	1	0	0
Boone,rf	5	2	2	3	0	E. Collins,2b	4	0	3	4	6
Harris,1b	3	1	2	11	1	Sheely,1b	4	0	2	8	0
J. Collins,lf	4	0	0	2	0	Falk,lf	3	0	1	3	0
Clark,3b	4	1	1	1	2	Hooper,rf	4	1	1	0	0
Pinelch,c	4	0	2	1	2	Kamm,3b	4	1	1	2	1
Geygan,ss	4	0	0	2	5	Grabowski,c	2	1	1	4	1
Piercy,p	1	0	0	0	0	Mostil	3	1	0	0	0
a Veach	1	0	0	0	0	Schalk,c	1	0	0	2	0
Quinn,p	1	0	0	1	1	Mangum,p	2	1	0	0	2
						Connally,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bSheely	1	0	0	0	0
						Harris	1	0	1	0	0
						Lyons,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	7	10	27	15	Total	37	6	14	24	10

Errors—Boston 0, Chicago 3. (Morehart, Wambsganss). Left on bases—Boston 6, Chicago 8. Bases on balls—Off Piercy 4, Grabowski 1, Connally 1, Mangum 1. Hits—Off Piercy 4 in 4 innings, Quinn 5 in 5, Connally 1 in 2-3, Lyons 3 in 1, Mangum 9 in 8 1-3 innings. Connally 1 in 2-3, Lyons 0 in 1, Piercy 7 in 4, Quinn 7 in 5. Wild pitch—Connally. Winning pitcher—Quinn. Losing pitcher—Mangum. Umpires—Ormsby and Dineen. Time of game—1:50.

TO UNVEIL MORAN TABLET.

Landis Will Speak at Memorial Ceremony to Late Reds' Manager.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—A memorial tablet to Pat Moran, late leader of the Cincinnati Reds, will be dedicated at Redland Field in Cincinnati next Monday, as a preliminary to the game between the Giants and Reds.

Baseball commissioner Landis, always a warm admirer of Moran, agreed today to deliver the dedicatory address.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 4, Philadelphia 3.
Boston 7, Chicago 6.
(Other clubs not scheduled.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh 6, New York 4.
Cincinnati 10, Brooklyn 5.
Chicago 5, Philadelphia 3.
St. Louis 6, Boston 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	64	43	.598
Detroit	62	49	.563
Washington	62	51	.549
St. Louis	56	52	.523
Cleveland	52	59	.472
Chicago	51	60	.459
Boston	49	62	.441
Philadelphia	48	65	.425

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	69	41	.627
Pittsburgh	64	44	.593
Chicago	59	47	.591
Brooklyn	60	51	.541
Cincinnati	53	55	.518
St. Louis	46	63	.422
Philadelphia	40	67	.374
Boston	39	69	.361

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
St. Louis at Boston.
Detroit at Washington.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.

HOME RUN DRIVES GIVE CUBS VICTORY

Friberg and Barrett Hit for Circuit as Chicago Beats Phillies, 8 to 6.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15. — Home run smashes by Friberg with two men on and by Barrett with one on gave Chicago a commanding lead and the latter defeated Philadelphia today, 8 to 6, in the first game of the series. Sand hit the first ball pitched by Keen for a home run, and Williams uncorked a homer with a man on in the third.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Adams,ss	3	1	0	2	0	Sand,ss	4	1	1	4	4
Heathcote,rf	4	1	2	2	0	Harper,rf	5	1	2	1	0
Friberg,3b	5	2	1	0	7	Williams,cf	5	1	1	1	0
Grigsby,lf	4	0	1	3	0	Mokan,lf	4	0	0	0	0
Hartnett,c	4	0	9	2	0	Wright's,2b	4	1	1	1	2
Stark,cf	1	1	2	2	0	Blake,1b	4	1	2	7	1
Cotter,1b	3	2	1	13	1	Ford,2b	3	1	1	3	4
Barrett,2b	4	1	1	3	4	Wilson,c	2	0	1	4	1
Keen,p	1	0	0	0	0	Hamilton,c	2	0	1	2	2
Jacobs,p	1	0	0	0	0	Ring,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Couch,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	8	9	27	16	Mitchell,p	3	0	0	1	0
						Total	37	6	10	24	14

Errors—Chicago 0, Philadelphia 2 (Sand, Wilson).

Chicago	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Philadelphia	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	6	6

Two-base hit—Wrightstone. Three-base hit—Stats. Home runs—Sand, Friberg, Williams, Barrett. Stolen bases—Friberg, Grigsby, Adams, Heathcote. Left on bases—Philadelphia 6, Chicago 3. Bases on balls—Off Ring 2, Couch 2, Jacobs 2, Mitchell 1. Struck out—By Ring 2, Couch 2, Jacobs 2. Hits—Off Ring 3 in 1 2-3 innings, Couch 3 in 1 1-3, Mitchell 2 in 5, Keen 1 in 3 1-3, Jacobs 3 in 5 2-3. Wild pitches—Ring, Couch. Winning pitcher—Keen. Losing pitcher—Ring. Umpires—McCormick, Pfirman and Hart. Time of game—1:31.

JONES MAY TWIRL FOR YANKS TODAY

Huggins Reports That Ailing Pitcher Is Improving—Combs Rounding Into Shape.

Although observing a day of rest yesterday, the Yankees were not shaken loose from their hold on first place in the American League pennant race. The Tigers beat the Athletics, but are still a half game away from the New Yorkers. Washington was idle and dropped a half game further behind Detroit.

The Yanks rested up for the series with the White Sox beginning today, while the Tigers and Senators are clawing at each other in Washington. The next few days may decide the ultimate outcome of the pennant scramble. If the Yanks can knock off the White Sox while the Senators and Tigers are battling in the Capital, the Hugmen may gain a lead that will be the decisive factor in the later days of the championship struggle.

Miller Huggins appeared at Yankee headquarters yesterday bearing glad tidings. He carried the news that Sam Jones, the ailing pitcher of the Yanks, seems to be all right again and probably would face the White Sox in the first game of the series today. Lately Sad Sam took a special trip to consult with a specialist, and there was some doubt whether he would be of any use to the Yanks for the balance of the season. However, in the last few days Jones has shown such an improvement that Huggins feels he is ready to start a game against the Chicagoans.

Another cripple rapidly rounding into condition is Earl Combs, the fleet young outfielder who broke his leg in Cleveland on the first trip. Combs donned a uniform and sat on the Yankee bench during the St. Louis series. He is able to walk without any difficulty, and Huggins believes that it is only a question of another week or so before the sensational youngster will be ready to assume his duties in the outfield, probably displacing Whitey Ilt in centre.

BRAVES LOSE TO CARDS.

St. Louisans Bunch Hits in Eighth and Win by 6 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—The Cardinals celebrated their home-coming by winning from the Boston Braves today, 6 to 3. The locals bunched hits in the eighth for three runs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. Smith rf	3	0	1	0	0	Wilson,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Holm,cf	3	0	0	3	0	Padgett,3b	3	0	2	0	2
Hornsby,2b	4	0	1	5	2	Stengel,lf	3	1	0	2	0
Bottomley,1b	4	1	1	8	0	McInnis,1b	4	0	2	10	0
Blades,lf	4	2	2	1	0	Powell,cf	3	0	1	4	1
Cooney,ss	4	1	2	4	5	Shay,2b	4	0	1	2	2
Gonzales,c	4	1	2	1	2	O'Neil,c	4	1	1	2	0
Grigan,2b	4	1	1	4	0	E. Smith,ss	3	1	1	1	3
Dickerman,p	2	0	0	1	4	Barnes,p	3	0	0	0	2
						a Gibson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	12	27	13	Total	34	3	9	24	14

a Batted for Barnes in ninth.

Errors—St. Louis none, Boston 1 (Shay).

St. Louis	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	6
Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3

Two-base hits—Padgett, Blades, Bottomley. Three-base hits—Shay, Blades. Stolen bases—Cooney. Sacrifices—J. Smith, Dickerman, Holm. Double plays—E. Smith, Shay and McInnis; Powell, E. Smith and O'Neil. Left on bases—Boston 7, St. Louis 5. Bases on balls—Off Dickerman 4, Barnes 1. Struck out—By Barnes 1, Dickerman 1. Umpires—Rigler and Moran. Time of game—1:46.

JERSEY POLICEMEN WIN.

Overcome Philadelphia Lead to Win by Score of 8 to 6.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15.—Despite a huge catcher's mitt, a chest protector and all the appurtenances of a backstop, Director of Public Safety Butler muffed the first ball thrown by Assistant Director Elliott today in the baseball game between the Jersey City Police and the Philadelphia Bluecoats. Jersey City won by the score of 8 to 6. The Director succeeded, however, in catching the second ball pitched and ran with it to Police Commissioner Gray of Jersey City, who accepted it as a souvenir. After the first inning the Director and his assistant retired.

Overcoming a two-run lead in the fifth inning, Jersey City battered Hale for four runs and sent him to the showers. The Quakers retaliated with three counters in their half of the session, but Mayor Hague's charges gained two more in the sixth and were not headed again.

The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 0 0 4 2 0 1 1	8	15	2
Philadelphia	0 0 2 0 3 0 1 0 0	6	10	4

Batteries—Masden and McFarland; Elliot, Hale, Raleigh and Butler, Haigh.

A'S WIN TWILIGHT GAME.

Mackmen Play Benefit Contest With Church Team and Triumph, 5-4.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15.—After losing to the Detroit Tigers at Shibe Park today, the Philadelphia Americans defeated the Ascension Catholic Club's baseball team of the Pennsylvania-New Jersey League in a twilight game, 5 to 4, at the Ascension grounds in Kensington. The game was for the benefit of the Ascension Catholic Church. The Athletics gathered all their runs off Phil Curry, who has been signed by Detroit. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia (A)	4 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	5	11	1
Ascen. Cath. C.	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 1	4	10	0

Batteries—Hasty and Bruggy; Curry, Knowlton, Meilinger, Bradley and Magee.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Springfield.

	R.	H.	E.
Springfield	6	8	0
Waterbury	3	10	5

Batteries—Braxton and Nagle; Ulrich and Schauffel.

At Hartford.

	R.	H.	E.
Hartford	17	20	1
New Haven	3	7	2

Batteries—Owen and Redman; Greenfield, Leete, Morrell and Smith.

At Worcester.

	R.	H.	E.
Albany	6	13	0
Worcester	3	9	0

Batteries—Colwell and Ritchie; Batcheider and Ward.

At Pittsfield.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsfield	5	11	1
Bridgeport	4	10	2

Batteries—Wells and Starr; Coffery and Wilson.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Waterbury	73	46	.613	Pittsfield	55	64	.462
Springfield	69	50	.580	New Haven	54	66	.454
Hartford	65	53	.551	Albany	52	67	.442
Worcester	59	63	.471	Bridgeport	48	69	.405

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Ruth, New York	114	399	114	190	.491
Falk, Chicago	97	368	61	132	.398
Collins, Chicago	100	414	76	146	.348
Cobb, Detroit	113	454	85	157	.346
Rice, Boston	95	378	49	109	.344

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby, St. Louis	106	406	91	168	.409
Cuyler, Pittsburgh	70	268	58	115	.376
Wheat, Brooklyn	93	330	49	141	.371
Bush, Cincinnati	82	267	51	130	.354
Brouthe, Cincinnati	78	240	27	84	.350

TIGERS WIN, 4 TO 3, AND GAIN ON YANKS

Cobb's Team Takes Final Game From Athletics After Fighting Off Rally.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15.—The Detroit Tigers gained a half game on the Yankees by taking the final contest of the series from Philadelphia today by a 4-to-3 margin.

Johnson hurled good ball until the last inning when a local rally threatened to tie the score and Dutch Leonard was sent in as relief pitcher and retired the side without further damage.

The score:

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Haney,2b	4	2	2	2	2	Bishop,2b	3	1	0	2	5
O'Rourke,2b	3	1	1	4	6	Galloway,ss	4	0	0	0	0
Cobb,cf	4	0	1	5	0	Lamar,lf	4	1	2	0	0
Heilmann,rf	4	0	2	1	1	Welch,rf	4	0	2	2	0
Pratt,1b	4	0	1	8	0	Miller,1b	4	0	1	11	2
Rigney,ss	4	1	0	2	1	Simmons,cf	4	1	3	2	0
Wingo,lf	4	0	1	2	0	Dykes,3b	3	0	0	2	3
Bassler,c	3	0	0	5	1	Heimer	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson,p	4	0	0	0	0	cRommel	0	0	0	0	0
Leonard,p	0	0	0	0	0	Perkins,c	3	0	1	3	0
						Harris,p	0	0	0	0	0
						dHale	1	0	1	0	0
Total	36	4	9	27	11	Total	36	3	9	27	15

Errors—Detroit 1 (Bassler), Philadelphia 0.
a Batted for Bishop in ninth.
b Batted for Dykes in ninth.
c Ran for Hauser in ninth.
d Batted for Harris in ninth.

Detroit	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	2	0	4
Philadelphia	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

Two-base hits—Wingo, Lamar, Welch, Simmons. Double play—Haney, Bassler, Haney and O'Rourke. Left on bases—Detroit 7, Philadelphia 7. Bases on balls—Off Jamack 3, Harris 2. Struck out—By Johnson 4, Heimach 1, Hale 1. Off Johnson in 8 2-3 innings, Heimach 0 in 7 3-3, Leonard 0 in 1-3, Harris 0 in 1 1-3. Winning pitcher—Johnson. Losing pitcher—Heimach. Umpires—Holmes and Evans. Time of game—2:07.

SKEETERS BUNCH HITS AND DEFEAT BUFFALO

Get Seven Safeties Off Lepard and Take Last Game of the Series, 5 to 1.

Bunched hitting by Jersey City against the curves of Pitcher Lepard gave the Skeeters the concluding game of the series with Buffalo yesterday afternoon at Jersey City by a score of 5 to 1.

The home team collected seven hits, including two triples and a pair of doubles. Hanson twirled a strong game for the Skeeters, scattering the Bisons' five hits in as many innings.

The score:

JERSEY CITY (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BUFFALO (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lawry,2b	4	0	0	2	2	Spencer,cf	5	0	2	3	0
Agnew,cf	4	0	1	0	0	Miller,3b	5	1	1	0	1
Walsh,rf	3	0	1	1	0	Burns,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Holt,1b	3	1	1	10	0	Kelly,1b	4	1	0	7	1
Freitag,c	3	2	1	6	4	Dye,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Shannon,lf	4	0	0	3	0	Webb,2b	3	1	0	2	2
Sheridan,3b	4	1	1	1	1	McAvoy,c	4	0	1	5	0
Ray,ss	3	1	2	4	3	Kingdon,ss	3	0	0	3	4
Hanson,p	4	0	1	0	3	Lepard,p	2	0	1	1	1
						xHill	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	7	27	13	Total	37	1	5	24	6

Errors—Jersey City 1 (Sheridan), Buffalo 1 (Webb).
x Batted for Lepard in ninth.

Jersey City	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	5
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

Two-base hits—Sheridan, Ray, Burns, Kelly (2), Shannon. Double play—Lawry, Ray and Holt. Left on bases—Jersey City 7, Buffalo 10. Bases on balls—Off Lepard 4, Hanson 1. Struck out—By Hanson 5, Lepard 2. Hit by pitcher—By Hanson (Kelly). Balk—Hanson. Passed ball—McAvoy. Umpires—McDevitt, McBride and Carpenter. Passed ball—McAvoy. Time of game—1:50.

BEARS ARE BEATEN TWICE.

Wind Up Series With Toronto by Losing, 1 to 0 and 9 to 3.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 15.—The Newark Bears closed their series here today with Toronto by losing both ends of a double-header by scores of 1 to 0 and 9 to 3. The first game was a pitchers' duel between Reynolds and Mohart, with the former having an edge. The Leafs pounded Ellis all over the lot in the second game, while the Bears found Judd a puzzle.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

TORONTO (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	0	2	5	0	Zitman,3b	4	0	0	0	5
Maisel,3b	4	0	1	1	2	Pitt,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Kelly,rf	4	0	2	1	0	Kane,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Layne,lf	4	0	0	2	0	Whitman,cf	4	0	0	0	1
Onslow,1b	4	0	0	13	0	Styles,2b	4	0	1	4	4
Boll,2b	4	0	2	1	2	Devine,c	4	0	1	8	1
Miller,ss	3	1	0	1	3	Murray,1b	3	0	1	11	1
Stanage,c	4	0	2	2	0	Knothe,ss	4	0	1	4	5
Reynolds,p	3	0	0	0	3	Mohart,p	3	0	0	0	2
						aSheehan	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	1	10	27	9	Total	34	0	6	27	19

Errors—Toronto 2 (Maisel, Onslow); Newark 1 (Murray).
a Batted for Murray in ninth.

Toronto	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacrifices—Mohart, Miller. Double play—Knothe and Styles. Left on bases—Newark 8, Toronto 8. Base on balls—Off Mohart 1. Struck out—By Mohart 2, Reynolds 2. Passed ball—Devine. Umpires—Derr and James. Time of game—1:45.

SECOND GAME.

TORONTO (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	1	1	0	0	Zitman,3b	4	0	2	1	3
Maisel,3b	2	1	1	1	3	Pitt,lf	4	0	2	2	2
Kelly,lf	1	1	1	0	0	Kane,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Layne,rf	4	2	2	4	0	Whitman,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Onslow,1b	4	1	0	8	0	Styles,2b	3	1	0	0	1
Boll,2b	3	0	1	2	4	Dougherty,c	3	1	1	4	0
Miller,ss	4	0	1	1	0	Murray,1b	2	0	1	6	0
Sullivan,c	4	1	1	5	0	Knothe,ss	3	0	1	2	2
Judd,p	3	2	2	0	3	Ellis,p	2	1	0	1	2
Total	36	9	12	21	10	Total	28	3	8	21	10

Errors—Toronto 1 (Sullivan); Newark 2 (Styles, Ellis).

Toronto	2	3	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	9
Newark	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3

Two-base hits—Sullivan, Pitt, Judd, Miller. Three-base hits—Layne, Boll, Murray. Home runs—Layne, Dougherty. Stolen bases—Zitman. Sacrifices—Kelly, Onslow, Maisel, Boll. Left on bases—Newark 6, Toronto 4. Bases on balls—Off Ellis 4, Judd 2. Struck out—By Judd 5, Ellis 1. Umpires—James and Derr. Time of game—1:30.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES

At Reading.

	R.	H.	E.
Reading	6	9	1
Rochester	5	9	2

Batteries—Kelly and Haley; Wisner, Bicsom, Fleshitter and Lake; Munn.

Other games not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	86	53	.723	Buffalo	67	64	.471
Toronto	74	64	.602	Syracuse	65	64	.462
Rochester	69	61	.530	Reading	56	69	.400
Newark	61	61	.500	Jersey City	50	80	.328

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Newark.
Syracuse at Reading.
Rochester at Baltimore.

Baseball Today, Yankee Stadium, Yankees vs. Chicago. Game starts at 3 P. M.—Advt.

U. S. ATHLETES WIN TAILTEANN TITLE

Score 64½ Points in Track and Field—Ireland Has 43½ and Australia 16.

OSBORNE WILDLY CHEERED

Kinsey and Shanahan Agree to Give First Honors in Decathlon to Injured Star.

DUBLIN, Aug. 15 (Associated Press). —After having added further successes today to their achievements at the Tailteann Games, the American athletes left tonight for England. The Americans led in the final scoring with 64½ points. Ireland was next with 43½, while the other contesting countries finished as follows: Australia, 16 points; South Africa, 8; England, 6; Canada, 5; New Zealand, 2, and Scotland, 1.

Harold M. Osborne of the Illinois A. C., who sustained a thigh injury yesterday that necessitated his withdrawal from the decathlon with three of his favorite events still to be contested, witnessed the games at Croke Park this afternoon and was given a great ovation. His fellow-athletes carried him around the track to the cheers of the spectators, and by agreement between Dan Kinsey, also of the Illinois A. C., and Shanahan of Ireland, who were close behind Osborne in the decathlon, the points in the events in which Osborne could not compete were awarded to the American, thus making him the winner. Kinsey agreed that Shanahan be placed second.

Before leaving for England, Osborne sent the following message to the Irish sporting public:

"Just prior to leaving Ireland I wish to make known my sincere appreciation of the wonderful way in which I have been treated during my short stay in your country. Every courtesy and every kindness was extended to me, and I now realise what a true Irish welcome means. I am voicing the opinion of all the overseas athletes when I say we are all deeply grateful. My one ambition is to return to Ireland again, and if the fates be kind I hope to renew my acquaintance with the delightful Irish sporting public next Summer. Until then, farewell."

The Americans today won the 1,600-meter international relay race. Ireland was second and England third. The time of the event was 3:24 3-5.

Bob Le Gendre of the Newark A.

TOMORROW
The New York Times
Feature Section

A NOTABLE and timely article will analyze and contrast the three Presidential candidates—Coolidge, Davis and La Follette—on the basis of the acceptance speeches of the Republican and Democratic standard bearers and La Follette's declaration of principles. Where every one of the three stand on major and minor issues is set forth. The article is a campaign document of interest and importance. It is by William L. Chenery.

* * *

The rise of the Van Sweringens, new railroad system kings, is explained in an article which shows how the Cleveland brothers, from small transportation undertakings, have now come to rule the new merger of the Nickel Plate, the Erie, Pere Marquette and Chesapeake and Ohio.

* * *

Russia, now seven years aloof under the turbulent rule of the Soviets, is engaged in a new drive for treaties, anxious to obtain recognition and to have a share in the concert of powers. Elias Tobenkin writes on the changes in Soviet economic and industrial policy and their bearing on Russia's foreign relations.

Rotogravure Picture Section

A PAGE of pictures of the welcome which Clarksburg gave to John W. Davis when the Democratic nominee went home for the notification ceremonies is a feature of this section. Other photographs include a striking one of the great dirigible Shenandoah moored to the mast of the U. S. S. Patoka, only ship of its kind in the world.

* * *

General Pershing is shown in one of his last official duties before retiring as Chief of the General Staff, watching the setting-up exercises of the citizen soldiers at Camp Vail, N. J. From the Northern Orkneys comes a picture of the round-the-world fliers being greeted by the island girls before the beginning of their last lap across the Atlantic.

* * *

The portrait of Lady Astor which aroused such a debate when it was hung in the House of Commons and has now been covered up; a new aerial view of downtown Manhattan showing the Court House now building; and a group of girls who took part in a masque laying a wreath on the grave of Inez Milholland are other features in the Rotogravure section.

Magazine Section.

EDOUARD HERRIOT, premier of France, who visited the United States last Fall, writes his impressions of the country under the title "The Land of Joy." The then Mayor of Lyons came here to observe our industrial system and our manner of life.

* * *

P. W. Wilson writes on the return of the Prince of Wales to these shores and of the reasons for this likeable young man's popularity.

* * *

A beautifully illustrated article describes the life of the penguins in Antarctica. The odd habits of these quaint birds and particularly of the giant Emperor penguin, which attains a weight of 85 pounds, and hatches its eggs in Winter at a temperature of 90 degrees below zero are fully described.

Book Review.

THE opening of the Fall book season brings several new important novels to the reviewer's desk. Wallace Irwin's "The Golden Bed," E. M. Forster's novel of challenge and indictment, "A Passage to India," Carl Van Vechten's "The Tattooed Countess" are among the new works of fiction appraised.

* * *

Those who thought that modern life made that of earlier centuries pale by comparison will find plenty to interest them in Allen Sinclair Will's review of "The Waning of the Middle Ages" by J. Huizinga. He discovers that in the middle ages life was full of excitement.

* * *

Other reviews are of Joe Mitchel Chappie's biography of President Harding, and an article of those who love the sea apropos of the book of "Sailing Ship Models" just published. Elizabeth Robins Pennell contributes an article on the centenary of Charles Godfrey Leland.

The New York Times
Reserve a copy of tomorrow's issue at your news stand today.

BIG BLAZE IS BEST IN GEYSER HANDICAP

Glen Riddle Farm's Three-Year-Old Beats My Play a Head in Saratoga Feature.

BATSMAN WINS THE SENECA

Runs the Six Furlongs in 1:12 4-5 to Lead Five Others Home—12 to 1 Shot Takes Opener.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—In a finish that brought the crowd to its feet in a fever of excitement, the Glen Riddle Farm's three-year-old colt Big Blaze beat the Lexington Stable's five-year-old My Play by a head to win the Geyser Handicap, which had the place of honor on the card at the Saratoga course this afternoon. Ridden by Kennedy and carrying 106 pounds, the winner ran the mile in 1:38 over a track that was fast but not at its best. Big Blaze was held at 4—1. My Play being the favorite, backed from 4 to 1 to 11 to 5.

The Seneca Claiming Stakes, a six-furlong dash restricted to the three-year-olds, proved an easy victory for the Crown Point Stable's Batsman, by Hourless—Bridlewise, on which Fields had the mount. Taking up 106 pounds, he ran the distance in 1:12 4-5 to beat five others. The race was worth $3,400 to the owner of the winner.

There was another big week-end crowd on hand for the afternoon's sport, the grand stand being filled to capacity and every seat at the clubhouse tables occupied. It was a poor afternoon for the players, not a favorite coming down in front.

Eight in the Feature.

Eight went to the post in the chute for the Geyser Handicap. I. B. Humphrey's Little Chief, making his second start since his return from the Pacific Coast, picking up top weight of 119 pounds, with My Play taking up two less. They were off well after four minutes at the post, and My Play at once showed in front. They were in close quarters coming on to the main track, the mixup being caused by Jockey Howard on the Triple Springs Farm's Wilkes-Barre crossing his field. For that breach of the rules the youngster was set down for three racing days.

The Greentree Stable's Exodus, second choice in the wagering at 3 to 1, was the chief sufferer. He was knocked on to the rail and never recovered in time to be a contender. Ivan Parke, who had the mount, was called to the stand after the race to give his version of the incident, after which Howard's suspension was announced.

My Play quickly opened daylight on Little Chief, Kennedy holding Big Blaze nicely placed back of the little scrapper of Wrack. They ran in that order down the back stretch and around the turn. In the home stretch Kennedy sent Big Blaze up to do battle with My Play, and the pair in the final jumps to the wire by the margin of his head. Little Chief was a little more than a length back of My Play. The fractional times of the race were 0:24 4-5, 0:47 4-5, 1:12 4-5, 1:38.

The Seneca Claiming Stakes was easily won. Batsman took the track from H. L. Gerry's Quarantine, after the latter had broken into the lead, and came away from his field steadily. Quarantine ran second until they were straightened out for home, when he was challenged by Mrs. W. M. Jefford's Cockney, which beat him for the place by a length. Quarantine lasted to take the short end by three quarters of a length from the Audley Farm's New Gold.

J. S. Ward's Wrack filly Defiant was the 11-to-5 favorite, but was given a weak ride by Kurtsinger. New Gold was the second choice, 13 to 5, and fared little better in the hands of Stutts. The winner was in light with 106 pounds, the fractional times of the race being 0:24, 0:47 2-5, 1:12 4-5. The stable profited to the amount of $3,400 by Batsman's victory.

The Crown Point Purse, a dash of five and a half furlongs for two-year-olds, produced one of the finest finishes of the meeting, when Marshall Field's Stimulus and the Idle Hour Farm Stable's Brown Sugar, by Brown Prince 24—Sweet Alice, raced head and head practically the entire distance and finished in that order, heads apart. Stimulus, which had Thurber in the saddle and carried 110 pounds, was a 5-to-1 shot, while Brown Sugar was second choice at 11 to 5. Harry Payne Whitney's The Bat, the public choice at 8 to 5, was never a factor.

The opening race was for three-year-olds and upward at seven furlongs and a 12-to-1 shot backed down from 20-to-1 carried off the money. This was the Laurel Park Stud's Fraternity 2d, which made his Saratoga début as a steeplechaser, but returned to jumping in that race. He has shown speed enough to take a chance with on the flat and made good in his first appearance.

Winner Away Slowly.

The gelded son of Cannobie and Francisca was away slowly, but gradually drew up on the others and won in a driving finish in which he beat the favorite, Clarence Buxton's Sledge by half a length. Mrs. E. Earlington's Redskin had the early speed and showed the way down the back stretch, but stopped short in the home stretch to finish a poor last. Mrs. W. Rosen's Vulcain Queen took the short end of the purse. Callahan had the mount on the winner, which carried 120 pounds.

Five paraded for the High Rock Steeplechase over the course of about two miles and while only three stood up two of them provided a red-hot finish in which the Greentree Stable's Pirate Gold five-year-old gelding by Rock View out of Gold, beat J. E. Widener's Parlay by three-quarters of a length, outstaying the son of Trojan in the run on the flat.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. Seven furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Fraternity II.	110	Callahan	12-1	1½
Sledge	110	L. Fator	5-2	2nk
Vulcain Queen	108	Breusing	15-1	3½
Sun Rajah	103	Ralls	3-1	4?
Lavoy	109	Harvey	12-1	5nk
Wild Goose	110	Parke	6-1	6?
Loveable	109	Hudgins	10-1	7?
Bye Bye	103	Williams	30-1	8?
Redskin	113	McAtee	8-1	9

Place and show—Fraternity II., 5-1, 2-1; Sledge, even, 2-5; Vulcain Queen, 6-1, 3-1.

Time—1:26.

Start good; won driving; place same. Fraternity II., by g., 4, by Cannobie—Francisca; owned by the Laurel Park Stud and trained by F. W. White.

SECOND RACE.

For four-year-olds and upward; the High Rock Steeplechase; purse $1,000. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Pirate Gold	139	B. Haynes	16-5	1¾
Parlays	139	D. Byers	8-5	2?
Double Tip	151	O'Connor	8-1	3
Tassel	136	Sims	4-5	?
Fair Mac	139	Diamond	30-1	?

Place and show—Pirate Gold, 7-10, 1-4; Parlays, even, 3-5; Double Tip, 5-2, even.

Time—4:22½.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Pirate Gold, br. g., 5, by Rock View—Gold; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by V. Powers.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds; twenty-second running of the Seneca Claiming Stakes; purse, $1,500 added. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Batsman	106	Fields	9-2	1?
Cockney	113	Carter	16-5	2?
Quarantine	106	Thurber	10-1	3½
New Gold	109	Stutts	13-5	4?
Defiant	99	Kurtsinger	11-5	5½
Hoofleur	101	Harvey	20-1	6

Place and show: Batsman, 8-5, 7-10; Cockney, 7-5, 3-5; Quarantine, 4-1, 8-5.

Time—1:12 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. Batsman, ch. c., 3, by Hourless—Bridlewise; owned by the Crown Point Stable and trained by F. J. Fox.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Geyser Handicap; purse, $1,200 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Big Blaze	106	Kennedy	4-1	1?
My Play	117	Schuttinger	11-5	2½
Little Chief	119	Malben	10-1	3?
Wilkes-Barre	95	Howard	30-1	4nk
Valador	98	Callahan	8-1	5½
K.Solomon's Seal	107	Legere	10-1	6½
Thunderclap	110	L. Fator	8-1	7?
Exodus	109	Parke	3-1	8

Place and show: Big Blaze, 4-5, 4-5; My Play, 4-5, 1-2; Little Chief, 4-1, 2-1.

Time—1:38.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Big Blaze, b. c., 3, by Campfire—Queen of the Hills; owned by the Glen Riddle Farm and trained by G. R. Tompkins.

FIFTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; non-winners of $2,300 in 1924; allowances; purse $1,000. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Stimulus	110	Thurber	5-1	1?
Brown Sugar	113	Blind	11-5	2½
Arbitration	115	Barnes	12-1	3?
Volante	105	Fields	15-1	4?
The Bat	105	Parke	8-5	5½
Gold Stick	105	McAtee	50-1	7½
Finaland	113	W. Lang	12-1	2½
McCrimmon	107	Brothers	100-1	9?
Retire	115	Ralls	20-1	10

Place and show—Stimulus, 2-1, even; Brown Sugar, 4-5, 1-5; Arbitration, 12-1, 6-1.

Time—1:06 1-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Stimulus, ch. c., 2, by Ultimus—Hurakan; owned by Marshall Field and trained by G. M. Odom.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; non-winners of two races; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Apprehension	112	L. Fator	3-1	1½
Barbary Bush	108	Parke	9-10	2?
Purity	115	Keogh	7-1	3?
Nellie Kelly	115	Hastings	15-1	4½
Aragon	115	Malben	15-1	5?
Suburban	115	Callahan	15-1	6?
Flames	105	Fields	15-1	7

Place and show—Apprehension, even, 2-5; Barbary Bush, 1-4, out; Purity, 5-2, 6-5.

Time—1:38 4-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Apprehension, br. c., 3, by Friar Rock—Swan Song; owned by the Oak Ridge Stable and trained by J. Loftus.

Weather clear; track fast.

57 YEARLINGS BRING $218,200 AT THE SPA

Greentree Stable Pays Top Price of $15,500 for Colt by The Finn—Hurakan.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—One of the largest yearling sales in recent years in point of numbers was that tonight when fifty-seven head from the Himyar Stud of Phil T. Chinn of Lexington, Ky., were sold under the hammer in the paddocks of the Fasig-Tipton Company.

The total realized was $218,200, an average of $3,828. Top price was $15,500, which was paid by the Greentree Stable for the bay or brown colt by The Finn—Hurakan, a half brother to Equinoctial, Ultimata and Stimulus. Among the bidders for the colt were Harry F. Sinclair, William Carrick and Marshall Field.

William Karrick paid $13,500 for the chestnut colt by The Finn—imp. Perplexing. The next highest price was $8,500, which was paid by J. E. Davis for the bay or brown colt by Kwang-Su—La Marseillaise. C. J. Fitzgerald paid $8,000 for the brown colt by Ballot—Postpone, while Frank J. Farrell bought the bay colt by Sweep—imp. Sournoise, for $7,800. Mr. Farrell also paid $7,700 for the black colt by The Finn—Planuteus.

The imported bay colt by Phalaris—Carnival was knocked down to W. T. Anderson for $6,500. William Karrick took the black filly by Black Toney—imp. Bird Loose, for $6,200. Howard Oots invested $6,000 for the brown colt by The Finn—Blakeslee.

The imported gray colt by Grey Fox II.—Peppermint was bought by Howard Oots for $5,900. Max Hirsch took the chestnut colt by Peter Pan—Lucrative for $5,800.

SANDE MAKING PROGRESS.

Jockey Keating Also Reported to Be Improving at Saratoga.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—At the Saratoga Hospital tonight it was reported that Earl Sande was progressing as expected. Dr. James Russell and Admiral Cary T. Grayson called at the hospital today for an examination of their patient and pronounced his condition as satisfactory, on other visitors were admitted.

Steeplechase Jockey Keating was reported as improving consistently.

TO TRAIN IMPORTED FILLY.

C. B. Schaffer Will Ship $10,000 Yearling to Lexington, Ky.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The yearling filly by imp. Prince Palatine out of Quixota by McGee, for which C. B. Schaffer paid $10,000 at the Xalapa Farm sale last night, will be put into training. It was announced this afternoon that Thomas Young, son of the late Colonel Milton Young, who acted as bidder for Mr. Schaffer, stated that the filly will be shipped to Lexington, Ky., to be broken and trained by him.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Corinth Handicap, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Modo, 118 pounds, Palmist 120, Top Sergeant 106, WellKinder 106, Roland 98, Maxie 106, Rejection 114, Skyscraper 122, Banter 119, Sherman 113, Donnelly 109, Scoop 104, Noel 110, King O'Neil 2d, 108, Rigel 119, Tester 117, Costigan 105, Pepp 116, *Dream Maker 110.

Wellfinder and Roland, Mrs. R. I. Miller entry; Sherman and Donnelly, Samuel Louis entry; Noel and King O'Neill 2d, E. B. McLean entry; Rigel and Tester, Rancocas Stable entry.

SECOND RACE—The North American Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Carabinier 140 pounds, El Kantara 150, Houdini 134, Autumn Belle 152, Mimata 134.

THIRD RACE—The Spinaway, for fillies two years old; 5½ furlongs. Blue Warbler 112 pounds, Mother Goose 123, Swinging 112, Malbird 109, Flying Comet 112, On Top 109, Stolle 107, Ch. 108, Lightship 108, Royalite 110, Nine 112, Minthol 109, Kitty Fat 107, Maid at Arms 112.

Mother Goose and Swinging, H. P. Whitney entry; Royalite and Nine, Rancocas Stable entry; Stolle and Lightship, W. M. Jeffords entry.

FOURTH RACE—The Travers, for three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. Aga Khan 115 pounds, Sobtail 120, Mr. Muff 108, Thorndale 118, Klondyke 120, Lucky Play 120, Ordinance 128 Spic and Span 118, Sun Flag 115.

Lucky Play and Ordinance, August Belmont entry; Spic and Span and Sun Flag, G. A. Cochran entry.

FIFTH RACE—Claiming, for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. *Flying Devil 105, Spahid, Good Night 116, Bellini 105, Tuxedo 105, *Little Ammie 108, Sprig 105, Romany 106, *Anniversary 100, *Woodlake 107, Olyathus 110, Kellerman 105, Irene Sweeny 100, Ceylon Prince 115, Slyvan Spring 112.

Flying Devil and Good Night, S. Gooch entry.

SIXTH RACE—For maiden fillies two years old; five and a half furlongs. Fair Vision 108, Blackjack, Cameleon 98, Hoodlum, Alliance, Bargain Day, Gold Brick, Teapot, Margaret E. Hope, Pleasant Memories, Monna Vanna, Longing, Honeymerney, Lithuania, Kilashandra, Sing On, Sun Tess and Florence Nightingale 115 pounds each.

Fair Vision and Ada Blackjack, R. T. Chinn entry; Gold Brick and Teapot, R. T. Whitney entry; Pleasant Memories and Monna Vanna, Riviera Stable entry.

*Five pounds allowance claimed.

†Weather clear; track fast.

TILLY BROOKE CLOSE TO TROTTING RECORD

Covers Mile in 2:01 2-5 at North Randall Practically to Equal Old World's Mark.

3 FASTEST HEATS OF 1924

Winner Does Second in 2:02 1-5 and Marmaduke the Third in 2:04 2-5—Favorite Scores.

NORTH RANDALL, Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 15 (Associated Press). — Tilly Brooke, six-year-old mare by Justice Brooke—The Miss Stokes, driven by Thomas Murphy, Syracuse reinsman, virtually equaled the world's trotting race record to a sulky here today when she negotiated the first heat of the 2:05 class trotting in 2:01 2-5. The record, 2:01 1-4, or three-twentieths of a second faster, was established on this track by Hamburg Belle in 1909 and horsemen consider Tilly Brooke's time as equal.

By trotting the second heat in 2:02 1-5, Tilly Brooke trotted the two fastest heats of the year.

Cupid's Albingen set the pace in the record mile, stepping the first quarter in 0:30 2-5, the half in one minute flat and the three-quarters in 1:30 2-5. There he was overtaken by Murphy's mount, which stepped the last quarter in 0:30 4-5.

By going the third mile of the 2:05 trot in 2:04 2-5, Marmaduke made it the three fastest miles trotted this year. The time for the three heats totals one-quarter of a second faster than the world's fastest three miles trotted by Peter Manning, in willing the Transylvania at Lexington on Oct. 7, 1920. Manning's time was 2:05, 2:02¾, 2:02¾. Neither of these miles is as fast as the two negotiated by Tilly Brooke.

Favorites swept the card in straight heats.

The summaries:

2:16 CLASS, PACING.

Purse $1,200. (Three-heat Plan.)

Little Georgs, ch. g., by Little Jack (Kelly)	1	1	ro
Pete Green, b. g., by Peter Scott (Thomas)	2	2	2
Venice Stout, b. m. (Caton)	5	3	3
Prince Direct, b. g. (Wolverton)	3	4	4
Miss Dorothy Dillon, ch. m., by Dillon Boy (Cleveland)	4	5	6
Golden Direct, Billy Z. and Daphne the Great also started.			

Time—2:08¾, 2:05 4-5, 2:08 1-5.

2:07 CLASS, TROTTING, THE CUYAHOGA.

Purse $3,000. (Three-Heat Plan.)

Etta Druien, b. m., by Etawah (Murphy)	1	1	ro
Trampabit, b. g., by Trampfast (V. Fleming)	2	3	1
Prince Bondsman, br. g. (Haldeman)	3	2	2
Emma Harvester, b. m. (Custer)	5	5	3
Todd Hart, blk. g. (Putnam)	4	4	4

Arnold Frisco also started.

Time—2:06 2-5, 2:08 1-5, 2:08 3-5.

2:05 CLASS, TROTTING.

Purse $1,500. (Three-Heat Plan.)

Tilly Brooke, b. m., by Justice Brooks (Murphy)	1	1	ro
Marmaduke, br. g., by Belwin (Valentine)	4	2	1
Cupid's Albingen, b. g. (Childs)	2	4	2
Alleal, br. m. (Rutherford)	3	3	5
Rochelle Maid, br. m. (Egan)	9	5	3
Walter Stering, Harvest Day, Peter Fellows, The Consequence and Greyworthy also started.			

Time—2:01 2-5, 2:02 1-5, 2:04 2-5.

2:11 CLASS, PACING.

Purse $1,200.

La Paloma, b. m., by Walter Direct (Barry)	1	1	ro
Sempre, b. g., by Ivan Barr (McVay)	4	2	1
Knap Frisco, br. g. (Stokes)	2	3	4
Lambetto, gr. h. (Ray)	3	5	2
Lilcarty, ch. g. (Willis)	5	4	3

L. D. also started.

Time—2:05 2-5, 2:05 2-5, 2:06 1-5.

DR. NICK IS WINNER IN THE 2:14 TROT

Does Fastest Mile of the Year for a Gelding in Second Heat at Middletown.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETON, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Before a large getaway crowd at the Harry Clay track this afternoon the black gelding Dr. Nick from Worcester, Mass., Harry Brusie driving, trotted the fastest mile by a gelding this year on a half-mile track in the United States. This was in the second heat of the 2:14 class trot. Brusie received $100 from the society for the track record and also received the Chamber of Commerce bowl, which was presented by Adrian H. Crawford, President of the organization.

Trotting in his usual fine style, Worthy Todd, driven by Billy Lee, took the 2:20 trot in straight heats. In the first heat of the race Sybil Prisco finished second. Kate Hal, the Toronto mare, owned and with Barry driving, won the mile pace in three straight heats, beating the record of Symbal S. Forest on the historic track at Goshen last week. The big chestnut mare finished each of the three heats in 2:14¾, the fastest pacing time made on the track during the meeting. The Rotary Club Cup was presented to Barry F. Peter H. Mitchell, President of the club.

The summaries:

2:14 CLASS TROT.

Purse $1,000. (Three-heat Plan.)

Dr. Nick, blk. g., by Dr. Argo (Brusie)	2	1	1
Roma Asoff, b. m., by Asoff (White)	1	3	5
Program, b. s., by Justice Brooke (Snow)	3	2	2
Frank Waits, b. g. (Ackerman)	5	4	3
Ruth Brooke, b. m. (Lease)	4	5	4

Time—2:11¾; 2:09¾; 2:09¾.

20:20 TROT.

Purse $2,000. (Three-heat Plan.)

Worthy Todd, b. s., by Peter Worthy (Lease)	1	1	1
Sybil Frisco, b. m., by San Francisco (Brusie)	2	2	3
Peter Contrail, ch. g. (Hyde)	3	3	4
Aspyra, b. m. (Maloney)	6	4	2
Atlantic Princess, b. m. (Phillips)	4	5	6
King Worthy, b. g. (Muse)	Dis.		

Time—2:12¾; 2:13¾; 2:12¾.

2:05 PACE.

Purse $1,000. (Three-Heat Plan.)

Kate Hal, ch. m., by Hal Memory (Barry)	1	1	1
Symbol S. Forest, b. g., by Symbolser (Pitman)	2	2	2
Iva Loo, b. m., by Ortolan Axworthy (Hyde)	3	3	3

Time—2:04¾; 2:05¾; 2:04¾.

HAWTHORNE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile. Fast Thing, 107 pounds, Devil Girl 106, Loughcogan 126, *Colfin 108, Polly Christy 118, *Tikeh 121, *Great Lady 116, *Furor 108, Guy 126, *War Winner 121, Whirling Dun 126.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; allowances; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Special 108 pounds, †Frances Victoria 110, †Mark Master 112, Oil Burner 113, Moon Maple 120, Louis Rubenstein 120, †Harry Ian 113, Desert Gold 108, †Laddie Buck 108.

†International Stable entry.

‡Woodlawn Stable entry.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; for three-year-olds and upward; the Flamondon Handicap; mile and a sixteenth. Polvo 95 pounds, The Roll Call 106, Gibbon 118, Cannon Shot 108, Postillion 103, Red Wingfield 115, Ethel Clayton 114.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $2,500; the Great Northern Hotel Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Brunswick 116 pounds, The Rant 110, Boy O'Boy 100, †Lady Fox 97, Sanola 111, King's Ransom 100, Champlain 104, Better Luck 120, Tiptoe Inn 91, ‡Quinos Cardea 105, Marionette 106, The Araucanian 106, Tacoma Fox 96, Jim 105, Tiff 97, Weant entry, R. L. Baker entry.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and an eighth. Kaulia 108 pounds, *Lemonola, Silvern 106, *Mary Ellen O. 96, *Lierra 103, *Kit 99, Wong Bok 101, Hoy 116, *Halekaka 111, *Baile Amie 103, Jimson 101, Sagamore 113.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. *Jack Frost 104 pounds, Vanishing Boy 104, *Verdict 104, *Virginia 111, *Heavy Artillery 103, *Power 98, Himmel 108, Rocky Mountain 116.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

*Apprentice allowance five pounds claimed.

EPINARD IS SWIFT AWAY FROM BARRIER

French Colt Shows Tremendous Speed in First Test at Leaving Post.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Epinard had his first experience at the barrier this morning and his work left no doubt that he is a smart colt at the start. There has been doubt expressed whether the French four-year-old would be able to qualify with the best of the American sprinters as a post horse, whether he could get away from the barrier on his toes so as to be able to keep within striking distance of some of the cracks on this side which are noted for being able to leave the gate running.

This question the French colt answered this morning when Trainer Eugene Leigh sent him to the seven-furlong starting point in company with the two-year-old filly Satin Slippers, which was his traveling companion across the Atlantic on the steamship Berengaria.

Roy Dickinson was doing the schooling, and when he yelled "Come On?" Epinard left the gate like a whippet unleashed. In a few strides he opened daylight on Satin Slippers, a very speedy filly—and when Haynes gave the colt his head he showed the big crowd of railbirds some of the speed that has made him famous. Some of the watches showed a quarter in about 24 seconds with three-eighths in 0:37 2-5.

Tom Welsh was among those who saw the schooling, and said afterward: "Epinard is a different horse when he is allowed to run as he was this morning. His action was all that could be desired."

HAWTHORNE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Golden Lynn, 107 pounds (Eaton), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Try Again, 116 (Barrett), 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Boo Boo, 102 (Joass), even, third. Time 1:07 2-5. Acceleration, Gilding Fox, Helen Carter, Miss Omond, June Day, Ann H., Captain Schneller, Rhona and Anna M. Daugherty also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Body Guard, 108 pounds (Fischer), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Clouchjordan, 108 (Ellis), 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Soldier II., 112 (Erickson), even, third. Time—1:13. True American, Monkshound, Sunny Ducrow, Lavinia, Theo, Lugs, Glad News and Koellia also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Max Brick, 106 pounds (Yelton), 25 to 1, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, first; Coyne, 117 (Frank), 2 to 1, even, second; Finday, 112 (Barrett), even, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Prosecutter, Impossible, Beautiful Addie, St. Angelina, Top o' th' Morning, Auntie Millin, Guvnor, Whalebone, Sophia Maria and Climax also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; Yellow Cab Claiming Handicap; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Quince Garden, 105 pounds (Barrett), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 6, first; Dr. Hickman, 114 (Bell), 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Aledon, 107 (Schaa), 7 to 2, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Sakai, Everglade, Ramasant and Stake Me also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-sixteenth miles. Prospect, 111 pounds (Erickson), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Bill's Luck, 101 (Pendergrass), 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Jordan, 106 (Francesco), 8 to 5, third. Time—1:49. Lemonola, Silvern, Marine Corps, Walnut Hall, Raloc, Courtship and Faithful Girl also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-sixteenth miles. Pyrocity, 111 pounds (Doyle), 4 to 1, 6 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Glenlit, 106 (Jones), 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Standarat, 111 (Peot), 7 to 5, third. Time—1:48. Bolman, Chapelo, Cheer Leader, Royal Duck, Sans Peur II. and Herald also ran.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

3 SCHOONERS START IN 353-MILE RACE

Vagrant, Flying Cloud and Ohonkara Leave Maine on Long Ocean Contest.

ISELIN CUP IS AT STAKE

Yachts Are Expected to Reach New London Tomorrow—Time Allowance to Decide Victor.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 15.—Three schooners, Vagrant, flagship of Commodore Vanderbilt; Ohonkara, owned by Carl Tucker, and Flying Cloud, the property of Winthrop W. Aldrich, started today in the ocean race to New London for the Iselin Cup, offered by William E. Iselin, an old-time enthusiast in the schooner racing game. Fine weather favored the yachtsmen at the start, the day being brilliantly clear, in contrast to yesterday, when the yachts in the King's Cup race had to feel their way through the fog over a thirty-mile course.

Today's start was made off Egg Rock Lighthouse, which is on a small island outside the entrance to Frenchman's Bay. When the committee boat, Nourmahal, owned by Rear Commodore Vincent Astor, went out to the starting line shortly before 2 o'clock, the sea was a glittering blue surface and there was a light westerly breeze blowing. As was the case yesterday, a long rolling ground swell was running from seaward and the schooners pitched heavily as they manoeuvred for the start.

Roughly, the course for the schooners was southwest, to Nantucket South Shoals light vessel and then, after turning this noted sea beacon, northwest up through the race to the finish line at Sarah's Ledge bell buoy, off the mouth of the Thames. The distance is about 353 nautical miles.

Vagrant, sailed by Commodore Vanderbilt, manoeuvered well for the starting line, which was between the committee boat and the bell buoy off Egg Rock. The starting signal was made promptly at 2 o'clock and Vagrant, footing along well, crossed the line under all the canvas that could be crowded on the spars, reaching across carrying a balloon jib and balloon staysail in addition to her regular sail.

All Three on Port Tack.

All three were on the port tack with booms eased to starboard. Flying Cloud, winner of the Astor Cup for schooners, was second to cross a few seconds after the flagship and looking comparatively small with her lower sail plan. Ohonkara was a poor third, loafing along easily in the long swell.

After crossing all three held well into the land toward a rugged, pine-clad headland at the top of which is the Bear Island Coast Guard station. The pine, which had been westerly at the start, soon began to haul to the southwest, and freshen up. After holding this tack for a time Vagrant went about and stood off shore, Flying Cloud also weaving ship and standing along to windward of the flagship, and so close that it seemed a lively sailor might have jumped from one to the other.

The start in the breeze caused the racing skippers to send down their balloon jibs and big staysails. Instead of these sails, large reaching jibs and small maintopmast sails were sent up. Vagrant, when she went about for the offshore tack, carried her sheets well inboard. Her sails set like boards and she kept pulling out into a good lead on the other two. Flying Cloud went about again and stood inshore and was overhauled by Vagrant when she turned seaward again. An old trading schooner, bound east, passing close to the Vagrant, made a great contrast with the white-hulled yacht.

Have Fine Sailing Breeze.

Shawars, Queen Mab and Carolina, homeward bound from the New York Yacht Club cruise but not racing, sailed along easily, inshore of the racing yachts. Ohonkara was almost a mile astern of Vagrant when the flagship was off Baker Island. All three had a fine sailing breeze at this stage of the game, and it was noted that Flying Cloud, which had gone far in toward the land, seemed to be carrying a better breeze than the other two when she turned to come offshore. The Aldrich schooner, at this time, was fully a mile to windward of Vagrant and Ohonkara, which were sailing practically the same course.

The race is on time allowance, but Vagrant and Ohonkara are nearly of a size and race almost on even terms, the latter having to give Vagrant something between four seconds to the mile. Ohonkara, as the scratch boat, gives Flying Cloud twenty-eight seconds a mile for the long course. Given a good sailing breeze, the winning yacht should make New London about noon on Sunday.

Accompanying Commodore Vanderbilt on the Vagrant are Fleet Captain John Parmenson and Acting Fleet Surgeon Richard C. Derby. There is a large party on the Ohonkara, including Mr. and Mrs. Carl Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Potter and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Blakeman. With Captain Aldrich on the Flying Cloud is Robert Bacon, who is navigator of the yacht.

OLYMPIC STARS RETURN.

Coulter, Clarke and Norton Reach U. S.—Others Due Today.

The ranks of athletes returned from Europe, where Old Glory recently was carried to another triumph in the Olympic Games competition, were increased yesterday with the arrival of three of the country's stars on the liner Mauretania. The latest athletes to return were Cham Coulter, Iowa University hurdler; Lou Clarke, Johns Hopkins sprint star, who was a member of the victorious 400-meter relay team, and Bayes Norton, Yale sprinter, who placed in the 200-meter dash.

According to advices received at local Amateur Athletic Union headquarters, seven athletes of international prominence are scheduled to arrive here today on the French liner Paris. The party will consist of the stars who competed abroad for a visit to Sweden, and will be made up of Charlie Paddock, redoubtable Coast sprinter; Loren Murchison, Newark A. C. star; Alan Helffrich, Penn State middle distance runner; Leroy Brown, New York A. C. jumper; Charlie Moore, Penn State hurdler; Pitt Johnson, Illinois A. C. hurdler, and

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUG. 16, 1924.

SAYING LESS.

Commenting last Tuesday on the vigorous and convinced denunciation of bigotry and religious intolerance in politics uttered by Mr. DAVIS in his speech of acceptance, The Hartford Courant remarked that "no candidate for the Presidency could say less." But its own candidate said so much less that it was nearly nothing. President COOLIDGE'S reference to the subject was only half a sentence tucked away in an inconspicuous place. There should be, he said, "no race or religious prejudices in government." That was all. Perhaps the President felt bound to be as silent on the Klan issue as was his own party platform. Perhaps he argued with himself that he could not appear to attack the Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, nominated by the Klan. Possibly he suspected that the Klan would poll a very heavy vote, as it did, in the Republican primary of Ohio. Whatever the explanation, he said nothing that could be taken by the Ku Klux Klan as a challenge or repudiation of its intolerable pretenses.

It is hard to see why it should be thought to require so much courage to attack the Klan. If JOHN W. DAVIS could do it, with the Klan apparently dominant in the politics of a few Democratic States, it would seem that the President might have done it without any great risk. The Klan cannot, in any event, long endure unless the America that we have known ceases to endure. Already the power of the Klan in some parts of the country where it has been most arrogant appears to be waning. But we ought not to wait for it to expire of its own internal poison. The disappearance of so insolent and un-American an organization should be hastened by the open opposition and contempt of all thoughtful citizens, especially of every candidate for public office. It would not really have hurt the President if he had been as outspoken as was Mr. DAVIS. Many Republicans will regret that in this matter Mr. COOLIDGE pushed his native caution to such an extreme.

AGAIN THE INTERALLIED DEBTS.

The rumor that American bankers intimated that they would press for a favorable settlement of the interallied debts if France would withdraw certain of her demands in connection with the Dawes plan appears to have revived European hopes that our Government is ready to consider cancellation of the debts. That any such proposal was made even indirectly is, of course, not to be believed. The bankers were not in a position to speak for the Government, and the Administration could not have suggested it without courting political suicide. But the idea has again taken form, and some Europeans cling to it even in the face of the repeated explanations of the Wilson and the Harding-Coolidge Administrations that cancellation could not and would not be considered. They appear also to have forgotten the reception of the Balfour note of 1922, and seem to feel with LLOYD GEORGE that the final funding of the British debt was as blundering as it was honest.

Many as are the arguments for writing off the greater part of the debts as expenditures in the common cause, and clear as are the advantages which would accrue from it to the nations of Europe, it is essential to bear in mind the conditions under which the loans were made, and the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of obtaining authority from Congress to make any large reductions. Although it was argued, when the loan project was first advanced, that these credits would form part of our contribution to the war while our military effort was preparing, the cash idea was officially enter-

tained, and it was provided that the loans should be repaid on the same terms as the Liberty loans. As early as Dec. 4, 1918, less than a month after the armistice, and before the Peace Conference met, Great Britain suggested the cancellation of the debts, and despite the categorical refusal of the Wilson Administration to consider this proposal, it was persistently brought up, only to be consistently rejected. The Debt Funding Commission, created in 1922, was charged by Congress with the duty of carrying out the provisions of the original act with regard to maturity and rate of interest. These terms were slightly modified in the subsequent agreement with Great Britain, but the principle of cancellation, in whole or in part, has never been recognized.

At the same time the Government has made it clear that while it is always ready to discuss with any nation the funding of its debt to the United States, judging each case on its merits, with due regard for the financial situation of the nation in question, it has no desire to embarrass any foreign Government by insistence upon prompt payment. Such an attitude, whether right or wrong, precludes participation in a general conference to discuss cancellation. But it does not preclude discussing with any individual nation the question whether a part of its debt may not be said to have been incurred in the common behalf, and so entitled to treatment different from that part which was expended for the particular interest of the borrowing nation.

BALKAN STORM CLOUDS.

When the allied Governments at the London conference have disposed of the major problem in European reconstruction, which is Germany, it seems likely that their attention will be required in an uneasy corner of the Continent. Ferment along the Balkan frontiers, in the light of the latest developments, can no longer be regarded as the work of the Bulgarian Government with a view to frightening the Allies into allowing an increase in the strength of the Bulgarian Army. The perils confronting the Tsankoff Government would appear to be real. PETER TCHAULEFF, one of the leaders of the Macedonian Organization, has just announced at Vienna a program reaching far beyond Macedonia. In order to bring about a federation of Balkan States, the Organization is out to overthrow "all existing Balkan Governments."

The rôle played by Moscow in the unrest sweeping through Bulgaria and Yugoslavia and seriously affecting Rumania is important, but Moscow is not the prime mover. At bottom it is once more the savage partisanship that is chronic in Balkan history. One correspondent at Sofia, describing the funeral of a former Minister, PETRO PETKOFF, who was assassinated last June, speaks of five women who followed the bier. They were the widows of five murdered Bulgarian statesmen—STAMBULOFF in 1895, an earlier PETKOFF seventeen years ago, GENADIEFF, STAMBULISKI and the latest victim. That Bulgaria has no monopoly in ferocious partisanship is attested by the royal assassinations in Serbia and the fiendish vindictiveness of recent Greek history. Where politicians are ready to go to such extremes it is obvious that a splendid opportunity exists for Soviet propaganda. It does not help matters that Balkan partisans and Russian Communists have their separate and ultimately hostile aims. In Yugoslavia the Raditch party wants a Croat republic. In Bulgaria the agrarian followers of the dead STAMBULISKI want revenge. Moscow wants a general overturn with a view to Europe as a whole. The alliance is formidable, just the same.

In its broadest aspect the situation presents one more phase of a conflict between the idea of a pacified Europe, for which the Allies are laboring, and a Europe in upheaval, to which the Bolshevist energies are directed.

"INTRUSION" IN MASSACHUSETTS.

In Mr. COOLIDGE'S letter rebuking a Fort Hamilton man who had suggested that the President use his influence to prevent the nomination of a colored citizen as a Republican candidate for Congress in a New York City district he referred to the "manifest impropriety" of the President intruding himself "in a local contest for nomination." This phrase has given much happiness to Representative DALLINGER and Mr. LOUIS A. COOLIDGE, rivals of Speaker GILLETT for the Republican nomination for Senator in Massachusetts. Mr. COOLIDGE ironically expresses his confidence in the President's neutrality and admonishes Mr. GILLETT for his error in preferring the Senatorship, if he can get it, to the Speakership. Mr. DALLINGER and Mr. COOLIDGE demand vainly that Mr. GILLETT "relieve President COOLIDGE of embarrassment" by declaring that he isn't "the President's candidate." Since Mr. GILLETT was the guest of Mr. FRANK W. STEARNS, an intimate of the throne room, Mr. GILLETT'S status as the Administration candidate has given a keener pain to the Republican brethren who have no befitting appreciation of the glories of Western Massachusetts or its titles to new glories.

The Springfield Republican, always looking askance at the pretensions of the folks nearer the Bay, candidly reminds the Eastern pretenders, DALLINGER and COOLIDGE:

> They know as well as any one that Mr. COOLIDGE does not have to speak in order to be understood. He does not need to "intrude" in order to let the home folks sense his desires. The old Roman conqueror who made a desert and called it peace had nothing on CALVIN COOLIDGE. He stages a masterly silence and every one says GILLETT.
>
> To hear is to obey; and Mr. COOLIDGE'S masterly silence is heard reverently by the faithful. Still, "to make a desert and call it peace" is not a phrase of cheerful omen. Other things than the masterly silence of the untruding intruder are audible to attentive ears. For instance, the chuckle of the Hon. DAVID IGNATIUS WALSH.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.

As the campaign begins to begin, those who cling to the amenities of political discussion will hope that a Montanian example of restraint and understatement may be followed. Mr. BYRON COONEY of Butte is a candidate for the nomination for Representative of the First Montana District. He is a Wet, without mitigation or remorse. If he is nominated and elected, he will set himself to the simple task of repealing the Volstead act and undoing "the sickening error of the Eighteenth Amendment." The Superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon League sent him a questionnaire accompanied with some remarks which Mr. COONEY regards as threats of retaliation. In his reply he considers these threats as violation of the Corrupt Practices law. But he hesitates to "endanger" the Superintendent by taking them too seriously. He reminds him that he had a little interchange of compliments with his predecessor. Won't his questioner be good enough to look up his files and read the record:

> From this you may gather that you are not stalking a typical political goat but are on the hot trail of a very hostile and bristling political porcupine.
>
> The porcupine, however, will be very discreet in the distribution of his quills.
>
> In view of the fact that I intend giving a copy of this reply to the press, my letter must be tempered by courtesy, which to a large extent impedes the vehemence of my utterance and deletes the intensity of my sentiments. However, candor demands that I must confess entertaining for your bludgeoning organization the most profound pity and contempt. I trust you will not consider me unduly ungracious when I say that the insolence of your assumption to question me occasions in me a spirit of antagonism and hostility of which words permitted by journalistic ethics are only a feeble echo. Unlike some of your candidates, friends who drink liquor and vote dry and who evade the prohibition question as not good campaign policy, I have made my attitude known through page "ads" in every weekly newspaper from Eureka to Lima, from Belgrade to Troy, so that "he who runs may read."

Something in the mid-West air fosters vivid and violent expression. If the bristling porcupine of Butte can so wrap his quills in soft, woolly words, may we not look for Castilian courtesy on the stump, not merely from Eureka to Lima, from Belgrade to Troy, but "from Eastport to the Golden Gate"?

THE CANADIAN ROCKIES.

This is the time of the year when first ascents in the Canadian Rockies are being made by enthusiasts who flock to Banff in July. Mountain climbing is no more a sport monopolized by man. Miss ANNIE PECK long since conquered the highest peaks of the Andes. Mrs. BULLOCK has done as much climbing in the Himalayas as her husband, Dr. BULLOCK. In the group that assembles at Banff every year are many women. Two of them, Mrs. W. A. D. MUNDAY of Vancouver and Miss ANNETTE E. BUCK of Brooklyn, recently scaled Mount Robson (13,068 feet). They were the first of their sex to reach the top of that "monarch of the wilderness." Of this glorious peak STANLEY WASHBURN has written:

> The setting is ideal, for the valley of the inpouring river is flanked on both sides by two big mountains, and ten miles back the great black bulk of Mount Robson towers straight up into the clouds, which hang about it like a cap of fleece, parting from time to time to show the wondrous snow peak and glacier-clad flanks of this majestic edifice of nature.

Let no one think that the scaling of this giant is a pastime. It is rugged work and hazardous. In the ascent made by Mrs. MUNDAY and Miss BUCK, along with five men, in which the ice axe and the rope were often brought into play, an ice bridge collapsed under one of the guides, but the rope saved him. Another difficult Canadian Rocky is Deltaform. Assiniboine is also an ugly customer. At the highest point of the latter mountain you can, by crawling to the verge, look down a "sheer wall to a "great, shining glacier 6,000 feet below." JAMES OUTRAM, with two Swiss guides, HASLER and BOHREN, made the first ascent of Assiniboine on Sept. 3, 1901. "For close upon 2,000 feet," said Mr. OUTRAM, "the "utmost skill and care were imperative at every step; for scarcely "half a dozen could be taken in that "distance where an unroped man "who slipped would not inevitably "have followed the rejected handholds "and débris that hurtled down in "leaps and bounds to crash in fragments on the rocks and boulders "far below." Mount Bryce has a forbidding escarpment below the summit which can be surmounted only by dangerous experimenting with handholds and toe grips. CHRISTIAN KAUFMANN, a Swiss guide, was the first to swing up the face of it and gain the top. Deltaform is honeycombed with "stiff rock-climbing." No one has yet reached the actual summit without misgivings of disaster in the almost vertical retreat. Deltaform is a ten-hour climb from the highest camp.

Siege was laid to Mount Geikie for four years before CYRIL G. WALKE of Edmonton, M. D. GEDDES of Toronto and VAL A. FLYNN of St. Louis from a seven-foot ledge on the south side of the peak climbed straight up a rock wall to the highest point. At one stage of the ascent they crossed on hands and knees a snow bridge above a chasm hundreds of feet deep. It is only by taking such risks that the Alpinist gets the right thrills and gets to the top.

In the Canadian Rockies there are forty-four mountains of more than 11,000 feet. Including them, 600 peaks exceed 5,000 feet. The Alpine Club of Canada is steadily reducing the number of unclimbed summits, but, owing to topographical obstacles, can never make a complete score. There is still virgin soil in the network of ravines and gorges, spots to which only the mountain goat has penetrated. For the hiker and camper the Canadian Rockies, with their blue and green tarns, foaming streams and lonely waterfalls, will always be a paradise.

NEEDS OF THE BLIND.

One unquestioned benefit of the radio is that blindness and weak vision will be less of a handicap—and perhaps a little less of a hardship. The blind will no longer be "shut-ins" when they can hear the music and speeches and conversation that are carried to them in their darkness—provided they have the use of radio instruments. A movement is now on foot to provide such apparatus when the blind themselves are not able to procure it. There are, it is estimated, approximately 80,000 blind people in the United States, of whom about 50,000 cannot afford radio sets. The American Foundation for the Blind is accepting the cooperation of the American Radio Association in raising money to provide the necessary equipment.

This same foundation is undertaking another service for the blind of America. It is preparing to print the Braille books for the blind as ordinary books are printed, that is, on both sides of the page, greatly reducing the size and cost of the books and thus making them more convenient for use as well as cheaper. With the national movement for the prevention of blindness, with the increasing provision for the education of the blind not only in the elementary and secondary schools but in the colleges and universities, with the equipment especially of shops for the employment of those who cannot find it in the normal course of industry, and with the peculiarly thoughtful attention that is given by the local organizations, among them the New York Association for the Blind, to the recreational life of the blind, none of them will be left to sit in lonesome darkness, if only the funds are forthcoming to extend to all what is given now to as many as can be provided for with present means. No needy blind person in this city should be without the means of "listening in" and the opportunity to work and to play. Those who have eyes should see that this provision is made for all.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Personal Question Propounded.

Carrying into execution what was truly a happy thought, The Independent recently addressed to many people, including both known friends and known foes of prohibition, and representatives of many professions, businesses and trades, a letter asking not what they thought of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead law, but whether they themselves, personally, were paying to both the respect of obedience.

The inquiry seems to have ignored the fact that the legal inhibition is only against the manufacture, sale and transportation of liquids with a higher alcoholic content than one-half of one per cent, and not against their purchase or acceptance as a gift. Perhaps that was because there is little distinction in the virtuous minds of the inquirers between the letter and the spirit of a law, and they put the violators of each on a like moral level.

In the current issue of The Independent several letters of reply to its question are printed, all of them in one or another way interesting. The longest is from JOHN JAY CHAPMAN. After a somewhat elaborate characterization of Americans as notable among nations for their eager desire to enforce by law ideas of right and wrong, propriety and impropriety, and not less notable for their readiness to violate laws that do not suit their taste, convenience or interest, Mr. CHAPMAN, speaking for himself, as he thinks others should do, says that he does violate the liquor laws "in his discretion." He realises that there is moral danger in doing this, and he finds the doing unpleasant; but he does it rather than "encourage the terrible tendency of the American people to settle moral questions draconically." He draws a line, however, between buying wine made by a neighbor or pre-war stock from a friend and purchasing from a bootlegger. The latter he has not done—yet.

ERNEST TARKINGTON writes that he never has broken the prohibition laws, as he began to "practice prohibition" several years before the amendment and the act were passed. Whether, if that were not the case, he would break them now, he does not reveal. President HADLEY of Yale, somewhat overmodest, writes that "a mere statement of my practice would have no journalistic interest, as I have not, thus far, knowingly violated the Volstead act."

Not One Good Word for Prohibition.

Other replies are of different tenor. ERNEST BOYD offers the not very valuable opinion that prohibition has increased the amount of drinking done. JULIAN STREET, at greater length, expresses the same view, but neither denies nor confesses as to his own course. Only JULIAN COHMAN, counselor at law, boldly proclaims that he buys prohibited liquors, and that in many cases his purchases have been from bootleggers, whom he regards as honest tradesmen and an economic necessity. He is not stupid enough, he says, to think all laws of equal obligation, and mere police regulations he breaks when he chooses, accepting without complaint punishment if he gets caught at it.

JULIUS H. BARNES writes that he is "incompetent to make an expression on the subject you suggest." That is surprising, as he was asked only to tell what everybody must be able to tell. His incompetence, therefore, must have been disinclination.

ROBERT R. MCCORMICK, editor of The Chicago Tribune, closes the symposium, at least for the present. He is vehemently almost violently, against both the amendment and the act, calling the one wrong in principle and the other wrong in effect, but he leaves The Independent's question carefully unanswered.

Of the letters printed, so far, not one is from a convinced prohibitionist, and that of President HADLEY comes nearest, though not very near, to the proclamation of a cordial and scrupulous observance of the law in letter and spirit.

A Rescuer Goes Unrewarded.

Probably the most surprised man in town, this week, was young GEORGE KRAN, who, after having taken vigorous and effective measures, and the only possible ones, to open the domestic prison in which his sweetheart, PEGGY MARINO, had been shut up for many months to keep her from marrying him, and had done it in response to her own vehement request, made in a letter that she had managed to smuggle out to him, found himself repudiated by her in court.

Did she want to marry GEORGE, the deeply interested Magistrate asked, and PEGGY'S answer was an emphatic "No!" Why? Because he had brought publicity on her family and disgraced it!

In all probability, GEORGE, being very young, is telling all and sundry, "That is just women!" Of course it is not, for nothing is true of all women, or of all men either, though anything may be true of a woman or of a man.

The explanation of PEGGY'S change of heart presumably lies in a racial disinclination for having "the police" interfere in the conduct of what she considers private affairs, and an equally racial feeling of family solidarity. She has been to be coerced by her relatives, but even more she hated to have them made the subject of outside coercion and adversely critical comment by neighbors and strangers. But if GEORGE is tactful and patient, the chances are that his PEGGY will relent in time and forgive his violation of the tribal conventions.

Why They Hire Chauffeurs.

Light on what seemed to be mysterious—the fact that 90 per cent. of Berlin's owners of automobiles employ chauffeurs to do their driving for them—is cast by one of THE TIMES'S readers, whose name, H. G. NISSL, warrants acceptance of his explanation as founded on knowledge.

He writes that in Berlin, as in most German cities, the owners of private cars are not allowed to park or to leave them alone in the streets except for very brief periods. As there are no garages for rent, this necessitates the employment of hired drivers. Our informant adds:

> Over there the automobile is not the popular vehicle that it is here, and only the rich people—a very small minority of the population—can afford them. As to the mechanical ability to perform the work of a driver, the Germans undoubtedly could do it as well as the people here.

THE TIMES, in its remarks on this subject, expressed the reverse of doubt as to German competence to run automobiles. That was why the prevalence of the professional chauffeur in Berlin mystified.

Thieving in the Subways.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to call attention to a form of petty thieving that is constantly going on in the retiring rooms of the subways, elevated railways and office buildings. I refer to the stealing of both brass and iron hat hooks, door bolts, paper holders and in fact anything and everything else in the shape of metal.

It would seem that there ought to be enough ingenuity among the hardware manufacturers to devise a way of fastening the various metal fixtures used on doors so that it would be almost impossible for any one to get them off. Most of this petty thieving is done by boys and young men who do not work and who sell the fixtures to junk men and others for a few cents.

In case no way can be found to prevent this petty thieving, then the various fixtures should be riveted to the doors. G. F. M.

New York, Aug. 5, 1924.

EVENING ON A VILLAGE STREET

The sun flings lengthening shadows through the trees
That green the village street. They come to life,
The houses that have seemed to sleep all day.
The evening meal is over, dishes done,
And prim, trim women sit and rock and knit
Upon the porches, read the village news
Recorded in the paper, out today,
Or move about the yards to give their plants
Their evening watering, or chat across the hedge
With friendly neighbors on the other side,
Or swap rose-cuttings and geranium slips.
The man, shirt-sleeved, walk leisurely behind
Their lawn-mowers, or rake and sweep their paths,
Or tie their vines up to their trellises—
Small, pleasant tasks, with which they rest themselves
At evening, when their day of work is done.
The children call and shout there in the street,
Or play at hide-and-seek from yard to yard.
And arm in arm young lovers stroll in pairs,
Bound for the moving-pictures in the square.
The sun has dropped, now, low, behind the hill—
The high, blue hill that rises to the west.
The dark leaps on; high up, a sudden star
Blooms out like some pale flower; a thin, young moon
Hangs like a silver string caught in the trees,
And in the houses lights begin to glow.
Here on the street another day is done—
So like the last day and the coming one—
So like this street to other village streets!
And yet the total of such days is—Life.
The sum of streets like this—America!

ROSELLE MERCIER MONTGOMERY.

New York, Aug. 6, 1924.

A "BLIND BREAKER."

Wave From a Calm Sea Due to the Meeting Tides.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An account of the "wild excitement" and almost fatal results at Coney Island arising from a wave surging out of a calm sea which appeared in this morning's TIMES recalls vividly an experience of a sailing party in 1870.

A party of young folks who delighted in rough sailing, and as often as possible sought the turbulent waters where the tides meet on The Rips, off Nantucket shores, planned a sail through the channel between Nantucket and Tuckernuck Islands out into the broad ocean to the south, where the bluefish were reported to be "running" plentifully.

A dangerously strong current between these islands most of the time requires consideration with experienced fishermen.

Our usual skipper, with his boat, was not available on the day set for the sail, and a postponement was undesirable, as vacation days were at an end for some of the young men, who were to depart the next day.

Under the circumstances a skipper was engaged who was currently alluded to by the fisher folk as "The Old Lady," owing to his timidity and lack of keen judgment leading him into many predicaments, and he was looked upon as a rather stupid and unfortunate skipper.

There are similar examples in every fishing port, where the necessity of supporting a family inclines the other men of their calling to pass judgment leniently.

The light breeze of this glorious Saturday afternoon gradually died down as the boat rounded into the channel and the current carried the vessel toward the ocean in a dead calm. Lethargy settled down on this high-spirited party and each one regarded "The Old Lady" Captain with unspoken resentment, as he stood in a sort of stupid silence at the helm, with a suspicion that it was "just his luck."

All hope of fishing vanished and a miserable, hot drift ensued until the incoming tide would help us to get back home at a late hour.

Presently "The Old Lady" stiffened up into a whirl of action, lashed his helm for a second while he adjusted his sail, and flying back to his post called out in stern excitement, "Hold fast!" causing us to jump to our feet to seek the cause of his unwonted commotion.

The sight we beheld fairly electrified us. Looking seaward, stretching from shore to shore, was a vast, high wave, rising higher each second as it rushed toward us—a wall of crystalline, light green water, topped by a white foaming crest which curled and threw up white froth, and yet did not curl over frontward and obscure our view of the countless fish, big and little, which swam with incredible speed to and fro (like the traffic in a city avenue at the present day) glistening like silver in the sun's rays penetrating the green wall of water.

For some seconds we were spellbound by the marvelously beautiful sight; but the distressed tone of an ejaculation of our skipper aroused us.

"Great God, if only we could get a leetle breeze it would carry us over before we are swamped. Hold fast! Hold fast! And keep cool! It is a blind breaker!"

No one spoke during those tense moments, as we stared into the great green wall of water now upon us, which struck us with great force, seeming to boil and seethe around us, swaying us to and fro; and we were confused and blinded by the spray which almost took our breath away, and the boat seemed to twist and wriggle violently under our feet.

It was quickly over, and we staggered into a space of foam-spread, swirling water, with here and there a frenzied fish leaping out of the water in search of a clear space for progress. Above and around us all nature was glorious. The descending sun, red and gold; the green shores of the islands peaceful as always, and ourselves in amazed silence, conscious of a great peril we had just passed through.

"The Old Lady," our skipper, drenched to the skin, stood white and quivering at the helm, looking seaward in dead silence. A man of the party asked, "Haven't you any liquor, skipper? Hadn't you better take a wee bit to dry you out?"

"No," he replied in a voice faint from nervous reaction. "Ain't got none. I never tech licker," and he kept on patiently watching for signs of current and wind to carry us back.

It took us three hours and more to make harbor, drifting most of the way, and we were nearly home before he spoke again.

"It was a blind breaker—came like a flash—the tides meeting at the turn, you know—no wind to carry us over, you know—thought we'd be swamped and go down for sure; glad we're here all right."

And he closed his mouth like a clam, not speaking again even when we said good-night and spoke fervently of our appreciation of his skill in carrying us safely through the peril.

JULIA MACY HOLBROOK.

New York, Aug. 9, 1924.

Men Without Soul.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dr. Healy, expert in the trial of the two Chicago prodigies, says the boys have no soul. This declaration may recall to the memory of the few survivors of a generation long past that read "Pelham," "What Will He Do With It?" and "My Novel" may recall "A Strange Story" by Bulwer.

The basic character, if not the hero, of this book is one Margrave, who is described as a man without a soul. His personality was made up of animal life and mind. The mind which ruled "over a rich vitality and a symmetric mechanism" the mind by which sensations convey and cumulate ideas and by which muscles obey volition, was brilliant enough. But it had lost all sympathy in the past, because it had lost all conception of a future beyond the grave. It had no conscience and knew no remorse. It had no sense of responsibility for time wasted or misspent. Conservation of existence, secretiveness, destructiveness and a ready perception of things immediate to the wants of the day supplied the motives of action. Mirthfulness and hope were recreated by the excellent health of the joyous animal being.

Animal conservation was "the master impulse or instinct." "Dark and terrible arts would lead to a will never checked by remorse arms that no healthful philosophy has placed in the arsenal of disciplined genius." Though the mind in itself and an ally in a body as perfect in strength and elasticity as man can take from nature, still you could not help feeling that there was something wanting, something which would forever debar him from taking any useful part in the progress of humanity. Whatever he might do now, like the work of the bee, the ant or the beaver, was as near perfect as it ever would be. If he could reflect or have any feeling, he would doubtless feel, as did John Stuart Mill when he reflected upon the essential thing which his father had left out of his education—religion.

This was a want that all his fine intellect and fine education could never supply, and he felt it to the end of his days.

MARK MORTON.

New York, July 31, 1924.

THE LONG ISLAND ACCIDENT.

The Functions of the Transit Commission Explained and Defended.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial this morning entitled "An Inexcusable Accident," commenting upon the presentment of the Queens County Grand Jury in the matter of the recent wreck on the Long Island Railroad, certain statements of the Grand Jury with relation to the responsibility of the Transit Commission are repeated and the opinion expressed that the commission will find "difficulty in explaining its default." This conclusion is based, quite obviously, upon the presentment itself and does not take account of a statement of my own printed in the same issue in your news columns. May I, therefore, repeat that the criticism directed against the Transit Commission by the Grand Jury in this matter is quite without justification?

The wreck in question was the result of a very unusual coincidence of "man failure." Two trains were thrown together through the shifting of a switch before one of them had left the section of track the switch controlled. Both the man at the switch and the man in the signal tower, releasing the switch, through confusion or otherwise, were at fault. Without their joint error the accident could not have happened. The report made to the commission by its chief executive officer, based upon the examination of its engineers, indicated no other conclusion. The switch apparatus, in itself, is of an up-to-date and standardized type. The commission in no sense "has condemned the company for maintaining an antiquated and obsolete method of switching." The statement of the Grand Jury to this effect, prompted, no doubt, by the District Attorney in charge of the inquiry, was not correct. The only fault with which the commission has been warranted in charging the company was an apparent lack of clarity in its instructions governing the conduct of its employes in an emergency of the sort that occurred. The commission has since directed the company to consider the need of the revision of these instructions. It has also directed the company to report upon the possible development of a type of automatic switch control that would prevent even the chance of such an accident in future. It has given the company until Aug. 20 to submit such a report.

In the meanwhile, it remains clear that the company, prior to this accident, adopted whatever safety devices previous experience had suggested, either on its own lines or on other steam roads entering New York.

The record of the Long Island Railroad in the matter of fatal train accidents in the past twenty years has been exceptionally high. No good, but positive harm, results from denying that. The railroad company has, moreover, the strongest of incentives to keep its protective appliances as nearly up to date as possible. Accidents of this character, followed as they invariably are by a trail of damage suits, are most expensive to an operator. So far as the commission is advised or has observed, the Long Island Company has been by no means neglectful of this fact.

The theory, moreover, that the Transit Commission accepts responsibility or that it is expected under the law to accept responsibility for the condition of every minute detail of the equipment of the steam railways entering the city is also erroneous. Under the law, the operating companies are held responsible for such conditions. The commission is expected and for that matter required to "keep informed" as to general operating conditions, and to make recommendations or issue orders where it finds anything patently wrong, or where a company in a case where it might have well foreseen a dangerous condition has failed to provide against it. As I have said, there is no element of this sort in the present instance.

The commission has an inspection force of forty-five men, and the companies operating within the city and under the jurisdiction of the commission—steam, rapid transit and surface—for their inspection work have something over nine thousand men. It would be a physical impossibility for the commission to duplicate the inspection work of these men or to accept responsibility for their faults, even if the law did require it so to do. The inspections that the commission does make, covering all of the railway lines—steam, rapid transit or surface—are made at periods necessarily at some distance apart and are general in their character. No such inspection would have revealed conditions under which this particular accident could have been foreseen, or provided against, by any other means than the company's own disciplinary system.

If the company was criminally at fault, it is clearly the duty of the District Attorney so to show, and the District Attorney on the day following the accident promptly received the offer of the commission to cooperate in any practicable manner in aiding any effort of his to fix such responsibility. It has not, as yet, been shown, by any means, that the company was criminally at fault, and the references to the Transit Commission that you have quoted certainly reflect a spirit neither of accuracy nor fairness upon the part of the District Attorney.

While all of the authorities concerned with railway safety are and for years have been bending every effort toward the better protection of passengers—thus far with a high degree of success within the City of New York—it is a pity that the tendency to distort the facts in individual cases, too often for sensational purposes, should be permitted to pass without more serious challenge.

GEORGE MCANENY,
Chairman the Transit Commission.

New York, Aug. 15, 1924.

Horses Distressed by Check Rein.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you suggest any feasible way that one can succeed in getting the check or bearing reins removed from the poor horses during the hot weather?

During the last month I have asked dozens of drivers to undo the check rein, and, except in two cases, have been treated quite rudely, even though I want into action, explaining that the horse would be much easier without the check and could pull a heavier load if he could get his head down, and not only breathe more freely, but could get a better footing, if it were possible to lower the head.

One case was most pitiable; it was on Pearl Street, near Hanover Square, last Wednesday, the hottest day of the year, that I spied a very fine Percheron in a truck whose head was checked up so high that one might have imagined he was about to compete for the Waldorf Cup at the Horse Show.

His neck, shoulders and flanks were white with lathering foam, and he showed pronounced signs of distress. As no body was around, I inquired in the different warehouses, and at last discovered the driver whom I approached in a most respectful manner and asked him to undo the check, as the horse was distressed. His reply was, "O'get your way. Sure he could carry his head much higher, and is all right. Mind your own business."

I looked for a policeman, who informed me that he had no authority to interfere.

CHARLES O. MORTON.

New York, July 31, 1924.

MOST STEEL MILLS DROP 12-HOUR DAY

Survey Shows That Agreement Made With President Harding Has Been Kept Generally.

7-DAY WEEK STILL OBTAINS

Men, However, Are Allowed Time Off if They Wish It, Iron Age Investigators Report.

A year ago the first step toward the abolition of the twelve-hour day in the major steel mills of the country was undertaken. In an effort to trace the results of that step, as well as to investigate charges that the agreement which followed a meeting at the White House in 1923 called by President Harding had not been kept, The Iron Age, as an authority on the steel industry, has made an inquiry. The findings, based on reports from executives in the steel industry, may be summarized as follows:

There has been a decided improvement in social conditions, although the delay in doing away with the twelve-hour day has not appreciably affected production. The seven-day week of labor still exists, but the men are allowed a day off if they choose. In the Youngstown, Ohio, district the twelve-hour day has been almost wholly eliminated, but in the blast furnace and coke departments the seven-day week prevails, with the eight-hour day and the privilege of one day a week off. Independents in the Pittsburgh district have made some progress toward reducing working hours, but some companies have been inclined to yield in cases where employes wanted to work twelve hours a day to increase their earnings.

The article, with quotations from leading steel executives, follows:

"One year ago today, following long agitation, a meeting at the White House in 1922 called by President Harding, and thorough consideration by iron and steel manufacturers, a good start was made in abolishing the twelve-hour day and introducing shorter hours in the steel industry. Some companies naturally moved more rapidly than others, and it has been charged that little has been accomplished in introducing the shorter day and that the seven-day week, virtually abolished by the greater part of the industry years ago, has been re-established.

Statements From Executives.

"The Iron Age has made an investigation to determine the facts in regard to the change which has taken place, and in its next issue will publish the results of the inquiry. The Presidents of the subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corporation, in reply to questions, have made definite statements as to present conditions, and independent companies have also supplied a large amount of information. The Presidents of Steel Corporation subsidiaries are emphatic in their statements as follows:

"Homer D. Williams, President Carnegie Steel Company, Pittsburgh:

"On Aug. 16, 1923, we put the blast furnaces on the eight-hour basis as rapidly as possible. After we got men started every department of the company on the shorter hours and was slack in some departments at times in order to put in the eight-hour day, took us two months and we increased our forces by about 10 per cent. We have no twelve-hour men in any of our plants, and we do not work the seven-day week. That covers Youngstown as well as all other plants. In emergencies men may have worked longer hours, but those are isolated and rare cases.

"E. J. Buffington, President Illinois Steel Company, Chicago, operating the great plant at Gary, Ind., as well as the South Chicago plant:

"Our case is substantially like that of Mr. Williams. We proceeded in about the same way. I do not recall the exact number of men added to the forces. Our company has not a twelve-hour job at any of its plants.

"Augus Ziesing, President American Bridge Company, New York:

"Our principal work is in structural steel. All structural shops are on four hours, and years ago we abolished the seven-day week. We have a mill at Pencoyd, Pa., which we put on an eight-hour basis in the Fall of last year. None of our men work more than 48 hours nor more than six days per week.

In the Pittsburgh District.

"W. B. Schiller, President National Tube Company, Pittsburgh:

"We have no twelve-hour jobs in any department at any of our works. We began to change from the twelve-hour to the shorter day on Aug. 16, 1923, and that work was not entirely completed until sometime in

200 TEACHERS SEE HOW CITY IS FED

Members of Tri-State Conference Visit the Piers and Markets.

HEAR EXPERTS ON PROBLEM

Are Told That Half of Each Dollar Spent in New York for Food Goes for Handling Here.

Visits to New York City's piers and markets yesterday afternoon and last night were the chief events of the opening day's program of the first Tri-State Conference of Agricultural Instructors, which is meeting for a week at the State Institute of Agriculture, at Farmingdale, L. I. More than 200 high school and State school teachers from New York, New Jersey and Connecticut attended.

The marketing tour was made in sightseeing buses, and was directed by Dr. A. E. Albrecht of the New York office of the State Department of Farms and Markets, assisted by Burton Sherburne of the New Jersey Department of Markets. Preceding the visit to the wholesale districts addresses on the marketing situation in New York were given by Walter P. Hedden, research agent for the Port of New York Authority, and R. W. Quackenbush, agricultural agent for the New York Central Railroad.

Mr. Hedden described the present unloading of practically all food shipments in a few blocks of lower Manhattan and the costly process each day of scattering them again to the many dealers and consumers in all sections of the city. Part of this concentration, he said, was necessary, but only part. About one-half of the present fruit and vegetable tonnage brought into the city could be decentralized, he declared, and sent directly to terminals in Brooklyn, the Bronx and elsewhere without touching Manhattan.

"Out of each dollar that the New York family spends for fruit or vegetables," said Mr. Hedden, "it now costs 48 cents to handle, transport and distribute it after it has reached New York.

"Many people are for a completely decentralized system of terminals at once. That is not feasible. Decentralization is possible only to a limited extent—about one-half. With the other half you must continue to centralize, for the commodities are bought only upon personal inspection."

Mr. Quackenbush spoke of the need of standardizing farm products and of better grading. These things, he said, could be best accomplished by the farmers organizing their own cooperative shipping associations.

PRINCE OF WALES' A GOOD DRUMMER

Joins With Brooke Johns, Banjoist, and Reveals Wonderful Knowledge of Syncopation.

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LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Prince of Wales, charmed by the playing of Brooke Johns, American banjoist, sent him a personal invitation to visit York House. Here in the green drawing room Johns played to the Prince's guests for an hour, and the Prince himself, adopting the rôle of drummer, took part in the entertainment.

Johns, in an interview today, said the Prince revealed considerable skill as a drummer. "He has wonderful knowledge of rythm and syncopation," remarked Johns enthusiastically, "and he has a fine set of drums at York House. He plays quite as good as most drummers I know and just loves light music which has a real lilt in it. The Prince has the right inspiration for syncopation and he played several numbers with me. Every one went with a swing."

Afterward the Prince autographed John's banjo and a music score belonging to Pianist Paul Fay, who is an old friend of Johns. He showed great interest in the ukulele guitar and expressed a desire to learn to play the Hawaiian instrument.

Prince's Program Full.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Announcement was made today by Major Oscar F. Solbert, who has been designated by Secretary Weeks, at the request of President Coolidge, as honorary aide-de-camp to the Prince of Wales during his forthcoming visit to the United States, that the program for the distinguished visitor is already filled.

The visit is for a rest and a holiday, and, it is said, will be simple in character. Because of the President and his family being in mourning and the Prince's visit being unofficial, the call at the White House will also be of the simplest nature.

During his visit to Long Island, it was added, the Prince desires to be treated strictly as one of the residents and he also hopes to indulge in a little polo and golf, and to see informally the British and American polo players.

The James A. Burden house at Syosset, L. I., will be turned over to the Prince, Mr. and Mrs. Burden being absent in Europe, and Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Winthrop will act as host and hostess to the visitor. Among the events included upon the program for the entire visit are polo, golf and other sports, informal lunches, and dinners with the British and American polo players.

MARY C. GELLATLY TO WED A. J. MARSH

Junior League Girl Engaged to Member of Squadron A—De Cou-Hunter Troth.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gellatly of this city and Westport, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Collins Gellatly, to Allyn Jay Marsh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Allyn Marsh of Plandome, L. I. Miss Gellatly is a graduate of Dana Hall. She is a member of the Junior League, and has been actively interested in the productions of the Theatre Guild.

Mr. Marsh was graduated from Princeton in the class of 1915. During the war he served as a Lieutenant, Junior grade, on the J. Pierpont Morgan yacht Corsair. He is a member of Squadron A and the Princeton Club. The wedding will take place in the late Autumn.

De Cou—Hunter.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Marjorie Douglas de Cou, daughter of the late Dr. Douglas MacGregor de Cou and Mrs. de Cou of Montreal, Canada, and William Armstrong Hunter of this city. Mr. Hunter is the son of the Rev. Dr. R. J. Hunter and Mrs. Hunter of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. He is a graduate of the University of Chicago and George Washington University, Washington, D. C., where he completed his studies in law. He is now associated with the Department of Justice. During the war Mr. Hunter was a Lieutenant in the Royal Air Force.

The wedding will take place at the First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street, on Sept. 13. Mr. and Mrs. Hunter plan to sail immediately after for Europe, where they will spend a year.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. William H. Hirst, who is spending the Summer in Europe, is now at St. Moritz, Switzerland, where she will be joined by Mr. Hirst, who is sailing on the Majestic today. From there they will make a motor tour through France, Germany and Italy, after which they will visit London. They will return to their home at 875 Park Avenue in the late Autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Ledyard Sands are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Austin Ledyard Sands Jr., at Newport, R. I., on Aug. 6. Mrs. Sands was Miss Gwendalyn Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Whitney have left Pleasant Valley Mills, their place at Mendham, N. J., and have gone to Southampton to visit Mrs. Whitney's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Peter B. Wyckoff.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Hidden are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on Aug. 13. Mrs. Hidden was Miss Marjorie Safford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Safford.

Mrs. Quincy A. Gillmore and Miss Frances Gillmore, who were at the Ritz-Carlton, have gone to their country home at Seagirt, N. J. Mr. and Mrs. Stacy B. Lloyd of Philadelphia have arrived at the Ritz-Carlton for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldron P. Belknap have come from Southampton and are at the Plaza for a few days. Mrs. Benjamin C. Fincke has come from Fair Haven, N. J., and is also at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Conkey P. Whitehead have arrived from Atlanta, Ga., and is at the Ritz-Carlton, where Benjamin H. Marshall and Miss Betty Marshall of Chicago also are staying.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton Brooks Parker, who returned from Europe on the Mauretania, are at the Ambassador for a short stay before going to Rosemount, their place at Esopus, N. Y., where they will pass the remainder of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Williams have come from Baltimore and are staying at the Plaza, where Mr. and Mrs. George M. Snow of Providence also are staying for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman L. Rogers, who have been passing a week at the Ambassador, left yesterday for Crumwold Hall, their place at Hyde Park. Sir Ernest Burford Horlick of London, who is arriving on the Aquitania, will be at the Ambassador during his stay in New York.

Mrs. Stephen P. N. Rhoades and her children, J. Stewart Rhoades and Peter Rhoades, have come by motor from Short Hills, N. J., and are at the Vanderbilt, where Mrs. H. Ballou Miller of Providence, R. I., also is staying.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rathbone have come from The Chateau, their country place at Stamford, Conn., and are staying at the Ambassador, where also is Mrs. William A. Marburg of Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Howard and their daughters, the Misses Priscilla and Mary T. Howard, have arrived from Baltimore and are staying at the Vanderbilt. Mrs. Perry Hartholow has come from her home in St. Louis and is also at the Vanderbilt.

Alexander R. Holladay, who has been at the Ambassador since his arrival from Europe last week, has gone to his home in Huntington, Del.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Winston gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Hinton Perry of 51 West Tenth Street have completed a motor trip through the White Mountains and the Adirondacks and are now at Saratoga Springs for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George William Burleigh entertained the Japanese Military Mission, which is making a tour of this country, at Briarcliff Lodge yesterday. Lieut. Gen. T. Wada is head of the mission, and the others include Major Gen. Haraguchi, Major Gen. Masaka, Major Gen. Karasaki and seven others.

Mrs. Francis H. Leggett, who arrives on the Homeric on Aug. 20, will be accompanied by her son-in-law, the Earl of Sandwich, and her grandson, Viscount Hinchingbrooke. After a few days in town, Mrs. Leggett will go to her country place, Ridgely Manor, Stone Ridge, N. Y., and the Earl of Sandwich and his son are on a tour around the world.

Mr. and Mrs. Elon St. Clair Hobbs and St. Clair Hobbs Jr., are at the Curtis House, Lenox. Miss Elisabeth Hobbs is visiting in Canada.

Henry T. Legett has gone to the Westchester Biltmore Club, at Rye, N. Y., for an indefinite stay.

Miss Ruth Moseley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mercer Moseley, is the guest of Miss Alicia Kennedy in Newport.

Southampton.

The Suffolk hounds were out yesterday on their weekly hunt. A ten-mile drag course starting at Costello's Farm in Deerfield was laid out. A number of stiff timber jumps were negotiated. Among those who followed the hounds in the saddle were Richard Newton, master, Mrs. F. Ashton de Peyster, Mrs. J. J. Donohue, Mrs. James McMann, Miss Mary Wiborg, Harry P. Robbins, John Pell. The veteran huntsman James Murphy rode Mike, a hunter recently imported from Canada. M. J. Aylward acted as huntsman and James Goode whip.

Miss Zella de Milhau is entertaining at Pirate's Cove, her camp on Montauk Point, her neice, Miss Betty Vosburgh and Miss Mildred Lee, Colleen Dodge, Genevieve Constance and Cathleen Rox.

Mrs. Charles L. Higgins gave a luncheon at Maidstone Inn, Easthampton, yesterday.

Theodoris Stevens, counsel for Long Island State Park Commissioners, is a week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lucien H. Tyng, at the Shallows, their Summer place in Halsey's Neck Lane.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Mitchell sail Saturday for Europe, where they will pass the remainder of the Summer.

Mrs. Clement Burnap will come from Hartsdale, N. Y., Saturday for a fortnight visit with her mother, Mrs. John Bottomley. Mrs. William Lawrence Bottomley, who has been visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. Bottomley, leaves tomorrow for her country place at Sneden's Landing on-the-Hudson.

The annual show which the Summer colonists at Quogue have been putting on for several years will be given on Aug. 21, 22 and 23, and is called "Stepping Out." Among other features is a game of mah jong and the fifty-four pieces in appropriate costumes will be represented by the cottagers.

A dinner dance will be held tonight at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club. Below are the dinner parties to be held at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club this evening: Mrs. H. Dehny Pierce for twelve, Mrs. William M. Follmer for sixteen, Mrs. E. C. Jameson for sixteen, Mrs. Warner Dorvis for ten, Mrs. James C. Kennedy Jr., for twelve, T. B. Davis for sixteen, and Mrs. F. S. Landstreet for eight.

MISS THALLON A BRIDE.

Former Vassar Professor Weds Bert H. Hill in England.

Miss Ida Carleton Thallon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Thallon of Poughkeepsie, was married to Bert Hodge Hill of Athens, Greece, yesterday in Weston-Super-Mare, England. After graduating from Vassar and completing some special courses in study in England, Miss Thallon had been on the Faculty at Vassar as a professor in Greek and Latin. She has written several books on these subjects which have received wide attention.

Mr. Hill is the director of the American College in Athens. Mr. and Mrs. Hill will make a short wedding trip through England and will sail for this country on Aug. 30. After two weeks here they will sail for Greece to make their permanent home in Athens. Mr. and Mrs. Thallon, parents of the bride, were present at the wedding yesterday.

Arabian Fete at Nassau Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BEACH, L. I., Aug. 15.—More than 1,500 guests were present at the Arabian Nights fete held at the Nassau Hotel tonight. The main ballroom of the hotel was transformed into an Arabian tent. Waiters and attendants were garbed in desert costumes.

NEIGHBORS FALL OUT OVER A RELIEF DRIVE

Campaign to Aid Families Made Homeless by Fires Ends in Stormy Meeting.

POLICE BREAK IMPASSE

But They Are Unable to Stop the Remarks of the Two Opposing Factions.

Rival factions in the Neighbors' Relief Fund Committee, organized for the relief of the fifty or more families made homeless and destitute by four fires on and near West 103rd Street on Aug. 3, clashed last night regarding the disbursement of funds, at a meeting held in the public school at 225 West 108th Street. The police were called in to quiet the disturbance.

Mrs. May Lavelle McDermott, President of the Civic Tenants' Association, under whose auspices the meeting was held, and Mrs. Lucille Zeumer of 209 West 117th Street, Chairman of the P. S. 54 Milk and School Fund Committee, were the principal figures, in the clash.

The meeting had proceeded quietly until Mrs. Zeumer took the floor, and refused to make a report of the money she and other members of the relief committee had collected independently until Mrs. McDermott had rendered a report of all the contributions paid into the treasury of the Tenants' Association. This Mrs. McDermott refused to do, and being in the chair, she immediately ruled Mrs. Zeumer out of order. Mrs. Zeumer refused to sit down.

The place immediately was in an uproar. Mrs. Zeumer shouted out that many of the fire victims were present, and they had nothing to eat and no place to sleep and there was no reason why Mrs. McDermott could not pay out the money on the spot to them without "any red tape."

The majority in the assembly appeared to support Mrs. Zeumer, who went on to tell what she had collected. "I got $75.25 from Johnny Hines and $25 from Tom Williams," she exclaimed, "and I've been handing it out to needy victims of the fires who want the relief at once."

Mrs. McDermott Urged to Resign.

The majority of the crowd then urged that Mrs. McDermott resign from the presidency. Mrs. McDermott, meantime, was using the gavel and demanding order, but her voice was lost in the tumult. She finally asked for a motion to adjourn. The motion to adjourn was lost, but the meeting broke up.

At this juncture two policemen from the West 100th Street Station appeared, having been summoned by Mrs. McDermott. But their presence had no quieting effect on the insurgents.

Alfred Sheildrake took the platform and was made President pro tem. He immediately announced that the meeting was not adjourned, and that it would proceed. Mrs. Zeumer again took the floor and was presenting her report as to the contributions she and others had solicited and how they had distributed the money when the two policemen announced that as this was a meeting called by the Civic Tenants' Association all those who could not show their dues cards must leave the room.

As many present were not members of the association this move served to break up the disturbance, and for the next quarter of an hour the opposing groups stood around discussing the probable outcome of the squabble.

Mrs. McDermott's Version.

Mrs. McDermott explained afterward that the association had been in existence for five years and had been conducted along quiet lines. She said there had been no irregularities in the conduct of the relief drive, to which many of the west side merchants had contributed largely.

She stated further money could not be paid out until those who applied for aid were investigated, and that since the West End Presbyterian Church had given financial aid to some of the most needy tenants, there was no further necessity of giving out the money collected in neighborhood contributions.

"Mrs. Zeumer refused to attend an executive meeting at which the money she had collected was to be turned over to Mrs. Caroline Minry, Assistant Treasurer of the league, to be counted and put in the Washington Heights Bank by Harry Cascadib, our Financial Secretary. She has never been discharged from the committee. She resigned."

The first squabble occurred last Saturday night at a dance given for the relief fund at Public School 68, at which bitterness grew. Mrs. Zeumer said the trouble started when Mrs. McDermott ordered that all contributions to the relief fund be put in the treasury of her Civic Tenants' Association, and the money be paid out to fire victims who applied to this association for financial aid.

THEIR NUPTIALS A SURPRISE

Miss Agnes Janeway and Robert A. Wise Married in Trinity Church.

Miss Agnes Janeway, daughter of the late Dr. Theodore C. Janeway, and Robert A. Wise, a fourth-year student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, whose engagement was announced on Aug. 20, 1923, were quietly married at Trinity Church on Thursday. The young couple are now on their honeymoon in Canada.

The news of the marriage came as a surprise to the relatives and many friends of the young couple and was something in the nature of an elopement. Besides doing the unconventional thing in being married without notifying her relatives Mrs. Wise says she will carry the unconventionality a little further by taking up some form of employment when she returns to the city.

The late Dr. Theodore C. Janeway, father of Mrs. Wise, was one of the most prominent surgeons of his day and when the engagement of the young couple was announced at the Summer home of Mrs. Janeway at St. Huberts in the Adirondacks favorable comment was made that Miss Janeway was taking for a husband a man who was following her late father's profession.

It was learned yesterday that the couple went to Trinity Church on Thursday morning and were married by the Rev. Henry S. Miller in the presence of the sexton and another witness. A formal wedding had been planned to take place next month. The couple spent Thursday night at the Ritz-Carlton and left early yesterday morning.

Mr. Wise is a resident of California. He studied at Columbia University and has attended the College of Physicians and Surgeons for the last three years. He is a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon. He expects to practice in New York when he is graduated.

HONOR MAGISTRATE LEVINE.

Flowers Fill Courtroom on His Fifth Anniversary.

Magistrate Max S. Levine walked into a delegation in the West Side Court yesterday from the Grand Street Boys' Association, bearing floral offerings, broad smiles and hearty congratulations in honor of his fifth anniversary as a City Magistrate. His bench and even the prisoners' dock bloomed with its quota of floral gifts.

Heading the delegation was Henry Sobel, Vice President of the organization of which Magistrate Levine is President. Mr. Sobel complimented the Magistrate on his rise from the east side to his present position and said the association was honored to have him as President.

A steady stream of visitors poured in on the Magistrate during the morning, adding their floral collection and congratulations.

$10 for Hundred Neediest Cases.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $10 from Mrs. Victor Delamater for the Hundred Neediest Cases. This contribution will be held for this year's fund.

SCOTLAND IS MECCA FOR MANY AMERICANS

Go North After the Shooting Season, Preceding the King and Queen.

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LONDON, Aug. 15.—Not until the beginning of September, when King George and Queen Mary take up their residence in Balmoral Castle, and Ambassador and Mrs. Kellogg motor to Scotland for a round of visits, will the American season be in full swing in the Highlands. But meanwhile many Americans are already there.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan are at Agragannochy Lodge, the property of the Earl of Dalhousie and one of the most picturesque shoots at Forfarashire. It is on the banks of the Northesk, about a mile from Edzell, where there is a good inland golf course.

The Earl and Countess of Ancaster (the Countess was Eloise Breese of New York) are holding a series of shooting parties at Drummond Castle during the next two months and will be present, as usual, at the Grieff games.

Sir John and Lady Ward, the latter a daughter of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, are going soon to Craig Hall, Perthshire, for shooting. Craig Hall is high above the River Aricht, near Ballgowrie.

Mrs. Harry Brown of Pittsburgh, who has been at Norfolk House, is somewhere in Scotland. Mrs. J. B. Taylor, née Julie Duff of New York, and Mr. Taylor have taken a long lease on Netherton, near Delbie. Mr. Moorhead, the new American Consul at Dundee, is staying with Mrs. Moorehead at St. Andrews until they find a country place near Dundee.

Lord Astor and one of his sons have gone visiting in Scotland, but Lady Astor has gone to Sandwich. Lady Leith of Vyvie, née Mary January of St. Louis, and Lord Leith have a house party for shooting at Vyvie Castle. Sir Charles and Lady Burn, the latter a daughter of the Leiths, is also there.

Mrs. Archibald Edmon Stone, formerly Gwendolyn Marshall Field, is hostess at her husband's historic Scotch home, Duntreath Castle, Stirlingshire. J. S. Steers of New York has rented Glendkindie from Lord Burgh, who is a cousin of Swinburne.

Clarence R. Mackay is shooting over Revack and Cromdale Moor this season. Otto H. Kahn will rent Whitebarnham, which he has rented from Lord Balfour for the Fall, a most congenial spot. It is close to the famous North Berwick golf course just a few hours' motor ride from Edinburgh, and has a magnificent library.

The Duchess of Roxburghe, in the lowlands of Scotland, is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, at Floors Castle, stone's throw from the picturesque Abbey town of Kelso.

HOME BUILT ON AUTO MAKES 4,000-MILE TRIP

Educator Brings Family Here in House-Car in Which They Lived Eight Weeks.

After traveling almost 4,000 miles from his home in Point, Texas, Will A. Harris, an educator, arrived in New York in his home-made house-car early yesterday. With him were his wife and their daughter, Loreta, 8 years old.

The family has been living in the machine since last December. The gray-painted house that Mr. Harris built on a motor truck chassis is 18 feet long, 7 feet wide and 6 feet 3 inches high. It contains two rooms, separated by a curtain, in which are two beds, a table, stove, closet and washroom.

Mr. Harris said the trip was made chiefly for its educational advantages. He lectures in the Texas high schools and he said he realized he would be better equipped if he saw, at first hand, points of general and historic interest throughout the country. In coming here they passed through three countries, Mexico, the United States and Canada, and slept in about forty cities. The trip took eight weeks.

Mr. Harris said Governor McRae of Arkansas gave him a letter commending him for undertaking the trip and hoping he would be treated with courtesy at every point. He was.

The family Saturday visited Grant's Tomb, the Woolworth Building, Brooklyn Bridge and other places of interest and last night went to Coney Island. They will sleep in their machine each night and expect to leave for home early next week.

W. BUNT IS SERIOUSLY HURT

Thrown From a West Shore Train Near Highland Falls, N. Y.

Special to The New York Times.

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—W. Bunt of 221 West Sixteenth Street, New York City, was probably fatally injured here today when he was thrown from the platform of one of the cars on the 541, a West Shore train, at the trestle south of the station.

He received a fractured skull and internal injuries. He was attended here by Dr. Kenneth Blanchard and then taken to St. Luke's Hospital at Newburgh.

Neighbors at the New York address of Mr. Bunt said he had left yesterday to join his wife and daughter at their Summer place at Platte Clove in Greene County, about five miles from Tannersville. He was 37 years old and a carpenter.

BABY ABANDONED IN CHURCH

Priest Who Finds Infant Christens Her "Assumption."

A wailing cry in the Church of the Transfiguration, 31 Mott Street, late yesterday afternoon led to the finding of a five-day-old baby girl in a rear pew by the Rev. John Voghera.

Nothing by which the infant might be identified was found. She had on a white dress and lay on a pink blanket. Beside her was a bottle of warm milk.

Going to the baptismal font, Father Voghera christened the baby "Assumption," as befitting yesterday's religious significance as Assumption Day. The priest then called Patrolman Lewis of the Oak Street Station, who took charge of the infant.

Mrs. Charles D. Haines Very Ill.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Mrs. Charles D. Haines of Altamonte Springs, Fla., is seriously ill in a hospital here, to which she was rushed in an ambulance from East Windham, N. Y., when she was suddenly stricken while motoring through the Catskills with her husband, Charles D. Haines, former Congressman.

At the hospital it was said Mrs. Haines was suffering from acute indigestion and other complications as yet not definitely diagnosed.

Mr. and Mrs. Haines, who formerly resided at Kinderhook, N. Y., recently founded the Florida National Newspapermen's Home with donations amounting to over a million dollars.

Physicians held out every hope of Mrs. Haines's complete recovery.

Edward C. Burwell Operated On.

Edward C. Burwell of Funch, Edye & Co., steamship agents, and formerly employed in the business department of THE NEW YORK TIMES, underwent a serious operation for cranial trouble at the Neurological Institute, Sixty-seventh Street and Lexington Avenue, yesterday. According to a report coming from his bedside last night, Mr. Burwell's condition is serious.

COURT FIGHT BEGUN TO BAN GAS CUT-OFF

United Real Estate Owners and Others Seek Writ Forbidding Enforcement of the Act.

PROTEST $25,000,000 COST

Stewart Browne Intimates That Certain Persons Are Benefited by Type of Device Selected.

A legal fight said to involve 250,000 property owners and $25,000,000 was begun in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday when A. J. Halprin of 256 Broadway, as counsel for the United Real Estate Owners Association and the Greater New York Taxpayers Association, applied to Justice MacCrate for an order to restrain Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan from enforcing the gas cut-off ordinance. In case of an adverse decision in the lower court the action will be carried through to the Court of Appeals, it was said, and it is probable that before it is ended the Mayor, members of the Bureau of Standards and Appeals and many other city officials will be called to the witness stand.

The gas cut-off ordinance was passed eighteen months ago, but its enforcement has just been undertaken by Assistant Chief Thomas J. Hayes of the Bureau of Fire Prevention. Since the ordinance became effective the Bureau of Standards and Appeals has been working out rules for its enforcement and deciding upon types of cut-off acceptable to the city. The types approved will figure largely in the court fight. This was admitted yesterday by Stewart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Owners, who said he proposed to "let light in" upon the subject of "who was going to benefit by the arbitrarily picking of certain types."

Mr. Browne said that, whereas it had been stated when the matter was first agitated that the cost would not be more than $25 at the most, investigation had shown that the cut-off device could not be put in for less than $100, and in some cases the expense would be as high as $150.

The ordinances requiring buildings exceeding five stories in height and used for residential purposes to be equipped with shut-off valves on the exterior was passed by the Board of Aldermen on Jan. 16, 1923. It was approved by Mayor Hylan over protests on Jan. 26, 1923.

Enforcement Held Up.

The case was not argued in court yesterday, and the city, through Corporation Counsel, agreed to hold up enforcement of the ordinance until the case comes up on Sept. 8.

Mr. Browne made the following statement:

"The proposed gas cut-off is a farce. In case of fire it would be dangerous and a menace to life, for it would cut off the entire gas supply of a building and leave it at night in entire darkness. It could be taken advantage of by burglars, as they could turn off the gas from the street before entering the building and also have the advantage of darkness.

"The expense of installing this device would be an immense burden on the property owners of the city. If the ordinance is enforced cut-offs will have to be installed in 250,000 buildings throughout the greater city. My investigation shows that the minimum cost of installation is $100 and that in most cases it will run as high as $150. You have only to figure up to see how great will be the expense on the property owners and then add that it is entirely an unnecessary expense. When the ordinance was considered it was stated that the expense would be only $2 to $25.

"At first Hylan said he would not stand for such an ordinance unless it provided that the expense be borne by the gas companies, but later, without his disapproval, the present ordinance was passed putting the burden on the owners. I am unable to prove now who will mainly benefit from this law, but I intend to find out.

Plans to Subpoena Mayor.

"I intend to ask for an examination before trial and to subpoena the Mayor, members of the Board of Standards and Appeals, officials of the Fire Department and any others who may be able to throw light on the situation so that the public may know why this ordinance was passed in its present form and why certain of these devices were approved by the city officials.

"Some buildings now have a form of gas cut-off supplied by the gas companies. These can do efficient service and have stood up under tests. Under the terms of the new ordinance additional cut-offs will be required—more money for those who benefit.

"So far as I know only two forms of gas cut-offs have been approved by the Bureau of Standards and there is a report that both of them are controlled by the same company. The city of Chicago is the only city in the United States which so far has tried the type of cut-off required by the ordinance and the authorities there say they were both impracticable and dangerous for the reasons I have given. They were abandoned.

"We hope to get a favorable ruling when the application is argued but if necessary the fight will be carried to the Court of Appeals. The association has 11,000 members and they are all determined that this unnecessary expense shall not be placed upon the shoulders of the property owners of the city."

GETS SOAP FOR HIS $3,300.

Harry Arnowitz Expected to Find $5,000 in Jewelry in Tin Box.

Harry Arnowitz of 949 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, got a great surprise yesterday when he opened a tin box, for which he had paid $3,300 in the belief that it contained $5,000 worth of jewelry, and found only 50 cents worth of stationery soap. Harry Cooperstein, a jewelry agent, of 712 Fox Street, one of the three men accused of making the sale, was arrested. Magistrate Corrigan held him in $2,500 bail for examination on Aug. 21 on a charge of grand larceny.

Arnowitz declared that Cooperstein and two other men came to his house yesterday and showed him a tin box filled with rings, uncut stones and other prices of jewelry. He said that when they appraised its value at $5,000 and offered to sell it to him for $3,300 he went with them to his bank to get the money. At 156th Street and Third Avenue, according to his story, the old "switch game" was played on him. Arnowitz said that when he turned over the $3,300 to one of Cooperstein's companions he received the box and was told not to open it until he reached his home.

Arnowitz let his curiosity overcome him in front of the Morrisania Police Station, a few blocks away, and opened the box, to find the bars of soap. Cooperstein, arrested a short time later, said that he did not know the identity of the two men who had accompanied him. He insisted that he was innocent of any fraudulent intent.

No Hope for Lucy P. Gaston.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Miss Lucy Page Gaston, founder of the National Anti-Cigarette League, was removed from the Presbyterian Hospital to the Hinsdale Sanitarium today. She is suffering from cancer of the throat and physicians who made an incision several days ago hold that there is no hope for her recovery.

Accident Delays the Rochambeau.

HAVRE, France, Aug. 15.—The French Line steamer Rochambeau, which sailed from New York Aug. 6 for Havre, sent a wireless message today saying that, owing to a broken crank shaft, she has been obliged to reduce speed. The vessel hopes to reach port Saturday night.

MRS. CLARA BRULATOUR IS KILLED IN EGYPT

Thrown From Car in an Accident —She Was the First Wife of Wealthy Film Importer.

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CAIRO, Aug. 15.—A tragic accident here has cast gloom over the visit to Cairo of passengers from the Tuscania, which is making a Mediterranean cruise with Americans.

While returning last night from the Pyramids, whither she had gone with her daughter and son and an Egyptian friend in the latter's car, Mrs. Clara Brulatour of New York was thrown from the car in a collision with a tram car in the Pyramids Road, and sustained fatal injuries, dying in the Anglo-American Hospital an hour later.

The rest of the passengers were unhurt.

Mrs. Clara Brulatour was the first wife of Jules E. Brulatour, wealthy film importer. They were married in 1894 in Louisiana and lived together until 1911. A separation was agreed on then and Mrs. Brulatour received the custody of their three children.

In 1917 Mr. Brulatour obtained a divorce in Kentucky. Mrs. Brulatour, by the terms of an agreement, receiving $30,000 a year. A short while later Mr. Brulatour married Dorothy Gibson, artist's model, who was the original "Harrison Fisher Girl." The second Mrs. Brulatour obtained a divorce in 1919. Pending the trial of her suit she asked for $48,000 alimony, but the court allowed her only $10,000 a year.

Mr. Brulatour married the third time in Aug. 22, 1923, when he took for his bride Hope Hampton, motion picture actress. He had been her manager for several years. They live at 1,207 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Clara Brulatour, accompanied by her son Jules and daughter, Miss Yvonne Brulatour, sailed on the Tuscania on July 3 on a sixty-day cruise.

DR. E. A. MURPHY, SCHOOL HEAD, DEAD

The Third Superintendent of Jersey City Public Schools to Die Within a Year.

Dr. Edward A. Murphy, Superintendent of Public Schools in Jersey City for the last year, died Thursday night in the Post Graduate Hospital here. He was the third head of Jersey City schools to die within a year and three weeks.

Dr. Murphy was 62 years old, having been born in Trenton in 1862. He was educated in the New Jersey State Normal School and New York University. Thirty-nine years ago he began his teaching career in Bergen County and became Superintendent of the schools of Hudson County in 1897. He had been connected with the Jersey City school system since 1901, and nine years later was appointed assistant to the late Dr. Snyder, School Superintendent, until his death on July 27, 1923. Dr. Snyder's successor, Dr. J. Hopkins, died only a few weeks after becoming Superintendent, and Dr. Murphy then took charge of the system.

Because of the Superintendent's death flags on all public buildings in Jersey City were placed at half-staff yesterday and will remain so for thirty days. Funeral services will be held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Parmly Memorial Church.

Dr. and Mrs. Murphy resided at the Fairmont Hotel, Jersey City.

PROF. R. G. MOULTON DEAD.

Emeritus Professor of Chicago University Dies in England.

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LONDON, Aug. 15.—Professor Richard Green Moulton, emeritus professor in Chicago University, died today in Tunbridge Wells, aged 75.

Professor Moulton was an authority on Shakespeare and wrote many scholarly treatises dealing with the works of the great English poet. He also contributed several other literary texts, three of them analyzing the Bible from the point of view of the English man of letters.

He was born in Preston, England, in 1849 and received his first collegiate degree, that of Bachelor of Arts, from the University of London. Cambridge University conferred the same degree on him a few years later. He also held a master of Arts and an honorary Doctor of Laws degree from the latter institution.

From 1874-90 he was an extension lecturer at Cambridge and in 1891 became lecturer for the American Society for the Extension of University Teaching. In 1901 he taught at the University of Chicago and continued there for eighteen years, when he became an emeritus professor. He was a Fellow of the Royal Society of Literature.

WORKMAN IS KILLED.

Another Injured When Elevator Falls Three Floors With Them.

One workman was killed and another probably fatally injured in Jersey City yesterday when a cable of a work elevator on the building under construction for The Jersey Journal at Sipp Avenue and Journal Square broke and the elevator fell three floors to the basement with them.

Samuel Frattale, 30 years old, of 107 Lincoln Avenue, Ridgefield Park, N. J., had his skull fractured and the handle of a wheelbarrow driven through his body. He was killed instantly. Thomas Nunarry, 211 Eighth Street, West New York, N. J., suffered concussion of the brain and internal injuries. He was taken to the City Hospital.

Dr. Bertram W. Sippy Drops Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Dr. Bertram W. Sippy of Chicago, regarded as one of the world's greatest stomach specialists, dropped dead late today at his Summer residence, twenty miles east of Ludington, Mich. The famous physician, who was especially noted among the medical profession for the "Sippy Treatment" of stomach ulcers, was 57 years old. He had been suffering from diabetes in recent months.

Senator Colt Slightly Better.

BRISTOL, R. I., Aug. 15.—Slight improvement has been noted during the last twenty-four hours in the condition of United States Senator Lebaron B. Colt, critically ill at his home here. Dr. A. M. Merriman, one of the attending physicians, issued the following bulletin at 9 o'clock:

"In the past twenty-four hours, Senator Colt has improved slightly."

Hope for his speedy recovery was expressed in a message received from President Coolidge at the Colt residence today.

Obituary Notes.

EMIL REISENBURGER, well known hotel man on Long Island's North Shore, was found dead in bed yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Doris Ritter, 4,562 Parsons Boulevard, Flushing. Mr. Reisenburger, who was born in Germany, was 66 years old, and for twenty-five years had had a hotel at College Point. He belonged to the Masonic order and to the Foresters of America.

HENRY GODFREY SCHOECK Sr., whose funeral services were held last night at his late residence, 8,906 Ninety-seventh Street, Woodhaven, was one of Long Island's most prominent realtors, having established himself in this business twenty-one years ago in the Ridgewood section of Queens County. He was 66 years old, and was a former Republican leader in the Eastern District of Brooklyn.

CHARLES B. SEDGEWICK, 78, pioneer lawyer of Syracuse, active in his profession up to four years ago, when ill health forced him to return from Detroit, where he was legal adviser to the Solvay Process Company, died in Syracuse yesterday. He was graduated from Hamilton College in 1869.

The Rev. JOHN WILLIAMS, rector of St. Barnabas's Episcopal Church in Omaha, Neb., for thirty-seven years, died there last night. He was 86 years old and had been retired from active church work since 1914. He was born in Kerry County, Ireland, in 1838.

VISCOUNT KNOLLYS DIES AT 87 YEARS

Private Secretary to Late King Edward for 40 Years, and Then to King George.

KIN OF EARL OF ESSEX

The Last of a Long Line of Medieval Courtiers Was Lord-in-Waiting to Queen Alexandra.

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LONDON, Aug. 15.—Viscount Francis Knollys, faithful and devoted servant of three generations of the royal family, died this morning at Rickmansworth, aged 87. He entered the household of Queen Victoria in 1868, was private secretary to King Edward for forty years and then acted in the same capacity to King George from 1910 to 1913.

He was a discreet, but powerful figure behind King Edward. "No man ever knew so much and said so little," the Archbishop of

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35 *Branches in Greater New York*

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Analysis

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The situation surrounding many power and light company common stocks is exceedingly interesting. Commonwealth Power Corp. Common Stock in our judgment is among the most attractive.

We shall be pleased to send a copy of this Analysis to interested parties.

Request Analysis T-140

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To yield 8%

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FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL & R.R. BONDS
& CO.
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INVESTMENT SUGGESTIONS
SJOSTROM & CO.
66 WALL STREET NEW YORK
Tel. Bowling Green 1513-9849

Mohawk Valley
(Controls Rochester Gas and Electric Co.)
Bought—Sold—Quoted
J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4600 to 4610 John. 32 Wall St., N. Y.

Lake Shore & Michigan So. 1st 3½s, 1997
Oregon Washington 4s, 1961
GARDNER & CO.
20 Broad St. Tel. Rector 7430

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Further Advance in Stocks, Bonds Strong—European Exchange Rates Higher.

The grain market rather than the stock market was the centre of spectacular interest yesterday; the day's swift advance in practically every cereal product bringing reminder of some old-time "bull markets" in the grain trade. With less excited movement, prices rose on the Stock Exchange also, carrying the "average" of representative shares well above the previous high point of the year and therefore above any daily average since 1919. As if further to emphasize the numerous and varying aspects of the present remarkable economic situation, the report on the country's foreign commerce for July showed reversion to a monthly "import surplus"; the first since June of 1923 and, except for the four months then completed, the first since 1914.

Yesterday's advance in the grain market brought wheat for September delivery to $1.32½, comparing with the previous day's closing of $1.28, with a high point for the season of $1.35⅝ on Monday of last week, and with a low price for 1924 of $1.02⅝. Corn ran up 4 cents a bushel to the highest price since the end of September, 1920, while oats and rye advanced 3 cents or more. Various reasons were assigned for this remarkable movement, the admitted shortage of corn in some usually very productive areas being no doubt the more potent influence at work. But it was also evident that heavy foreign buying of wheat had stimulated the market's imagination. This buying was not at all mysterious. Liverpool does not usually show its hand at once, when supplies of wheat are seen to be heavily reduced in one of the main producing areas on which England draws; but it never delays its recourse to other markets, and this year it must apparently make up for Canada's shortage by recourse to the United States.

The $400,000 "import surplus," reported for our foreign trade of July, resulted almost wholly from an unexpectedly large decrease in exports, which were $28,000,000 less than in the preceding month and $24,000,000 under the previous July. It was not a consequence of heavily increased imports; the inward trade was less than that of the same month in 1923, and only a trifle greater than in June. In that respect, the month's shift to an "import excess" does not at all resemble the similar incident of 1923. The first month of 1923 in which the trade balance was reversed showed importations $94,000,000 above the month preceding and $141,000,000 above 1922.

The phenomenon was then a reflection of the sudden and immensely increased buying of foreign materials to prepare for the American trade revival which was foreshadowed. There is no such buying now; it may not materialize, even with an Autumn trade recovery. But the recurrence of an import surplus, even if temporary, is a reminder of the fact that at least the logic of the country's economic position in regard to the outside world has long pointed to a change in the trade balance.

Transactions on the Stock Exchange fell slightly short of a million shares. The day's advance in prices converged mainly on the industrial group, and the net changes varied widely. This was plainly enough because of the distribution of professional activities. But there were few exceptions to the upward trend and, in the day's most active stocks, advances ran to 2 or 3 points in numerous instances.

Once more, the week-end mercantile trade reviews are unable to report visible evidence of rapid business revival. Bradstreet reports that "improvement in sentiment still outstrips gain in actual buying," and that trade activity is still only "fair." Dun has nothing better to say than that "the breaking away from Summer inertia has come earlier than usual," but that activities even yet "have not broadened in every line of trade." Even as to prices, Dun's comprehensive list of commodities shows thirteen fewer separate advances this week than in the week preceding.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, AUG. 15, 1924.

Nothing startling happened in the money market to set it out from other recent sessions. There continued, however, an occasional trade in choice name short-date merchants' notes at 2¾ per cent., but as business in this grade was limited the discount on other names was maintained as previously at 3@3½ per cent. There appeared but a scant inquiry for fixed period accommodation, a natural development, while relative cheapness persists in call money, borrowers resorting to day-to-day loans to fill out their requirements. Both call and time money quotations were unchanged.

Call Loans.

	Thursday's			
Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.
2	2	2	2	2

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	2¼@2¾
4, 5 and 6 months	2¾@3
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	2¼@2¾
4, 5 and 6 months	3 @3½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	3 @3½
Other names, 4 to 6 months	3½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3; 60 to 90 days	3
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3; 60 to 90 days	3

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	1¼
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at	Bid. Asked.
30 days	2 1¾
60 days	2¼ 2
90 days	2¾ 2
Four months	2¾ 2½
Six months	2¾ 2¾
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	2¾ 2¾

London Market.

Money in London 1 per cent. lower at 2½ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3⅜ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 3 13-16@3¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 5d off at 90s 5d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 106⅝. Highest for the year to date; 115 1-3, on Jan. 21; lowest, 106 9-16, Aug. 11. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅞, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $884,000,000; balances, $117,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $88,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $583,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 3-16 off at 33¾d per ounce; New York price ¾ off at 65c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35¾d May 31	32¾d Apr. 7
New York	67½c Aug. 8	62¾c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	33¼d Dec. 13	29¼d Feb. 8
New York	69½c Mar. 27	48½c July 25

EXPLAINS GOLD SUPPLY.

New York Trust Company Says There Is a Misconception.

"A misconception as to the amount of gold which may properly be in use in this country in proportion to our population and resources and the ever-growing volume of its trade explains the failure of a great gold accumulation in the United States to bring about price inflation, as had been predicted by certain European bankers and economists." This is the view taken by the New York Trust Company, in the August number of its publication.

"Although the inflow of gold slackened somewhat for a time during 1923," said the Index, "the decrease in gold imports was only temporary, was quickly resumed and still goes on. In the meanwhile the general course of the commodity prices index has been downward not upward and there is certainly no present indication of business expansion accompanied by a substantial rise in prices in the near future."

AUTO PRODUCTION GAINS.

First Increase Since Spring Reflects Better Business.

July production of motor vehicles in the United States exceeded that of June by 5 per cent., according to estimates based on shipping reports to the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce made public yesterday.

As production during the last few months has been adjusted to retail conditions this increase is believed by leaders in the industry to reflect a steady strengthening in the business outlook. It is the first increase since the decline which started in April.

Approve Sale of Power Shares.

The California Railroad Commission has approved the application of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company to sell an additional 50,000 shares when needed of common stock of the par value of $5,000,000 at not less than 93. A recent offering of 50,000 shares was oversubscribed.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Again Advance Sharply.

Strength again prevailed on the Stock Exchange yesterday, many stocks reaching new high records for the current year to date. Gains of one to two points or even more were numerous among the active issues and, unlike the markets of the earlier days of the week, the upward swing of prices was general, extending to all sections and groups. In scope of advance, the outstanding features of the day were Mack Trucks, which advanced 5¾ points, with American Can rising 3¾, Endicott Johnson 3½, Southern Railway 3¾, National Lead 3¼ and General Electric 2¾. United States Steel common was again in demand, selling up to 109 and closing at 108¾, at which level it was up 1¾ points for the day. Somewhat better news from the steel trade accounted for the firmer tone in this group. In general, sentiment in the financial district was cheerful yesterday, the uncertainty of the last ten days having virtually disappeared. Barring a "political chill" now and then, which may bring about general reaction, Wall Street at present professes to see nothing on the horizon to mar the view of the immediate future. Comment upon President Coolidge's speech of acceptance was generally favorable, but politics was not much discussed.

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As to Recovery in Steel Trade.

According to reports received in the financial district from the steel producing centres yesterday, recovery in this industry is going along at a satisfactory pace; at least the improvement now in progress in the matter of production is much better than had been looked for only a few weeks ago. The reports stated that the Carnegie Steel plant of the United States Steel Corporation is now operating at considerably better than the 75 per cent. of capacity of a few weeks ago. Other subsidiaries of the company also report increased working schedules. The improvement was said yesterday not to be confined to the Steel Corporation plants, as increased operations are also under way at the Bethlehem and Republic mills.

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The Market and Politics.

It was considered a question just how much effect the speech of acceptance made by President Coolidge had on the market yesterday. Those who held the opinion that the political situation is a factor in the market naturally seized on this as the "peg" on which the day's advances must have been based. Those in the financial district who do not believe that politics is a factor in the market (and their name is legion) expressed the belief that the market advance came from within rather than from without; that the wave of selling and profit-taking evidently had subsided; that stocks no longer were heavily pressed for sale, and that the market was fully ready to get out of its rut of inaction under the influence of the constructive assistance given it here and there. Nobody was met who showed any great excitement over Mr. Coolidge's speech.

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New High Record for Stock Averages.

The rapid advance in stock market prices yesterday carried the averages into new high ground for the current year to date. Both the railroads and the industrials scored good gains, the advance in the former group being equal to about ¾ of a point, while the advance in the latter was equal to more than 1¼ points. The combined average was up about ⅞ point. The high point for the combined average yesterday was 96.14, a new record for the current year and comparing with a previous high of 95.36 for the year, established on Aug. 4. The combined average is now less than 2 points below the top mark established in the after-war market of 1919.

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Rumors of New Nickel Plate Terms.

Those most familiar with the new Nickel Plate system were inclined yesterday to discount the reports in the financial district that there would be a voluntary revision of terms to the stockholders of that railroad. It was pointed out that a revision in the terms to any one group of stockholders would have to be followed by other revisions, which would greatly complicate the consolidation plans. It was pointed out that most of the large stockholders in the respective companies agreed upon the terms before they were made public. There is, however, the possibility of some change being made in the terms as offered to the preferred stockholders of the Chesapeake & Ohio, but it is unlikely unless there is a change in the plans that a voluntary revision will be made in the offer for the common stock.

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Another View of the German Loan.

One of Wall Street's well-known bankers, when asked yesterday to what extent banking practice and opinion had discounted in the present market the developments at London in the progress toward a reparation settlement and a German loan, replied: "So far as I can see, there has been no discounting by bankers at all. All the discounting is being done and has been done largely by people who think the settlement is a buttoned-up proposition, and to whom the customary analyses of the season's security offerings are interesting only because they are cheap. I believe the average banker is willing to take no chances in advance of an appearance of definite results from the other side of the water, and in the meantime he is not excited about either German loans or credits."

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Illinois Bonds Awarded.

The strength of the bond market and the competition for new issues was illustrated again yesterday in the bidding for the $9,000,000 of Illinois 4 per cent. road bonds. The syndicate headed by the Guaranty Trust Company were the high bidders with an offer of 99.1088, while their closest rivals were the syndicate of which the National City Company was the head with a bid of 99.1066. In other words, the difference between the offers of the two companies on bonds totaling $9,000,000 was just $198.

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Between Now and Election Day.

Despite the fact that most people in the financial district are taking an optimistic view of the future, it is rather remarkable with what unanimity a "market chill" is anticipated sooner or later before election. None of those who anticipate this chill are able to place their hands definitely upon it or what will bring it about. Most of them, apparently, merely "feel it in their bones," but there are those who predict unhesitatingly that the market is going to get terribly frightened all of a sudden, some time before Nov. 4, at the possibility of an election "thrown into the House." It was recalled that even in 1896, when every good judge of politics knew before Novembr that Bryan would be defeated, the climax of acute apprehension came the day before election, and Wall Street brokers kept their offices open all night on election day to allow their customers to buy or sell on the actual news, by way of London.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, AUG. 15, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
968,670	742,155	865,936	588,825	645,575	144,872,851	150,353,087	161,840,316	108,144,554	146,013,004½

1924 High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
12⅜	6	1,000	Advance Rumely	11½	12	11½	12	+ 1½	10	12
41¼	28½	800	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	38¾	39¾	38¾	39		37	40
82⅝	67½	900	Air Reduction (4)	78	79	78	79	+ 1½	78½	79
10½	4½	6,900	Ajax Rubber	9½	10	9¼	10	+ ⅝	9⅝	9¾
1⅛	⅛	500	Alaska Juneau	1	1	1	1		1	1⅛
79	65	6,000	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	75¾	76¾	75	75½	— ½	75½	76
118¾	110	500	Allied Chem. & D. pf. (7)	116½	116¾	116	116	— ⅛	115¾	116¼
58⅝	41½	2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	57	57¾	57	57½		57¾	57⅞
17¼	7⅛	200	Am. Agricult. Chemical	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ½	14⅜	15
135½	98	100	Am. Bank Note (5)	133	133	133	133	+ 3	125	135
38⅞	22¼	100	Am. Bosch Magneto	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅞	27	25
85⅞	76	1,200	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	85⅞	86¼	85⅞	85⅞	+ ⅛	84	85½
129¾	95⅞	62,000	Am. Can (10) pf.	126⅝	129¾	126⅝	129¾	+ 3⅝	129	129⅞
116⅜	100	100	Am. Can pf. (7)	115⅛	115⅜	115⅛	115⅜	+ ⅛	115⅛	116
178	153½	1,200	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	172	173	172	172¾	+ ⅞	171	172½
23⅜	21½	200	Am. Chain, Class A (2)	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	+ ¼	22½	22¾
6¼	3½	400	Am. Druggist Syndicate	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾	— ⅛	4½	4¾
122⅝	88	700	Am. Express (6)	119¾	121¼	119¾	120	+ ½	119½	120
116½	93	450	Am. & F. Pow., 20% pd. (7)	119	116	116	115	— 1	114½	115½
13⅝	7¼	300	Am. Hide & Leather	12⅜	12⅝	12⅜	12½	+ ⅛	12½	12⅝
65	50½	1,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	63⅞	64½	63⅞	63⅞	+ ⅛	63⅜	64
96	86	200	Am. Ice (7)	90½	90½	90½	90½	+ 1½	89	90
83	70½	200	Am. Ice pf. (6)	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	+ ½	80	82
26⅝	17⅜	4,600	Am. International	25⅞	26⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+ 1	25	25⅛
12¼	10	100	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝		10⅝	11
98¼	95	100	Am. La F. Fire E. pf. (7)	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛		94	100
81⅝	70¼	3,600	Am. Locomotive (6)	79⅜	80¾	79⅜	80	+ ½	79⅜	80¼
47	38⅜	3,600	Am. Metal (3)	46¼	47	46¼	46⅞	+ ⅝	46½	47
114⅝	94¼	1,100	Am. Radiator (4)	114	114⅝	113⅝	114⅝	+ 1⅝	114½	115
45	22¾	100	Am. Republics	40	40	40	40		40	41
15⅝	10⅜	400	Am. Ship & Commerce	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛	11	11⅜
72⅜	57½	8,500	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)	70⅝	72⅜	70⅝	72	+ 1⅜	71⅜	72
104⅞	96	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7)	104⅞	104⅞	104⅛	104⅛	+ ⅛	103¾	104¼
40⅜	33½	300	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	36¼	36¾	35⅞	36¼	+ ⅛	35⅞	36¼
106⅝	101½	100	Am. Steel Fdy. pf. (7)	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝		106	107½
61⅜	38⅝	1,100	Am. Sugar Refining	46	46⅞	46	46⅝	+ ⅛	46¼	46½
99⅞	79	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+ ¼	90	91
28⅝	6⅜	200	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ¼	8	8¼
130⅝	121½	2,500	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	127½	127⅝	127½	127⅝	+ ⅝	127⅜	127⅝
157	139⅜	200	Am. Tobacco (12)	150	150¼	150	150¼	+ ¼	149	150
153	135¼	400	Am. Tobacco, Class B (12)	147⅛	147½	147¼	147½	+ ½	146½	147¾
117¾	40	400	Am. Water Works & Elec.	110	110¾	109¼	110¾	— 1	110	112
78⅝	62	3,300	Am. Woolen (7)	76½	77⅞	76¼	76⅞	+ ⅝	76⅜	76⅝
102⅝	96⅜	100	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	101⅜	101⅜	101¼	101⅜		101	101½
10⅝	7	100	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛	8	8½
34⅞	24	600	Am. Zinc, Lead & S. pf.	30	31¼	30	31¼	+ 1⅛	30	30¾
41	28½	8,400	Anaconda Copper	38⅜	39	38	39	+ 1½	38⅝	39
34	25	700	Ann Arbor pf.	32	33½	32	33½	+ 1½	33	34
117½	79	700	Associated Dry Goods (5)	115	117	115	117	+ 4	115	117
30⅝	27¼	100	Associated Oil (1½)	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝		28¾	29
106¾	97¼	1,900	Atch., Top. & S. F. (6)	105¼	106	105	105¾	+ ¼	105½	106⅜
93½	86½	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	92	92	92	92		92	93
3¼	1⅝	800	Atlanta, Birm. & A.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝		2¾	3
137	112	2,400	Atlantic Coast Line (18)	135	136¾	134¾	136½	+ 2⅛	136	136½
27½	12¾	300	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	19⅝	20	19⅝	20		19½	20
140⅞	78½	1,600	Atlantic Refining	85½	85¾	84¾	84¾	+ ¼	84	84½
30	18½	100	Austin Nichols	23½	23½	23½	23½	+ ½	23	24
131	104⅝	27,200	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	122⅞	124¼	122⅞	124¼	+ 1¼	124¼	124⅝
65	52½	12,300	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	64½	65	64	64½	+ ⅛	64⅜	64½
21⅝	14	9,100	Barnsdall Class A	20⅞	21⅝	20⅝	21⅛	+ ¼	21	21⅛
16¼	10	100	Barnsdall Class B	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ⅛	14¾	15⅞
58½	44⅜	700	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	50	52	50	52	+ 2	51	51⅞
62⅜	41½	1,600	Bethlehem Steel	43⅝	43⅞	43½	43⅝	+ ⅛	43½	43⅝
54	30	100	British Emp. Steel 1st pf.	30	30	30	30	+ 2½	29	31
116¼	107¾	600	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	115¾	116¼	115¾	116¼	+ ¼	116	116¼
137	126¾	1,200	Brooklyn-Man. Transit	26⅞	27⅝	26⅞	27⅝	+ ¾	26⅝	26¾
70¾	48⅝	100	Brooklyn-M. Tran. pf. (6)	69	69	69	69		68	69¾
71	56⅝	1,600	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	69¾	69¾	69¼	69¾	+ ¼	69	69¾
53⅝	39	900	Brown Shoe (4)	47	48⅝	47	48⅝	+ 2⅝	47	48
112½	97¼	200	Burns Bros. (10)	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	+ ¼	106	107
27	19⅝	200	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¼	+ ¼	24½	24⅝
6¼	3⅝	1,100	Butte Copper & Zinc	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛	5⅝	5⅞
20⅝	17	3,500	Butte & Superior	17⅜	18½	17⅜	18½	+ 1⅛	18	18½
20⅝	14	100	California Packing (6)	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	+ ¼	86½	87
97⅜	71½	500	California Petroleum (1⅝)	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¼	32	32¾
107	92½	100	Cal. Petroleum pf. (7)	95¾	96	95¾	95¾		95	99
5¾	2⅝	1,400	Calahan Zinc & Lead	4	4	4	4		3⅝	4
54⅝	41⅞	700	Calumet & Arizona (2)	53¾	54⅝	53¾	54⅞	+ 1⅜	53½	55
19⅜	13½	300	Calumet & Hecla (30c)	18	18⅜	18	18⅜	+ ⅛	18	18½
154½	142⅜	2,300	Canadian Pacific (10)	151½	152⅜	151¼	152⅜	+ ⅝	152	152½
17⅞	9⅝	400	Central Leather Co.	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅛	15⅜	15⅝
29⅞	23¼	2,200	Central Leather Co. pf.	52¾	52⅞	51⅞	52⅝	+ ⅛	52	52⅞
253	190	1,200	Central R.R. of N. J. (12)	250	253	250	253	+ 4	251	255
49¼	40⅜	4,800	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	48	48½	48	48		47⅜	48
36⅞	24⅞	100	Certain-teed Products	29	29	29	29	+ 1⅛	28	29⅜
66⅝	42⅜	3,600	Chandler Motor (6)	48⅜	50	48⅜	49⅝	+ 1½	49⅝	50
92⅜	67⅛	2,200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	88⅝	88¾	87⅞	87⅞	— ⅛	87⅞	87⅞
109⅝	96⅜	300	Chesapeake & Ohio pf. (6)	106	107	104	107	+ 3½	107	108
30⅝	21	100	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	29	29	29	29	+ ½	28⅝	29
37⅜	37	100	Chicago & East. Illinois pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	+ ¼	44	45
6⅝	3⅜	600	Chicago Great Western	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝		6¼	6⅝
18⅜	11⅝	300	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	16⅞	17	16⅞	17		16⅝	16⅞
30⅛	21½	12,500	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	27⅞	28⅝	27⅞	28	+ ⅛	28	28¼
53⅝	49¼	1,100	Chicago & N. W. (4)	63	63⅝	63	63	+ ¼	62⅝	63
36⅝	21½	3,200	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	34¼	34⅞	33⅞	34¼	+ ⅛	34	34⅛
91	76⅜	200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	88⅛	89⅝	88¾	89⅝	+ 1⅝	89	89¾
79⅜	65⅝	200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	77¼	77¾	77¼	77¾		77½	78
47⅝	29	500	Chicago, St. P. M. & O.	47¼	47⅞	47¼	47⅞	+ ⅛	46¾	47¼
35	25⅝	19,400	Chile Copper (2½)	34⅞	34⅞	34⅜	34⅜		34⅜	34⅝
22¼	15	200	Chino Copper	21⅜	21¾	21⅜	21⅝	+ ⅛	21⅝	22
77½	61	1,700	Coca-Cola (7)	76⅞	76⅞	76⅛	76⅞	+ ¼	76½	76⅝
54⅝	24½	26,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	52⅝	52⅝	50⅝	51⅝	+ ⅝	51⅝	51¾
37	20	100	Colorado Southern	37	37	37	37		36⅞	37
42⅜	33	1,400	Columbia G. & E. (2.60)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾		40½	40¾
65⅜	40⅜	100	Columbian Carbon (4)	43½	43½	43⅜	43⅜	+ ⅜	43	44
67⅝	43½	300	Commercial Solvents A (4)	61½	61½	60¾	60¾	+ ¾	60	61
60	33	100	Coml. Solvents B, s. 20 d.	53	53	53	53		54	55
66⅞	32⅜	6,200	Congoleum Co. (3)	53⅝	53⅝	53⅜	53¼		53¼	53⅝
22⅞	11⅜	500	Consolidated Cigar	19¾	19¾	19¾	19½		19	19⅝
72⅜	60⅞	9,700	Consolidated Gas (5)	71⅞	72¼	72¼	72¼	+ ⅜	72½	72⅝
7	2⅜	2,700	Consolidated Textile	4⅝	5	4⅝	5		4⅝	5
60½	43¼	10,900	Continental Can (4)	60	60⅝	59⅞	60	+ ⅛	59⅞	60
37⅜	31½	7,500	Corn Products Ref. (2)	32¾	32¾	32¼	32½	+ ⅛	32⅜	32⅝
123⅞	115¾	100	Corn Products Ref. pf. (7)	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	+ 1½	122	123½
40¼	23¾	2,500	Cosden Co.	27⅝	27⅝	27	27		27	27¼
71⅜	48	3,200	Crucible Steel (4)	51¼	52	51¼	51¾	+ ⅛	51⅜	52
18	11⅜	400	Cuba Cane Sugar	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛	14⅛	14⅜
71⅞	53⅜	3,580	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	64¼	64¾	64¼	64¾	+ ⅜	64¼	64⅝
38⅝	29¼	2,400	Cuba Am. Sugar (3)	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾		32¼	32⅝
74½	52⅜	200	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	53⅞	53⅞	53⅜	53⅜	+ ⅛	53¼	53½
32½	11	4,100	D. Boone Woolen Mills (3)	14⅞	15⅝	14½	15	+ 1	14⅜	15⅛
69¼	41	3,200	Davison Chemical	51¼	52⅝	51¼	52⅜	+ 1⅛	52	52½
134⅜	104½	1,000	Delaware & Hudson (9)	129⅞	131	129⅜	130½	+ 1	130	131
141⅞	113¾	2,800	Del., Lack. & West. (6)	138¼	140	138¼	139½	+ ¾	139	139¼
20¼	15	100	Dome Mines (2)	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	+ ¼	15¼	15⅝
141⅞	112	2,300	Du Pont de Nemours (8)	129⅞	130⅞	128½	129⅝	+ ¼	128⅝	130
112½	104⅛	600	Eastman Kodak (16⅔)	110	110⅞	110	110⅞	+ ⅛	110⅝	110⅞
24⅛	11	200	Eaton Axle & Spg. (1.60)	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+ ⅛	12	12⅜
64	50¼	300	Electric Storage Bat. (4)	58⅝	58⅝	58¾	58¾	+ ⅛	58	58⅝
14⅝	11⅛	400	Elk Horn Coal	13	13	12¾	12¾		12	12⅝
67⅞	55⅞	3,900	Endicott-Johnson (5)	63	66	62⅝	65¼	+ 3½	65	65½
33⅝	20¼	1,900	Erie	30⅜	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛		30¼	30½
42⅜	28⅝	1,900	Erie 1st pf.	41⅝	41¾	40¾	40⅞	+ ¼	40½	40⅞
24⅝	18½	500	Erie 2d pf.	41¼	41¼	41	41		40½	40⅝
22	14⅞	200	Exchange Buffet (2)	22	22	22	22	+ ¼	21	22½
3	2	400	Fairbanks Co.	3	3	3	3	

$146,856,000 BONDS OFFERED IN WEEK

Baltimore & Ohio's $75,000,000 Refunding Operation Was the Largest Item.

TWO ILLINOIS ISSUES SOLD

Guaranty Co. of New York Gets $3,000,000 Bonus Bonds and $9,000,000 Road Bonds.

New bond offerings underwritten and sold by local banking syndicates during the past week aggregated $146,856,000, the largest total for any single week since the middle of February, when the $150,000,000 Japanese Government and a $20,000,000 Argentine Government loan were floated in the local market. This week's total compares with an aggregate of $94,839,000 sold in this market last week. It is the twelfth week thus far this year in which offerings passed the $100,000,000-mark. Railroad issues taken in the aggregate made up the bulk of the offerings during the current week, with foreign issues ranking second and industrial issues third.

By groups the offerings of this and the past week follow:

	This week.	Last week.
Railroad	$82,400,000	$10,000,000
Industrial	16,150,000	2,500,000
Foreign	26,045,000	45,000,000
Public utility	8,000,000	16,950,000
State & municipal	14,041,000	19,389,000
Farm loan		1,000,000
Total	$146,856,000	$94,839,000

The largest individual financing during the week was the offering of $75,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, which were sold to yield 5.10 per cent. Proceeds of the sale of these bonds are being used to retire an issue of the same amount of bonds maturing next year. It is the largest single piece of financing which the road had to arrange for in connection with next year's maturities. The system still has about $45,000,000 Southwestern Division bonds to take care of, but it is expected that arrangements will be made to have this issue extended at a higher rate of interest.

The offering of $22,000,000 debenture notes of the Industrial Bank of Japan, Ltd., attracted some attention in the financial district, in view of the fact that these are the first securities guaranteed by Japan placed in this country since the passing of the Immigration act containing the exclusion provisions.

The Guaranty Company of New York was the successful bidder for $12,000,000 State of Illinois bonds offered yesterday, with 101.25 for the $3,000,000 4½ per cent. Soldier Bonus bonds and 99.1068 for the $9,000,000 4 per cent. road bonds. The National City Company bid 101.10 and the Federal Securities Corporation 100.87 for the bonus bonds. The National City Company bid 99.1066 for the road bonds and the First National Bank bid 98.55 and the Federal Securities Corporation 98.12.

C. W. McNear & Co. are offering $400,000 Oklahoma City 5 per cent. water works bonds, due 1938 to 1941, inclusive, at prices to yield 4.35 per cent.

M. M. Freeman & Co., Edward C. Rose & Co., and Eldredge & Co. were the highest bidders for the $1,640,000 City of Trenton 4¼ per cent. long-term bonds offered yesterday. The firms paid $1,649,821 for the bonds, giving the city a premium of $35,821.

George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., are offering a new issue of $145,000 Town of Hamburg 4.40 per cent. bonds, due 1929 to 1948, inclusive. The bonds are being offered at prices to yield 4.20 per cent., and the proceeds of the sale will be used for sewer construction purposes.

Keystone Tire Reports a Loss.

The Keystone Tire and Rubber Company, for the six months ended June 30, 1924, reports a net operating loss of $140,128, after all general expenses. After reserves and other adjustments, the company reports a deficit of $175,432 for the period. The general balance sheet on June 30, 1924, shows current assets of $336,496 and current liabilities of $39,127. The current assets included $169,932 cash, $39,225 bills receivable, $122,362 accounts receivable and inventory valued at $205,373.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	72.39	71.46	71.93	+ .22
25 industrials	119.98	118.50	119.62	+1.40
50 stocks	96.14	94.84	95.70	+ .96

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 14	96.26	94.19	94.92	+ .78
Aug. 15	95.98	93.82	94.16	— .96
Aug. 16	95.39	93.56	94.23	— .71
Aug. 11	95.34	94.09	94.83	+ .57
Aug. 9	94.70	93.81	94.35	+ .51
Aug. 8	95.50	93.65	94.05	— .22

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Aug.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	96.14	Aug. 16	93.48	Aug. 1	95.73
1923	93.11	Aug. 30	77.28	Aug. 4	82.70
1922	88.91	Aug. 31	82.84	Aug. 2	88.56
1921	85.27	Aug. 3	58.37	Aug. 25	61.65
1920	81.14	Aug. 2	75.04	Aug. 9	79.86

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

*1924	96.14	Aug. 15	82.25	Apr. 22	95.73
†1923	93.82	Mar. 6	77.82	July 5	80.61

Full Years.

1922	93.82	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1922	98.09	Oct. 18	86.21	Jan. 10	86.33
1921	73.13	May 7	53.85	June 21	60.50
1920	94.67	Apr. 5	82.70	Dec. 23	87.96
1919	90.59	Nov. 6	69.73	Jan. 31	89.49

DOMESTIC BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	$1.40	+.04	+.62	+4.79

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

Aug. 14	$1.36	+.04	Aug. 7	$1.04	—.07
Aug. 13	$1.32	+.07	Aug. 6	$1.11	—.11
Aug. 12	$1.32	+.07	Aug. 5	$1.23	—.14
Aug. 11	$1.18	—.02	Aug. 4	$1.36	—.03
Aug. 9	$1.20	—.06	Aug. 2	$1.39	
Aug. 8	$1.26	+.24	Aug. 1	$1.39	—.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	$1.60	July 28	76.95	Jan. 2	$1.40
†1923	79.43	Jan. 3	75.95	July 5	76.61

Full Years.

1922	79.43	Jan. 3	75.53	Oct. 2	76.71
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.13
1921	76.31	Nov. 29	67.56	June 30	75.27
1920	73.14	Oct. 21	65.87	May 21	68.46
1919	79.66	June 5	71.06	Dec. 7	72.60

FOREIGN BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	.101.92	—.01	—.34	+2.40

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Aug. 12	.101.84	+.10	Aug. 4	.100.90	+.03
Aug. 12	.101.74	—.01	Aug. 2	.100.87	+.12
Aug. 11	.101.75	—.05	Aug. 1	.100.75	+.10
Aug. 9	.101.80	+.04	July 31	.100.65	+.18
Aug. 8	.101.75	+.18	July 30	.100.47	—.10
Aug. 7	.101.57	+.20	July 29	.100.57	+.21
Aug. 6	.101.37	+.25	July 28	.100.36	+.08
Aug. 5	.101.03	—.13			

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	101.93	Aug. 14	97.31	Jan. 5	101.92
†1923	100.43	July 24	96.20	Jan. 30	99.43

Full Year.

1922	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	97.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

CAR DELIVERIES DECLINE.

General Motors Gives Tables Showing Three-Year Trend.

Deliveries of General Motors cars to consumers in July totaled 55,776, including trucks, compared with 63,209 in the same month last year and 66,146 in June of this year, the General Motors Corporation announced yesterday. From Jan. 1 to the end of July, 435,366 cars and trucks made by this company were delivered to users, against 472,104 in the same period last year, a decrease of 7.7 per cent. Sales to users by months follow:

	1924.	1923.	1922.
January	33,295	30,464	11,520
February	50,008	41,448	14,795
March	56,845	74,137	29,615
April	59,610	97,667	48,350
May	84,666	89,317	51,983
June	66,148	75,952	47,958
July	55,776	63,209	32,000
Total	435,366	472,194	235,324

Sales by manufacturing divisions of General Motors to their dealers were as follows:

	1924.	1923.	1922.
January	61,398	49,162	16,983
February	78,658	55,427	20,881
March	75,494	71,659	34,082
April	58,600	75,822	40,474
May	45,965	75,398	46,736
June	32,984	69,706	48,941
July	40,797	51,834	32,772
Total	393,896	448,815	240,562

Lead Advanced to 8 Cents a Pound.

The American Smelting and Refining Company yesterday advanced the price of lead from 7¾ to 8 cents a pound.

NATION'S BUSINESS ON UPWARD TREND

Further Expansion in August Is Reported in Trade Summary by Dun's Review.

GOOD CROPS A BIG FACTOR

Steel and Cotton Manufacturing Still Lags, However, Says Bradstreet's.

A brighter aspect of the general business situation has resulted from a gradually reviving demand lasting several weeks, according to the weekly trade summary compiled by Dun's Review, which points out that, although activities have not broadened in every line, a breaking away from the Summer inertia has come earlier than usual in some trades.

"Maintenance of high prices for the principal farm staples," the Review says, "has supported the better feeling recently developed in agricultural sections where prospects have distinctly improved, and confidence increases in some of the industrial centers of the East as signs point to a recovery in manufacture. With operations having reached a low level in many instances, there is a natural expectation now that any change will be in the right direction, especially as the disproportion between production and consumption has been largely corrected.

"The result of months of sharp curtailment of output appears in a decided decrease in available supplies in some quarters, as in certain divisions of textiles, and indications are not lacking of a modification of the long-continued practice of purchasing only for immediate needs. Although the excess of price advances is narrower this week, the position of various sellers has been strengthened by the reduction in stocks of goods, and increasing demands have caused higher markets for hides, wool, copper and some other important commodities. The outcome of August business promises to be a moderate gain, supplementing the improvement that occurred in July, and a solid basis apparently exists for a further expansion in the Autumn."

Bradstreet's Review says in part:

"While improvement in sentiment still outstrips gains in actual buying, the developments of the week are mainly favorable. These prominently include reports of good yields realized in Spring wheat; larger than expected results from Winter-wheat threshings; further gains in corn crop conditions, these most notable in the Southwest; maintenance of good conditions in cotton in most, not all, areas; the breaking of the drought in Atlantic Coast States, and a gradual but steady growth of buying for Fall in the States west of the Mississippi from Texas north to the Dakotas, where good yields of and prices for wheat have converted the more cheerful feeling previously noted into actual buying.

"In other areas, better feeling is more apparent than is better buying, although the shoe and leather industries of the East note some purchasing; wool is selling better at higher prices, and the iron and steel trade is doing slightly more than a while ago, although pig iron and scrap are firmer. A further slight gain in automobile operations is noted, but buying of textiles, especially cotton goods, has quieted somewhat after immediate needs have been satisfied.

"The building trade has been and is still the most active industry with a slight decrease noted in July from June, but with a slight gain noted as compared with July a year ago.

"Taken as a whole, trade is still about fair, but factory industry lags, conspicuous examples of these being iron and steel and cotton manufacturing, which are on only about half-time schedules."

Employes Hold Standard Oil Stock.

Trustees of the stock acquisition plan of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey held a total of 506,641 shares of stock for 14,700 subscribing employes on June 30, 1924. This compared with 406,431 shares for 12,928 employes at the end of last year. In the first six months of this year the total plan fund increased from $15,138,564 to $18,501,863.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, AUG. 15, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds	$1,436,650	$3,566,150	$2,909,600	$3,625,400	$4,604,500
Other domestic bonds	7,899,500	5,576,500	8,007,000	2,789,500	2,188,500
Foreign bonds	2,643,500	1,189,000	1,479,500	878,000	588,000
Total all bonds	$11,979,650	$8,331,650	$12,396,100	$7,292,900	$7,381,000
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds	$635,520,900	$517,252,330	$1,168,181,452	$1,188,822,280	$1,840,360,300
Other domestic bonds	1,382,145,700	1,011,899,900	1,246,968,200	543,716,200	366,115,500
Foreign bonds	340,703,700	804,879,400	405,536,300	195,828,200	182,204,800
Total all bonds	$2,358,370,300	$1,834,031,630	$2,820,685,952	$1,928,366,630	$2,388,680,600

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
106.1	Oct. 19,'23	88.1	June 2,'21	101.28	96.28	379	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.31	101.1	100.31	101.00	+.1	101.00	101.2	3.36
102.25	Oct. 19,'23	90.4	May 11,'21	99.20	98.20	...	Liberty 3½s, registered								
103.18	Aug. 15,'24	83.00	May 19,'20	102.18	98.27	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	102.18	102.18	102.18	102.18	+.3	102.18	102.20	3.65
102.6	July 30,'24	83.25	May 19,'20	102.6	97.30	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.								
102.12	July 8,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	102.12	98.5	1	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	101.15	101.15	101.15	101.15	—.4	101.15	101.18	3.59
101.30	July 22,'24	81.18	May 21,'20	101.30	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.								
103.00	June 13,'24	80.00	June 7,'20	103.00	98.20	...	Lib.1st-2d cv.4½s, 1932-47						101.18	101.20	
102.30	Aug. 15,'24	84.00	May 21,'20	102.20	98.8	62	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	102.21	102.21	102.18	102.18	—1	102.18	102.21	3.37
102.14	July 25,'24	84.00	July 30,'20	102.14	98.4	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, reg.								
102.00	July 29,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	102.00	98.4	85044	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	101.19	101.20	101.18	101.19	—.1	101.19	101.20	3.67
101.27	Aug. 1,'24	83.16	Dec. 22,'20	101.27	98.2	...	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	101.16	101.16	101.15	101.15	—.4			
102.25	Aug. 5,'24	85.20	Dec. 20,'20	102.22	99.8	95	Lib. 3d 4½s, 1928	102.16	102.18	102.16	102.17	+.1	102.17	102.18	3.56
102.21	Aug. 5,'24	82.12	May 19,'20	102.21	99.8	...	Lib. 3d 4½s, reg.	102.14	102.14	102.14	102.14	—.2			
103.00	Aug. 6,'24	81.00	May 20,'20	103.00	98.8	46044	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	102.25	103.27	102.24	102.25	+.2	102.25	102.26	3.57
106.25	Aug. 6,'24	82.15	May 20,'20	102.25	98.7	9	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	102.21	102.23	102.21	102.23	+.2			
106.4	Aug. 13,'24	86.1	Mar. 27,'23	106.4	99.3	67½	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52	105.30	105.31	105.30	105.29	—.1	105.29	105.30	2.67
105.15	Aug. 5,'24	88.20	Apr. 25,'23	105.15	99.18	1	Treasury 4½s, reg.								

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 1-64 of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures in highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 8s, 1945
1.....81¼
s f 8s, Ser A, 1957
1.....82½
2.....82½
15.....82½
2.....83½
1.....85½
1.....85½
10.....85½
5.....84
5.....85½
2.....84
2.....84
Yo, 1927
2.....103½
Austrian Govt
gtd s f 7s, 1943
1.....91⅞
2.....100
1.....111¼
1.....100⅝
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929
1.....97⅞
10.....97⅞
28.....97⅞
6.....97⅞
1.....97⅞
79.....97⅞
cv 4½s, 1933
5.....105¼
col tr 5s, 1946
59.....101⅜
s f 5½s, 1943
1.....102⅝
1.....102⅝
6.....102⅝
19.....102⅝
3.....102⅝
4.....102⅝
1.....102⅝
1.....102⅝
10.....102⅝
8.....102⅝
25.....102⅝
10.....102⅝
6.....102⅝
7.....102⅝
6.....102⅝
Ann Arbor
1st 4s, 1995
1.....62¼
Armour & Co
4½s, 1939
2.....86⅝
7.....86½
8.....86
4.....86¾
5.....87⅛
Armour & Co of Del 5½s, Ser A, 1943
2.....91⅞
2.....92
2.....91⅞
5.....92
10.....91⅞
8.....92
Associated Oil 5s, 1935
1.....101
Atch T & S F gen 4s, 1995
9.....89¾
1.....89⅞
Trans S L 4s, 1958
3.....86⅛
6.....86¼
Easte Okl 6s, 1928
2.....99½
Atl & Char A L 1st 5s, Ser B, 1944
1.....101½
Atl Coast L 1st 4s, 1952
1.....90½
Lo & N col 4s, 1952
1.....90
Ya, 1926
1.....100
Atlantic Fruit 7s, 1924, Columbia Tr Co. certs
1.....37½
6s, 1934
11.....90
1.....89¾
Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934
5.....89¾
5.....89¼
Cy Por Aleg s f 8s, 1961
1.....98
Cy Rio de Jan s f 8s, 1946
1.....95¼
5.....96
1.....95¼
Cy Rotterdam s f 6s, 1964, 1st ctfs
5.....98⅝
1.....98⅝
6s, 1929
5.....102⅞
3.....103
1.....102⅞
2.....103
1.....102⅞
2.....102⅞
1.....103
Cy of Boissons 6s, 1958
1.....97¼
Cy of Tokio 5s, 1961
5.....85
Cy of Zurich 8s, 1945
4.....111¾
1.....111¾
1.....111¾
14.....112
Czechoslovak Republic 8s, 1951
2.....101
5.....101
Interim ctfs
5.....100⅜
2.....100½
Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser A, 1946
1.....109
Ser B
5.....108⅛
Dept of the Seine temp 7s, 1942
36.....96
2.....96¼
1.....96
11.....96¼
Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, interim ctfs
7.....91½
5s, 1958
1.....101
Dom of Can 6½s, 1950
1.....108¾
1.....108¾
1.....104
5.....104
Dutch Indies s f 6s, 1947
15.....107
Con Pac gtd 3½s, 1929
2.....95¾
gtd 4s, 1940
1.....87⅛
3.....87⅛
6.....87⅛
Ches & Ohio 4½s, 1930
10.....99
10.....95⅞
conv 5s, 1946
29.....100¾
1.....100¾
Chi & Alt 3½s, 1950
2.....97
3.....96¾
2.....96⅞
1.....97
French Gov 7½s, 1941
2.....103⅞
13.....103⅞
1.....104
2.....103⅝
Ser B
5.....104⅛
6s, 1947
3.....97
1.....96¾
2.....96⅞
5.....96⅞
6s, 1960
1.....98½
1.....98¼
5.....98½
6s, 1962
1.....98½
1.....98¼
5.....98½
Framerican Industrial
Dev temp deb 7½s, '42
13.....96½
2.....96⅞
1.....96⅞
French Gov 7½s, 1941
2.....103⅞
13.....103⅞
1.....104
2.....103⅝
1.....109
4½s, 1925, s f
4.....97½
2d series
2.....97½
tem s f 6½s, 1948
15.....92¾
7.....92¾
1.....92⅝
1.....92⅝
2.....92⅝
6.....92⅝
2.....92⅝
4.....92⅝
3.....92⅝
1.....92⅜
1.....92⅛
2.....92⅛
1.....92⅛
1.....92⅛
1

EXCESS OF IMPORTS FOR MONTH OF JULY

First Adverse Trade Balance Since June, 1923, Is Reported.

BUT IT IS ONLY $400,000

Relatively Insignificant Difference, Expert Says, Is Matter of No Concern.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Preliminary figures made public today by the Department of Commerce for the month of July gave the value of merchandise imports at $278,400,000 and of exports at $278,000,000. This is the first time that there has been an unfavorable merchandise trade balance in any month since June, 1923. In July, 1923, exports were valued at $302,186,027 and imports at $287,433,769—a favorable trade balance of $14,752,258.

In the absence of Secretary Hoover and Director Klein of the Bureau of Domestic and Foreign Commerce, formal comment on the fact that there was a small unfavorable balance in July of this year was withheld. Experts of the department who have made a study of the trade situation, however, said that there was no special significance to be attached to the figures. It was pointed out, for one thing, that an unfavorable balance of but $400,000 for the month was to all intents and purposes an even balance of trade, and that revised figures might show a favorable balance, as the estimates of the value of the exports were made on the most conservative basis.

In 1923 the favorable trade balance of July came after four months of unfavorable balances, and after July there was a steady increase in this favorable balance. One expert said today that the value of exports this year probably also would show an increase from this time because of the recent increase in the price of grain. The present situation, with July showing a very small unfavorable balance, it was said, was nothing to give concern.

For the seven months ended with July of this year there was a favorable merchandise trade balance of $229,635,405, and for the same seven months in 1923 there was an unfavorable balance of $127,308,455.

July, it is pointed out, is one of the between-the-seasons months when exports fall off.

Imports of gold into the United States in July were $18,834,423, as compared with $25,181,117 in June and $41,073,650 in May. This decrease is attributed in part to the heavy tourist traffic abroad.

The excess of imports over exports reported for American trade in July is the first since June of last year. When the export balance of February, 1923, was changed to an import balance in March, that was the first occasion on which monthly imports had exceeded exports since August, 1914. In the year 1919 there had been five months with an import surplus, which was the first occasion of an import excess since the middle of 1910. The import-excess period last year continued during four months. The excess of imports in March was $56,551,718, in April, $38,760,369; in May, $56,185,108, and in June, $276,848. The excess imports in March of last year was the largest in the history of the country, the highest import surplus ever previously reported in any month having been that of August, 1872, $45,945,472 of imports.

July foreign trade in merchandise for a series of years compares as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Excess.
1924	$278,000,000	$278,400,000	†$400,000
1923	302,186,027	287,433,769	*14,752,258
1922	301,157,335	231,771,881	*49,389,454
1921	325,181,138	178,159,154	*147,021,984
1920	351,381,627	237,128,971	*114,252,656
1919	308,687,515	343,746,070	*224,941,445
1914	204,066,668	154,742,923	*49,323,680

*Exports. †Imports.

Compared with the corresponding months of the present season, the July figures make the following showing:

	1924.	1923.	Excess.
July	$278,000,000	$278,400,000	†$400,000
Seven mos.	906,474,000	274,014,000	*32,460,000
May	334,949,901	302,946,421	*32,003,480
April	346,858,617	324,427,472	*22,431,145
March	351,381,627	337,128,971	*14,252,656
February	368,134,434	332,518,669	*33,615,765
January	395,195,647	295,506,212	*99,689,435

*Exports. †Imports.

The July trade in gold compares as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Excess.
1924	$327,178	$18,834,423	Imp. $18,507,245
1923	622,320	29,447,199	Imp. 28,824,621
1922	643,714	42,986,727	Imp. 42,343,013
1921	3,784,929	64,247,479	Imp. 60,512,550
1920	21,872,783	19,817,758	Exp. 2,055,025

The July trade in silver compares as follows with preceding months:

	Exports.	Imports.	Excess.
July	$9,190,362	$7,127,613	$2,062,749
June	8,648,490	4,870,989	3,777,501
May	9,686,517	5,639,582	4,046,935
April	11,901,689	3,907,745	7,993,944
March	8,355,278	6,220,934	2,134,344

Largest monthly gold imports since the war, $116,762,001, in October, 1920; largest gold exports, $82,972,840, in June, 1919.

REPORTS GAIN IN OUTPUT.

Atlantic Refining Shows $3.02 Earned on Common for 6 Months.

The report of the Atlantic Refining Company for the six months to June 30 shows gross income of $64,146,059, against $58,292,114 in the same period last year, and net profit of $2,214,758, against $1,802,734. After preferred dividends the net profit was equal to $3.02 a share earned on the $50,000,000 common stock outstanding. The statement of earnings follows:

	1924	1923
Gross income	$64,146,059	$58,292,114
Operating exp., &c.	55,617,338	51,051,505
Net income	$8,528,721	$7,240,609
Other income	500,286	704,735
Total income	$9,029,017	$7,945,344
Interest	385,850	275,483
Amort. and other res.	486,980	260,264
Dep. and dep.	4,138,543	4,158,019
Federal taxes	365,000	178,200
Invent. adj.	1,428,371	1,175,692
Net profit	$2,214,758	$1,802,734
Dividends	1,700,350	1,700,009
Surplus	$514,408	$102,734
P. and L. surplus	21,411,762	21,251,181

The statement showed that oil inventory was valued at $39,774,106.

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alms Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1924	103	103½	4.10
Do	7	Oct., 1933	107¼	108	5.90
Amer. Sugar	6	Dec., 1928	103¾	104	5.00
Amer. Cop. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	103⅝	104¼	5.00
Anglo-Am.Oil Co.					
Ltd.	7½	Aug., 1925	102¼	102½	3.65
Beth. Ful. of Can.	7	Apr., 1925	102	102½	3.55
B.&O. R.R. Sec.	6	July, 1925	102¾	103⅛	5.27
Can. North. Ry.		Mar., 1925	100⅜	101	5.25
Cent. Argentine	6	Feb., 1927	99¼	100	5.96
Cent. S. E. Ry.	6	June, 1929	101⅜	101⅝	5.35
Cent. States El.	7	Mar., 1929	100¾	102½	6.25
Chi., R.I. & Pac.	5	July, 1929	98½	99	5.20
Childs Co. cv.	8	June, 1929	103⅜	104½	5.00
Colombo C. & E.	8	Mar., 1925	100⅝	100⅞	5.80
Empire G. & F.	7	May, 1926	98	98½	7.98
Federal Sugar	8	May, 1933	100¼	101	5.85
Federal Light &		Feb., 1925	100¾	101	5.00
General Cigar	6	Dec. 1, '25	101¼	102¼	4.50
Do	6	Dec. 1, '26	101½	102½	4.95
Do	6	Dec. 1, '27	101¾	102½	5.20
Do	6	Dec. 1, '37	98	98½	6.20
Gulf Oil of Pa.	5½	J.-J. '25-'30	100¼	100½	5.00
Hocking Valley	5	Mar., 1926	101	101¼	4.25
Illinois C. & R.	5½	July15, '32	99½	99⅝	5.50
Int. Cit. Term.	5½	Nov., 1925	102¼	102½	4.10
Int. Paper	6	Feb., 1930	104¾	105¼	5.40
Iowa S.&M. Sec.	4	Sept., 1928	98	98¼	4.40
Kan. Gas & El.	5	Apr., 1927	99¾	100¼	5.00
Kan. City Ry. & Lt.	6	July, 1927	99⅜	101	5.00
Kelly-Spring		Dec., 1928	100¾	101¼	5.10
Tire Co.	7	Oct., 1923	97	97½	7.40
Lone Star Gas	6	F.-A. '24-'26	100	100⅜	
Lone Star Gas Co.	6	Apr., 1927	98	98¼	6.50
Mo. Pac. R.R.	5	Aug. 1920	101¼	102	5.55
Mutual Gas & Co.	6	Apr., 1934	100¾	101	5.90
Nat. Cit. of N. Y.	6	May, 1933	107⅜	108¼	5.35
Nat. Lead & Co.	6	May, 1933	98	98¼	6.35
N. Y. C. R.R. cv.	4	July, 1947	98¾	100	4.00
Nor. States Pow.	7	Apr., 1926	107¼	107¾	6.20
Nor. St. & Mfg.	5	May, 1944	108¾	108⅞	5.30
Ohio Fuel Corp.	6	May, 1926	101¾	102	5.50
Ohio Oil Co.	5½	Apr.15, '27	101	101⅛	5.40

APPEAL FOR FUNDS IN RIO GRANDE FIGHT

Stockholders' Protective Committee Cannot Resist Reorganization Further Without Money.

Another call for funds to carry on the fight against the reorganization of the Denver & Rio Grande Western under the present terms was made yesterday by the Stockholders' Protective Committee, of which George Tracy Rogers is Chairman. According to the call, the committee recommends that contributions be made on the basis of $10 for every stockholder owning up to $1,000 of the stock, $15 for stockholders owning from $1,000 to $5,000 and $20 for stockholders owning more than $5,000.

Announcing the need for more money, the committee said: "The enormous work involved in the action has exhausted the funds in the hands of your committee, and, while we are mindful of your generous support in the past, it is obvious that unless further contributions are made to the extent above set forth your committee will be unable to prosecute the action and will be compelled to abandon the same."

The outstanding action brought by the committee was to recover $200,000,000 to the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company. The stockholders alleged that the railroad had been defrauded of this amount and named as defendants in the action George J. Gould, Edward H. Jeffery, Arthur Coppell, Edwin Gould, Kingdon Gould, Edgar L. Marston, Benjamin F. Bush, Edward L. Brown, Edward D. Adams, Finley J. Shepard, Harrison Williams, Benjamin B. McAlpin, George C. Haven, Henry U. Mudge, James Horace Harding, Harry Bronner, Charles C. Huitt, John H. McClement, Alvin W. Krech, Alexander R. Baldwin and the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company.

The case has been tried several times and decisions have been made against the plaintiff. It will come up for another hearing in the Supreme Court of New York County in October. According to the Stockholders' Protective Committee, it will be forced to abandon the action unless further funds are forthcoming.

CAUSE OF RISE IN SUGAR.

Federal Refining Company Charges Manipulation in Cuba.

In a statement issued yesterday the Federal Sugar Refining Company declared that "manipulation by certain Cuban interests has caused the recent rise in raw sugar prices." The company declared that there was a heavy surplus of sugar at present and expresses the opinion that it is very doubtful whether the advance can be maintained owing to the near approach of new crop sugar and to the usual seasonal falling in demand for the refined.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company yesterday announced another advance of 10 points in the price of refined granulated sugar, bringing the price nearer in line with that quoted by other refiners. Federal's price is now 6.65 cents a pound.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

John W. Allen of Allen, Weed & Co., will sail today on the Majestic for a month's stay abroad.

Tameling, Keen & Co. announced yesterday that Horace B. Reeve had joined their sugar futures and stock department.

The American Trust Company has been appointed trustee for the Panola Oil and Gas Company's $400,000 first mortgage 7 per cent. demand gold bonds.

The Trust Department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York will be prepared to exchange, on and after Aug. 20, definitive 6½ per cent. notes of the Northern States Power Company, dated May 1, 1924, due Nov. 1, 1933, for outstanding temporary notes.

Adams & Peck, 20 Exchange Place, have issued an analysis on Western Maryland Railway preferred stock.

Samuel W. Clark, formerly with Harvey Fisk & Sons, is now with Frazier & Co., Inc., in their New York bond department.

JERSEY STANDARD ORDERS DIVIDENDS

Regular Amounts on Both Common and Preferred in Spite of Speculators' Rumors.

OHIO STANDARD $2,50

Directors of Several Other Concerns Also Take Action on Dividends.

Directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents a share on the company's common stock and the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the preferred stock, both dividends being payable Sept. 15 to stockholders of record Aug. 25. Early this week, when the stock of the company declined sharply in the open market, professionals working on the short side of the oil stocks circulated rumors about Wall Street to the effect that the company would pass the dividend on the common stock at yesterday's meeting.

The Standard Oil Company of Ohio yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2.50 a share on the common stock, payable Oct. 1 to stockholders of record Aug. 29.

The directors of the United Cigar Stores Company of America yesterday declared the regular dividend of 2 per cent. in cash on the common stock, and also the 1¾ per cent. dividend payable in common stock, both dividends being payable Sept. 30 to stockholders of record Sept. 15. The regular dividend of 1¾ per cent. quarterly was also declared on the preferred stock, payable Sept. 15 to stockholders of record Sept. 1.

The Radio Corporation of America yesterday announced the declaration of a dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock for the third quarter of 1924, payable Oct. 1 to stockholders of record Sept. 5.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. has been declared on the 7 per cent. prior preference stock of the United States Stores Corporation, payable Sept. 1 to stockholders of record Aug. 26.

In connection with rumors circulated about the financial district regarding the dividend of the Railway Steel Spring Company, F. F. Fitzpatrick, President of the company, says the usual dividends will be declared on both the common and preferred stock at the meeting of directors to be held Aug. 21. He intimated that some capital readjustment was pending.

ARMOUR & CO. PROSPERS.

President White Reports Heavy Buying at Good Prices.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. was declared yesterday on the 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of Armour & Co. of Illinois, Armour & Co. of Delaware and the North American Provision Company. The dividend is payable Oct. 1 to stock of record Sept. 15.

President F. Edison White made the following report to the directors on present conditions:

"General results of operations continue satisfactorily, and earnings show a pleasing surplus over requirements for dividends, interest and depreciation.

"The consumptive season for the heavy pack of the first half of the year is now with us and big volumes of product are being moved at profitable prices. Inventories are carried at conservative prices and prospects for the second half of the year are very favorable."

CLOSING TYPEWRITER DEAL.

Sale of Smith & Brothers Interests is Said to Be Near.

Negotiations for the sale of the L. C. Smith & Brothers Typewriter Company to interests represented by the local engineering firm of Ford, Bacon & Davis, are progressing rapidly, and an official announcement covering the details is expected to be announced shortly. At the offices of the engineering firm it was said yesterday that the partner in charge of the operation was "away on vacation" and that in his absence no details covering the transaction could be made public.

The typewriter company has a capital stock of $5,000,000, practically all of which is owned by the Smith family. Heretofore the company has confined its production to 3,000 typewriters monthly and has shown no inclination to increase production above that amount. According to statements made in financial circles yesterday, however, it is expected that the new interests will form a new corporation and push production. The Smith organization is the fourth largest organization in the typewriter field.

Doehler Die Casting Profit.

Doehler Die Casting Company for the six months ended June 30, 1924, reports a net profit of $178,194 after expenses and interest. This was equivalent to 95 cents a share earned on the outstanding common stock of no par value. Net sales for the first six months amounted to $3,272,268. The assets for June 30 were $4,234,854, including property and equipment of $2,453,755, and patents of $111,358; inventories of $696,805, and cash of $266,241.

Newmines Issues Co. to Dissolve.

A meeting of the Newmines Issues Company has been called for Sept. 2 to authorize the directors to distribute the assets and dissolve the corporation.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S.	81⅛
Argentine 6s, 1957	M. & S.	93⅞
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A.	102⅜
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & J.	96⅝
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	100⅝
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & J.	101⅜
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	107⅛
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D.	84½
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N.	96⅛
Carlsbad 8s, 1954	J. & J.	98½
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	110⅛
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N.	111¼
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	89½
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '43	M. & N.	92
City of Ft. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D.	97½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	97½
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	A. & O.	102⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	101⅛
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	F. & A.	103⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	101½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	102⅝
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	M. & N.	81½
Japan 7½s, 1954	F. & A.	82
Rep. of Colom. 6½s, 1927	A. & O.	99½
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N.	98⅝
Rep. of Chile 5s, 1941	J. & J.	93⅛
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.	103⅝
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	105⅝
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O.	90
Chinese Gov., 1911	J. & J.	94½
City of Buenos Aires 6½s '55		96⅛
City of Christiania 8s, '45	A. & O.	109⅝
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J.	95⅞
City of Montevideo 7s, '52	M. & N.	91⅝
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O.	100½
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '52	A. & O.	100⅜
Rep. of Bol. 7 s, 1947	M. & N.	92⅛
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & N.	95⅞
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	92
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A.	87⅛
Rep. Cuba 5½s, 1953	J. & J.	96⅜
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O.	110⅝
Dan. Mun. 6s, ser. A, '46	F. & A.	105⅛
Dan. Mun. 8s, ser. B, '46	F. & A.	108½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	M. & S.	97
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	95⅝
Dutch East-Ind. 5½s '53	M. & S.	90⅜
Dutch East Ind. 5½s, rects.	M. & N.	90½
El Salvador 8s, 1948	M. & N.	107¼
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	96⅛
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	103⅞
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	107⅞
Finland 8s, 1945	M. & S.	107⅞
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	100⅛
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	82⅜
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A.	87½
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser. '25	F. & A.	87½
Japanese 6½s, 1954	F. & A.	92⅝
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953	M. & S.	87
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	81⅜
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	J. & D.	90
City of Marseilles 8s, 1934	M. & N.	89½
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	M. & N.	87⅞
U. S. of Mex. 4s, '54, assd.	J. & D.	16½
U. S. of Mexico 4s		20
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910	J. & J.	20½
U. S. of Mex. 5s, '45, assd.	Q. Jan.	33
U. S. of Mexico 5s		33½
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1913	J. & J.	38⅜
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S.	100
King. of Neth. 6s, 1954	A. & O.	99⅝
King. of Norway 6s, 1944	A. & O.	111⅜
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O.	97⅜
King. of Norway 6s, 1944	M. & S.	98⅜
King. of Norway 6s, '62	M. & N.	98
King. of S. C. & S. 8s, '62	M. & N.	87⅝
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A.	82⅜
Panama Ry. 7s, 1942	M. & S.	95
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	F. & A.	102½
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1941	A. & O.	100
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	97⅛
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	95½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	95⅝
Rotterdam 6s, 1964	M. & N.	88⅜
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958	F. & A.	101⅝
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	M. & S.	91⅞
State of Santa Fe 7s, '38	J. & D.	93½
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N.	97
Dept. of the Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J.	98
Sing. Imp. 5½s, 1939	J. & J.	98½
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	115½
Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1946	A. & O.	97⅜
City of Tokio 5s, 1952	M. & S.	65
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	A. & O.	105
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.	112½
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	111⅛
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A.	105
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937	J. & J.	91¼

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	103⅝	104⅜
2s, c. 1930	103⅝	104⅜
2s, r. 1946	98	96¼
2s, c. 1946	95	96¼
4s, r. 1925	100¼	100⅜
4s, c. 1925	100½	101
Pan 2s, r. 1938	....	103⅜
Pan 2s, r. 1938	....	104⅜
Pan 2s, r.		
Pan 3s, r.		
Pan 3s, c.		
Pan 4s, r.		
Pan 4s, c.		
1961	....	95
1961	....	95
P. I. 4s, '34	92	95
P. I. 4s, '35	92	95
P. I. 4s, '36	92	95

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex. 8s	88	
Alb & Sus. 191	....	....
All Am C. 100	102	....
Alo & W.	....	....
Allt Rty. 115	....	....
Allis-Ch M	....	....
pf.	99½	....
Am Ar Ch pf.	39½	40
Am Bk N	....	....
pf.	....	54½
Am B S &	....	56½
Pdy pf.	106⅝	108
Am Cit & T pf.	....	....
Am Chicle	123	125
Am Cot Oil pf.	22	23
Am Cotton	76½	78⅝
Am Coal	64	....
Am Ex	70	....
Am Snuff.	144	146½
Am Tob pf.	100	....
Am Tob	....	....
pf.	28½	32
Am T & C	40	42
Am Tob 1st	104	105
Am W W &	....	....
E 7% pf.	97	97¾
Do 6% pf	85½	92
Am Wool	90	90½
Am Wr Pa	....	....
pf.	....	3½
Ann Arbor	13	20
Armour, Del.	....	....
pf.	90¾	91¾
Arnold C.	9	10
Art Metal	15	16
Assets R.	¾	⅞
Asso D G	....	....
1st pf.	89	91
Do 2d pf.	97	99
A. G. A. W.	....	....
I	15⅜	16
Atl R pf.	111	113
Atlas Pdr.	50	53
Do pf.	86	90
Atlas T.	8½	9
Auto K H.	2¾	3
Auto Sales	3	5
Do pf.	13½	14
Bald L pf.	114	116½
Bald Loc.	93	....
Col F & I	....	....
C & S 1st	....	....
pf.	59¾	60½
Do 2d pf.	59	55
Com Inv T.	40	42¼
Do pf.	99½	100
Conley T F.	9¼	10⅞
Con Cigar	....	....
pf. ex 4.	74⅜	76
Cons Dist.	....	....
Cont C pf.	109½	111
Cont Ins.	96	98
Cont Mots.	6⅝	6⅞
Cosden pf.	85¾	87½
Crex Carp.	30½	33
Cruc S pf.	88	90
Cuba R. R.	....	....
pf.	72¼	76
C-Am Sug	....	....
pf.	98¼	99½
Cuban D S.	5	5½
Do pf.	42	45
D. S. & Lt.	90	....
Do pf.	83	....
De B M.	20½	21
D & Co pf.	72¼	74
D. H. & S	....	....
W pf.	73	....
Det Ed.	110¼	111
Det & M.	20	30
Do pf.	25	....
D. & R. 1st	....	....
pf.	96	98
Dia Match.	118	....
Dom Bag pf.	10¾	11½
D. S. S & A	2½	3
Do pf.	2½	5½
Dur Hos'y.	8	15
Do pf.	....	65
Duq Lt 1st	....	....
pf.	105	108
E Kod pf.	112¾	....
Elk H Coal	....	....
pf.	21	26½
Em Brant.	2¼	3
Do pf.	10	14⅜
End-J pf.	107¼	107½
Erie R pf.	36½	38⅝
Fam P pf.	96½	97½
F M & S.	9	11½
Fed L & T.	77	83
Do pf.	73½	77
Fifth Av B	10⅝	11⅝
Do ctfs.	10⅜	12
Fisher Body.	100	101
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	96⅛
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	103⅞
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	107⅞
Finland 8s, 1945	M. & S.	107⅞
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	100⅛
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	82⅜
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A.	87½
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser. '25	F. & A.	87½
Japanese 6½s, 1954	F. & A.	92⅝
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953	M. & S.	87
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	81⅜
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	J. & D.	90
City of Marseilles 8s, 1934	M. & N.	89½
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	M. & N.	87⅞
U. S. of Mex. 4s, '54, assd.	J. & D.	16½
U. S. of Mexico 4s		20
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King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S.	100½
King. of Neth. 6s, 1954	A. & O.	99⅝
King. of Norway 6s, 1944	A. & O.	111⅜
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O.	97⅜
King. of Norway 6s, 1944	M. & S.	98⅜
King. of Norway 6s, '62	M. & N.	98
King. of S. C. & S. 8s, '62	M. & N.	87⅝
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A.	82⅜
Panama Ry. 7s, 1942	M. & S.	95
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	F. & A.	102½
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1941	A. & O.	100
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	97⅛
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	95½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	95⅝
Rotterdam 6s, 1964	M. & N.	88⅜
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958	F. & A.	101⅝
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	M. & S.	91⅞
State of Santa Fe 7s, '38	J. & D.	93½
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N.	97
Dept. of the Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J.	98
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City of Tokio 5s, 1952	M. & S.	65
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	A. & O.	105
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.	112½
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	111⅛
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A.	105
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937	J. & J.	91¼
Nat Sup pf.	102¾	103¾
Nat Surety.	135	162
N pf N & H	....	....
R. G & E.	51	56⅛
N Y Ms &	75	85
N Y B & M.	....	....
pf.	90	....
N Y Can	....	....
pf.	84	87
N Y Dock.	28	30
Do pf.	40	50
N Y L &	....	....
W pf.	99¾	102
N Y Shipb.	14½	16
N Y S Rys.	24	....
N Y Steam	....	....
pf.	94	95
Nia L & O	....	....
Pow pf.	101⅝	....
N P Power	43½	44⅜
Do pf.	28¾	29⅝
N & W pf.	73	78
Nor Cent.	74	85
Nunnally.	7¾	9
O B & B.	1¼	1½
Onyx Hos'y	19½	20
Do pf.	78½	80
Orph Circ	....	....
pf.	96	98
Owens Bot	....	....
pf.	106	108½
Pac Coast	22	24
Do 1st pf	50	60
Do 2d pf.	22	23
Pac Dev.	....	....
Pac Mail.	9	10
Pac T & T.	80	95
Do pf.	90½	91
Pack M O	....	....
pf.	98	101
P & R.	1⅜	2
Do pf.	8	9
Booth Fish	5	5½
Do 1st pf	20	30
Do 2d pf.	1½	2½
Brown Shi	....	....
pf.	87	95
Bruns Ter.	3	3½
B. R & P.	56	60
Do pf.	74	82
Buff & S.	....	110
Burns Bros	....	....
pf.	97	100
Do pr pf.	115	120½
Bush Ter.	65	73
B T Bldg	....	....
pf.	98	101
But'k Co.	17¾	18
Can So.	54	....
Case (J I)	⅞	1⅛
Case (J I)	26	29
Cent Leather	58	59
Cent M.	37	38½
Do pf.	94	96¾
C'lain-ted	....	....
1st pf.	75	90
Chi & Alt.	4¾	5¾
Do ctfs.	3½	5
Do pf.	11	12
Do pf ctfs.	10½	12
Chi Gt W	....	....
pf.	17	17¾
C & N W	....	....
pf.	106	108
Chi Pn T.	86½	88½
Chi. St P.	....	....
M & Om	....	....
pf.	81	90
C. C. C &	46½	49
C. C. C &	....	....
St L.	145	150
Do pf.	105	....
Cl & Pitts.	68	....
Do spec.	39	....
Clu-Peab.	58	59
Coca-Cola.	102	103
pf.	92	95
Colo Fuel	7	8
Col Gas	82	84
Colum Carb	....	....
pf.	88	89½
Colum Gas	98	98⅜
Colum Graph	....	....
pf.	108	108¾
Comm'l Cred	43	45¼
Comm'l Solv	12	12½
Conden Co	20	25
Consol Cig	74	76½
Consol Coal	115	117
Consol Ice	42½	43½
Consol Ice	....	....
pf.	102½	104
Consol Rty	47	49
Consol Text	71	72
Ry Stl Spr	....	....
pf.	115	116
Cont Can	33

NATIONAL BANKS MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Position Much Stronger June 30 Than on Corresponding Date Last Year.

BILLION GAIN IN RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts Up $161,057,000, Surplus and Undivided Profits $35,413,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—A comparative statement of the condition of national banks at the end of the fiscal year 1923-24 made, public today by the Treasury Department, shows that the banks were in a much stronger position than at the end of the previous fiscal year. Total resources were $22,585,919,000 on June 30, 1924, an increase of $563,031,000 since March 31, 1924, and of $1,054,153,000 since June 30, 1923.

Loans and discounts increased $26,441,000 from March 31, 1924, to June 30, the total on the latter date being $11,978,728,000. This also was an increase of $161,057,000 since June 30, 1923.

Investments in United States Government securities were reduced between March 31 and June 30, 1924, from $2,494,313,000 to $2,481,778,000, showing a reduction in the year of $212,068,000; and other miscellaneous bonds and securities, amounting to $2,660,550,000, show an increase since March 31, 1924, of $146,913,000 and an increase in the year of $284,693,000, or a net increase in investments in Government and other securities since June 30, 1923, of $72,625,000.

Balances due from correspondent banks and bankers, including lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Banks to the amount of $1,198,670,000, amounted to $2,040,793,000, and were $278,530,000 greater than on March 31, 1924, and $398,472,000 in excess of the amount June 30, 1923. Cash in vault amounted to $343,219,000, an increase of $2,250,000 since the date of the previous report, and an increase in the year of $54,111,000.

Capital stock of $1,334,011,000 shows a reduction between the dates of the last two reports of $1,661,000, but an increase in the year of $5,120,000. Surplus and undivided profits amounting to $1,582,234,000 show an increase since March 31, 1924, of $966,000 and an increase since June 30, 1923, of $35,413,000.

The liability for circulating notes outstanding is $729,686,000, and shows an increase between the dates of the last two reports of $3,203,000, and an increase in the year of $9,685,000.

Balances due to other banks and bankers, including certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding, aggregated $4,371,336,000, compared with $3,914,599,000 March 31, 1924, and $2,662,385,000 June 30, 1923. Demand deposits, including United States deposits, amounted to $9,716,568,000 on June 30, 1924, show an increase since March 31, 1924, of $241,441,000 and are $236,135,000 greater than a year ago. Time deposits, including postal savings, also show an increase since March 31, 1924, to the extent of $150,883,000. The amount June 30, 1924, was $5,259,933,000, as compared with $4,755,182,000 June 30, 1923. Total deposit liabilities show an increase since March 31, 1924, of $749,141,000, and an increase in the year of $1,449,307,000.

By reason of the volume of the increase in total deposits, and the slight increase in loans and discounts, the liabilities of these banks for borrowed money (bills payable and rediscounts), now stand at $169,908,000; between March 31, and June 30, 1924; and the amount on the latter date, $340,625,000, shows a reduction since June 30, 1923, of $385,097,000. The percentage of bills payable with the Federal Reserve banks to total bills payable, June 30, 1924, was 56.14, compared with 75.79 March 31, 1924, and 82.55 June 30, 1923. The percentage of rediscounts with Federal Reserve banks total rediscounts was 78.57, compared with 74.24 March 31, 1924, and 81.90 a year ago.

The percentage of loans and discounts to total deposits was 65.29, compared with 67.91 March 31, 1924, and 69.93 June 30, 1923.

MORE BUYING OF WOOL.

Mills Make Larger Purchases—Foreign Markets Strong.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"The market has speeded up again this week, with large and small mills buying and not infrequently taking large lines. Prices everywhere are very firm, with a tendency to edge up to a new high level. In fact, in all descriptions the market is still more against the buyer this week. It is estimated that 45 to 50 per cent. of the new domestic clip is now owned by the manufacturers, while the West is almost bare of wool.

"Advance offerings of the new clip are being made tentatively from South America, but mostly at prices which are out of line with the markets here and abroad. Yorkshire is very strong, and Bradford topmakers are quoting protective prices, especially on merinoes, which are expected to advance fully 10 per cent. at London.

"Interest is keen to learn the opening values for goods on Monday, when the American Woolen Company opens its lines, although it is predicted that little change will be made, as compared with prices named six months ago, so far as comparisons can be made."

Dividend on Rand Mines.

The Bankers Trust Company, as depositary of certain ordinary sterling shares of Rand Mines, Ltd., has received dividend No. 42 of 60 per cent. and is paying to holders of its certificates for "American shares" (each such certificate representing 2½ deposited ordinary shares) $1.71 per American share, the equivalent of such dividend at the current exchange rate. The dividend will be paid on Aug. 23, to holders of record of American shares on Aug. 19, 1924.

Iron Products Income Slumps.

The Iron Products Corporation reported net income of $646,848 before Federal taxes for the first half year, compared with $1,003,964 in the same period of last year. After preferred and common stock dividends, the company had a surplus of $396,057, against $964,472 in the first half of 1923. The total profit and loss surplus at the end of June, 1924, was $2,371,168, compared with $2,188,522 at the same time in 1923.

Granby Consolidated Net Income.

The Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting and Power Company, Ltd., for the quarter ended June 30, reports a net income of $150,093, after expenses and interest but before depreciation and depletion, compared with a net income of $220,183 in the first quarter of the year. Net income for the first six months was $479,256.

Petitions to Retire Stock.

The Northern Indiana Gas and Electric Company has filed a petition with the Public Service Commission of Indiana for permission to retire its class B preferred stock of $100 par value and its common stock of $100 par value, and to issue in exchange common stock of no par value on the basis of ten shares for one.

CREDIT ASKED HERE ON GERMAN POTASH

Negotiations in Progress With the Chase National Bank for $6,000,000.

The German potash industry, which markets in this country around $20,000,000 worth of potash a year, probably will be the first of the German industries to obtain large credits from American banks following the successful conclusion of the German loan and reparation negotiations. Negotiations for revolving credit of about $6,000,000 are in progress between representatives of the German Potash Syndicate and the Chase National Bank.

The Chase National Bank, which several months ago granted extensive credits to the Russian Textile Syndicate on purchases of cotton in this country which in the first six months of this year amounted to about $40,000,000, will, it is understood, head a syndicate or group of banks in the granting of the potash credits. Reports have been that a credit of $18,000,000 was being sought by the potash syndicate.

Sales of potash as the basic material in fertilizer in this country are being handled by the Potash Importing Corporation of America, the American successors to the German Kali Syndicate since the war. The corporation buys the potash from the German syndicate outright and resells and distributes the product.

Recently the International Acceptance Bank took the initiative in arranging German revolving credits by making it possible for Dr. Schact's gold bank to draw on American banks for initial credits amounting to $5,000,000. This credit was later enlarged to around $50,000,000. Such a transaction, however, differs from the industrial credits or loans which, it has been repeatedly reported, German corporations or groups of corporations intend to seek in the United States.

The potash credit will be used largely in financing a joint sales and advertising campaign in America by German and Alsatian potash producers, it is said.

ACQUIRE EMPIRE COKE CO.

New York Men Buy Control of Gas and Electric Corporation.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Control of the Empire Coke Company has passed from E. H. Palmer of Geneva, President of the Empire Gas and Electric Company, to E. L. Phillips and G. W. Olmstead, New York financiers, who have bought all Mr. Palmer's stock. The company serves Auburn, Seneca Falls, Waterloo, Geneva and other communities. The sale will not affect the present operation of companies.

A statement issued by Mr. Palmer follows:

"On July 24 I made a contract with E. L. Phillips and G. W. Olmstead, financially strong New York parties, to sell all my common and preferred stock of the Empire Coke Company, provided there were deposited with the Geneva Trust Company before Aug. 25 two-thirds of each class of stock outstanding. The amount has been deposited and the contract provides that all stockholders may receive the same price if they desire to sell.

"Before making the contract I satisfied myself that, as the ownership of the stock of the Empire Coke Company carried with it the control of the Empire Gas and Electric Company, the policies which have been pursued since the organization of the Empire Gas and Electric Company would be continued, also that the management and personnel of the organization built up during the thirteen years of that company's existence would be substantially the same as in the past."

Live Stock Markets at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Shippers bought hogs freely early and took about half of the fresh receipts of 15,000. An advance of 10@25 cents was made early but the finish was weak, with leading packers bidding 25@30 cents below the best time of the day. A top of $10.15 was made, while the day's average was $9.35. Lambs were steady to 15 cents higher, with top natives $14.15. Range lambs showed little change. Receipts were 9,000 head. Cattle receipts were 2,000, with the market steady to lower, heavy steers selling slowly.

Authorize Issue of Stock.

Stockholders of the United States Hoffman Machinery Corporation at a special meeting yesterday approved the issue of $1,300,000 preferred stock and approved an increase in the authorized common stock. The company has arranged for the sale of a block of 30,000 shares of the new stock. Proceeds will be used to retire the ten-year 8 per cent. sinking fund gold debentures, of which $1,645,000 are outstanding.

Detroit Transit Contracts.

The City of Detroit has awarded to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and the General Electric Company contracts for automatic substation equipment to be used by the Detroit Street Railways. Equipment for four new substations has been ordered from the Westinghouse company at an approximate cost of $380,000, and equipment for eighteen sub-stations from the General Electric Company, at $750,000.

Brown Heads Central Leather.

The directors of the Central Leather Company yesterday elected H. S. Brown President, in place of G. W. Childs, resigned. Mr. Childs, who is an expert in the tanning industry, will devote all of his time to production and research work.

Amalgamated Silk Reports a Loss.

The Amalgamated Silk Corporation reported a net loss of $1,280,430 for the first half of 1924, after making an allowance of $1,120,761 for inventory adjustment. The total sales during the six months period were $6,200,949.

$32,500 for Cotton Exchange Seat.

The estate of J. Temple Gwathmey has sold a membership in the New York Cotton Exchange to Philip G. McFadden for $32,500, an increase of $500, compared with the last previous sale.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Aug. 14), 12,018 packages; trading quiet; Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 38½@39c; extras, 92 score, 38c; firsts, 35¾@37½c; seconds, 34@35½c; lower grades, 32½@33¼c; standards, cars, 90 score, 36½@37c; 89 score, 36@36¼c; 88 score, 35¾c; 84 to 87 score, 34½@35¼c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40¼@41c; extras, 92 score, 39¾@40c; firsts, 38½@39c; seconds, 35@36c; renovated, fresh, 34@34½c; ladles, current make, extras, 33¼@34c; firsts, 30@31c; seconds, 29@29½c; lower grades, 26@27c; packing stock current make, No. 1, 29½@29¾c; No. 2, 27@27½c; lower grades, 26@26c.

EGGS—Receipts (Aug. 14), 20,524 cases. Prices firmer; seller on high grades. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 38@40c; extra firsts, 36@37c; firsts, 32@34c; seconds and poorer, 27½@31c; trade eggs, 28@28½c; dirties, No. 1, 27¼@28½c; No. 2 and poorer, 25½@27c; checks, fair to choice, 24@25c; refrigerator, extra firsts, charges paid to exspring dates, 33½@33¾c; firsts, 31@32c; seconds and poorer, 29@30c; Jersey and other near-by hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 52@54c; near-by and Western hennery whites, average extras, 49@51c; do firsts to extra firsts, 40@48c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 36@47c; near-by whites, under-grades, 32@35c; near-by whites, mediums, 40 to 41 pounds net, 32@46c; near-by whites, pullets, 38@40c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to extras, 38@40c; Pacific Coast pullets, 37@38c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 34@42c; Jersey and other near-by and Western hennery browns, extras, 46@48c.

COTTON CONTRACTS BREAK SHARPLY

Final Quotations Show Losses of 77 to 82 Points for Day's Trading.

LARGER CROP IS FORECAST

Private Estimate Places Probable Yield at 13,314,000 Bales.

The cotton market broke sharply yesterday under the weight of contracts sold by interests identified with the cotton trade. A prominent Philadelphia spot firm issued a report that their correspondence in the South showed conditions which indicated a yield of 13,314,000 bales, exclusive of linters. This would represent a crop of over 3,000,000 bales more than was produced last season. Pressure during the afternoon increased in volume and final quotations showed a loss of 77 to 82 points.

Following the aggressive speculative buying movement that lifted prices nearly three-quarters of a cent late Thursday, Liverpool failed to respond yesterday. Private cable advices indicated that heaviness in that quarter was due to offerings in the South on a scale that more than met the demand. For a time during early trading the disappointing action of Liverpool had an unsettling effect on both New York and New Orleans and prices declined about $2 a bale. But a sharp rise in both grain and stock markets, combined with a generally clear weather map except for showers in Oklahoma, encouraged Western and other buying operations.

The general list broke about 90 points under heavy selling from several directions without sufficient buying power to absorb cotton without declining quotations. Contracts poured into the ring from commission houses as well as from spot quarters, interests identified with the trade being heaviest sellers of the day. All months broke into new low ground for the movement, all positions closing below the 27-cent level.

Reports of a lower spot basis at both Southwestern and Eastern points were in circulation. While shippers are paying high prices for immediate shipment, offers are being received for September shipment at material concessions, according to reports in spot circles.

Week-end figures showed an insight movement of 80,000 bales, against 1,000 last year, making 95,000 for the season, against 181,000 last year. Spinners took 144,000, against 96,000 last year, making 229,000 for the season, against 250,000 last year. The visible supply decreased 93,000 bales, against 7,000 last year, making the world's supply of American cotton 820,000, compared with 792,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	27.45	27.74	26.82	26.83@26.91	27.65
Dec.	26.90	27.06	26.20	26.26@26.30	27.05
Jan.	26.70	26.88	26.06	26.15@26.20	26.97
March	26.95	27.10	26.35	26.42@26.46	27.20
May		27.23	26.50	26.53@26.60	27.32

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 80 points decline, 29.40c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.15c, 75 points decline; New Orleans, 26.90c, 66 points decline; Augusta, nominal, 26.85c, 80 points decline; Augusta, 28c, 75 points decline; Memphis, 27.50c, 100 points decline; Houston, 28.25c, 85 points decline; Little Rock, 27.35c, 100 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last. Week.	Last. Year.
Port receipts	14,291	1,686	5,906
Exports	10,371	1,442	22,016
Exports, season	57,085	18,602	110,433
N. Y. stocks	75,623	74,592	19,058
Port stocks	220,401	214,191	158,458
N. Y. arrivals			3,116

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, moderate demand, 13 points decline. 17.07d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, of which American 3,000; imports 5,000 bales. Futures opened quiet, 4 to 6 points advance, and closed quiet, 8 to 10 points decline. Prices: Aug. 15.43d, Dec. 15.14d, Jan. 15.13d, March 15.07d.

Manchester: Yarns, moderate demand; cloths, a fair business doing.

LIVERPOOL'S COTTON WEEK.

British Stocks Sharply Reduced—Import Movement Lighter.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15.—Weekly cotton statistics: British stocks, 438,000 bales, against 455,000 bales last week, 464,000 two weeks ago and 389,000 this week last year, of which American 172,000 bales, against 186,000 last week, 190,000 two weeks ago and 102,000 a year ago. Imports, 30,000 bales, against 35,000 last week, of which American 11,000, against 7,000.

Forwarded 42,000 bales, against 35,000, of which American 22,000, against 19,000. Exports, 5,000, against 2,000, of which American 3,000, against 1,000. Sales, 29,000, against 24,000, of which American 15,000, against 11,000.

Cotton Oil Mills in Big Merger.

According to telegraphic advices yesterday from Little Rock, Ark., a merger of a dozen or more cotton oil mills operating in Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri and Illinois into a single system, to be controlled by the National Cottonseed Products Corporation, a newly formed Tennessee concern with a capital of $8,000,000, has been announced there. Ed Cornish, a Little Rock financier, will be the President of the holding corporation and Mr. F. C. Bridewell will be general manager of operations.

Congoleum Co. Net $2,402,539.

Net income of the Congoleum Company for the six months ended June 30 was $2,402,539, equivalent after preferred dividends to $2.43 a share on the preferred stock. Manufacturing profit was $6,224,899, expenses $3,810,594 and operating profit $2,918,865. After preferred dividends the company had a surplus of $2,340,086.

Charles E. Mitchell Sails Tomorrow.

Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Bank, who sails tomorrow on the Majestic, will give serious consideration to the establishment of a new branch of the bank in Italy, it was learned yesterday. The National City now has a number of branches in Europe, including one in Genoa.

Alton Wants to Abandon a Line.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Receivers of the Chicago & Alton Railroad today applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to abandon its line from Rutland to Granville, Illinois, thirty-two miles, because it has been unable to earn its operating expenses.

Want Exchange Closed Saturdays.

Members of the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange are circulating a petition requesting the Board to close the Exchange on all Saturdays during September.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Pe-riod.	Pay-able.	Hold'rs of Record.
Am. Power & L.	2½	Q	Sep.	1 Aug. 19
Armour & Co. of Illinois 7% pf.	1¾	Q	Oct.	1 Sep. 15
Do of Del. 7% pf.	1¾	Q	Oct.	1 Sep. 15
Fed. M. & S. pf.	1.75	Q	Sep.	15 Aug. 23
National Candy	$3	SA	Sep.	10 Aug. 19
Do 1st & 2d pf.	$3.50	SA	Sep.	10 Aug. 19
Pacific Co.	$1	—	Sep.	30 Sep. 17
Do pf.	$1.75	—	Sep.	27 Sep. 17
Rand M. Am. sha.	$1.71	—	Aug.	23 Aug. 19
Stand. Gas & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep.	15 Aug. 23
Stand. Oil, Ky.	25c	Q	Sep.	15 Aug. 30
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Sep.	15 Aug. 23
Stand. Oil, Ohio	$2.50	Q	Oct.	1 Aug. 23
United Dis. Stores	2½	Q	Sep.	30 Sep. 15
Coast pullets	37@38c		Sep.	15 Sep. 1
Southern gathered whites	34@42c		Sep.	15 Sep. 1
Jersey and other near-by and Western hennery browns, extras, 46@48c.				

MORE WINTER WHEAT TO BE SOWN THIS FALL

Reports to Department of Agriculture Show an Increase of 7.5% Over Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The area of Winter wheat to be sown this Fall will be about 42,919,000 acres, if intentions to plant as expressed by farmers on Aug. 1 are carried out, the Department of Agriculture reported today.

An increase of 7.5 per cent., or 2,998,000 acres, in the area to be sown as compared with last Fall, is indicated by 19,000 farmers reporting for their own farms. That percentage is applied to the total sown acreage of last year in arriving at this year's probable acreage.

Intentions to plant are indicative of an increase of 14.1 per cent. over the acreage sown last Fall, and a total probable area of 4,902,000 acres.

The intended sowing of Winter wheat this Fall is 27.8 per cent. greater than the pre-war (1909-13) average annual Fall sowing of 33,582,000 acres. It is 0.2 per cent. more than the average annual Fall sowings of 42,842,000 acres for the years 1914-18, and 9.2 per cent. less than the average annual Fall sowings of 47,281,000 acres for the years 1919-23.

Sowings of Winter wheat last year totaled 39,432,000 acres, and the area left for harvest was 36,808,000 acres, there having been an abandonment of 7.6 per cent. The average annual abandonment for the last ten years has been 10.8 per cent., the reduction in acreage due to abandonment ranging from 1.1 to 28.9 per cent. If the average annual abandonment should occur this Winter, it would leave from the intended sowings about 38,370,000 acres to be harvested next Summer, compared with 36,896,000 acres harvested this year, or 4 per cent. more.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, AUG. 15, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Adiron P&L	32	32	32
200 AmGasElec. new	75¾	75	75¾
315 Am Lt & Tr.	126¾	126¾	
30 Do pf	93	93	93
20 Am PerfA.	850	850	
288 Am Strs, new	35	35	35
100 Am Typefds.	105¼	105¼	105¾
10 Do pf	104½	104½	104½
12,000 Atl Pet Pro.	1¼	1¼	1¼
40 Borden Co.	129¾	129¼	129¾
300 Brit-AmTob, coupon	24¾	24½	24¾
Mach. new	55¼	55¼	55¾
20 Do pf	101¾	101¾	101¾
100 Cent G I	31	31	31
100 Chatterl'nAS	11¾	11¾	11¾
100 Do pf	12	12	12
100 Chicago Nip-Brie, new	36	36	36
Do B ctfs.	14¼	14¼	14½
100 Clevel'd Mtrs	21½	21½	21½
730 Cmwlth Pwr	99¾	98½	99¾
100 Cont'l Tob.	23½	23½	23½
600 Cuba Co	33½	33¾	33¾
2,600 Dubilier C&R	46¾	46¾	46¾
100 Du P Mtrs.	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Durant Mtrs	19	19	19
100 East Pa Elec	39½	39½	39½
20 Elec B&S pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾
4,400 Film Inspec.	6¾	6	6
310 FoundaCorp.	107¼	105	107¼
2,600 Gen Mtrs, w i	59¾	58¾	58¾
150 Gillette S R.	298	298	298¾
700 GlenAldCoal.	118¾	116¾	116
700 G'dyear T&R.	11¼	10¾	10¾
2,900 Heyden Ch.	2¾	2¾	2¾
900 Hudson pf.	40½	39½	40
100 IntercontRub	4	4	4
200 Key Boiler	1¼	1¼	1¼
100 Leh Pwr Sec	75½	75½	75¾
3,150 Bald Loco.	124¾	122¾	124¾
270 Bait & Ohio	53¾	54	54¾
80 Barns Cor A	21¾	21¾	21¾
50 Beechn Corp	52¾	52¾	52¾
810 Beth Steel	44	43½	43½
390 Boone Mills	15¾	15¾	15¾
150 Buffa Brush	24¾	24¾	24¾
290 Butte C & Z	5¾	5¾	5¾
330 Butte & Sup	18¾	17¾	18¾
60 Cal Packing	86½	86½	86½
90 Can Pac	151¾	151¾	151¾
90 Cent L pf	52¾	52¾	52¼
380 Cer de P Co.	48¾	48	48¾
280 Ches & W	69¾	69¾	69¾
250 Chi M & SP	17	17	17
470 Chi M&SPpf	28¾	27¾	28¼
150 Chi & Nthw	63½	63½	63½
170 Chi R I Pac	53¾	53¾	53¾
80 Chi & E I	29½	29½	29½
50 Chi & E Ipf	44¾	44¾	44¾
575 Chile Copper	24¾	24¾	24¾
60 Chrome Corp	21¾	21¾	21¾
90 Coca-Cola	76¼	76¼	76¼
510 Col F & I	52¾	50¾	51¼
140 Colum Carb.	43¼	43¼	43¼
280 Congol I Co	53¾	53¾	53¾
212 Con Gas	72¾	72¾	72¾
950 Con Textile	4¾	4¾	4¾
310 Cont Can	60¾	60	60¾
340 CornProdRef	32¾	32¼	32¼
340 Cosden Co	27½	26¾	26¾
100 L'doverHoldg, Inc Cl A	8¾	8¾	8¾
18,400 Leh Va Coal ctfs, new	43	41¾	42¾
478 LVCoalSales	83¾	82¾	83¾
100 Mashl Iron	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Midvale	23¾	23¾	23¾
40 Nat Tea, new	228¼	228¼	228¼
400 Omnibus v t	15¼	15	15¼
ctfs, w i			
100 RichmondRadiator	17	17	17
100 Pyrene Mfg.	10¾	10¾	10¾
200 Radio Corp.	5¾	5½	5¾
200 Do new, A	25¾	25¼	25¼
100 Rec Motors	16¾	16¾	16¾
8,700 Rove Radio			
B T D	15¾	15	15¾
800 Silica Gel new v t ctfs	18¾	18¼	18¼
20 SeCalEdison	98¼	97¾	97¾
2,000 So Coal & I	5c	5c	5c
200 2d Motors	3¾	3¾	3¾
300 Std Pub, A	25¼	25¼	25½
100 Stutz Motor	6	6	6
30 Swift & Co	106	105¾	106
400 TennElecPwr	36¾	35¾	35¾
1,200 Thomson Radio v t c	18¾	17¾	18¼
1,000 Timken Det Axle	4¾	4¾	4¾
600 Un Bakeries	81	80	80
200 Do pf	93½	93½	93½
100 Union C & C	59¾	59¾	59¾
500 Un G&E,new	33¾	33½	33¾
300 UnNetCandy, Class A	5	5	5
100 UnProfShar, new	5¾	5¾	5¾
2,000 Ward,Bak,B	23¾	23¼	23¼
200 Do pf	88	88	88
2,900 Wire Radio	24¾	23¾	23¾
820 Western Pwr	30½	29	29½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
400 Angio-Am	15¼	15	15
200 Chesebrough Mfg Co	49¼	49	49
100 Crescent P	12¾	12¾	12¾
200 Galena Sig.	56¾	56¾	56¾
300 Humble Oil	35	34¾	34¾
10 Illinois P L	131	131	131
200 Imper Oil	27	27	27
Can. coupn.	106	105	105
600 Intl Pet	19	18¾	19
400 Ohio Oil	58	57¼	57¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Cities Serv.	143¼	143¼	143¼
2,000 Do C scrip	70	70	70
$5,100 Do scrip	82½	82	82
3,600 Creole Synd	8¾	7¾	8¼
400 Gulf O of Pa	59¾	58¾	58¾
6,200 Hudson	2c	2c	2c
5,800 Lago Pete.	5¾	5¼	5¾
2,000 Latin-Am.	2c	2c	2c
600 LivingstonPet	1¾	1¾	1¾
500 Mount&Gulf	1¼	1¼	1¼
600 Mount Prod.	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,100 Mutual v t c	11	10¾	11
100 New Bradfd	4¾	4¾	4¾
200 N Eng FuelO	42	41¾	42
100 New Mexico Land	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,000 Ohio Ranger	10c	9c	9c
200 Omar O & G	50c	50c	50c
1,100 Peer	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,400 Penn Beaver	50c	49c	50c
1,500 Pennok	14	13¾	14
700 Pierce Pet.	7	7	7
5,300 Red Bank	56	53¾	54½
4,400 RoyalCanada			
100 Sub shares	7	6¾	6¾
100 Salt Crk Con	7¼	7¼	7¼
400 SaltCrkProd.	23¼	23¼	23¼
100 Un Oil of Cal			
5 Utah Apex	133	133	133
600 Wilcox Oil& G	5	4¾	5
600 Woodly Pet.	10	9¾	9¾
1,000 "Y" Oil&Gas	7c	7c	7c

MINING STOCKS

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Alvarado	90c	90c	90c
100 Am Explora	87c	87c	87c
2,000 ArizGlobeCop	6c	6c	6c
6,000 Black Oak	1½	1½	1½
1,500 Calumet & J	20c	20c	20c
5,200 Canario Cop	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,100 Con Copper	3¾	3¼	3¾
1,000 ConNev-Utah	8c	8c	8c
1,000 Cortez Sil	16c	16c	16c
800 C King Con	1¾	1¼	1¾
8,000 Diamondfield B B (reor)	20c	17c	20c
1,000 Divide Ext.	4c	4c	4c
1,000 Flor Gold	12c	12c	13c
3,000 Green Mon.	4c	3c	4c
1,000 Hawthorne	20c	20c	20c
100 Hecla	9	9	9
19,000 Hilltop-N	4c	3c	3c
13,000 Ind Lead	13c	12c	13c
500 Jer Ver D	1	1	1
$37,000 Jib Cons.	7c	6c	70c
7,000 Jim B Tone	5c	5c	5c
900 Kay Copper	1¾	1¼	1¾
4,500 Lor St I S	51c	50c	51c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1 All Pack 8s	70	69½	69½
32 Do 8s, 1939	84	83¼	83¼
1 Alum of Am 7s, 1933	107¼	107¼	107¼
23 Am G & El 6s	95¼	95	95¼
15 Am Ice 7s 15-yr, 1924	107	107	105
2 Am P & Lt 6s	94½	94½	94½
1 Am Roll Mills 6s, 1938	100¼	100¼	100¼
10 Am Sm & R 7s	103¾	103¾	103¾
6 Angio-AOil 7½s	105¾	102¾	102¾
5 AssocHardware 6½s, 1932	80¾	79¾	80¼
10 Atl G & W I coll tr 5s, '59	54	54	54
98 Balt & Ohio 5s 1948	98¼	98¼	98¾
5 Beth Steel 7s, '35	105¾	105¼	105¼
5 Cah Nat Rys 7s, 1925	110¾	110¾	110¾
5 Can Pac 4s	81	81	81
6 Chi R I & Pac 5½s, 1926	101¼	101	101¼
23 Cities Svc C 7s, 1966			
16 Do D 7s, 1966	97¾	97¼	97¼
1 Cons Tex Sx, '41	79½	79½	79½
7 ContPabS6½s, '44	93½	94	94
1 Cudahy Packing 5½s, 1937	86¼	86¼	88¼
10 Det City Gas Co 6s, 1947	103¾	102¾	102¾
1 Dunlop T & R. Corp serA 7s, 1942	92¾	92¾	92¾
2 Duquesne Lt 7s, 1945	107¾	107¾	107¾
11 Fed Sug 6s	103	101	101
6 Fish B 6s, '25	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,500 Francis 7s, '42	103½	103½	103½
1 Gal Sig Oil 7s	103½	103½	103½
6 Gen Pet 6s, '28	100¾	100¾	100¾
9 Int Match 6½s, 1941	98	97¾	98
10 Kan Cy Term 5½s, '28	102¾	102¾	102¾
3 Kresge Co 7s	133	133	133
600 Wilcox O&G 5s	4¾	5	5
49 Lehigh Val 5s, 2003, w i	90¼	90¼	90¾
1 Liggett & M 7s, '44	108	108	108
1 Lorillard (P) Co 7s, 1944	107	107	107
1 Loew's Inc. 6½s, 1941	98	97¾	98
1 Mengenthaler 7s, 1937	107	107	107
1 Nat Acme 7s, 1931	104	104	104
1 Nat Sug Ref 6s, 1931	101	101	101
1 Nat Tea 6s, 1941	98	97¾	98
1 Nat Tube 7s, 1944	113	113	113
1 Nevada Con 5s, 1968	70	70	70
1 Ohio Cities Gas 5s, 1947	98	98	98
1 Ohio Fuel 6s, 1947	103	103	103
1 Ohio Oil 6s, 1935	103	103	103
1 Ohio Power 5s, 1951	101	101	101
1 Ontario Pow 5s, 1943	100	100	100
1 Penn Coal & Coke 6s, 1951	103	103	103
1 Penn Sug Co 6s, 1942	100	100	100
1 Phila Elec 5s, 1966	104	104	104
1 Phila Rap Tr 6s, 1962	100	100	100
1 Pierce Oil 6s, 1931	100	100	100
1 Pub Ser Corp of N J 6s, 1959	100	100	100
1 Pub Ser of N J 6s, 1944	107	107	107
1 Pure Oil 5s, 1937	101	101	101
1 Rem Typ & Sup 6½s,

CALLS SILK STRIKE WRONG AND FUTILE

Paterson Chamber of Commerce Says Sympathetic Walkout Should Be Ended.

DECLARES MEN CAN'T WIN

Brands Their Action as Ill-Timed and Illogical—Another Effort Made to Obtain Arbitration.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 15.—The strike of the broad silk workers of this city was denounced as ill-timed, illogical and impossible of victory by the Chamber of Commerce in a long statement issued today. This was the first public utterance by the chamber of its stand on a strike since its formation here in 1908.

"It is time," the statement said, "to call a halt on the so-called sympathetic strike in this city, since it has come to be and is promulgated with the understanding that it is to be, instead, an intimidation strike."

The strike was declared to be ill-timed in view of the fact that there has been no extended prosperity in the silk industry, for either the employers or workers, since 1920. It was declared illogical by reason of the added mechanical appliances which enable one weaver to operate three or four looms without undue labor. The strike was precipitated when the weavers declined to operate on the three and four loom system.

"The strikers," said the statement, "have no chance to win. It is not a sympathetic strike at all, but one of intimidation. Many of those workers who have no grievances at all have been forced to become idle."

A further attempt at arbitration was made at a conference of Adolph Lessig, Chairman of the Strike Committee, and United States Commissioner of Conciliation John Moffitt of the Department of Labor. The result of the conference was not made public.

Earlier in the day Mr. Lessig, with four other members of the Strike Committee, called at the office of Mayor Colin McLean to complain of the tactics of the police, whom they charged with beating and threatening the strikers. The Mayor was not at his office and an appointment was made for tomorrow morning. Chief of Police Tracy denied that his men had resorted to brutality.

There have been few reports of violence either by the strikers or by workers who have refused to leave their jobs. Extra police were stationed throughout the city today.

Chairman Lessig estimated that there were 8,500 men out.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

While Changes Were Many, None Was of Special Consequence.

The proportion between advances and declines was more nearly equal in Dun's price list of wholesale commodities for this week, although the former were still greatly in excess of the latter. There were 91 changes, of which 56 were advances. Last week 69 of the 84 changes were increases. Changes in the foodstuffs were almost equal, there being 12 advances and 13 declines. Strength in the listed wools was a marked feature, there being 12 advances, with no declines.

The following table gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	*	*	4.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	*	*	*
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.38	.38	.44
Do S. D., c. to f., lb.	*	*	.36
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.25	2.75	*
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.20	.20	.25½
Codfish, Gd. Ers., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	8.50
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb.	.20¾	.22	.12¾
Eggs, nearby, f., doz.	.52	.48	.51
Flour, Fancy Minn. Family	8.75	8.95	...
Onions, bag	2.50	2.50	2.35
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.25	8.00	6.00
Potatoes, bbl., new	2.25	2.50	4.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.07¼	.07¼	.07½
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.17	.17	.22
Do Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.50
Bacon, 16@18, down, lb.	.14¾	.13¾	.13¼
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	10.25	10.00	10.00
Hams, big., in tcs., lb.	.17¾	.16¾	.16¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	9.50	9.50	8.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.50	10.50	10.00
Barley, malting, bu.	1.00	1.02	.77
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.50	1.50	1.50
Rye, No. 2, f. o. b., w.	.96½	.99¾	.75½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.25
Copper, electro, lb.	.13¾	.13½	.14¾
Brown sh., st'd., yd.	.16	.16	.14¾
Clothing, 4x4x60, yd.	.09½	.09¾	.08¾
Hides, pack, No. 1, lb.	.16	.15½	.15
Hides, cows, hvy., lb.	.14½	.14¾	.14½
Leath., un. b., s. r., lb.	.37	.37	.42
Rubber, up-r., fine, lb.	.26¾	*	.28¾
Plan. 1st latex cr., lb.	*.25¾	*.28½	.28½
Silk, China, st. fil. 1st, lb.	7.40	7.40	9.20
Silk, Japan, ctl. No. 1,	*	*	*
Sisalhu, lb.	5.90	5.80	7.00
Wool, dom, av. 98 quo.	*	*	*
Do, fl.	78.92	77.79	77.62
*Nominal.			

For the first time in several weeks the declines exceeded advances in the foodstuffs. The local market for provisions, however, continued strong, there being advances in bacon and hams, with no declines. At Chicago live steers advanced, but there was a drop in live hogs. Spring patent flour advanced 10 cents per barrel, but a decline took place in fancy Minnesota family grade.

There were only two changes in the dairy products. These were advances in both fresh gathered and near-by fancy eggs. Prices of these commodities now ahead of last year at this time. The increase in near-by fancy eggs this week amounted to 4 cents a dozen, while that on fresh-gathered firsts was 3½ cents per dozen.

The list of dried fruits was bare of changes, as was the case in fresh fruits. Of the three changes in the vegetables two were declines, potatoes and turnips being cheaper, while there was an advance in choice white kidney beans.

In the beverages, both No. 7 Rio and Santos No. 4 coffees were lower. The listed teas did not change. Both refost and fine granulated sugar advanced. The only change to take place in the spices, black Singapore pepper advancing, but the white variety declined.

There were five declines to one advance in the grains, No. 2 yellow corn moving up, but that for baking place moving down. Next week's No. 3 corn in No. 2 weight, No. 3 white oats, No. 2 milling barley and No. 2 rye unchanged. Hay was lower, No. 1 timothy at Chicago declining 50 cents a ton, while No. 2 red clover at Boston was down $1 a ton. No. 1 timothy at Boston was unchanged. Straw was lower, rye straw declining $1 a ton, while oat straw was down 50 cents a ton.

No changes took place in the leathers. The listed hides were again strong, there being six advances and no declines. In the metals, copper, zinc, lead and tin moved up, but there was easing in the prices of valley furnace pig iron, Pittsburgh wire rods, iron bars, wire nails and galvanized barbed wire. Furnace coke was lower in price.

Four of the five revisions in the lumbers were advances. White oak, red gum, long leaf, yellow pine timbers and Douglas fir timbers contributed these, the decline being in ash wood.

Of the twenty-six changes in the combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, fourteen were advances. The still were partially offsetting. There was no change to either way in the naval stores. The only change in the crude rubbers was a drop in the Eastern grade. The listed wools were very strong. Japanese silk moved higher, but the Chinese variety was unchanged. Burlaps were higher in the textiles. Prints were held about steady.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Samuel Kursman, Fifth Avenue importer, has obtained the wholesale and retail agency for the Gellé Frères perfumes. He will open a new department in his store for their sale. These perfumes have not heretofore been sold outside of the French salon of Callot.

The Research Alliance, Inc., of 141 West Thirty-sixth Street, has added the following to its accounts: The Outlet Company, Cincinnati; Rattberg's Fashion Shop, Middletown; Stevens Specialty Store, Springfield, Ill.; The Pingree Shop, Jackson, Mich.; Miss Margolis' Company, Akron, and the Conde Cloak Company, Toledo.

WEST INDIA LABOR MAY BE LOST TO CUBA

Owing to Britain's Complaint of Cruelty, Total Exclusion Is a Possibility.

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The Cuban as well as the British Government is considering restrictions, or even the absolute prohibition, of the immigration to Cuba of British West Indian laborers, it developed today, when a message to Congress by President Zayas was made public, together with a Cuban Gray Book dealing with alleged ill-treatment in Cuba of British West Indian negroes, who come in thousands each Fall to cut sugar cane.

Correspondence has been carried on since January, when the British Government charged that Cuban Rural Guards were shooting and otherwise abusing Jamaicans; that they were subject to hardships in the quarantine station at Santiago de Cuba and had been paid in illegal paper notes instead of cash.

It is estimated that 65,000 Jamaican negroes come to Cuba annually, and it is understood that a delegation of sugar men recently told President Zayas that their migration was necessary if the sugar cane was to be cut. A British note on June 25, however, announced that "there is a definite prospect of the restriction of prohibition of immigration from the British West Indies to Cuba at an early date," and President Zayas asked Congress to consider authorizing such action by the Cuban Government.

The Cuban Gray Book declared that quarantine hardships have been remedied; that instructions have been given for police protection for foreigners, and that only during the financial depression of 1920-1921 were cane laborers paid in paper.

LIBEL SUIT ARGUED.

Decision Reserved in Maurice Leon's Action Against French Newspaper.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Supreme Court Justice Frank L. Young here today heard argument on a motion to dismiss an amended complaint in a libel action filed by Maurice Leon of 60 Wall Street, Manhattan, against Gaston Liebert, Firmin Guego and the H. P. Sampers Company which publishes The Courriere Des Etats Unis, a daily newspaper printed in the French language in New York City.

The defendants moved for dismissal of the complaint on the grounds that the article published last May was not libelous, and the Justice reserved decision. The article referred to Leon's legal services to William Randolph Hearst during the war. The original complaint was dismissed a month ago by Justice Joseph Morshauser because Leon failed to allege special damages or give the reason why he was libeled. Today he explained personally to the Judge that he believed the average reader would understand from the article that he posed as a friend of France, being a member of the Legion of Honor, and stealthily was serving enemies of France.

EASTMAN PLANTS UNSOLD.

No Bidders Appear at Dissolution Auction Ordered by Court.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Because no bids were made at the auction sale of two plants of the Eastman Kodak Company, held today in compliance with an order of dissolution made by the United States District Court in a suit brought by the Government, Attorney General Stone will be asked to decide what further action is to be taken.

It is said that this case is without precedent in the annals of the Department of Justice. Two years were given in which the Folmer & Schwing Century Division was to be sold for a minimum of $706,041.60, and the Premo plant for a minimum of $589,449.20. The decree provided for an auction as a final resort, but no provision was made for no sale.

James S. Havens, attorney for the Eastman company, said:

"We shall continue to manufacture cameras at these plants. The Government will have to decide what further action will be taken. I do not know what will be done."

Only about a dozen men attended the sale, which had been advertised in all parts of the United States.

Bull Kills New York Farmhand.

RHINEBECK, N. Y., Aug. 15.—William Hughes, 46 years old, a farmhand on the Stephen H. Olin estate, near here, was fatally injured when he was gored by a bull yesterday. He was found lying unconscious in front of the residence on the place and died in an automobile on the way to a hospital.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....90@5¼% for the best names.
Thursday .....80@5½% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Sweaters of Artificial Silk.

A very good season in rayon (artificial silk) sweaters is drawing to a close, though it is thought that business will continue for some weeks longer. It is expected that next season will also be a good one, as it is indicated that such garments are finding wider favor as time goes on. Numbers selling for $2 and $3 have had a wide sale. White garments have been most popular in rayon, with a demand for darker shades in the West.

***

Slight Easing in Gray Goods.

Due to the break in cotton yesterday, second hands sold small lots of leading constructions of printcloths at a recession of an eight of a cent from the levels of the previous day. The sales reported included 39-inch 68-72s at 10¾ cents and 38½-inch 64-60s at 9⅝ cents. Trading in 39-inch 60 squares was on the basis of 12¾ cents, while 8½ cents was the best that could be done on 38½-inch 60-48s. The prevailing price on 39-inch 4.25-yard 72-76s was 12 cents. In sheetings there were late sales of 48-square four-yard goods at 11½ cents. For 37-inch 3.95 yard drills buyers paid 11¼ cents. Sateens, pajama checks and fine yarn cloths were without feature.

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Business in Knit Goods.

Hosiery and underwear buying is improving, but business is not as good as it usually is expected to be at this time. There does not seem to be any great likelihood of a rise in prices. Indications are that there will be a big season for cotton golf stockings for children, with wool coming in later in the year. Infants' socks have been doing better than for some time. A feature of the Summer season has been the large demand for light weight wool socks for men.

***

Another View of Knitted Scarfs.

A report that the coming season does not appear to be a promising one for knitted scarfs was contradicted yesterday by the National Knitted Outerwear Association, according to which the demand for this article has increased lately, large orders being received by many local manufacturers. The association maintains that scarfs will be popular for Winter wear because of the protection they provide when coat collars are left open in cold weather. For Fall wear, it points out, women favor scarfs because of their desire for bright colors to contrast with the hues of their garments.

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Toys for the Fall.

A good Fall business in dolls and toys is looked for, with an increased activity in imported merchandise expected in some quarters. Some believe that there will be an inclination toward German dolls. One house reports a lot of inquiries about 24-inch dolls. Imported children's saxophones and miniature table trains are in some demand. Among domestic specialties which are doing well are boys' scroll sets and a new type of portable checkerboard.

***

Dress Ornaments and Necklaces.

Rhinestone dress ornaments promise to be in good favor for Fall wear. They are being sold in white and color combinations, among them being topaz and emerald. Pearl beads are strong at present. Novelties in necklaces include two and three strand numbers with numerous color combinations. Emerald is well favored for these combinations. Bracelets are being offered in pearl beads and combinations of pearl and colors. Some have fancy sterling catches to match pearl necklace designs.

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More Fall Clothing Business.

Men's wear retailers are beginning to enlarge their Fall commitments, according to clothing wholesalers here. The buying is coming particularly from the retailers, who went very light in their early purchases and, while these late orders so far are not especially heavy, the manufacturing trade looks for much increased activity soon, with a shortage of the more desirable merchandise not considered unlikely. Some of the stores are already swinging into the showing of Fall suits, but it will be about Labor Day before the movement becomes general. The popular price range in all probability will be from $35 to $50.

***

Early Buying of Lightweights.

Some diversity of opinion exists in the goods and clothing trades over the question of how the early buying of men's wear Spring fabrics will shape up. The season will open on Monday with the showing of lines of these fabrics by the American Woolen Company. In the goods trade sellers are in doubt whether the initial buying will be satisfactory or whether the season will be another drawn-out period. It is agreed, however, that the goods market is thoroughly liquidated and that from this standpoint the situation has a firm basis on which selling progress can be made. It is held that much depends on the way the retailers find Fall business shaping up. There is every indication at the moment that this will be satisfactory and this feeling apparently will guide manufacturing clothiers with respect to their purchases of lightweights, the carryover of which in both retailers' and manufacturers' hands is small.

***

Coating Orders Running Heavy.

Orders for women's wear Fall fabrics continue to come into selling agents' offices here. The mill representatives still assert that before long there will be a much greater demand for wanted fabrics than the mills can turn out, with a resulting scarcity. In the case of certain of the high-grade and also some of the popular medium-priced coatings this has already occurred, according to leading selling agents. The leading leather-finished cloths are in a position where delivery allotments are being made. In this class of fabrics, however, the factor of comparatively limited production plays a large part.

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Anthracite Demand is Quiet.

The anthracite market during the past week has been quiet. Some slowing down has been noticed, in fact, Seward's Journal will say today, and even stove coal has not been in such active demand as it was during so many weeks recently. It is generally expected, however, that there will be a heavy demand later on, reaching a strong point about Sept. 15. Later, the car situation will play an important part, as there has been much heard of poor repair conditions in some directions, even on roads that keep their equipment well up to the mark. The activity of the mines continues better than many have expected. At the same time the output is not sufficient to overcome the decrease shown by the earlier months of the year. In the retail trade the poor rate of delivery is a feature. There is no change of consequence in the soft coal market.

TO PAY CREDITORS IN FULL.

Former Head of Two Bankrupt Brooklyn Concerns Meeting Obligations.

Creditors of the United States Yarn Company, Inc., and the Progressive Mercerizing and Dyeing Company, which were in business at 481 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, before they went into bankruptcy several months ago, will be paid in full, according to Aaron Grabelsky, former President of both concerns.

Grabelsky said yesterday that of the total amount of the claims, $85,000, he, personally, had paid $70,000, and that he had made arrangements for the payment of the balance. He explained that although he was under no legal obligation to do this, he was prompted by a desire to clear the names of the two companies of which he was the active head. Grabelsky said that friends helped him in the way of making fortunate investments, which enabled him to pay off the $70,000, and that he had assigned life insurance policies to cover some of the remaining indebtedness.

PROMISING IN DRY GOODS.

Larger Orders Reveal Merchants' Faith in Good Fall Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was greater than that of last week, although falling slightly to reach the volume of the corresponding period last year.

"Road sales were about equal to last week's volume and exceeded the total recorded for the corresponding week in 1923.

"There were more customers in the market than during the same period a year ago, and all of them are confident of an excellent Fall business, and evidence it through more substantial purchases than for the past four months.

"Collections were somewhat better last week than for the same week last year."

Cost of Living in Austria Goes Up.

VIENNA, Aug. 15.—The cost of living in Austria increased 6 per cent during the month ending today, according to official statistics. The increase is causing grave anxiety, since it is impossible for industry and commerce to make a proportionate increase in wages in view of the serious economic crisis through which they are passing.

Franco-German Potash Agreement.

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—The German Potash Syndicate and the French Alsatian Potash Association have reached an agreement, it is announced, regarding the sale and distribution of potash in the United States.

FORBES FILES DEMURRER.

Former Veterans' Bureau Head and Codefendant Attack Indictments.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Demurrers to the indictments returned against Colonel Charles R. Forbes, former head of the Veterans' Bureau, and John W. Thompson of St. Louis, contractor, were filed today in Federal Court by attorneys for the defendants. The demurrers charged that "it was impossible to determine the particular offense or offenses for which the defendants were indicted."

The indictments, returned by the June Grand Jury but not made public, contain four counts, two charging bribery, one charging conspiracy to commit bribery and one charging conspiracy to defraud the United States Government.

Forbes and Thompson, it is said, will plead not guilty to the two bribery indictments here Sept. 15, but the demurrers relate to the other two counts in the indictment.

LICENSE BLANKS SENT OUT.

100,000 Are on the Way to Motor Vehicle Bureau Offices in State.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The first 100,000 blank forms to be used by applicants for motor vehicle operators' licenses under the new law were shipped today to the State Motor Vehicle Bureau headquarters in New York and Albany; the branch offices of the Tax Commission in Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo, and to the county clerks of Suffolk, Westchester and Nassau. Distribution of operators' licenses will be begun in these places first and will be gradually extended to all other districts.

A total of 2,500,000 copies of the blank form were ordered at a local printing plant. This was said to be the largest total ever ordered by any State agency.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning LACkawanna 1000.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Louis Bergman; Miss Hopkins, millinery; 151 W. 25th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

ATLANTA, Ga.—American Hat Mfg. Co.; J. T. Clark, hat materials; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller & Co.; A. W. Dove, piece goods, remnants; 72 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh); Imperial.

BALTIMORE—S. Levin, men's, boys' clothing; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Cooper D. G. Co.; J. D. Cooper, general mdse.; 736 B'way (Reliance Pants Mfg. Co.).

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co., basement; J. E. Reed, women's hosiery, ladies' knit underwear; Sheffield, children's knit underwear; Mr. McCallum, representing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Mrs. Call, junior dresses; Miss Welch, misses' dresses; 6 E. 39th, 8th floor.

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; C. F. Chowerhill, silks, dress goods; W. W. Taylor, house furnishings; 215 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

CAMDEN, Ark.—Lide & Bro.; O. L. Lide, general mdse.; 1,182 B'way; Imperial.

CARROLLTON, Ky.—Howe Bros.; H. B. Howe, women's, misses' ready-to-wear, accessories, men's, boys' clothing for bargain, basement, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—The Vogue; Harry Miller, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti); Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; M. Siegel, silk and cotton hand-made underwear, blouses, basement; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Komiss & Greene Co.; M. Fink, basement, ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan); Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—The Mayer, Wise & Kaichen Co.; S. R. Meyer, knit goods, hosiery, gloves, shirts; L. S. Meyer, men's furnishings; 428 B'way.

CINCINNATI—The Fair Store; W. G. Luehrman, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; W. G. Luehrman, coats, suits, dresses, furs; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).

CORSICANA, Texas—The Famous Co.; A. B. Hassen, general mdse.; 1,182 B'way; Imperial.

HAMILTON, Ohio—Robinson-Schwenn Co.; Miss D. Lawson, coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.

HUGO, Okla.—The Boston Store; A. Hansen, general mdse.; 1,182 B'way; Imperial.

HURON, S. D.—Fleming D. G. Co.; T. P. Fleming, dry goods, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

HUTCHINSON, Kan.—Newt Edwards D. G. Co.; B. Durfee, general mdse.; 1,182 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. Block Co.; W. V. Rice, boys' furnishings; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg); Pennsylvania.

JACKSON, Miss.—The Hub; S. Gordon, clothing, gents' furnishings; 688 B'way (Frankel).

JACKSON, Miss.—Gordon Bros.; Mr. Gordon, odd lots juvenile, boys' coats, men's, boys' corduroy pants; 1,183 B'way (Silverstein Buying Corp.).

JACKSON, Miss.—The Fair Dept. Store; S. Gordon, clothing, boys' gents' furnishings; Irene Klein, ready-to-wear, millinery; 688 B'way (Frankel).

JANESVILLE, Wis.—J. M. Bostwick & Sons; Miss Catherine Shields, Miss Catherine Goldsborough, ready-to-wear; W. Blotz, mdse manager; Martinique.

LOS ANGELES—B'way Dept. Stores; Mrs. L. Hoff, women's better dresses; Mrs. J. Rachel, women's popular-priced dresses; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Sterling Furnishing Goods Co.; J. Shapin, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

MAYSVILLE, Ky.—Mayesville Suit & Dry Goods Co.; R. L. Hoeflich, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

MEMPHIS—Louis & Ginsberg; A. B. Lewis, representing; Pennsylvania.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—E. Loeb & Bro., E. Loeb, ladies' silk waists, blouses; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers' Market).

MOUNT VERNON, Ohio—The A. S. Dowds D. G. Co.; J. W. Rudin, floor coverings, draperies; Pennsylvania.

NEW HAVEN—Shortsleeve & Robinson Co.; S. F. Lanehan, millinery, men's furnishings; T. F. Galligan, jewelry, laces, &c.; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

OKLAHOMA CITY—I. Rubin, men's clothing; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; H. J. Chambers, stone marten chokers, caracul, silver muskrat jacquettes; 1,372 B'way (National Dept. Stores, Inc.).

PORTLAND, Ore.—Shanahan's; H. J. Ditter, mdse. manager basement dept., ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av. (Miss Sadie Kierski).

ROCHESTER—Daniel's; H. Daniel, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Auerbach Co.; Mrs. A. G. Hulz, laces, notions; W. A. Taylor, dresses, coats, hosiery, underwear; C. H. Ensign, cotton piece goods; 353 7th Av. (J. M. Higgins).

SEATTLE—Frederick & Nelson; Mr. Dale, women's, children's hosiery, gloves, silk underwear, umbrellas; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro.; H. Schaffman, stone marten chokers, caracul, silver muskrat jacquettes; 1,372 B'way (National Dept. Stores, Inc.).

TOLEDO—Maurice Moyer; M. Moyer, ready-to-wear; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Kleeman D. G. Co.; Miss E. Henry, ready-to-wear; P. S. Kleeman, coats, suits, infants' wear; 1,150 Broadway (F. Lilienthal, Inc.); Pennsylvania.

WICHITA, Kan.—Newt Edwards Co.; B. T. Durfee, women's wear, accessories; 1,182 B'way.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against.

ROBINSON SILK CO., INC., 49 East Twenty-third Street; by Morton H. Meinhard & Co., for a total of $5,000. Bertha Bros., over $1,000; Salembier & Villate, Inc., over $1,000. H. H. Fischer and Robert H. Gau appointed receivers, under $25,000 bond; by Judge Goddard. Liabilities, about $450,000; assets, about $300,000. The company operated factories at Paterson, N. J., at Astoria, L. I., and Mystic, Conn.

GEORGE S. HART CO., butter and cheese, 288 Greenwich Street; by D. W. Whitmore Co., $4,944; Continental Can Company, $4,067; Fred Blag Box Company, $802; Insurance Brokers, Inc., $1,000. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $5,000.

HARRY ROSENBERG and SOLOMON BRAZNER, copartners, trading as Rosenberg & Brazner, retail jewelry, 1,396 St. John's Place, Brooklyn; by Goldberg & Klausner for $250. Harry Rosenberg, $448, and Rose Bernstein, $1,576. They also have made an assignment to John Paulis, 1 Dey Street, Manhattan.

THOMAS GUGLIELANO, JOSEPH GIONTA and JOHN PIERRO, individually and as copartners, trading as Guglielano, Gionta & Pierro, wholesale fruits and produce, 1,005 Hunts Point Market, Brooklyn; by American Wallabout Market, Brooklyn, by Commercial Fruit Growers, Inc., $1,225; R. Collins & Co., $339, and Miller Cummings Co., $778.

Petition Filed—By

ROBERT EPOTEIN, Insurance solicitor, 2057 East Forty-second Street. Liabilities, $5,064; no assets.

HALLIE STILES, saleslady, 84 Park Avenue. Liabilities, $1,018; no assets.

Receivers Appointed.

ROBINSON SILK CO., 49 East Thirty-third Street, Manhattan—Judge Garvin has appointed H. H. Fischer and Robert H. Gay ancillary receivers, in bond of $25,000.

Schedules Filed.

THEATRE OWNERS DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION, 25 West Forty-third Street—Liabilities, $16,864; assets, $207 in cash and 50 per cent. interest in the film production "After the Ball." Principal creditors are Sydco Photoplay Corporation, $4,500; Clarence Hamilton, $2,160; Sidney Cohen, $2,110; William A. True, $2,207.

MOTOR CAR ABSTRACT CO., INC., 79 Fulton Street—Liabilities, $16,401; assets, $60,220, consisting of accounts. Principal creditors are Herbert G. Ehrlich, $3,000; Hubbard Building Company, Inc., $2,775; Alfred M. Best Company, Inc., $1,831; Alfred M. Best, $1,150; H. R. May, $1,043.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Aug. 15.—Harry W. Mahroe, druggist of Herkimer, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $15,300 and assets of $3,500.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 15.—The Disher Paper Company of Buffalo filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities listed at $24,314 and assets at $10,804.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Petition in bankruptcy was filed today by Rose Rosen and Ike Rosen, trading as the Rosen Millinery, with liabilities of $27,173 and assets $500, and against the Sterling Electrical Supply Company, Inc., on claims of the Champion Electrical Supply Company by F. M. McKey, receiver, $18,000, and other smaller claims.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Annesberg, Morris J.—Burns Bros. $220.19
Avron, Elias—Burns Bros. 197.04
Arthur Ice Cream Co., Inc.—Crystal Gelatine Co. 194.24
Bean, Max—Detroit Bumer & Mason 177.78
Ballie, Benjamin Jr.—Burns Bros. 173.47
Breteschneider, Paul G.—J. Fischer 506.10
Buchsbaum, Rubin—J. Groco, et al. 113.10
Boyce, Thomas J.—J. G. Maiouf 1,075.50
Bagnall, William and Thomas H.—N. Y. Telephone Co. 131.79
Carey, James C.—J. Jones 89.36-68
Cahn, Albert—B. H. McDonough 187.63
Chiala, Angelo—Western Sausage and Provision Co., Inc. 182.87
Davis, Laura or Hannah Elise—E. Hirtle 384.27
Ellis, John M.—W. A. Sanford 194.27
Friedman, James—Osborne Co. 150.40
Friedman, Louis—B. Levy 351.81
Gerlin, Barnet, and Abraham Menchin (Gorlin & Menchin)—A. Rusch, et al. 286.50
Glantz, Rudolph J.—A. Hollander & Son, Inc. 445.62
Giants, Brofman & Levine, Inc.—A. Hollander & Son, Inc. 619.00
Guiterman, Benjamin—James Martin Corp. 343.78
Same—Martin Tire Corp. 254.62
Henry A. Kessel Co., Inc.—C. N. Athey 1,231.35
Halloman, Albert M.—N. Weiss 119.48
Haight, Theodore—B. H. McDonough 111.60
J. B. H. Realty Corp.—Burns Bros. 387.64
Kaufman, Max—Burns Bros. 144.70
Kerr, Melvin N.—H. N. Ruppel 206.50
Kaufman, Max—L. F. Bishop 144.70
Kanofsky, Morris—H. Brunt 180.41
Leonard, Wm. J.—Browning, King & Co. 100.14
Lemuel, Aaron—B. Christofero 181.00
Loeb, Max—N. N. McConnell et al. 100.82
Marbett, Inc.—C. E. Hertlein, Inc. 325.49
Millsen, Manon H.—C. E. Hertlein, Inc. 256.00
HOME AV., s e 166 ft s of Rhinelander Av, 22x100; William Byers against Meta A. Ketterer, owner; Thrift Home Company, contractor $150.08
RIVERDALE AV., e s ... ft s of 235th St, 25x90; Brady Painting Co. against Thomas Waddick, owner and contractor 190.00
240TH ST, 254; Anthony Ruggiero against Telwarf Corp., owner and contractor 530.00
FORDHAM ROAD, 19; George Adams against Manhattan Exhibition and John Grobe, owners and contractors 176.98
226TH ST, s s 175 ft e of Paulding Av, 100x109; H. G. Knapp against Pampa Realty Corporation, owner, V. Pampalloni, contractor 232.40
221ST ST, s s 387 ft e of Barnes Av, 22x100; Tedeschi Brothers against Boleslaw Pulkowski, owner; L. Buongiorno & Sons, contractors 1,784.50
LELAND AV, e s 50 ft n of Wood Av, 50x90; Candee Smith & Howland Company against Belmont Avenue Homes, Inc., owners and contractors 1,784.50

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

151ST ST, 600 TO 615 WEST, AND 152D ST, 610 TO 622 WEST; Rufus Darrow's Son, Inc., against Studebaker Corp. et al.; March 5, 1924 ..... $673.70
36TH ST, 221 EAST; Kottler & Kottler against Alois Horda, et al.; Jan. 28, 1924 ..... 1967.30

In Bronx County.

PAULDING AV, 2,150; John H. James, et al., against Frank Hellmerich, et al.; June 11, 1924 ..... $1,290.00
WELLMAN AV, 1,870; Edward Beverly Jr. against Hanna Anslev, et al.; July 7, 1924 ..... 2210.00
WELLMAN AV, 1,878; William Behrens against Hanna Ansley, et al.; Aug. 9, 1924 ..... 2,210.00

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES OF THE WEEK.

BRADSTREET'S reports 366 failures for the week in the United States, as compared with 329 for the previous week and 348, 363, 376 and 199 for the corresponding weeks 1923 to 1920. The New England States had 22, Middle 48, Western 76, Northwestern 35, Southern 94, Far Western 36. Canada had 22, against 34. In the United States about 73 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 16 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

EQUITY RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

MIDDLE STATES OIL CORPORATION.—Julius M. Mayer, former Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, and Joseph P. Tumulty, who was Private Secretary to President Wilson, were appointed, under $50,000 bond, by Judge Knox in a creditors' suit. The bill of complaint was originally filed on June 2 by William Shivers, a minority stockholder, but Judge Knox declined to appoint receivers at that time. Sensational charges relating to the operations of Charles N. Haskell, Governor of Oklahoma, in Southern States Oil, a subsidiary company, were contained in the original complaint. The appointment of the receivers yesterday was made on a supplemental bill of complaint filed by Joseph A. Phelan, a creditor for $5,750, and with the consent of the debtor corporation. The latter now places the liabilities of the Middle States Oil Corporation, which is a holding company, and of its subsidiaries, at $14,000,000, and estimates the assets at $25,000,000. It is charged that the filing of the first bill supplied the corporation credit to such an extent that the company is unable to finance the drilling of additional wells and continue the operation of the business. It is alleged that the corporation is defaulted in the payment of principal and interest on an outstanding bond issue of $5,000,000 on Aug. 1, and refusal by a proponitment of receivers is necessary to preserve the assets. John J. Curtin appeared as counsel for the complainant and Phillips, Lebell & Fielding represented the defendant corporation in the receivership action.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 15.—Fifty-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,112,000, were chartered today. They include:

Stuart Holding Corp., Queens Co., contracting, $20,000; H. Birchenthal, F. Tannehoff, H. Caplin. (Attorneys, Holmes & Bernstein, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

William A. Flood, Brooklyn, contracting, $20,000; W. A. and W. S. and M. A. Flood. (Attorneys, Dean, King & Smith, 160 Broadway.)

Chapella Realty Co., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value; C. H. and C. H. Chapello. (Attorney, W. H. Chase, Woolworth Building.)

Leslin Realty Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. Leslin, S. and A. Geller. (Attorney, I. Siegel, 51 Chambers St.)

117-119 Collgni Av., New Rochelle, realty, $15,000; C. K. and L. Weinstein, R. Mosenson. (Attorney H. M. Scobie, New Rochelle.)

Judy Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. P. Monahan, J. Moran, O. V. Fleishman. (Attorney, S. V. Hirsh, 52 Wall St.)

Empress Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $10,000; M. Parnes, L. M. Levy, A. Zandzer. (Attorneys, Kaminsky & Parnes, 291 Broadway.)

J. Brachman & Co., Manhattan, women's sport wear, $10,000; J. Brachman, B. Ebner, A. Schwartz. (Attorney, L. I. Hochstein, 266 5th Av.)

Capital Sand Gravel Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; J. J. Dittman, M. J. Ready, F. E. Pearson. (Attorney, W. J. Miller, 60 Wall St.)

Williamsburg News, Brooklyn, prepare news, 200 shares common stock, no par value; M. and H. Abramson, B. Brownold. (Attorneys

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

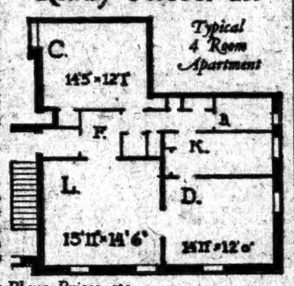
ABSOLUTE AUCTION
NEXT SATURDAY, AUGUST 23
AT 3 P. M. ON THE PREMISES ON OCEAN AVE.,
MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J.
The Wilson-Gould-Baker-Gilsey Properties
Four handsomely furnished modern cottages having large frontages on Ocean Avenue and the Beach; together with a number of choice improved building plots on Ocean Ave., all to be sold separately at your own price. Open for inspection.
Send for bookmap
ARTHUR C. SHERIDAN
Real Estate Auctioneer
260 MADISON AVE., Cor. 40th St., N. Y. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

New Garage Ready Oct. 1st, 1924
West 166th Street
ADJACENT TO BROADWAY
BEST BUILT — in Greater New York—53,000 Square Feet.
BEST DESIGNED — LONG LEASE
BEST PROSPECT
CHARLES J. CUNNINGHAM
551 Exterior Street, Bronx — Telephone MOTT HAVEN 6028
BROKERS PROTECTED

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT
$85 to $165 a month
Ivy Court Garden Apartments
3, 4, 5 and 6 Rooms
Jackson Heights
Hayes Ave. 26th to 27th St.
Ready October 1st
The latest group of apartment buildings at Jackson Heights; consisting of six, five, four and three-room suites; certain apartments with breakfast room.
The Ivy Court Garden Apartments are on a parked street and constructed around a large central garden to afford cross ventilation and maximum of sunlight and air for the rooms.
Each apartment runs through from the street to the interior garden and the group is only four stories high, thus insuring the maximum of privacy and agreeableness of setting.



Send for Plans, Prices, etc.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Manhattan Office: 50 East 42nd St., Murray Hill 7057
Or inquire at our Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. near Polk Ave., near the Ivy Court Garden Apartments
To go to Jackson Heights by Subway: Take Broadway B. R. T. from any Manhattan or Brooklyn station to 25th St., Jackson Heights station; or Interborough subway to Grand Central and transfer to Queensboro subway (Corona Div.) to 25th St. and walk west to Queensboro Corporation office.

For Rent—Ideally Located
Complete Service—Elevator Facilities
2, 4 and 5 Room Apartments
Rent $60 to $115
RIVER CLIFF HALL
Boulevard (East) at Columbia Terrace
Weehawken, New Jersey
Outlook on the Hudson River
Within Sight
Easy Access and Quick Approach of Uptown and Downtown New York
Superintendent on Premises. Tel. Union 7609

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

KOSTER'S BARGAINS
5 acres, Merrick Road, 900 feet from Brookhaven station; $1,500.
15 acres — Jericho Turnpike, Huntington, with hilltop fine view; $350 per acre.
10-acre farm, Jericho Turnpike, Huntington, with dwelling and outbuildings; $5,000.
Fred Koster, Huntington Station, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TOP LOFT
221-225 W. 17th St.
LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND WINDOWS. DESIRABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS. LOW RENT. LIGHT. POWER. STEAM HEAT. ELEVATOR SERVICE. REASONABLE RENT.
MONAHAN EXPRESS CO. REALTY DEPT.
Apply 216 West 18th St. Watkins 9191

STORE
For Lease
AT 59 EAST 59TH ST.
Inquire Owners, between 2 and 4 P. M., Room 806, 31 Nassau St. Phone Rector 8476-7.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of R. H. LUTHIN, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer (for the Southern District of New York) in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Aug. 26th, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 101 Bowery, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of chemicals, photographic supplies, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises.
A. BRUCE BIELASKI, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 194 Broadway, New York.
Inspection Aug. 23d and 24th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PROGRESSIVE TOY CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Aug. 29, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1793 Wooster St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dolls, toys, manufactured and unmanufactured materials, machinery, fixtures, &c.
ARTHUR N. BALSLEY, Receiver.
DIENSTEIN & ROBBINS, Attorneys for Receiver, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.
Inspection Aug. 28th and 31st.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. Unfurnished—West Side.

Avoid the Subway Crush
Live in the Residential Section of OLD CHELSEA
4-ROOM APARTMENTS
$88 to $93
In New Modern Building
N. W. Cor. 8th Av. & 19th St.
Ready for Occupancy.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
Established 1818.
191 Ninth Ave. Chelsea 5266

New Elevator Apts.
860-870 West 181st St.
OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE-HUDSON
3-4-5 Rooms, $75 to $150
HENNING BROTHERS, St. Nicholas Av., Cor. 182d

NEW BUILDING
BROADWAY, Cor. ACADEMY ST. (203d St.) Most Modern. 1-4 Rooms, $62 to $90.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

LIVINGSTON COURT
59-65 Livingston Street, Brooklyn (Borough Hall Subway Station)
5 minutes to Wall Street.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6-7 ROOMS
1-2-3 BATHS, RENT $1200 TO $2800
Possession now or Oct. 1.
Apply on premises or Phone office, Vanderbilt 8110

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

PELDEAN COURT
High-class elevator apartments
32 minutes from Grand Central
3, 4 and 5 Rooms—1 bath
6 Rooms—2 baths
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY
Pelham, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 4785.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

80S. WEST—16 rooms, 5 baths, steam heat, parquet; superb condition; furnished; price $48,000, cash $10,000. Schuyler 1750.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
2 rooming houses, 56 rooms; possession.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av., at 42d St.

OWNER must sell 219 East 34 St., New York, assessed at $16,000; rents $2,700; terms cash after rents in; $8,000. 2 South Massachusetts Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

SALE or rent, long lease, Washington Heights house, furnished; possession; suitable club or meeting house. C 277 Times.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

TWO-FAMILY HOUSES.
UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS.

Montgomery Av., corner 176th St., Two blocks west of University Av.
Seven rooms, sun parlor each floor; three-car garage, plot 25x100, separate showers, extra lavatory, tile kitchen, &c.; finest construction throughout; savings banks long term 5% per cent. mortgage; liberal terms; inquire Montgomery Holding Corp. on premises. Phone Bingham 7080.

BUILDER NEEDS CASH.
New 2-family tax exempt, in most convenient location in Bronx, Gerard Av., block south of 167th St. station, Jerome Av. line; act quickly; trade with cash considered. Agent on property or builder, 823 Prospect Av., Bronx.

WATERFRONT lots for sale in Wissman Estate, fronting Long Island Sound; good bathing beach, also beautiful house, suitable for boarding house, restaurant or club. Inquire Wissman Mansion, Wissman Av., at East 177th St. Phone Westchester 3765.

NEW 1-family stucco dwellings, latest every detail, 2,117 Kingsbridge Terrace, 2 blocks east Broadway (231st St. subway), 1 block west Sedgewick Av. Kingsbridge 1073.

Brooklyn For Sale or Rent.

MARLBORO ROAD, 12 (Flatbush)—Newly completed, detached, centre hall, Colonial; two fireplaces; two porches; triple sheets; canvased ceilings; $300 refrigerator; everything the best; built for owner's occupancy. Henry Pierson, 823 Flatbush Av. 4300 Sterling 4300.

FOR PHYSICIAN—Basement and parlor floor, six rooms with all improvements; floor above can also be had if desired; private house in good and well populated neighborhood; reasonable rent and lease; immediate possession; for inspection of premises, ring stoop bell. A. Besner, 580 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

580 MADISON ST., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Nine beautiful large rooms and bath; all improvements; excellent home for particular people; also suitable for high-class rooming purposes; convenient to trolley and elevated; immediate possession; for inspection of premises ring stoop bell. A. Besner.

Queens For Sale or Rent.

DOUGLAS MANOR.
Beautiful well-built 7-room house, slate room, copper gutters and leaders, showers, tiled bath, disappearing attic stairway, steam heat and garage; plot 80x100; price $13,500; terms arranged. 1982 St. and Northern Boulevard, Flushing, L. I. Phone Flushing 4012.

JACKSON HEIGHTS.
Two-family brick house, tax exempt; 11 rooms, sun parlor, open porch, parquet floors, panel walls, tile bath, shower; driveway, paved street; fine neighborhood; $2,000 cash. CHARLES R. MARVIN, 2115 Main Av., between 25th and 26th Sts., Jackson Heights. Havemeyer 4200.

GREAT BARGAIN—$6,950
Buys beautiful Colonial tax-exempt $7,000 house; plot 5,050 square feet; high exclusive select neighborhood; wide street; large trees; 25 minutes Manhattan; 116 trains daily; trolleys, buses; steam, electricity, gas; tile bath, tile kitchen, sun parlor, porcelain tub, perfection roofing; $500 cash, $35 monthly principal. McNeece, 94 Union Hall St., Jamaica (Union Hall Depot), Phone Jamaica 9016 daily and Sunday.

SEE DALY'S two-family brick houses; 36 now nearing completion; 46 sold; located at 35th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., Jackson Heights, Elmhurst. Apply on premises or at office.
THOS. DALY, OWNER AND BUILDER,
Roosevelt Av. and 95th St., 2 blocks west Junction Av. "L" Station, Elmhurst.

$600 CASH—PRICE $4,900 AND UP.
$25 monthly principal; steam, electricity, parquet, hot water, gas range, breakfast nook, artistic decorations, garage space; near school, stores, 20 minutes Manhattan. Open daily, evenings, Sundays. Frohwitter, 90-50 Sutphin Boulevard, Jamaica, block from Jamaica station. Phone Jamaica 8287.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

BAYSIDE—Seven-room house; nineteen minutes express from Penn Station; convenient stores and station; easy to heat; $125 monthly. Phone Bayside 2332.

BELLROSE—30 minutes out, electric service; new home; large living room; 16x24, with fireplace; sun parlor, 12x18, with casement windows; dining room; tile kitchen, special flooring; maid's room and bathroom complete on first floor; laundry in basement; 3 bedrooms and tile bath with shower on second floor; attic all floored, with stairway; house decorated; grounds seeded and shrubbed; 2-car garage; plot 60x100; must be seen to be appreciated. Edward Bialla (owner), 41 Ransom Lane. Phone 250 Floral Park.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful corner cottage, large plot, beautiful section, six rooms and bath; all improvements; $12,900; easy terms. Flushing 5050.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
FUNDS available for purchase-money second mortgages; brokers protected. L. Metzger & Co., 1,819 Broadway. Columbus 3386.

PROPERTY OWNERS, we make quick, confidential loans on automobiles. Peerless Finance Corp., 1,780 Broadway, Circle 8743.

PRIVATE party has funds to invest first, second mortgages; quickly available. Zawvilin, Room 1069, 42 Broadway, Broad 5481.

MORTGAGES for sale; large returns; guaranteed excellent investment. Propper, 160 West 125th St.

CASH immediately, first, second mortgages. Witcher, 246 5th Av. Madison Square 7136.

HAVE $5,000, $10,000 and $50,000 available for good first mortgages on Manhattan or Bronx property. N 123 Times.

AM interested in 2d, 3d and 4th mortgages and big taxpayers. Hoberman, 277 Bway.

WILL buy several small mortgages: firsts, seconds; in Manhattan. B 148 Times.

REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT.
YOUNG WOMAN, thoroughly experienced, successful, desires real estate management. B 147 Times.

OWNERS! We manage, buy and sell your property; quick results. Wm. G. Smith Company, 123 7th Av. Bryant 9637.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

808. WEST—16 rooms, 5 baths, steam heat, parquet; superb condition; furnished; price $48,000, cash $10,000. Schuyler 1750.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
2 rooming houses, 56 rooms; possession.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av., at 42d St.

OWNER must sell 219 East 34 St., New York, assessed at $16,000; rents $2,700; terms cash after rents in; $8,000. 2 South Massachusetts Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

SALE or rent, long lease, Washington Heights house, furnished; possession; suitable club or meeting house. C 277 Times.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

TWO-FAMILY HOUSES.
UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS.

Montgomery Av., corner 176th St., Two blocks west of University Av.
Seven rooms, sun parlor each floor; three-car garage, plot 25x100, separate showers, extra lavatory, tile kitchen, &c.; finest construction throughout; savings banks long term 5% per cent. mortgage; liberal terms; inquire Montgomery Holding Corp. on premises. Phone Bingham 7080.

BUILDER NEEDS CASH.
New 2-family tax exempt, in most convenient location in Bronx, Gerard Av., block south of 167th St. station, Jerome Av. line; act quickly; trade with cash considered. Agent on property or builder, 823 Prospect Av., Bronx.

WATERFRONT lots for sale in Wissman Estate, fronting Long Island Sound; good bathing beach, also beautiful house, suitable for boarding house, restaurant or club. Inquire Wissman Mansion, Wissman Av., at East 177th St. Phone Westchester 3765.

NEW 1-family stucco dwellings, latest every detail, 2,117 Kingsbridge Terrace, 2 blocks east Broadway (231st St. subway), 1 block west Sedgewick Av. Kingsbridge 1073.

Brooklyn For Sale or Rent.

MARLBORO ROAD, 12 (Flatbush)—Newly completed, detached, centre hall, Colonial; two fireplaces; two porches; triple sheets; canvased ceilings; $300 refrigerator; everything the best; built for owner's occupancy. Henry Pierson, 823 Flatbush Av. 4300 Sterling 4300.

FOR PHYSICIAN—Basement and parlor floor, six rooms with all improvements; floor above can also be had if desired; private house in good and well populated neighborhood; reasonable rent and lease; immediate possession; for inspection of premises, ring stoop bell. A. Besner, 580 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

580 MADISON ST., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Nine beautiful large rooms and bath; all improvements; excellent home for particular people; also suitable for high-class rooming purposes; convenient to trolley and elevated; immediate possession; for inspection of premises ring stoop bell. A. Besner.

Queens For Sale or Rent.

DOUGLAS MANOR.
Beautiful well-built 7-room house, slate room, copper gutters and leaders, showers, tiled bath, disappearing attic stairway, steam heat and garage; plot 80x100; price $13,500; terms arranged. 1982 St. and Northern Boulevard, Flushing, L. I. Phone Flushing 4012.

JACKSON HEIGHTS.
Two-family brick house, tax exempt; 11 rooms, sun parlor, open porch, parquet floors, panel walls, tile bath, shower; driveway, paved street; fine neighborhood; $2,000 cash. CHARLES R. MARVIN, 2115 Main Av., between 25th and 26th Sts., Jackson Heights. Havemeyer 4200.

GREAT BARGAIN—$6,950
Buys beautiful Colonial tax-exempt $7,000 house; plot 5,050 square feet; high exclusive select neighborhood; wide street; large trees; 25 minutes Manhattan; 116 trains daily; trolleys, buses; steam, electricity, gas; tile bath, tile kitchen, sun parlor, porcelain tub, perfection roofing; $500 cash, $35 monthly principal. McNeece, 94 Union Hall St., Jamaica (Union Hall Depot), Phone Jamaica 9016 daily and Sunday.

SEE DALY'S two-family brick houses; 36 now nearing completion; 46 sold; located at 35th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., Jackson Heights, Elmhurst. Apply on premises or at office.
THOS. DALY, OWNER AND BUILDER,
Roosevelt Av. and 95th St., 2 blocks west Junction Av. "L" Station, Elmhurst.

$600 CASH—PRICE $4,900 AND UP.
$25 monthly principal; steam, electricity, parquet, hot water, gas range, breakfast nook, artistic decorations, garage space; near school, stores, 20 minutes Manhattan. Open daily, evenings, Sundays. Frohwitter, 90-50 Sutphin Boulevard, Jamaica, block from Jamaica station. Phone Jamaica 8287.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

BAYSIDE—Seven-room house; nineteen minutes express from Penn Station; convenient stores and station; easy to heat; $125 monthly. Phone Bayside 2332.

BELLROSE—30 minutes out, electric service; new home; large living room; 16x24, with fireplace; sun parlor, 12x18, with casement windows; dining room; tile kitchen, special flooring; maid's room and bathroom complete on first floor; laundry in basement; 3 bedrooms and tile bath with shower on second floor; attic all floored, with stairway; house decorated; grounds seeded and shrubbed; 2-car garage; plot 60x100; must be seen to be appreciated. Edward Bialla (owner), 41 Ransom Lane. Phone 250 Floral Park.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful corner cottage, large plot, beautiful section, six rooms and bath; all improvements; $12,900; easy terms. Flushing 5050.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Long Island For Sale or Rent.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
2 Minutes.
New 6-rm semi-bath Colonial house, reduced from $9,250 to $8,350; plot 30x100; $1,850 cash; new 6-room and breakfast nook, tile bath, hot water heat, enclosed porch; $11,750 to $10,750; plot 40x100; cash $2,000; F. H. Reeve, Inc., North Shore Realtors, Broadway and 163d St., opposite Broadway-Flushing station. Phone Flushing 3822.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING.
Colonial, tax exempt, 7 rooms and tiled bath; best location; 5 minutes from station, school and stores; price $11,000 unfurnished, $11,500 furnished.
F. H. REEVE, INC.,
North Shore Realtors,
Broadway and 163d St.,
Opposite Broadway Flushing Station.
Phone Flushing 3822.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful apartment, 6 rooms, tiled bath, sun parlor, in beautiful brick, Colonial, 2-family house; 5 minutes from station, very best location; price, with garage, $129 per month. F. H. Reeve, Inc., North Shore Realtors, Broadway and 163d St., opposite Broadway-Flushing station. Phone Flushing 3822.

BROADWAY—FLUSHING.
The best values in new modern homes offered this year.
6 Rooms, bath, $9,500.....cash $2,000
7 Rooms, bath, $8,400.....cash $1,000
7 Rooms, bath, $9,950.....cash $1,500
10 Rooms, 2 family, $14,000.
R. T. Walker, B'way & 23d St. Flushing 3842.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Six rooms, tiled bath, tile kitchen, stucco house, with asbestos roof; enclosed porch; good plot; close to station; price $12,500, easy terms.
J. THOMPSON SCOTT, JR.,
B'way and 22d St. Tel. Flushing 4240-4518.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Price $9,500; 7 rooms and bath, hardwood floors throughout; garage; on plot 40x100; tax exempt; small cash, easy terms. A. J. Kerwin Realty Co., Broadway and 23d St., Flushing. Tel. Flushing 4094.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful corner cottage, large plot, beautiful residential section; 7 rooms; twenty minutes Penn. Station; $19,000; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

DOUGLAS MANOR—Dutch Colonial, 7 rooms, two baths, tile kitchen, large sun parlor, garage; plot 50x100. Owner, 119 Susquehanna Av. Great Neck 621R.

FLUSHING (33 South 20th St.)—3-family house, newly decorated, eleven rooms, two baths, for lease; reasonable terms; or rent separately.

FOREST HILLS—Beautiful brick corner house; sacrifice quick buyer. Boyngen, 883 West End Av. Schuyler 1658.

GARDEN CITY (52 Kensington Road, near Salisbury Av.)—$16,500, new centre hall Colonial, two baths, two fireplaces; garage; exceptional opportunity. Open Sunday afternoon. Henry Pierson, 823 Flatbush Av. Sterling 4300.

GREAT NECK, L. I.—Especially attractive and well built home; located in nicest section; 10 rooms; living room 25x20, with large open fireplace; sunparlor 100x225; beautifully landscaped; will sell at reasonable price. Phone Owner, Great Neck 643, for particulars.

KEW GARDENS—7 rooms, tax exempt, garage, plot 50x125. Richmond Hill 9701.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.
38 Minutes from Broadway.
New 7-room Dutch Colonial, substantial construction; hall, sunroom, fireplace; plot 50x150; nice location; 7 minutes station; built to sell for $10,500; due to vacation season now offered for $9,500 on reasonable terms. Apply agents, John A. Power, Inc., opposite station, Rockville Centre. Telephone 1782.

WESTBURY—$8,350; new seven-room dwelling; steam heat; fine location. Mrs. M. Pierson, Maple Av. Tel. 386 Westbury.

WOODMERE—For rent, 8 rooms, furnished house; all improvements; would also sell. Phone Cedarhurst 3075M.

FOR RENT, in the most exclusive residential section of Hewlett, L. I., an extremely desirable 9-room cottage, with a 100-foot frontage of beautiful lawn; occupancy Oct. 1. Telephone Cedarhurst 3073.

PHYSICIANS—My house in Hempstead suitable for general practitioner; cash $6,000. Schaefer, 51 Baldwin Road, Hempstead.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

PRONXVILLE—Owner must move, will sacrifice house, living room, dining room, kitchen, four bedrooms, attic, two-car garage; lot 70x100; near school and station; $14,000. Apply 46 Howe Place, Armour Villa Park.

HASTINGS-ON-HUDSON (90 Main St.)—One-half of double house, old type, newly decorated; 7 rooms, all improvements; trees; quiet; 5 minutes to railroad station; rent $70. Dorland. Telephone 1199.

LARCHMONT MANOR.
Well designed brick and stucco home, slate roof, large solarium, large open porch, living room, dining room, lavatory, butler's pantry, kitchen; second floor, 4 bedrooms, each with special tiled bath and showers; third floor, 2 bedrooms and bath; hot water heat; oak floors; built-in heated garage; large corner plot; ideal surroundings; private beach; 30 minutes to Grand Central. This property has been materially reduced and is now offered at a bargain price. Chauncey B. Griffen, 16 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9226.

LARCHMONT—A show place located in highly restricted park near station, schools, country clubs. Comfortable and modern stucco home, 8 spacious rooms, 3 baths, garage, porches, on large corner grounds with beautiful flowers and shrubbery. Ready to move right in. Don't fail to inspect today.

DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.
83 Boston Post Rd. Larchmont, Phone 564.

LARCHMONT MANOR SECTION — Bathing privileges; attractive, new, seven rooms, bath; garage; nice plot; $14,750; $2,000 cash; balance easy terms. C. Woodford Deming, 41 Boston Post Road. Tel. Larchmont 463.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—New house, 7 rooms and sun porch; hot-water heat, all improvements; convenient to schools, churches and depot; lot 75x125; $185 month. Phone 4317.

LARCHMONT—Artcraft bungalow, attractively furnished, 3 minutes' walk from station. Longfellow, 160 Myrtle Av.

MAMARONECK Homes; bargains. Charles W. Davis Co., 78 Mamaroneck Av. Telephone 47.

MOUNT VERNON—Double dwellings of unusually attractive design; Green Court, a restricted residential park, three minutes' walk from New Haven or Westchester stations; rent of one apartment pays charges, owner living rent free; small cash payment from approved purchasers. Columbus Av. and Fourth St. Phone Oakwood 8891. Agent on premises.

MT. VERNON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
WM. G. BROGAN REALTY COMPANY,
24 East 1st St., Mt. Vernon, Oakwood 6070.

NEW ROCHELLE—Don't miss inspecting this artistic new stucco residence in one of the finest parks, shrubbed large grounds, on the market for immediate sale. Centre entrance hall, 5 bedrooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, 2-car garage, sun porch. Owner cannot hold. For appointment
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.
238 Huguenot St. New Rochelle, Phone 2242.

NEW ROCHELLE—Just the well-planned and staunchly constructed new home you have been seeking, near library, main street, station, schools and Sound; seven rooms, two baths; hot water heat, shower, gas, electricity; plot 60x125; private delivery entrance; choice, quiet location; price $30,000. F. A. Cameron, 32 Railroad Av. Tel. 4226, New Rochelle, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE—Six-room, 2½-story frame house, pre-war built; lot 50x135; restricted section; $13,500; first mortgage $5,000, second mortgage $4,000; cash required $4,500. Owner, T 944 Times Downtown.

NEW ROCHELLE (1 Neptune Av.)—Eleven rooms, one-car garage; restricted section; size 61x150; 5 minutes to bathing beach. Phone 1795J New Rochelle.

PELHAM—In finest section of the Manor, charming city stucco house set among beautiful shade trees and shrubbery, seven handsomely decorated rooms, two baths, enclosed porch, maid's room, bath, tiled kitchenette, shower, oak floors throughout, complete in every detail; owner has authorized us to sell at a sacrifice; also several other attractive bargains ready for your inspection.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
4,768 Boston Post Rd., Pelham. Phone 5109.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

PELHAM MANOR—RARE BARGAIN.
New colonial house containing centre hall, big living room, dining room, tile kitchen and porch on 1st floor; 4 master bedrooms, tile bath on 2d; maid's room and bath on 3d; near station. Owner will sacrifice at $16,000. Murray B. Parks, 1,215 Pelhamdale Av. Pelham 4743.

PELHAM—Brick dwelling, near stations; beautiful section; eight rooms, two baths, garage; appointments and particulars John Cedar, 127 8th Av., Pelham. Phone 1268.

RYE AND VICINITY—Attractive homes for sale and rent. EDNA M. DRUMMOND, 90 Purchase St. Tel. 311, Rye, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—GREENACRES.
Sixteen rooms, living room 23 feet long, 4 master bedrooms, 3 tiled baths with showers, 3 maid's rooms and bath, 3 fireplaces, 2-car garage; beautifully landscaped; property overlooks river and parkway; very special flooring; maid's room and bathroom complete on first floor; laundry in basement; 2 bedrooms and tile bath with shower on second floor; attic all floored, with stairway; house decorated; grounds seeded and shrubbed; 2-car garage; plot 60x100; must be seen to be appreciated. Edward Bialla (owner), 41 Ransom Lane. Phone 250 Floral Park.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful corner cottage, large plot, beautiful section, six rooms and bath; all improvements; $12,900; easy terms. Flushing 5050.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

Owner must sell substantial brick Colonial residence, attractively situated on about 3 acre of land, within 6 minutes' walk of station and school; house contains 9 rooms, 4 baths, every convenience; garage; will rent or sell on easy terms; possession at once. Apply O-431, FISH & MARVIN, Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone Scarsdale 810, or 527 Fifth Av., N. Y. (phone Murray Hill 4626).

SCARSDALE—Stucco, 6 rooms, tiled bath, sun parlor, fireplace, garage, large room, convenient station, best schools; $11,000; terms. Boschmeyer, Popham Road, Scarsdale. Phone 383.

SPUYTEN DUYVIL—New stucco home, 7 rooms; 2 baths; all improvements; restricted; tax exempt; 100-foot plot; rent $225.000; small amount cash. Owner, 1 2246 Times Annex.

WHITE PLAINS.
We are offering for immediate sale most beautiful home, high location, best residential section, on acre of ground, attractive Georgian Colonial brick house, containing large foyer hall, living room with fireplace, solarium, dining room with breakfast nook, kitchen, butler's pantry; second floor, four large main bedrooms, three baths with shower; third floor, two servants' rooms and bath; house is well arranged as to the latest conveniences; grounds are well laid out; quantities of large shade trees and flower gardens; two-car garage; owner authorizes us to sell this property for less than the actual cost of constructing house. For further particulars apply to owner's agents, THOMPSON, THOMPSON & PALESTRANT, Opp. station, White Plains. Tel. 1250.

UNFORTUNATE CIRCUMSTANCES compel this owner to dispose of his home immediately; it is very attractively located, on a large corner; terraced lot, among trees and in abundance of shrubbery; house unusually well built; stucco exterior with tile roof; large veranda; 11 rooms, well arranged and tastefully decorated, 3 baths; plot 150x215; best Chester Hill section of Mount Vernon; asking $43,000; can be purchased at a real bargain.
COOLEY REALTY COMPANY,
39 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon. Oakwood 7989.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
Twelve-room house, 3 baths, large living room, billiard room, 2-car garage; large plot, fine trees. Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, near station.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.
34 E. 1st St., Mt. Vernon, Tel. Oakwood 8550

SEND for free descriptive list, "Westchester Homes Incomparable"; $12,000 upward. White Realty Co., 57 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

FOR Mount Vernon homes, sale, rent, see ANDERSON REALTY CO., Oakwood 8892.

New York State For Sale or Rent.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y.—6-room house, all modern conveniences; sacrifice at $10,000. Samuel Golden.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

BOGOTA-TEANECK.
Must be sold at once. Excellent home located on top of hill. Finished street, sewer, water, gas and electricity. Large rooms, tiled bath, oak floors, chestnut trim, beautiful laundry in cellar, shades, screens, partly decorated, closed-in front porch, awnings, garage, cement driveway, lawn, shrubbery, large plot and big attic. Near bus to high school, half block from trolley, and convenient to Erie and West Shore R. R. Terms can be arranged. Price $8,900. Reply to FLOYD H. FARMER, 257 Queen Anne Road and trolley, Bogota, N. J. Phone Hackensack 3513.

BOGOTA—Hollow tile-stucco residence, 6 rooms, tiled bath, Thatcher furnace, garage; $8,000. North, Room 1120, Tribune Building. Beekman 4626, or Hackensack 3917J.

CALDWELL, N. J.
For Rent—Furnished,
on monthly basis, beautifully located and furnished, new, 8-room and bath house; screened porch; all improvements; rent $175 a month; immediate possession. Apply Room 1408, 154 Nassau St., N. Y. C.

EAST RUTHERFORD—Beautiful new bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, large cellar and attic, all improvements, steam heat, phone; large hollow tile garage, cement driveway; lot 50x100; best location; near station; no agents. 82 Washington Place.

ENGLEWOOD—WEST ENGLEWOOD.
$500 Cash—Prices only $7,200 to $7,500.
$58.50 per month pays principal and interest on these new six-room homes; sun porch; steam heat in every room; fireplace, hardwood double floors, butler's pantry, white kitchen; chestnut trim; three large bedrooms, tile bath, linen and five spacious closets, gas water heater, cement walk, big cellar, sewer, water, gas, electricity; high elevation; plots 50x125; near schools, churches, stores, buses, trolley and railroad express stop; half hour to New York; used for descriptive booklet. RUE, Realtor, West Englewood, Englewood 1873-W. Open Sunday.

ENGLEWOOD—Home for sale or to rent; furnished or unfurnished. Stagovern, 237 Hudson Av., or telephone 333 Englewood.

LEONIA REAL ESTATE.
For the most complete list of houses and lots see or write
BOWLES & CO.,
Broad and Central Av., Leonia, N. J.

MADISON, N. J.—10-room house, all improvements; 1¼ acres of land, with beautiful gardens; fine old shade trees and tennis court; half mile from Lackawanna station; only $4,900 need be paid in cash, balance $12,000 on mortgage; immediate possession. Harold S. Buttenheim, Telephone Madison 130; N. Y. Caledonia 2220.

MADISON, NEW JERSEY—To let, house with all city improvements, 14 rooms, partly furnished; abundance shade and fruit trees; 10 minutes' walk to depot, D., L. & W. R. R. Address G. W. 35 East 60th St., N. Y. C.

NEWARK (Forest Hill Section)—Large, attractive one-family Colonial home, seven extra large rooms, suitable for two families; steam heat, tile bath and many other conveniences; plot 40x100; select neighborhood; price $12,000, reduced from $14,000. 42 Garfield St.

RIDGEFIELD PARK.
Modern 6-room house, excellent construction; 2 porches; double garage; quick possession; reasonable. Bretey, 38 Central Av.

RIDGEWOOD—Brick and shingle Colonial, 8 rooms, sun parlor, dining nook, slate roof, copper leaders, gutters; beautiful section; garage attached; every modern improvement. Bedell, 90 West Broadway, Manhattan.

BEST BUYS IN BERGEN COUNTY.
$8,250, several differently designed homes, six rooms, front and rear porches, large living room, open fireplace, ¾-inch oak floors, tiled bath, built-in tub, steam heat; high and healthful; beautiful view; four blocks West Shore station, convenient schools, stores and churches; we build and finance these homes; terms can be arranged to suit.
HALLBERG & LONGFELLOW, INC.,
Leading Builders of Bergen County
Opposite West Shore Sta., Bogota, N. J.

LOVELY modern 7-room home, tile bath, driveway, double lot, large enclosed sleeping and front porches, fireplace, parquet, &c.; beautiful street; nice neighbors; all assessments paid; $1,200 cash, balance ($7,700) like rent; half hour Manhattan, 9½c. Clara Henschel, 125 Park St., Ridgefield Park. Phones, 2740 Hackensack, 3476 Broad.

HOUSE, built 1922, modern every respect, six rooms, garage; rent $75. Martin, 250 Boulevard, Hasbrouck Heights. Phone 72.

SEND for Baldwin's Bargain Bulletin of Homes; prices, terms and photographs. JOHN A. BALDWIN, Ridgefield Park.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

TO LET—Hudson Heights, N. J., six-room house; improvements. M 304 Times.

Connecticut-New England For Sale or Rent.

WILL sell my lovely bungalow camp, five spacious rooms completely furnished, two porched, walled-in spring; fine shade; mile to Lake Zoar, two miles railroad; BEST SECTION OF CONNECTICUT; price complete $1,750; must sell by Monday; terms arranged. Write Mr. D. E. Ambler, North Woodbury, Conn. Tel. 12-13.

Other Sections For Sale or Rent.

FOR SALE—Hotels, apartment houses, Ranges, screens and beach tracts. McDonald & Ross, Realtors, Daytona, Fla.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.
FURNISHED house wanted, yearly rental from Sept. 15, for family of five adults; New Rochelle or Pelham preferred; minimum of 4 master bedrooms, 1 maid's room, 2 baths, usual living rooms; easy access to station for commuting. Write to advertiser, 469 Manor Lane, Pelham Manor, or telephone Pelham 4756.

FURNISHED apartment or furnished house, with all modern conveniences, Oct. 1; Jersey suburb preferred. M 354 Times.

SUMMER HOMES.
Long Island For Sale or Rent.

NORTHPORT (near Sound)—Six-room Summer bungalow, bath, porch, garage, electricity, running water; private bathing beach; lot 50x150; excellent neighborhood; cash $500; immediate possession. C. H. Appel, 804 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Lafayette 7246 or Huntington 12691.

New York State For Sale or Rent.

CATSKILLS—New three-room bungalows, attractively furnished; water, conveniences; high elevation; beautiful surroundings; $75 balance season. Cathedral 10004.

LOTS AND LAND.
Manhattan.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Plot, overlooking Riverside Drive; building loan and liberal subordination. GILLEN, 152 West 42d St.

Long Island.

GARDEN CITY—To quick buyer will sell two building lots right in the village at $100 each with FREE title policy from Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; near station, stores, school and trolley; $30 down, $5 monthly; see this real bargain. Phone or write FRED DOLAN, 152 West 42d St., New York City. Telephone Bryant 9062.

LOTS AND LAND.
Bronx.

BUILDERS—Tremont and Daw

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamer Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, printed or drawings.

FRIDAY, 6 P. M.—Editorial Section.

FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Business Opportunities.

TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 6 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum Space 2 lines.	Agate Lines of 8 words.
Situations Wanted	25c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	25c
Boarding and Board Wanted	25c
Help Wanted	25c
Part and Rooms	25c
Real Estate	25c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	25c
Country Board	25c
For Sale	25c
Automobile Exchange	25c
Bonds Wanted	25c
Mortgage Loans	25c
Employment Agencies	25c
Business Opportunities	25c

For Want Buyers, Offerings to Buyers, Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one advertising money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Continued from preceding column.

66TH, 14 WEST—Two large, beautiful rooms, bath, elevator; 1 room, bath.

70TH, 208 WEST—Unusual, 2 rooms, bath, spacious closets; high-class house.

71ST ST., 145 WEST.
THREE ROOMS, $1,800 UP;
FOUR ROOMS, $2,200 UP.
Complete kitchens and breakfast foyers.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

71ST ST., 17 WEST—Five elegant large rooms, 2 baths; new building; near Central Park; reasonable rental; concessions.

71ST ST., 220 WEST—3 and 4 rooms with real kitchen; immediate or Oct. 1 occupancy. Apply on premises.

71ST ST., 167 WEST—Unusually light three rooms and bath, $135 per month. Endicott 8747.

72D ST., 53 WEST (corner)—Two and three rooms (studios), bath, kitchenette, elevator apartment; reasonable rent.

72D ST., 53 WEST (corner)—1-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator apartments; reasonable rent.

74TH ST., 202 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful 8-room apartment; one flight up; unusually light; $125 per month. Endicott 2110.

74TH, 55 WEST—Two beautiful large rooms, bath; very exclusive; $65. Superintendent.

80TH, 240 WEST—Five rooms, bath; private entrance; desirable voice teacher.

81ST, 20 WEST.
FACING PARK; BEAUTIFUL THREE-ROOM SUITE; $120.

81ST, 111 WEST—Eight large, all light rooms and bath; immediate possession.

82ND, 250 WEST—New fourteen-story, two, three and four room kitchen and kitchenette apartments; $1,300 to $2,200 yearly.

86TH ST., 76 WEST—Seven and 8 rooms; every improvement.

86TH, 3 WEST—Two independent rooms, shower, bath, $100.

87TH, 77 WEST—Seven and 8 rooms; every improvement.

87TH ST., 305 WEST.
Beautiful 2 and 3-room suites $100-$110.

87TH, 314 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable business purpose; unfurnished apartment; newly decorated.

87TH, 312 WEST—Modern, light airy apartment; five rooms and bath in owner's own home; reasonable. Schuyler 6355.

88D ST., 4 WEST (at Central Park)—Four and eight unusually large rooms, elevator building; $90 and $175 up. Endicott 8747.

88TH, 24 WEST—Large studio, kitchenette, bath; $75; also two-room apartment.

94TH ST., 306 AND 308 WEST—6-8 rooms, high-class elevator houses.

96TH ST., 210 WEST (COR. BROADWAY)—NEW, UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL SUITES, 2, 3 ROOMS, BATH.

97TH ST., 9 WEST—Three beautiful modern rooms, real kitchen, $35; immediate possession. Inquire Superintendent.

99TH, 309 WEST—Four-seven rooms, bath, all improvements; high-class elevator.

103D, 74 WEST—Seven rooms, corner apartment; all improvements; telephone service.

104TH ST., 115 WEST—4, 5, 6 large rooms; all improvements; real kitchen; paneled, stippled walls, white enamel woodwork, polished floors; modern elevator building; possession.

105TH, 205 WEST—Attractive 4-room modern apartment; $60; near subway.

109TH, 212 WEST (near Drive)—5 rooms, all improvements, $80. Supt. or Academy 7776.

110TH ST., 327 WEST—Fireproof 3, 4, 6, 7 rooms, 1, 2 baths, ample closets; $1,400-$1,700; Resident owner.

110TH, 352 WEST—Seven large, light rooms; elevator; reasonable rent. Superintendent.

111TH ST., 233 WEST—5-7-8 rooms, real kitchen; light, sunshine; newest decorations; modern elevator building; reasonable rental; possession.

111TH, 229 WEST—5-7-8-room apartments; elevator; all improvements; rent reasonable.

113TH, 501 WEST—6 rooms, front; elevator apartment; $100. Inquire Superintendent.

114TH ST., 60 WEST (corner Morningside Drive)—6 and 8 rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rents. Apply on premises or owner. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

115TH ST., 420 WEST (near Morningside Drive)—Two and three rooms and kitchenettes and five rooms; high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rents. Apply on premises or owner. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

120TH, 314 WEST—4, 5, 6 room apartments; high class; near Columbia; concessions. B. Berlen.

122D ST., 303 WEST—4-room apartment on lobby floor, high-class elevator apartment; suitable for doctor or dentist. Inquire Supt.

122D, 305 WEST—3, 4 and 5 rooms, high-class elevator apartment; full service. Inquire superintendent.

122D ST., 515 WEST.
4, 5, 6 room elevator apartments; very desirable immediate possession; $80 up. Supt.

125D ST., 502 WEST—Elevator apartments, 4 and 5 rooms. Apply White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

126TH ST., 522 WEST (near Broadway)—Five rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rent. Apply on premises or owner, Bowling Green 6094.

127TH ST., 501 WEST (corner Broadway)—Very beautiful modern rooms, elevator; $135. Inquire Superintendent.

142D, WEST (289 Convent Av.)—New high-class elevator apartments, just completed; 4-5-6 rooms, 1-2 baths; immediate occupancy. Inquire premises, Bradhurst 9021.

145TH ST., 617 WEST—Elevator building, six large, light rooms, $125. Butler-Baldwin, Inc., 15 East 47th St. Vanderbilt 5015.

146TH, 510 WEST (off Broadway)—Very choice elevator apartment, 4-5-6 rooms, all improvements, elegantly decorated; buses, subway, trolley, "L"; open inspection. Supt.

149TH, 452 AND 460 WEST—4, 5, 6 rooms, newly renovated; moderate rental; elevator apartment. Superintendent.

152D, 534 WEST (RIGA COURT), NEAR BROADWAY—OVERLOOKING DRIVE—5 NICE, LARGE ROOMS; ELEVATOR SERVICE; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; RENTS REASONABLE. SEE SUPT. ON PREMISES.

155TH ST., 491 EAST—Half block from 3d Avenue station; 4 desirable, freshly painted rooms; ground floor front; hot water and electricity; $32 per month. Inquire janitor, Room 13, or Hudman, 23 West 42d St. Longacre 7040.

157TH, 846 WEST—Four-room apartment; all improvements; moderate rental.

161ST, 581 WEST (cor. B'way)—7-8 rooms, 2 baths, elevator, brand new; also doctor's apartment; ground floor. Inquire Supt.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

161ST ST. (between Fort Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—Elevator building, 4, 5, 6 and 7 rooms. Apply Office Hudson View Construction Co., 600 Riverside Drive, corner 161st. Wadsworth 8885.

163D ST., 536 WEST—Two newly decorated 5-room apartments in practically new building; all modern improvements; finest section; near Broadway; $80. See Supt.

163D ST., 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—High class elevator apartment; choice four rooms, $85.

172D, 736 WEST (736 West 173d St.)—Three, four and five room apartments; two blocks west of Broadway, overlooking Hudson River; rent reasonable. Apply on premises or in office, 135 Haven Av.

180TH ST., 707 WEST (near Broadway on Fort Washington)—5 rooms, $70; 6, $80; modern improvements. Apply premises.

181ST (41 Bennett Av., one block west of Broadway)—High-class elevator, 4-5 rooms, all light, front; newly decorated; conveniences; modern; wonderful view; all night service; very reasonable. Supt.

187TH, WEST (northwest corner Amsterdam Av.)—New 5-story building, leasing 2-3-4-5 rooms; all improvements. Apply premises.

189TH, 615 WEST (new building)—2-3-4 rooms; all latest improvements.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,649 (142d)—Elevator apartments, 5 rooms, $70; 6 rooms, $85.

BROADWAY, 4,046 (Academy St.)—New building, 3-4 rooms, $60-$80; concessions; immediate possession. Supt., or Vanderbilt 1450.

BROADWAY, 3,099 (near 122d)—Four sunny rear rooms, elevator, $65; must buy furniture, $500; after 3, Kulp.

BROADWAY, corner 211th St. (573 Isham)—New building; 3 and 4 rooms, front, $65 and $75.

BROADWAY, 3,147 (124TH)—5 ROOMS; DECORATED; ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

CLARENDON AV., 390-6, 6, 7 rooms, all improvements; convenient transit facilities.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale)—New 3-4-5-6-7-9 rooms, three baths; $80 to $200; also doctor's apartment, nine rooms, ground floor. Murray Hill 5860; Washington Heights 1306.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., southwest corner 176th St.; high-class elevator, 3-4-5-6 rooms; just completed; now ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
207 WEST 79TH ST.
Apartment of 3 rooms and bath for rent from Oct. 1. Ideal for bachelor or couple.
JAMES E. BALL, MANAGER.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (20-23 Horatio St., near 9th Av.)—Five-room apartment to let; all latest improvements; $55 rent; immediate possession.

JACKSON HEIGHTS, N. Y. CITY—For sale, 6-room, 2-bath apartment; total equity, $5,500; $5,000 paid in, on which terms can be arrangemend, monthly playment $100, half of which is saved under plan of tenant ownership. Write Drawer A, Jackson Heights, N. Y. City.

MANHATTAN AV., 7.—5 rooms, newly decorated; telephone, electricity; top floor; $65.

MANHATTAN AV., 16 (corner 101st)—Four, five, six rooms; elevator.

MIDLOTHIAN,
near Morningside Park,
315 West 117th St.
High-class elevator apartment house, five rooms and bath, every improvement; $75 per month. Superintendent on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 680 (corner 145th St.)—4 large rooms, southern exposure; plenty of closets; in new elevator apartment house; rent $1,800. Call Endicott 4454 or premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706—Six rooms, corner, new; also doctor's apartment, eight rooms; separate entrance; fireproof. Murray Hill 5860. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 835 (north of 158th St.)—New elevator building; 3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. Apply Superintendent, premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 940 (northeast corner 157th St.)—New elevator building; 3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. Superintendent on premises.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 87 (155th Station)—Five-six rooms; elevator; $75-$95.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Entire third floor, 2 large and 1 small room, real kitchen, fireplaces; sunshine. J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th.

WEST END AV., 915 (105th St.)—Compelled to sublet large 4-room apartment; large foyer; all outside rooms, in modern fireproof building; low rental. See superintendent of building or phone Landsman, 3493 Chickering.

WEST END AV., 505.
New building; immediate possession; 4 rooms, with 2 master bedrooms. Agent on premises. L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7070.

WEST END AV., 905—Estate will sublet six room and 2 bath apartment, over two years to run. Executor, M. J. Werner, 2 Rector St. Telephone Whitehall 8377.

WEST END AV., 905—High class apartments, 6 and 7 rooms. Apply White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

WHITESTONE, 45 (TOWN PLACE, bet. B'way and Riverside Drive, block south of 125th St. and B'way subway station.
TWO AND THREE ROOMS,
bath and kitchenette; moderate rentals. Immediate and Oct. 1. On premises or BING & BING, INC., 119 WEST 40TH ST.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE FOR RENT.
61 West 56th; unusually attractive physician's suite; elevator service; ideal for specialist; can be seen by appointment. Circle 0021.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

160TH, 735 EAST (3 blocks Prospect Av. subway station)—6 elegant rooms, top floor front; latest improvements; $60.

176TH, 326 EAST, Marguery Hall (Mount Hope Section)—3, 4, 5 rooms; convenient to Concourse, trolley and subway. Supt. or Murray Hill 6410.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (171st St.)—Three, four, five rooms; reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,055 (165th St.)—Three, four and five rooms. Jerome 3080.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,964 (corner 179th)—3, 5 rooms; rent reasonable. Apply Supt.

KELLY ST., 757 (corner Longwood Av.)—7-room apartment, ground floor, all improvements; suitable for doctor or dentist. Inquire Superintendent.

LA FONTAINE AV., 1,975—2, 3, 4, 5 rooms; moderate improvements; rent reasonable; excellent neighborhood. Apply H. J. Schum & Son, 505 5th Av., or superintendent.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,675—150 feet south of West 176th St.; very desirable professional apartments; for physician, 8 rooms, $200; for dentist, 8 rooms, 2 baths, $200. Apply agent on premises.

TO LEASE.
2, 4, 5 ROOMS,
ALL MODERN.
346 EAST 206TH ST.
CORNER DECATUR AV.
MODERATE RENTALS.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

3-4-5-6 ROOM APARTMENTS.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
REASONABLE RENTS.
NIEWENHAUS CO.
316 EAST 161ST ST.

NEW CORNER BUILDING.
GUN HILL ROAD AND TRYON AV.
3-4-5 ROOMS.
MODERATE RENT.
Near Jerome Av. subway and 3d Av. "L."

EXCEPTIONALLY large 5-room apartments, one built for physician's office, others residential; at Fordham station, Jerome Av. subway. 2,471 Davidson Av. Apply on premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—Four and six rooms, 5 minutes from Wall St., overlooking the Bay. 187 Hicks St.

EASTERN PARKWAY, 320 (Narragansett Apartment)—Franklin Av. express station, Interborough subway, 10 minutes to Wall St., 20 minutes to Times Square; new building; every modern convenience, hall and elevator service; suites of 4, 5, 6 rooms, 1-2 baths; most moderate rental in city; attractive concession to desirable applicants; open for inspection any time.

FLATBUSH—Excellent, six-room apartment in two-family house; all modern improvements; one block from Kings Highway station. 1,602 Av. O., Brooklyn.

STEAM-HEATED apartments: 5, 6 and 7 rooms, sun porch, tiled kitchen, &c.; $60 to $85; big value. JOHN F. CHURLO, 182 Highlawn Av., Brooklyn (Sea Beach subway to Kings Highway station; Av. R end).

NEAR PARK—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; maid service. South 0463.

Unfurnished—Queens.

KEW GARDENS.
New three, four, five room all outside apartments; select improvements; children's playground, tennis court on premises; moderate rental. Kew Bolmar Apartments, on Queens Boulevard, at Kew Gardens. Telephone Virginia 2440.

FOR RENT,
$85 to $105 a month.
Ivy Court Garden Apartments,
3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms.
JACKSON HEIGHTS,
Hayes Av., 26th to 27th Sts.
Ready Oct. 1.
Send for Plans, Prices, &c.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION,
Manhattan Office: 50 East 42d St., Murray Hill 7067. Or inquire at our Jackson Heights Office, 30th St. and Roosevelt Av., near the Ivy Court Garden Apartments.

SIX and seven rooms, large sun porch, tile bath and shower, heat and hot water supplied; in new 2-family brick houses; located at 25th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., Jackson Heights, Elmhurst; 3½ blocks from Elmhurst Av. subway station; rent $90 and $95. Apply at office, Thomas Daly, owner, Roosevelt Av. and 25th St., two blocks west Junction Av. "L" station, Elmhurst.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

ELMHURST, L. I.—Five-room corner apt.; steam heat, two blocks Broadway subway station; $85. 28 North 19th St.

FOREST HILLS EAST—Six rooms, garage; 113-13 76th Road. Boulevard 5054.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON—Apartments unusually attractive; double dwellings, including sun parlor, sleeping porch and garage; $150 to approved families; restricted residential part, three minutes' walk from New Haven or Westchester stations. Green Court, Columbus Av. and 4th St. Phone Oakwood 8891. Agent on premises.

NEW ROCHELLE (Central Apartments, 347-349 Huguenot St.)—The most modern apartment house in New Rochelle, just completed; a few apartments of 3 large rooms, breakfast room and bath still available; model apartment, completely furnished for your inspection; rent $85 and $90.

YONKERS (316 Woodworth Av., near station)—Five rooms, bath, porch; park, river outlook; best neighborhood; $76-$78. Phone 4072W or Van Rustandael.

YONKERS (572 South Broadway)—3-4 large, light rooms, bath; immediate occupancy.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, N. J. (Park Av., 105)—High class apartments, three, four and five rooms; occupancy by Oct. 1; one block from D., L. & W. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.—Apartments, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, latest improvements; near station. Inquire Supt., 102 No. Arlington Av. Phone Orange 7682.

EAST ORANGE—Apartment, 5 rooms and bath; hot water all year. W. Miller, 207 William St., East Orange. Phone Orange 2907-W.

JERSEY CITY—3 large, light rooms and bath in modern 2-family house; heat and hot water supplied; ideal residential section; rent $115; 20 minutes to N. Y. Phone Montgomery 7144.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., 121 Trinity Place, corner Myrtle Av.—New apartments, four, five, six rooms and baths; all modern improvements; immediate possession. Apply on premises, or H. A. Langbein, 24 Branford Place, Newark, N. J. Phone Market 3122, or your own agent.

MONTCLAIR—A number of new two-family apartments, 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath each; hardwood floors, fireplace, tile bath, garages; $85, $90 and $100. Apply Owner, office rear 50 James St.

NEWARK (Roseville Section, 331 7th Av.)—Two blocks from D., L. & W.; convenient trolley and shopping centre; new high class apartments, three, four and five rooms; occupancy by Oct. 1. Inquire on premises.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished apartment; midtown district, Manhattan, for two months; immediate possession. Telephone Young, Murray Hill 8509.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, preferably above 170th St.—Furnished apartment, about 4 rooms; one month; responsible party. A 1109 Times Harlem.

FURNISHED apartment or furnished house with all modern conveniences; Oct. 1; Jersey suburbs preferred. B 178 Times.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

WANTED—Return load to Buffalo or immediate point by Aug. 20; wire prepaid to Jordan Trucking Co., 139 Niagara St., Buffalo, or write; all goods insured. Z 2115 Times Annex.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 247 West 69th—Stored furniture, also moving, at lowest rates in city. Telephone Endicott 2187.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

27TH-MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Summer rates, beautiful outside rooms with private baths; $14 weekly; rooms with running water, $10.50 for one or two people; daily, $1.50 up. Madison Square 1784.

29TH, 29 EAST (MARTHA WASHINGTON), 500 ROOMS, FIREPROOF; A WOMAN'S HOTEL—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $14 TO $16 WEEKLY FOR ONE PERSON; $17.50 TO $21 WEEKLY FOR TWO. ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $24.50 AND UP WEEKLY FOR TWO.

30TH (146 Lexington)—Single rooms, refined business people; running water; $8.50; references.

31ST, 106 EAST—Front parlor, piano, other large room, light housekeeping; clean.

35TH, 35 EAST—Large, medium, single; private baths; newly decorated, select location.

36TH ST., 17 EAST—Attractive double and single rooms, running water; references.

36TH ST., 12 EAST—Large attractive room, private bath; elevator; small room.

37TH, 125 EAST—Transient accommodation, reasonable weekly rates; small rooms, $8-$10; also unfurnished rooms and studios; references. Caledonia 2717.

37TH, 141 EAST—Floor, 2 connecting rooms, bath, dressing room, running water; suitable for gentlemen, $10 each; electricity; service. Caledonia 1646.

37TH, 230 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, small rooms; electricity, running water; Summer rates.

37TH, 18 EAST—Large room, suitable for 2; $10; adjoining bath; housekeeping.

38TH, 15 EAST, Vanderbilt Studios (branches East 37th-West 9th Sts.), Caledonia 2777—Furnished, unfurnished; vacancies; small rooms, $35-$40 monthly; large studios with bath, $85-$100; club-like, efficient hall telephone service, maid service available; desirable for business and professional people; lease; references.

40TH ST., 31 EAST (Hotel New Weston)—Attractive single rooms with running water; convenient to bath; special Summer rates. Plaza 0590.

54TH, 66 EAST—Large, also small room; high-class house; references required.

56TH, 142 EAST—Two furnished rooms and bath. Brenan, Regent 7269.

60TH AND 6TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER ON BACHELOR FLOORS; SHOWER AND TUB BATH ON FLOOR; $15 WEEKLY.

60TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—LARGE, QUIET, DOUBLE ROOMS AND BATHS; $35 PER WEEK.

60TH, 217 EAST—Furnished small and large rooms, with all improvements; parlor floor, suitable for business.

60TH, 230 EAST—Small room, all conveniences; private house; gentleman. Dr. Schneider.

71ST, EAST (near Lexington)—Two adjoining rooms, front, desirable; reasonable. Butterfield 2465.

60TH, 51 EAST—Light, sunny rooms, bath; steam heat; gentlemen. Brennan.

90TH, 74 EAST.
Large, sunny 2-room suite; reasonable.

83D ST. (at Madison Av.)—Hotel Ashton—Newly decorated, furnished rooms with use of bath, $12 weekly up; rooms with private bath, $15 weekly up; buses, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

LEXINGTON AV., 250 (84th)—Double, running water, phone; small, adjoining bath; moderate.

LEXINGTON AV., 344 (between 39th and 40th Sts.)—Attractive single room.

MADISON AV., 180—Large studio; one flight; $10; light housekeeping; single $5.

MADISON AV./ 189—Ideal single and double rooms; running water; bath; reasonable.

"ALLERTON HOUSE."
Club residence for men, conveniently located, affording every comfort of home, with surroundings and service of the select club; rates $10 to $20 a week for approved residents only.
40 EAST 58TH ST. 142 EAST 39TH ST.
22 EAST 38TH ST. 302 WEST 22D ST.

GIRL WANTED to share apartment with 2 girls; rental $25 a month; call after 7:30 evenings. Caledonia 9206.

West Side.

5TH AV., 2,018 (corner 125th)—Large outside rooms; all conveniences; reasonable. Randty.

4TH ST., 141 WEST
(just off Washington Square)—Have fine old house, like college fraternity house; will rent attractive room to refined young man; college man preferred. Spring 8663.

9TH, 41 WEST—SEVERAL VACANCIES; CLUBLIKE.

81ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER $15 WEEKLY; LARGE OUTSIDE DOUBLE ROOMS, TWIN BEDS, RUNNING WATER, $24 WEEKLY FOR TWO; SINGLE ROOMS WITH BATH, $21 WEEKLY UP.

85TH ST., 42 WEST.
HOTEL GREGORIAN.
Large, cool rooms, with private bath; single, $3 daily; double, $4 day up; every room an outside room.

87TH, 355 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Extra large, attractively furnished room, with private bath; kitchen privileges.

42D, 322 WEST—Nicely furnished, running water in rooms, electricity; $4, $5.

42D ST., 121 WEST (HOTEL WOODSTOCK)—COMFORTABLE ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER. ON BACHELOR FLOOR; BATHS ON FLOOR; $14 WEEKLY.

47TH ST., 106 WEST—RALEIGH HALL, OFFICIAL RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractively furnished rooms with, without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service.
RATES, FROM $10 WEEKLY.

47TH, 153 WEST—Large and single rooms; also skylight bath, running water.

50TH ST. 63 WEST—Large rooms, private bath. Circle 5559.

51ST ST., 33 WEST (Apartment Hotel)—Single rooms and bath, $80 to Oct. 1.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—MODERN, FIREPROOF; ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, $17.50 WEEKLY SINGLE, $21 WEEKLY DOUBLE.

56TH ST. 52 WEST.
Exceptional parlor floor; good light; all or part; suitable for any business.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

58TH ST., 211 WEST—Two rooms and bath, furnished, $70-$75.

61ST, 27 WEST—In bachelor's apartment; hot water, electricity, bath; on parlor floor; "silent block"; $9. O'Donnell.

63TH, NORTHEAST CORNER BROADWAY (HOTEL SIDNEY)—ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $2 PER DAY UP; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

69TH, 141 WEST—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms; ideal for bachelor.

69TH, 11 WEST—4-3-3 furnished rooms, $10.50 up; weekly, monthly.

69TH, 117 WEST—Exceptional rooms, private bath and electricity.

70TH (2,025 Broadway, Apt. 5E)—Handsomely furnished, very large room, southern exposure; refined home; also large single room.

70TH, 209 WEST—Two attractive, small, connecting rooms, refined house; Summer rates.

70TH, 130 WEST—Single room, hot water, electricity, steam heat; also large room with private bath; permanent.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large room, complete private bath with shower; other vacancies.

71ST, 342 (1E)—Attractive large room, running water, bath, shower; very reasonable.

71ST, 304 WEST—Beautiful room, next to bath; $12. Telephone Endicott 8516.

71ST, 118 WEST—Large room, one flight; parlor, bath, shower; also medium.

71ST, 58 WEST—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, ADJOINING BATH; BASEMENT.

73D, 108 WEST—Handsomely furnished, decorated double room, kitchenette; refined surroundings.

73D, 100 WEST—Pleasant room for a gentleman; refined house; references.

74TH, (2,131 Broadway)—Elegantly furnished rooms, bachelor or couple; modern apartment. Endicott 7948, 4C.

74TH, 33 WEST—Single outside room, adjoining bath; perfectly appointed house; $18.

74TH, 150 WEST—Large rooms, twin beds; private and connecting baths; reasonable.

74TH, 118 WEST—Rooms with or without private bath, business people; references.

74TH, 5 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath, twin beds, continuous hot water.

74TH, 145 WEST—Two large rooms, next to bath; Summer rates.

75TH, 132 WEST—Exclusive rooms, gentlemen only; must see to appreciate; references.

75TH, 236 WEST—Gentlemen: attractively furnished; twin beds; adjoining bath. Endicott 2006.

75TH, 327 WEST—Charming room, running water; with, without bath; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 60 WEST—Nicely furnished large and small room; elevator apartment. O'Brien.

76TH, 321 WEST—Elegantly furnished large room, twin beds; conveniences; also others.

76TH, 43 WEST—Double or single rooms, private bath; electricity; French family.

76TH, 44 WEST—Large rooms, with, without private baths; twin beds. Owner.

76TH, 43 WEST—Double or single rooms, private bath, electricity; French family.

76TH, 317 WEST—Single rooms, $7 and $10; gentlemen.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive rooms, with, without bath; excellent service.

77TH, 108 WEST—Large room, bath; also skylight room; constant hot water.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.
HANDSOMELY NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; ALL CONVENIENCES; BUSINESS PEOPLE PREFERRED.

79TH, 250 WEST—Delightful, large front room, running water; suitable one-two.

79TH, 112-116 WEST—Rooms; private baths; toilets; $15 up; single $6; also 2 and 3-room suites.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS FROM $3 PER DAY OR $10.50 PER WEEK. ROOMS WITH BATH FROM $2.50 PER DAY OR $15 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $3.50 PER DAY OR $18 WEEKLY FOR TWO.

81ST, 123 WEST.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements.

81ST, 116 WEST—Very nicely furnished large room, private bath, all conveniences.

82D, 138 WEST (The Gables)—Large, small, outside rooms; with, without bath; modern improvements; moderate weekly rates. Restaurant.

82D, 22 WEST—Attractive medium rooms, adjoining bath, shower; exclusive; owner's residence.

82D, 144 WEST—Studio or entire parlor floor; every convenience; private bath; also single.

82D, 157 WEST—Studio, also small rooms, for young ladies only. Schuyler 1126.

83D, 323 WEST—Large and small airy rooms; also large room for two with kitchenette. 3 East.

83D, 36 WEST—Large and small rooms, all conveniences; Japanese gentleman preferred.

83D, 49 WEST—Attractively furnished double, single rooms, kitchenettes, baths; $8-$15.

83D, 22 WEST—Entire parlor floor; will decorate; also other rooms.

84TH, 56 WEST—Attractive double room, scrupulously clean, kitchenette, electricity, telephone; $12.50.

84TH, 41 WEST—Attractive sunny front basement; electricity, hot water; single room.

86TH ST., 102 WEST—Charming room, everything new, $8. Call Schuyler 4072. Thompson.

84TH, 20 WEST—Large room; all conveniences; gentlemen only. Inquire Supt.

84TH, 328 WEST—Newly decorated, large or small rooms, twin beds; conveniences.

86TH, 24 WEST—Double single rooms, kitchenettes, private baths; exclusive; reasonable.

85TH, 58 WEST—Attractive front room, newly decorated, all conveniences, and others.

86TH, 344 WEST (Broadway subway)—Comfortable rooms; reasonable. Schuyler 4800.

85TH, 100 WEST—Medium room, bath, for one; $7; one flight. Hanley.

86TH, 315 WEST—Handsomely furnished suite, shower, bathroom; single; private house; gentlemen.

87TH, 21 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette; also small parlor; all improvements.

87TH, 342 WEST—Large double room, $10; single room, $7, bath adjoining.

87TH, 48 WEST—LARGE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE.

88TH, 25 WEST (near Park)—Beautifully furnished residence; rooms $7, $10, $16.

88TH, 316 WEST—1, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; also parlor, suitable two.

89TH, 58 WEST—Comforiable single front room, bathroom floor; electricity; owner; phone.

89TH, 611 West End Av.)—Double rooms, private bath; piano; kitchenette privileges.

91ST ST. (CORNER BROADWAY)—Neatly furnished, adjoining bath, with shower; high-class apartment; private family; $12.50 week; gentleman; references. Phone Riverside 6536.

91ST (Riverside Drive)—Private family will rent large corner room, shower, bath; $15; gentleman only. Riverside 6497.

92D, 259 WEST—Large, front, medium room; piano; $6 up. Mrs. Grill.

93D, 253 WEST (west of Broadway)—Large room, private bath; kitchenette; also medium room, running water; adjoining bath.

93D, 303 WEST (near Drive)—Delightful large front room; all conveniences, telephone.

93D, 4 WEST—Attractive, clean, cool, room; all improvements; running water. 2W.

93D, 306 WEST—Beautiful large bedroom, running water; elevator. Apartment 63.

94TH, 16 WEST—Large alcove rooms; every convenience; small singles; large first floor; suits for bachelors or professionals.

94TH, 49 WEST—Large back parlor, private bath; other housekeeping rooms.

95TH, 157 WEST—Beautifully furnished double, single rooms; bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

95TH, 52 WEST—Beautiful large and small rooms, kitchenette; clean, cosy; reasonable.

95TH, 310 WEST (Apt. 61)—Light, airy room, use of kitchen. Riverside 6906.

96TH, 231 WEST—Handsome room facing Broadway; private bath; $8; high-class elevator apartment; also larger room. Richmond.

97TH, 1 WEST (facing Central Park)—Attractive large front rooms, private bath, hotel service; elevator; reasonable.

98TH, 254 WEST—Three rooms, together, separate; newly furnished; board optional. Maher.

99TH, 304 WEST (7W)—Large cool front room, high-class elevator apartment.

100TH, 239 WEST—Large, cool, single room; running water; adjoining bath; $10.

102D (northwest corner Broadway)—Parlor, 1 to 4 bedrooms, kitchen; elevator. Allen.

102D, 316 WEST—Nicely furnished room, 1-2; modern apartment; reasonable. 4-O.

106TH, 254 WEST—Beautiful, large front room, running water, kitchenette; modern conveniences.

106TH, 51 WEST—Single, double rooms, kitchen privileges; refined; reasonable. Apt. 5.

106TH, 206 WEST—Front rooms; $6; use kitchen, elevator, phone; homelike. Harriett.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

106TH, 61 WEST (Apt. 7D)—Large comfortable room, adjoining bath; $7; elevator.

106TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful double room, kitchenette, private bath.

109TH, 304 WEST—Large, small rooms, running water; near Riverside; $5-$12.

111TH, 611 WEST (Apt. 47)—Immaculate, double-single; reasonable; conveniences; after 2.

112TH, 612 WEST (Apt. 6)—Elegantly furnished large room, kitchen privileges; suitable couple; very reasonable; near Riverside Drive.

112TH, 612 WEST (Apt. 6)—Beautiful room, arranged as music room, use of reception room if desired; reasonable; near Riverside Drive.

113TH, 567 WEST (Broadway)—Desirable cool front rooms, large closets, running water; single or double. (Apartment 6 West.)

115TH ST., 546 WEST—Large room in private house, suitable for two.

114TH, 425 WEST (Apt. 3)—Front room, newly furnished; suitable 1-2.

115TH, 601 WEST—Large, well-furnished, bath adjoining. Phone Cathedral 5730, Apt. 25.

119TH, 606 WEST—Front double, single; use adjoining kitchen; business women. 7E.

116TH, 618 WEST—Attractive front room, double. Apartment 41.

118TH ST., 210 WEST.
HOTEL CECIL.
ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH, FROM $10 PER WEEK UP, INCLUDING FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 414 WEST (23)—Two airy rooms; near Columbia; $6, $7.50; reference.

122D, 410 WEST (Apply 52)—Delightful location, overlooking Morningside Park, attractive rooms; single, some private bath, kitchenette; some bath, $7 up; double front, with kitchenette, $14, with private bath, kitchenette, $15; attractive reception rooms.

125D ST., 252 WEST—Large room; clean, airy; hot, cold running water.

124TH, 557 WEST—Cozy, large front; $5; elevator; apartment 46; near Broadway.

126TH, 601 WEST (Apt. 32)—Attractive room adjoining bath; small family; reasonable.

126TH, 540 WEST—Comfortable large room; private family; elevator. Apartment 63.

129TH, 571 WEST (corner Broadway)—Cool outside room; elevator; clean, linen, shower. Chamberlain.

129TH (51 Hamilton Place)—Clean single room; reasonable. Ash, Bradhurst 2438.

141ST, 617 WEST (Apt. 7)—Beautiful room for refined woman; private family.

144T

8 HOMES ENTERED; OWNERS ARE AWAY

Burglars Are Active in District Bordering on Central Park West.

ONE ARREST MADE SO FAR

Thieves Enter Through Skylights of Residences That Are Closed for the Summer.

A series of robberies committed in houses in the residential district bordering on Central Park West, closed and boarded up since their owners left the city for the Summer, which have not been reported by the police, was uncovered yesterday.

Three houses were entered in West Eighty-ninth Street, and the residents of the neighborhood declare that other homes were robbed but that the losses would not be known until the owners return from the country.

The police denied yesterday that there was an epidemic of robberies in that section and declared that the robberies on the west side were less than last year. An arrest has already been made, it was stated, in one of the cases and more are expected to follow.

The burglars made their entrance through the skylight at the home of Mrs. Lucien D. Loewenthal, a brownstone residence at 41 West Eighty-ninth Street, and ransacked every floor of the house. The losses were confined principally to clothing, as the owner had removed the jewelry and silver before leaving town.

S. Liebowitz of 31 West Eighty-ninth Street found upon entering his house that burglars, who also came through the skylight, had arranged everything movable and were evidently preparing to take things away wholesale, when he returned. Burglars also entered the home of Thomas Kirby at 25 West Eighty-ninth Street, and twice attempted to enter the home of Dr. William J. G. Greeff at 25 West Ninetieth Street.

There is a protective agency branch in the next block in West Eighty-ninth Street, and the block is patrolled not only by the police but by special officers. A resident of the block stated yesterday that the thieves were stripping the automobiles parked in the street of the extra tires between 9 and 10 o'clock in the evening, and in one instance they had removed two wheels from a high-priced car.

Italian Trade With Germany.

ROME, Aug. 15.—Italy's trade balance with Germany during the last five months shows imports to the value of 545,000,000 lire and exports of 645,000,000, a balance in favor of Italy of 100,000,000 lire. These figures do not include the value of imports applying on the war reparations account.

Army Orders and Assigments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The War Department published these orders today:

Infantry.

Orvill, Capt. A., is assigned to 3d Div., 9th Area.

Carle, Capt. C. D., to Delta, Col., as instr. N. G.

Rose, 1st Lt. F. S., to 3d Inf., 4th Sneiling, 1st Lt. Bassett, R. O. Jr. and White, J. C., to 8th Inf., Jefferson Barr.

Air Service.

1st Lts. Anderson, O. A., and Hutchins, D. L., to Brooks Fld.

Melanson, 1st Lt. A. J., to San Francisco Chicago and sail about Oct. 15 for Manila.

Lawton, 1st Lt. M. S., to duty office of Chf. of Air Svce., Washington.

Cavalry.

Winter, Lt. Col. J. G., to duty with 63th Cav. Div., Org. Res., in Chicago.

Latimer, Capt. C. W., to Ft. Sam Houston.

Dillard, 1st Lt. G. E., is attached to 6th Cav., Ft. Oglethorpe.

Miscellaneous.

Carmody, Maj. J. D., to Hot Springs Hosp., sick.

McCollister, Capt. J. J., F. A., to duty as Exec. Offr., 510th C. A. C. at Ft. Worth.

Lanahan, Capt. C. R., M. C., to Ft. Brown.

Leaves.

Akins, Maj. S. B., Sig Corps, 1 mo.

Daly, Capt. D. J., Phil. Scouts, 10 days.

Granberry, Capt. W. L. Jr., Jd. Adv., 20 days.

Yates, Chaplain J. E., 20 days.

Anderson, 1st Lt. O. A., A. S., 21 days.

Hutchins, 1st Lt. D. L., A. S., 27 days.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, these orders were made known yesterday:

Private Thomas G. Tracy, 7th F. A., Madison Barracks, N. Y., will report to the Commanding Officer Military Training Camps, for duty as candidate at that place in the Blue Course.

Ferdinand Gladzik, now at Ft. Hancock, N. J., on duty with Coast Art. Res., will report in person to the Commanding Officer Military Training Camps, Ft. Hancock, N. J., on Aug. 16, for enrollment in the Blue Course, C. M. T. C., and that place.

Special orders assigning 1st Lt. George C. Greene, A.S.-O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Stanley Zuckerman, A.S.-O.R.C.; 1st Lt. Hugo J. Angelicola, F.A.-O.R.C.; 1st Sgt. William H. Bauer, 406th F. A.; Capt. Robert Rossebluth, Engr.-O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Denis D. Lissman, Inf.-O.R.C.; Maj. E. R. Thorne, Inf.-O.R.C.; Capt. William H. Taft, Inf.-O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Herbert T. Bruce, Cav.-O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Frederick F. Lang, Cav.-O.R.C.; 1st Lt. Clarence E. Brown, Chap.-O.R.C.; 1st Lt. James F. McNair, Cav.-O. R. C.; Corp. James Henry Jr., Cav.-O.R.C., and 2d Lt. Albert B. Kurtis, F.R.-O.R.C., to active duty for fifteen days' training are revoked.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS.

Casey, C. B. C., to the Memphis.

Richardson, W. N., to duty as Exec. Offr., the Galveston.

LIEUTENANTS.

Wierton, G. C., to Norfolk Yd.

Ellis, L. W., to the Texas.

Gillaspy, H. W., to Nav. Acad.

Riley, E. M., to New Shore, Pearl Hbr.

Fish, G., to New, Med. Sch., Washington.

Comeryo, R. E. A., to Hampton Rds. Yd.

Batterson, R., C., to Nav. Hosp., 11th Nav. Dist.

Smith, E. E., to Nav. Hosp., N. Y.

Dunham, E. A., to the Procyon.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

BUCKINGHAM, EVA (June 20). Estate, $10,000; to relatives and friends. Manton B. Martin, of 921 Park Avenue, executor.

BRENNAN, JOHN C. (July 5). Estate, more than $10,000 real and more than $30,000 personal property. To Helen Hogan, $30,000; to Thomas Brennan and Mrs. Helen Fraser, $3,000 each; residue divided equally among brothers, John E. and Joseph, and sisters, Mary, Patrick Brennan, of Savannah, Ga., executor.

CAMPBELL, BRIDGET (May 6). Estate, $2,700. To nephews, William Frumy and Michael Monaghan, $200 each, and equal division of residue; other small bequests to relatives. Kate Murphy, of 509 West 147th Street, executrix.

CODD, PATRICK (Aug. 8). Estate, $8,000; divided equally between widow, Catherine, and son, James J., of 218 East Thirty-first Street, executors.

DOOLEY, LEONORA KEATING (Aug. 6). Estate, $10,000. To cousin, Evelyn Frank, $5,000; residue to cousin, Dorothy Moffett, executrix, of Hills and Dales Cemetery, Ohio.

FALANT, FRANK SPENCER (Aug. 2). Estate, upward of $30,000 real and upward of $10,000 personal property, to widow, Amelia E., of 3644 Wellington, one of the executors.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—A trough of low pressure extended Friday night from Ontario southwestward to the Rio Grande, and the barometer was also low over the Rocky Mountains and plateau regions and the Pacific States. High pressure prevailed over the Atlantic States, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, North Dakota and in the vicinity of Bermuda. There have been local showers or thunderstorms within the last twenty-four hours in the upper lake region, the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys, South Dakota and at scattered points in the Rocky Mountain region and the North Pacific States. The temperature was slightly higher Friday in the lower lake region, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the Southern Plains States, while cooler weather again overspread the Northwest.

The western trough of low pressure will continue to move eastward, and it will be attended by showers as far east as the Appalachian region by Saturday night and in the Atlantic States during Sunday. The temperature will rise slowly in the Middle Atlantic States Saturday, but cooler weather will again overspread.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	102	78	29.68	..	Cloudy
Albany	76	54	30.12	..	Clear
Atlanta	84	68	30.04	..	Clear
Atlantic City	74	58	30.14	..	Clear
Baltimore	78	60	30.14	..	Clear
Bismarck	70	50	30.02	..	Cloudy
Boston	70	58	30.16	..	Clear
Buffalo	76	56	30.06	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Charleston	86	72	30.06	..	Clear
Chicago	78	62	29.94	.01	Rain
Cincinnati	88	62	29.98	..	Cloudy
Cleveland	80	56	30.02	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Denver	84	58	29.84	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Detroit	78	60	30.00	..	Cloudy
Galveston	88	80	29.92	..	Clear
Helena	70	54	29.88	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Indianapolis	82	58	29.96	..	Cloudy
Jacksonville	84	76	30.02	..	Clear
Kansas City	96	66	29.90	.30	Cloudy
Los Angeles	78	60	29.84	..	Clear
Milwaukee	74	58	29.90	.66	Rain
Minn.-St. Paul	76	62	29.78	.48	Clear
New Orleans	92	76	29.94	..	Clear
New York	77	60	30.15	..	Clear
Oklahoma	96	74	29.74	..	Clear
Philadelphia	78	58	30.16	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	80	52	30.04	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	72	56	30.16	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	78	52	29.84	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Salt Lake City	88	60	29.72	..	Pt. Cl'dy
San Antonio	96	76	29.80	..	Clear
San Diego	76	64	29.86	..	Pt. Cl'dy
San Francisco	62	52	29.86	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Seattle	68	58	29.94	..	Clear
St. Louis	78	64	29.90	.04	Rain
Tampa	92	76	..	..	Cloudy
Washington	80	58	30.14	..	Clear

Northern New England—Generally fair Saturday. Sunday showers; moderate temperature.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled; probably showers Saturday, except on the south coast.

Eastern New York—Generally fair in south and increasing cloudiness, probably local showers in north portion Saturday. Sunday showers; moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and Maryland—Generally fair and slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday showers.

New Jersey, Delaware—Fair Saturday, slightly warmer in interior. Sunday unsettled, probably showers.

District of Columbia—Fair and slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday showers.

Western Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness followed by showers Saturday afternoon or night and on Sunday; cooler Sunday.

Western New York—Showers Saturday and probably Sunday; cooler Sunday.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.

Official Temperature.

3 AM	63	12 M	72	6 PM	75
6 AM	62	1 PM	72	7 PM	74
8 AM	63	2 PM	77	8 PM	72
9 AM	67	3 PM	75	9 PM	69
10 AM	68	4 PM	77	10 PM	68
11 AM	71	5 PM	76		

Average temperature yesterday, 69.
Average same date last year, 75.
Average same date for 46 years, 74.
High yesterday, 77, at 3 P. M.; low, 61, at 5 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.17; 8 P. M., 30.15. Humidity—8 A. M., 54; 8 P. M., 85.
Wind—8 A. M., northeast, velocity 15 miles; 8 P. M., south, velocity 12 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., clear.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Forecast:

North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy in east and showers in west.

Georgia—Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy, thunder showers in interior.

Florida—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, thunder showers Sunday, in south Saturday.

Extreme Northwest Florida—Fair Saturday; Sunday thunder showers.

Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy Saturday; thunder showers Sunday and probably in north Saturday.

Tennessee—Increasing cloudiness followed by local showers and probably thunderstorms Saturday and Sunday; cooler in west Sunday.

Kentucky — Showers Saturday; Sunday cloudy and cooler, probably showers Sunday morning.

Ohio—Showers Saturday and Saturday night, possibly clearing Sunday morning; cooler Sunday.

Illinois—Showers, with possibly thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy; cooler in northeast.

Indiana—Showers and probably thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy; cooler.

Lower Michigan—Showers Saturday; cooler by night; Sunday partly cloudy; cooler southeast.

Upper Michigan—Fair west, showers in east Saturday; Sunday fair; continued cool.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy Saturday; showers southeast; Sunday probably fair; continued cool.

Missouri—Partly cloudy, probably showers in east and south Saturday and in west Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Iowa—Partly cloudy Saturday; probably showers southeast; Sunday unsettled, with probably showers; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; showers in south by Sunday night; not much change in temperature.

North Dakota—Unsettled, with probably showers by Saturday night or Sunday; not much change in temperature.

South Dakota—Showers probably by Saturday night and on Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Fire Record.

A.M.

12:25—316 Madison St.: Max Moskewitz. Not given

12:40—119 Ridge St.: Isaac Kaulkus. Not given

12:50—891 9 Av., moving picture theatre Not given

2:05—410 W. 128 St.; Nerio Nott. Not given

3:20—421 E. 74 St.; Frank Zielk. Not given

6:25—142 E. Broadway; awning, Mines & Butler ..... Not given

7:50—355 E. 62 St.; auto in garage Spencer Frams Co. ..... Not given

9:50—410 E. 72 St.; Frank Knapp ..... Not given

10:50—68 St. and Amsterdam Av.; not given ..... Not given

10:50—207 W. 44 St.; rubbish; not given ..... Not given

P.M.

1:15—2,199 White Plains Av., the Bronx; J. Sormoni ..... Not given

1:25—966 8 Av.; F. Fiurio ..... Not given

2:30—226 W. 50 St.; Shubert Theatre Co. ..... Not given

2:40—62 E. 103 St.; I. Lavinson ..... Slight

3:10—106 Ludlow St. (auto); M. Mochomer. Not given

3:25—1,315 Brook Av., the Bronx; J. Levy ..... Slight

3:30—243 E. 115 St.; A. Podlis ..... Not given

3:50—501 8 Av.; not given ..... Slight

5:30—777 Tinton Av., the Bronx; not given ..... Slight

5:45—1,009 Prospect Av., the Bronx; Mr. Scidelman ..... Slight

6:40—1,132 1 Av.; not given ..... Slight

6:45—64 W. 21 St.; N. & N. Co. ..... Not given

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DEWEY & BUFFLY CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy No. 37060. Sir: Please take notice that the undersigned as the receiver in bankruptcy of the estate of the above named bankrupt, has received an offer in the sum of $870 for all of the receiver's right, title and interest in and to all of the furniture of the above named bankrupt now located at Room 1740, No. 30 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, free and clear of any lien, and an offer in the sum of $850 for all the right, title and interest of the receiver in and to the property of the above named bankrupt, located at Theodora Ficke Wardrobes, Inc., 280 West Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Please take further notice that a meeting to consider and pass upon the said offer will be held before the Honorable Peter B. Olney, Jr., Referee in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 8 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of August, 1924, at 11 o'clock noon or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard. Why the said offer should not be accepted, and such other and further bids as may be received considered.

Dated New York, August 13, 1924.

Yours, &c.,
JOSEPH T. STEARNS, Receiver.
BARKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Time indicated is Daylight Saving Time.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
High water	3:40	10:00	10:17	10:34	12:13	12:34	Rises.	Sets.
Low water	5:37	3:53	4:15	4:30	6:20	6:40	4:58	7:34

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.
RELIANCE	Hamburg	Aug. 5
AMAZONE	La Guayra	Aug. 9
ALGIC	Port Said	July 24
SOLVANG	Matanzas	Aug. 9
CALLABASAS	Guantanamo	Aug. 8
SAN TIRSO	Tampico	Aug. 7
AMERICAN	Amsterdam	July 30
BRIGHTON	Port Antonio	Aug. 9
KATHLAMBA	Boston	Aug. 14
EL ESTERO	New Orleans	Aug. 10
SAMUEL G. BROWN	Colon	Aug. 9
CONCHO	Galveston	Aug. 9
WM. CHAMPION	Colon	Aug. 8
PRES. HAYES	Boston	Aug. 13
CITY BIRMINGHAM	Savannah	Aug. 13
EL SIGLIO	Galveston	Aug. 9
HURON	Turks Island	Aug. 10

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Date.	Will Dock.
ALERIC, Kerr	Calcutta, June 11	Today	Unassigned
ARCHIMEDES, A. M. M.	Queenstown, Aug. 1	Today	W. 16th St.
LONDON EXCHANGE, Furness	London, July 30	Today	Charles St.
*VOLENDAM, Holland-Am.	Rotterdam, Aug. 6	Today	5th St., Hbkn.
*DULIO, Ital.-Am.	Gibraltar, July 28	Today	W. 57th St.
PARIS, French	Havre, Aug. 9	Today, A.M.	W. 15th St.
ALADDIN, Standard Tr.	Colon, Aug. 10	Today	Unassigned
*PANAMA, Panama	Cristobal, Aug. 8	Today	W. 24th St.
*CALIFORNIA, Cunard	Glasgow, Aug. 9	Tomorrow, A.M.	W. 14th St.
*MINNEWASKA, Atl. Tr.	London, Aug. 9	Tomorrow, P.M.	W. 14th St.
*ULUA, United Fruit	Colon, Aug. 10	Tomorrow	W. 14th St.
*YORCK, N. G. Lloyd	Bremen, Aug. 9	Tomorrow	6th St., Hbkn.
*SCYTHIA, Cunard	Liverpool, Aug. 9	Monday, A.M.	W. 14th St.
*WESTERN WORLD, Munson	Buenos Aires, July 31	Monday, A.M.	1st St., Hbkn.
*CELTIC, White Star	Liverpool, Aug. 9	Monday	W. 17th St.
*MARAVAL, Trinidad	Trinidad, Aug. 9	Sunday	
*CANADA, Eiwell & Co.	Lisbon, Aug.	Monday	53d St., Bkln.
*MOUNT CLAY, Hamburg Am.	Hamburg, Aug.	Monday	W. 46th St.
*ARABIC, White Star	Liverpool, Aug. 9	Monday	W. 17th St.
*SAN LORENZO, P. O.	San Juan, Aug. 14	Monday	Pier 83, Bkln.
*MARTINIQUE, Columbian	Savanilla, Aug. 8	Monday	Clay St., Bkln.
*PORT ST. GEORGE, Furness	Hamilton, Aug. 10	Monday	W. 55th St.
*OSCAR II, Scan. Am.	Copenhagen, Aug. 7	Monday	17th St., Hbkn.
*ESPERANZA, Ward	Progreso, Aug.	Monday	
ZACAPA, United Fruit	Barrios, Aug. 10	Monday	15 E. R.
CARABOBO, Red D.	La Guayra, Aug. 12	Tuesday	Pier 11, Bkln.
OLYMPIC, White Star	Southampton, Aug. 13	Tuesday, P.M.	Pier 59.

*Carries mail.

Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, when their mails close (at the General Post Office and the City Hall Stations), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they carry mail:

SAIL TODAY (Aug. 16).

LAFAYETTE, Havre (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 15th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Plymouth and Havre (especially addressed).

MAJESTIC, Southampton (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Cherbourg and Southampton (specially addressed).

ROTTERDAM, Rotterdam (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 5th St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Plymouth and Boulogne (specially addressed).

CLEVELAND, Hamburg (mail closes 7:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Cherbourg and Southampton (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland, via Hamburg.

BALTIC, Liverpool (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 19th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Queenstown and Liverpool (especially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Irish Free State.

LEVIATHAN, Southampton (mail closes 2:30 P. M.; sails 7:00 P. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia, via Cherbourg and Southampton; also parcel-post mails for Great Britain and the countries mentioned in footnote "A" below.

SILVIA, St. John's (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Java St., Brooklyn. Newfoundland.

ORIZABA, Havana (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Wall St. Cuba (specially addressed correspondence only).

PORT VICTORIA, Bermuda (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 55th St. Bermuda, St. Kitts, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana, via Hamilton; also parcel-post mails for Bermuda.

LASSELL, Buenos Aires (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 14th St., Hoboken. Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed correspondence only).

BOGOTA, Cape Haitien (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Brooklyn. Haiti and Colombia, except Carcagena, Cauca and Magdalena Departments (Jamaica and other parts of Colombia must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer), via Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives, St. Marc, Port au Prince, Kingston and Colon.

ZULIA, La Guayra (mail close 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Pier 11, Brooklyn. Curacao and Venezuela; also specially addressed correspondence for Porto Rico, via Mayaguez, La Guayra and Maracaibo.

SAN JUAN, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Pier 25, Brooklyn. Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, La Romana, San Pedro de Macoris and San Domingo City (ordinary mail only).

PASTORES, Cristobal (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), 4th St., Hoboken. Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama, Amapala City, Cholutaca (also prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran) in Honduras, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia, Ecuador and letter mail for Nicaragua, except East Coast (Cuba and other parts of Nicaragua specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer), via Havana, Cristobal and Port Limon.

KALMARSUND XI., San Domingo (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Pier 34, Brooklyn. Puerto Plata, La Romana, San Pedro de Macoris and San Domingo City.

PAN AMERICA, Rio Janeiro (mail closes 10:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 4th St., Hoboken. South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay. (Specially addressed correspondence only; also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.)

SAIL TOMORROW (Aug. 17).

SIERRA VENTANA, Bremen (mail closes 12:30 P. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 6th St., Hoboken. Germany (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary.

SAIL TUESDAY (Aug. 19).

RELIANCE, Hamburg (mail closes 5:30 A. M.; sails 8:30 A. M.), West 46th St. Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.

RIVER ARAXES, Gibraltar (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Gibraltar (specially addressed correspondence and parcel-post mails).

MAILS to Cuba, Rico, via Port Limon, 8:00 P. M., by rail to Boston.

NOTE A—Parcel-post mail via England to Aden (including Kamaran and Perim), Afghanistan (Kabul), Albania (certain places), Ascension, Belgian Congo (Katanga and Eastern Provinces and the territories of Ruanda and Iturl), British Central Africa (Nyasaland Protectorate), British India, British Somaliland, Cameroons (British and French zones), Cape Verde Islands, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, French India (especially addressed), Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ireland (North), Kenya and Uganda, Macao (China), Madeira, Malta, Mauritius (including Rodrigues), Mesopotamia (Iraq), including Kuwait, Morocco (British), Lourenco Marques and Beira, Nyasaland Protectorate, Palestine, Pemba, Persia, Portuguese India, Portuguese Timor, Portuguese West Africa, St. Helena, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika Territory, Tibet, Togoland (British), Trans-Jordania (territory east of Jordan River), Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia and Zanzibar.

NOTE B—Parcel-post mails via France to Abyssinia, Algeria, Cameroons, Corsica, Dahomey, French Equitorial Africa, French Guiana, French establishments in India, French Indochina (Annam, Cambodia, Cochinchina, Laos and Tonkin), French Post Offices in China, Morocco (British), French Somaliland, French Sudan (Upper Senegal, Niger and Upper Volta), Ste. Marie de Madagascar, Nossi-Be, Comoro Islands, Mayotte, Gds, Comoro, Anjouan and Mohell, Mauritania, Monaco, Morocco (French), New Caledonia and dependencies, Niger Territory, Reunion, Senegal, Togoland (French), Syria (French), (Beirut, Damascus, Aleppo and the Western and Eastern Zone), Tunis.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
VIRORG, Liverpool	Aug. 16	12 M.
KARROO, Auckland	Aug. 18	9 A.M.
RIVER ARAXES, Alexandria	Aug. 22	12:00 M.
ANDES	Aug. 19	11 A.M.
NAGANO MARU, Kobe	Aug. 20	10 A.M.
DACRE CASTLE, Shanghai	Aug. 20	12 M.
NORWAY MARU, Kobe	Aug. 20	10 A.M.
NOVIAN, Antwerp	Aug. 21	9 A.M.
LIBERTY, Dunkirk	Aug. 21	10 A.M.
EASTERN CROWN, Cape Town	Aug. 22	12:00 M.
ZAREMBO, Bordeaux	Aug. 22	9 A.M.
FRANCISCO, Hull	Aug. 23	10 A.M.
WAUKEGAN, Amsterdam	Aug. 23	9 A.M.
OTAKI, Melbourne	Aug. 25	10 A.M.
KASAMA, Rockhampton	Aug. 25	11 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
BELGENLAND	Plymouth	Aug. 16
MINNEKAHDA	Plymouth	Aug. 15
BRAGA	Marseilles	Aug. 12
VERULANIA	London	Aug. 15
IDAHO	Hull	Aug. 15
JALAPA	Alexandria	Aug. 15
MONADNOCK	Port Said	Aug. 15
SANDGATE CASTLE	Table Bay	Aug. 13
KABINGA	Melbourne	Aug. 14
CABO ESPARTEL	Cadiz	Aug. 14
AMPETCO	Antwerp	Aug. 15
CITY OF AUCKLAND	Calcutta	Aug. 13
EASTERN SEA	Brisbane	Aug. 13
SILVERELM	Kobe	Aug. 12
ATREUS	Singapore	Aug. 14
CHICAGO CITY	Bristol	Aug. 14
OHIO	Southampton	Aug. 14
CLAN MALCOLM	Suez	Aug. 14
FLORIDIAN	Colon	Aug. 14
DIXIE ARROW	Colon	Aug. 14
COM'ERCIAL SPIRIT	Colon	Aug. 14

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
ESTONIA	Danzig	Aug. 11
RESOLUTE	Southampton	Aug. 11
CABO VILLANO	Genoa	Aug. 9
PORT MACQUARIE	Sydney	Aug. 18
VINCENTE	Havre	Aug. 12

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
ZEELAND	Southampton	Aug. 14
ORCA	Southampton	Aug. 15
SUDERGA	Helsingfors	Aug. 3
LAMPO	Calcutta	Aug. 11
COLORADO	Singapore	Aug. 11
FAIRFIELD CITY	Singapore	Aug. 15
BOLTON CASTLE	Gibraltar	Aug. 14
CARRILLO	Colon	Aug. 14
HOFUKU MARU	Leghorn	Aug. 14
SARCOXIE	Verron	Aug. 11
CITY OF HOUSTON	Alexandria	Aug. 13
MONGINEVRO	Lisbon	Aug. 14
ULUA	Havana	Aug. 14

Transcontinental Air Mail

The newly established transcontinental air mail service is operated in both directions daily, leaving Hazlehurst Field (New York) at 11 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, and San Francisco at 8 A. M., Pacific Time. The planes carry no passengers, for intermediate points as well, including Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Salt Lake City, &c. Mail for points not on the air route is forwarded by mail trains from the nearest air mail station.

The New York closing time on weekdays for this mail is 3:30 A. M., Daylight Saving Time, from the General Post Office and 4 A. M. or a little later at the air mail letter boxes painted red, white and blue, which are located in various parts of the city. The closing time at the box in Times Square is 3:03 A. M. The closing time on Sundays and holidays is 0 A. M. at the General Post Office and 7:45 A. M. at the Times Square box.

Thursday's transcontinental air mail from San Francisco was reported to have been delayed by heavy weather west of Chicago and is expected to reach Hazlehurst Field about 8 A. M. today.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 15.—Thursday's transcontinental air mail from New York was reported running four hours late at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Station, New York, at 9 A. M. daily, as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Seattle. ..... PRES. McKINLEY Aug. 19

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia, via San Francisco ..... VENTURA Aug. 21

Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand and Australia, is Victoria. ..... MAKURA Aug. 22

Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and letter mail only for Philippine Islands, via Victoria. ..... EMP. OF RUSSIA Aug. 29

Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Seattle (seaposts). ..... PRES. JACKSON Aug. 31

Also parcel-post mails for Society Islands and Australia; also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco TAHITI Sep. 5

Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Auckland.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE WINDOW-CRAFT CORP., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Aug. 21st, 1924, by order of the Court at 12:30 P. M., at the Borough of Manhattan assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fixtures, office supplies, machinery, lumber, trucks, sample woodwork, &c.

ALBERT J. BERWIN, Receiver.
HARRY E. FALK, Attorney for Receiver, 280 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 19th and 20th.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC BANDER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Aug. 22nd, 1924, by order of the Court, at 12:30 P. M., at the Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of the above bankrupt, consisting of fixtures, office supplies, machinery, lumber, trucks, sample woodwork, &c.

BENJAMIN BULMER, Receiver.
H. & A. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 280 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 20th and 21st.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect Aug. 16:

LIEUTENANTS—Assignment as special duty officers (continued): Frederick M. Kellogg, from 44th Precinct to 23-A Precinct; John W. Donnelly, from 5th Precinct to 17th Precinct; John McAleese, from 17th Precinct to 6th Precinct; William P. Judge, from 23-A Precinct to 5th precinct.

SERGEANT—Thomas F. J. Kerrigan, from 28th Precinct to 12th.

PATROLMEN.

David E. Torpey, from 15th Precinct to 17th Precinct, assignment to motorcycle duty continued; James Reilly, from 16th Precinct to Traffic Precinct B; Thomas S. Hughes, from 17th Precinct to 13th Division, office of Fourth Deputy Commissioner, to duty in investigating Squad; John F. Smith, from Traffic Precinct B to 18th Division, Motorcycle Squad No. 3, assigned to motorcycle duty, assignment to duty in Traffic Towers discontinued; William

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. Under the laws of the State of New York it is a misdemeanor for any person, firm, corporation or association to publish an advertisement containing any statement "untrue, deceptive or misleading."

Telephone Lackawanna 1000.

CAPITAL WANTED.

GOING MANUFACTURING BUSINESS needs capital to take care business on hand; excellent opportunity for man with $10,000. Address Room 312A, 19 West 44th.

WANTED, $100,000; WILL PAY LIBERAL interest; gilt edge collaterals; long or short time loan; best of reference. H. P. Lyman, Fort Smith, Ark.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

TEA ROOM AND RESTAURANT FOR rent in the West Seventies, near Broadway; reasonable rent to right party; $500 security required; must be experienced and thoroughly competent. Box H. R., 35 Times.

FOR SALE.

Stores and Shops.

MODERN SHOE STORE FOR SALE. Shoe repairing establishment included. Main St. location; will sell building also; 50% cash. Apply Carter-Learn Realty Co., East Stroudsburg, Pa.

COUNTRY STORES—FARMS. WRITE OR call for booklet. Burke Stone, 41 East 42d.

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

ICE CREAM PARLOR AND RESTAURANT, high class, 15 miles out on Merrick Road, 42d St. and Broadway of L. I.; established 8 years, by present owner; a money maker; long and cheap lease; a wonderful opportunity for 1 or 2 experienced business men; terms to responsible party; owner's sickness cause of sale. Xeilers, Merrick Road at 5 Corners, Lynbrook, L. I.

Garages.

FOLLOW "MAIER" FOR GOOD GARAGES. 160 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0248.

Miscellaneous.

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES, BATTERY repair and gas, drive in station, fully equipped, long established in a prosperous New Jersey community within 12 miles from New York City, for sale on account of sickness; long lease, low rent; inventory $15,000; cash required $10,000, balance suitable terms. For appointment phone Orange 7530.

SODA FOUNTAINS—SPECIAL SALE; ALL sizes at greatly reduced prices; every fountain on hand to be sold at once; unusual chance to buy a real high-class fountain at a very low price; we have on hand also several rebuilt fountains at bargain prices. Bishop & Babcock Co., 444 Lafayette St., corner Astor Place.

FINE OPPORTUNITY TO EARN GOOD INcome under ideal conditions at home; for disposal, a beautifully located Hudson River frontage, all-year-round property, combined with a light mail order business, easily worked. Z 3112 Times Annex.

Leases.

FLUSHING.

We have three large stores located on Main St., where you can establish a profitable women's apparel, millinery, shoe or butcher store or any line of business. This is a wonderful opportunity for a live wire. Act quick. For full particulars see Quintard, Terry & Johnson, 89 Main St., Flushing, L. I. Tel. Flushing 6000.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

COLLECTIONS, BACKWARD ACCOUNTS; experts; attorneys all cities; no charge unless successful. National Credit Vigilance, 791 Broadway. Worth 10068.

MY SALES LETTERS BRING IN ORDERS. Phone F. Baer, Pennsylvania 0065.

FINANCING—LOANS.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS. WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION. LOWEST RATES. NO PUBLICITY. DEALS MADE SAME DAY. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 1,600 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 5743

COMMERCIAL FINANCING.

Advances on accounts and merchandise. Consult our principals with your financial problems in strictest confidence. WORMSER & CO., 45 5th Av. Stuyvesant 2360.

MONEY FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION. Reorganization, commercial paper, real estate. Phoenix Factors Corp., 1,265 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS OBTAIN LOANS while using cars; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2283.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until 4 P.M. Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Liberal reward; Mogul taxi, Thursday evening. Phone Pennsylvania 6704.

BANK BOOK 1-12096, on Chatham and Phenix Bank, 116th St. and Lenox Av. Please return to bank. Payment stopped.

BANK BOOK 11401, Chatham and Phenix National Bank, Bowery Branch. Payment stopped. Return to bank.

BILLFOLDER—Twenty-five dollars additional will be paid without question for return of new billfolder and of membership cards and railroad tickets to West, lost Thursday. Phone Endicott 3700 Saturday or Murray Hill 1542 after Sunday.

BRIEF CASE, black, containing scales and dental gold, lost Brighton Beach train Aug. 14; liberal reward. B. Wallach, 1,816 East 12th St., Brooklyn.

GOLD LORGNETTE, long handle; reward. D'Eno. Boulevard 6350R.

MANUSCRIPT—$25 Reward, no questions asked, for return typewritten manuscript in suit case, checked at Pennsylvania Station last Tuesday. Address 57 Lenox Road, Rockville Centre, L. I.

PARCEL—Lost Wednesday, Aug. 13, Tiffany's, taxi or Grand Central depot, parcel, 8 unaddressed packages containing brown wavy false hair; $25 reward and refund as ads. Box B., Post Office Sound Beach, Conn.

PURSE, man's, B. R. T. subway, containing money and railroad ticket; name on purse, H. Kleybocker; liberal reward. Apply care of M. J. Dalton, Claridge Hotel. Bryant 0346.

SUIT CASE, black, lost Friday from taxi on way Grand Central Station; reward. Martin, 311 West 111th St.

LOST—The loss and application for issue of new certificate is announced for twelve (12) shares stock in The Northern Central Railroad Company, No. 25469, standing in the name of (Mrs.) Nina Poe Elder.

$50 in envelope, restaurant, 43d St., or to 48th St. and 5th Av., Friday; reward. Vanderbilt 8000.

Jewelry.

BRACELET—White gold flexible watch bracelet, set with a few diamonds and sapphires, in box containing name of jeweler, left in taxi; reward. Phone Samuels, Endicott 3880.

BROOCH, platinum, 13 diamonds, between Moquin's, 6th Av. and 28th, and 23d St. Betty; reward. Phone Boonton 377.

DIAMOND HORSESHOE, in taxi, Strand Theatre or 74th St., between Amsterdam and Riverside; reward. Y 2342 Times Annex.

PIN, diamond and onyx, part broken from stem, east side Park Av., 86th to 91st St., or Park Av. to 5th Av., on south side of 91st St. Liberal reward for return. H. B. Close, 342 Madison Av. Phone Vanderbilt 3900.

RING—Lost Wednesday; heirloom; 7¼ jewelled circles of pearls and diamonds alternating; reward; no questions. Telephone Endicott 2207.

STONE CAMEO BROOCH, gold mounted, on Thursday, shopping district; liberal reward. Communists Aikan, Claremont Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

WRIST WATCHES (ladies'), 4 in package, valued at $25 each, in taxicab; suitable reward. Z 2123 Times Annex.

$800 REWARD

for return of necklace containing about 127 graduated pearls, diamond clasp, lost Aug. 7, vicinity of Greenacres Av., Hartsdale, N. Y. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St. Broad 2794.

$200 REWARD

for return of ring containing one large diamond prong setting, lost Aug. 11 at or between Shubert Theatre and East 53d St. Charlton & Co., 654 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

CAPE, black silk, painted in colors, Strand Theatre, Wednesday afternoon; $25 reward. Phone Larchmont 740.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

DOG—Large male, red Chow; tag on collar No. A-12. Dr. H. K. Miller; reward. Miller Dog and Cat Hospital, 126 West 52d.

SIX SHIPS TO TAKE 3,000 ABROAD TODAY

Many Notables Among the Passengers Who Will Leave on the Majestic.

LEVIATHAN GOES IN EVENING

Her Propellers Are in Fine Condition After Having Been in Dry Dock.

Six steamships leave today for Europe and one for Central America and the West Indies with 3,000 passengers from all parts of the United States going abroad for business or pleasure. There is also a party of six American tourists bound for India via the Suez Canal, who intend to go to Cashmere via Kurrachee and Rawal Pindi before the canal navigation is closed up by the cold weather in November.

Some of the notables leaving at 11 A. M. today on the White Star liner Majestic for Cherbourg and Southampton are the Maharaja of Jind, one of the largest of the Punjab States, the Maharani of Jind, H. H. the Lita Sahib, Princess Diamond and Princess Ruby, who have been in this country for several weeks. Also Colonel Allen C. Howard, D. S. O., M. C., British mining engineer; Count F. Wrangel, Major F. Sarnpat Singh. Another visitor who is returning is George Barsky, owner of the Allenby Hotel at Jerusalem, who has completed arrangements for the erection of a modern 240-room hotel with 120 baths at Jerusalem to cost $600,000, designed to take care of the rapidly increasing tourist business in the Holy Land.

Others of note departing on the Majestic are General Tasker H. Bliss, Mitchell Erlanger, Justice of the New York Supreme Court; Dr. Louis Hauswirth of Mt. Sinai Hospital, Dr. H. Beeckman Delatour, Brooklyn surgeon; Dr. A. A. Berg of Mt. Sinai Hospital, Mme. Graveur, F. W. Scott, a director of the International Mercantile Marine Company; Thomas F. Meany, Justice of the Juvenile Court of Hudson County, N. J.; Dr. James T. Shotwell, Professor of History at Columbia University; Edwin S. Gordon, architect of the Eastman Theatre, Rochester; Frederick Delafield, New York lawyer, and Edwin A. Fisher, consulting engineer for the City of Rochester.

Representing the business world on the Majestic are Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Bank; John F. Pell, Vice President of the Empire Chartering Company; Herbert J. Carr, a director of the Anglo-Mexican Petroleum Company; Edward H. Litchfield, President of the Brooklyn Improvement Corporation; J. Augustus Barnard of the firm of Dominick & Dominick; Eugene F. Suter, President of Eugene, Ltd., of London; Pliny F. Stewart, Vice President of the Stewart Silk Company; Albert Rothbart of the firm of Hallgarten & Co. and Sylvan M. Barnet, President of the Barnet Leather Company and of the Calf Tanners Association of the United States, who is going abroad to make a survey of wages in continental tanneries as compared with those in the United States and to study continental products, and H. J. Dalsman, President of the Auto-Strop Razor Company.

Passengers from New York include Alfred J. Croft, Miss Janet Nordenshield, Gerald Krech, William H. Hirst, Harry A. Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gilchrist, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick L. Rodewald, Albert Atha, Dr. Edward B. Bronson, David H. Miller, Howard Page, Richard Trimble Jr., James Sheridan and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Burrows.

Leviathan Leaves Tonight.

With her propellers all tuned up after being in drydock in Boston, the Leviathan of the United States Lines will sail at 7 o'clock this evening for Cherbourg and Southampton with a list of prominent passengers, among whom are Rudolph Valentino, the moving picture actor, accompanied by his wife; Count Carlo Dentice di Frasso, who for ten years was a member of the Italian Parliament, and the Countess, formerly Dorothy Taylor of New York; C. Mitchell Depew, United States Consul at Palermo; Joseph Salvatori, Italian Consul at Trinidad, British West Indies, and John Edward Aldred, President of the Bank of Manhattan Company of New York.

Other prominent passengers are the Misses Emily and Barbara Briggs and Master Lindsey A. Briggs, children of Brig. Gen. Briggs of the United States Army; Arthur V. Davis, President of the Aluminum Company of America, and Mrs. Davis; Edward Kretschmar, prominent hotel owner in Berlin and owner and manager of the Hotel Bristol in that city; J. F. Teehan of the V. P. Dunbar Pattern Company and Mrs. Teehan, Conrad Kamerer, R. M. Allaire of Russeks & Co. of New York, Thomas Kemm, Miss Clair McDowell, movie actress; Mrs. Fred Britten, wife of Congressman Britten; W. A. Foreman, President of the Foreman-Clark Manufacturing Company of New York; H. B. Tremaine of the Aeolian Company and his daughter; Hipolit Gliwic, Chargé d'Affaires of the Polish Embassy at Washington, and Edward Charles of Boston.

Prominent New Yorkers sailing are: Albert H. Atha, Mr. and Mrs. H. Beagle, Herbert Clark, Mrs. D. N. Dalton, Wilson Edwards, Miss Marie C. Foley, Mr. and Mrs. Berna von Geiler, Miss Evelyn Hollis, L. H. Jamouneau, Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Kurth, Mrs. J. W. Lawrence, Mrs. R. E. McVikar, Joseph Rosen, S. Schmeidler, F. Tracy, R. M. Urgolti, Mrs. W. A. Whitaker and John Corbin.

Veterans Leaving Today.

Sailing today also will be the third party of American veterans to visit France and the battlefields. This will be the largest party of the three so far arranged for this Summer. More than twenty States will be represented by the veterans on this tour. One veteran has come all the way from Honolulu. Of the Southern States, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia will have representatives.

Prominent among those leaving today by the Holland-America liner Rotterdam, bound for England, France and Holland, are N. J. L. Branties, Governor of Curacao, Dutch West Indies; Judge and Mrs. J. Jerome Hahn of Boston, Mass.; Godfrey F. Rebmann of the Otis Elevator Company and Mrs. H. F. Rebmann, M. H. Bearns and M. H. Bearns, Jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. Lee Burnham, Director of the Workers' Health Bureau, N. Y., and Miss S. Mailhouse, Joseph E. Bernstein, president of the State Theatres Corporation and member of the Jersey City Board of Education; Dr. and Mrs. Henry C. Barkhorn, Mr. and Mrs. Ira C. Stern, R. H. Scarr, George P. McHick, Mr. and Mrs. Howard L. Sills, R. J. Slater of the Chandler Motor Company, Arthur M. Eisig and the Misses Kate and Olga Eisig.

Some of the notables leaving today for Liverpool and Queenstown on the White Star liner Baltic are Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, pastor of the Central Congregational Church, Brooklyn, who is going to England for a holiday; the Rev. J. Stuart Holden, vicar of St. Paul's, London; the Marchioness del Sua, Dr. Godfrey H. Thomson, Professor of Education at Armstrong College, University of Durham; John Al Poynton, trustee of the Carnegie Corporation of New York, Frederick Ferrand, director of the Universal King Spindle Company of Chicago, and Martin Hawke, managing director of the Carborundum Company of Manchester, England.

Also sailing on the Baltic are Peter J. Hinds, thread manufacturer of Willimantic, Conn.; James A. M. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. David Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pease and family, John E. O'Connor and Mr. and Mrs. Raymond H. Piero of New York; Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Barceley and family of Cleveland, Charles G. Hall of Pittsburgh, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Keenan of San Francisco and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel M. Lynch of Detroit.

Some of the passengers leaving today for Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Southampton, on the Royal Mail liner Orbita are Lieut. Co. C. W. Bourne, Professor Theodore Collier, Brown University; Mrs. Collier, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. del Valle, F. G. Fry, Miss I. F. Callaghan, Frank Hurley, L. Blagden, Mrs. A. C. Blagden, E. H. Winter, J. Harlin, Dr. R. Von de Heydt, Dr. C. H. Beckman, Charles H. Tutt, Columbia University; Miss Amelia Rinecones, Mr. and Mrs. St. John Wood, Stanley Philips, William Thurneysen, John Clause, W. Draw, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Brackett, Miss Catherine Letterman, Miss Madeline Letterman, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. McGraw, G. L. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Oddie, C. S. Narrinen, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Paine, J. F. Doherty, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Whitaker and Lieutenant R. D. S. Helm.

Tourists for Canal Zone.

Among the tourists leaving today for Cuba, Canal Zone and Costa Rica on the Pastores of the United Fruit Company are Percy Allen, Isadora Altman, Miss A. Anderson, Harrison O. Apthorp, E. W. Berriman, Miss A. Bird, Miss E. R. Borgne, P. Bonell, Clarence Brieger, Miss B. Campbell, Orlando Castagnet, Robert Clerment, Joseph J. Collins, Charles Cowperthwaite, J. T. Crawley, Dr. Murphy, Armando Espriella, Mr. and Mrs. José Fernandez, Isidro Fernandez, Mr. and Mrs. R. Forman, James Gillespie, Cesareo Gonsalez, Miss M. M. Gorman, Miss A. Gorman, C. B. Goode, Spencer Gowdy, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hawley, Henry Hein, Mrs. L. Hein, Mrs. A. Hemphill, Alfredo Henriod, Porter Hoagland, Mrs. M. Hoagland, Dr. John R. Johnson, Mrs. E. Kaiser, Miss E. Kaiser, Miss M. Kane, Mrs. M. Lampsy, Antonio Lazo, H. Luft, Miss Mary Manahan, Herbert McMullin, Mrs. J. E. Masterson, Joan Masterson, Maximilian P. Mathias, Miss C. Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Murray, B. G. Meyers, Mrs. A. J. Newburg, E. C. Oliver, Miss E. Parker, Miss L. Parker, Mrs. R. P. Panne, Miss F. Paterno, Miss J. Paterno, Edward J. Peasant, Miss H. Reardon, Judge C. T. Reno, Miss B. W. Robinson, Mrs. I. D. W. Roetzel, George Russell, J. H. Schwarting, Miss N. Simpson, Mrs. W. K. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Sullivan, Miss E. Sullivan, Miss E. M. Than, the Rev. Ramon Vidal, Miss E. Vuelba, M. Waldman, Miss Margaret Waters, Paul West, Rose Whitter, G. Willets and S. T. Yocum.

Fifty Physicians Returning.

Among the passengers due to arrive today from Rotterdam, Boulogne and Southampton on the Holland-America liner Volendam are a group of fifty physicians, specialists in eye, ear and nose diseases. The doctors, under the leadership of Dr. George W. Mackenzie of Philadelphia, have been following a postgraduate course in oto-laryngology at Vienna.

Others on board the Volendam include Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bainbridge, Andrew J. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. V. Booth, Mrs. C. G. Halsay, Mrs. S. S. Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Jackson, C. McKlin, Norton, Miss Mary Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Woodward.

Some of the prominent people who arrived yesterday from Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg on the United American liner Reliance were R. L. Kress, Miss Sylvia Kress, Mrs. Frank Schenk, wife of the President of the Trade Bank of New York, Christian Hupfel and Mrs. Hupfel, Edward H. Hart, Mrs. R. H. M. Robinson, wife of the President of the United American Lines; William L. Pembleton, assistant Treasurer of the United American Lines; Dr. Gustav Tieck, Howard C. Story and Mrs. M. Gans, all from New York; Mrs. J. W. Chapman, John C. Francis and daughter, Mary Francis, from Brooklyn; N. A. Considine, Rowe Stewart and Mrs. Stewart, Grover MacDonald, Miss Helen MacDonald, from Philadelphia.

LEVIATHAN LEAVES BOSTON.

Her Repairs Completed, She Is Due to Dock This Morning.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—At noon today the steamship Leviathan was floated out of the South Boston dry dock and moved down the harbor, bound for New York, where she is expected early tomorrow morning. The work of replacing her damaged inboard starboard propeller and painting the underwater section of the giant vessel was completed this morning after a big gang of workmen had labored all night.

The Leviathan will make her scheduled sailing from New York for Cherbourg and Southampton at 6 p. m. tomorrow. To expedite the vessel's departure, much of her outward stock of provisions was put on board before she left New York for Boston, and a quantity of supplies also was taken on here.

THREATENED BY KLAN.

Freeport Drug Store Proprietor Ordered to Leave Town.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEPORT, L. I., Aug. 15.—Ernest S. Louis, proprietor of a drug store at 358 Atlantic Avenue, told the police today that he had been visited by eight men last night, who ordered him to sell his stock and leave the town within ten days. His complaint was corroborated by Mrs. Louis and a clerk, who were in the pharmacy at the time.

According to the druggist, the men entered the store and declared themselves members of the Ku Klux Klan, although they did not wear the Klan regalia. The spokesman of the group, who, Louis asserts, was a Freeport business man, said: "Freeport is not big enough to hold the Klan and you."

The police say this action on the part of the alleged Klansmen grows out of a charge made against Louis by the small daughter of a Freeport man, who alleged that he attacked her several weeks ago. An investigation was made by the police at the time, but sufficient corroboration for action was lacking. The little girl's statement has been denied by both Louis and his wife. The latter states that she was in the store at the time of the supposed assault.

The druggist said last night that he was not frightened by the visit and planned to conduct his business here in his usual manner, and had not even considered leaving town.

LIVERPOOL STOPS PARLEY.

Will Not Accept Agreement Which Takes American Cotton Standards.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Liverpool Cotton Association has informed American cotton trade representatives that it is not interested at this time in further negotiations, following its decision to withdraw from the international agreement which accepted the official cotton standards of the United States as universal standards. This was made known today by the Department of Agriculture.

"Liverpool's notice to withdraw will become effective on Aug. 1, 1925," said a statement issued by the Department of Agriculture.

"In the meantime, universal standards for American cotton are in full operation. The department has adequate authority to make the United States standards universal in the sale of American cotton to foreign countries as well as at home.

"With the cooperation of the other European cotton exchanges, the movement for establishing universal standards, as the one basis for trading in American cotton in European countries, will continue."

Hurley Sees Better Times at Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Edward N. Hurley, former Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, and now a member of the World War Debt Commission, who has just returned from a trip to England, France and Germany, was in Washington today and conferred with Under Secretary Winston and other officials of the Treasury Department and of the Department of Commerce. He was optimistic about the full acceptance of the Dawes plan, and felt that there was be an improvement on the European Continent soon, which would be reflected here.

ASSERTS WORKERS OBJECT TO 'UPLIFT'

Presbyterian Mission Secretary Says They Rightly Resent "Welfare Work."

HE URGES FRATERNALISM

Labor Day Message Declares That "Hire-and-Fire" Days Are Thing of the Past.

The Rev. Dr. John McDowell, a Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of National Missions, who when he was a boy worked in a Pennsylvania coal mine, and lost one arm in an accident there, issued yesterday to the more than 10,000 Presbyterian churches in the United States a Labor Day message, "Fraternal Industrialism" to be read in the churches the Sunday before Labor Day.

Dr. McDowell says that wage earners regard themselves as responsible members of industry and rightly resent "welfare work" and "uplift schemes."

"Wise employers today never work for their employes, they work with them," says the clergyman. "Large hearted and large minded employers of labor (of whom there are many, and the number is rapidly increasing) recognise that the workingman is on his feet insisting on the right to be heard in the determination of those conditions which so intimately and powerfully affect his own welfare and the welfare of his family. The 'take-it or leave-it' dictum and the 'hire-and-fire' method are unknown in fraternal industrialism."

In explaining why he wrote the "message," Dr. McDowell says:

"I have often thought that if Jesus were here in person in this industrial age He would not ask: 'How much is a man better than a sheep?' That was a proper question for His day, for His day was an agricultural day.

"But if He were here now He would ask: 'How much is a man better than a machine? How much is he better than a factory, a railroad, an automobile, a dollar?'

"Some would find it difficult to answer this question; others would answer it theoretically and say that they were of infinitely more value than any one of these things. Still others would have to admit that a man's value depended entirely upon the laws of supply and demand.

"I am glad to say that I believe there is a growing number of employers in this country who would answer not only theoretically but practically that man is of infinite value; that without him government, industry, education are all impossible. These are the men who are promoting fraternal industrialism. All other forms of industrialism, such as individualistic industrialism, autocratic industrialism, paternal industrialism have failed, and their failure has been very largely due to the fact that they lacked the fraternal spirit, the appreciation of man as man."

Dr. McDowell declares that fraternal industrialism seeks to realize certain definite objectives, among which are contentment, cooperation and production.

DOCTOR CALLS GIRL A THIEF.

She Tells Court That He Gave Her Jewels Valued at $5,400.

Miss Hortense Martin, an attractive brunette, 24 years old and living at 164 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday on a charge of larceny made by Dr. Burt D. Harrington of 525 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn. News of the arrest did not become known until late last night, when police were reticent to discuss the case.

Immediately following her arrest, Miss Martin was arraigned before Magistrate Jacob Bilgerin. She pleaded not guilty and was released for examination Monday on bail of $7,500, which was provided by a surety company. She described herself as a housekeeper.

In his complaint Dr. Harrington charged Miss Martin with the theft on Aug. 5 of two diamond bracelets belonging to his wife and valued at $5,400. He said that he lent the jewelry to Miss Martin, while she said in court that the bracelets were presented to her.

SAYS HUSBAND STRUCK HER

Mrs. Howard M. Potter Sues for Permanent Separation.

An amended complaint was filed yesterday in a suit for separation brought by Mrs. Sarah C. Potter against Dr. Howard M. Potter, a dentist, of 111 West Seventy-second Street. Mrs. Potter had a trial decree, which expired July 27, and is now seeking a permanent decree.

Mrs. Potter alleges that her husband was "brutal, profane and obscene" toward her. She asserts that while they were on their honeymoon he forbade her sending a postcard to her father and "from having any intercourse whatever with her father and mother." She also says that at one time he struck her with his fists, told her he had no affection for her, and ordered her to leave his home.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE,
120th St. and Lenox Av.
LOUIS K. DICKSON, Pastor.
Subject, Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock: "MODERN MIRACLES OF MISSIONS."
The Speaker is
ELDER W. A. SPICER,
from Washington, D. C.,
President of World Conference.
Broadcast from Station WSAP (263 Meters).

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST
West 57th St., Bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor.
Sermons at 11:30 and 7:45 by
Rev. R. W. Gibbon, D. D., Pastor of the Abbey Road Baptist Church of London, England.

CENTRAL BAPTIST.
S. E. Cor. 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
10 A. M.—Mixed Adult Bible Class. Studies in "Revelation." Teacher: COL. N. SANCTUARY.
Preaching at 11 A. M. by REV. JOHN R. GUNN, Pastor First Baptist Church, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FIRST BAPTIST,
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR L. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching by
DR. JOHN W. HAM
of Atlanta, Ga.
11 A. M.—"THE THIRD WORD IN ROMANS."
8 P. M.—"THE LAST INVITATION OF GRACE IN THE BIBLE."
Men's Bible Class 10 A. M.
HORACE L. DAY, Teacher.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST,
Madison Avenue at 31st St.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.
SPECIAL PREACHER THIS SUNDAY
REV. LEN G. BROUGHTON, D. D.,
of First Baptist Church, Jacksonville, Fla.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST,
(Formerly Fifth Avenue Baptist)
Park Avenue and East 64th St.
Ministers—Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D.
Rev. Eugene Carder.
11 A. M.—Rev. JAMES GORDON GILKEY, South Congregational Church, Springfield, Mass.
10 A. M.—Bible Class for Men and Women. Leader: DR. GILKEY.

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST,
194 Wadsworth Av., near 180th St.
Rev. Leonard E. Hegius Jr., Pastor.
Services.—11 A. M and 8 P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES AND MEETINGS are held in the following NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.

FIRST.....Central Pk. W. & 96th St.
SECOND.....Central Pk. W. & 68th St.
THIRD.....Park Av. & 63d St.
FOURTH.....Ft. Wash. Av. & 179th St.
FIFTH.....9 E. 45d St.
SIXTH.....1361 Boston Rd., Bronx
SEVENTH.....620 W. 113th St.
EIGHTH.....103 E. 77th St.
NINTH.....Town Hall, 131 W. 43d St.
TENTH.....26 Waverly Pl.
ELEVENTH.....2981 G. Concourse, Bronx
TWELFTH.....39 W. 55th St.
THIRTEENTH.....511 W. 42d St.
FOURTEENTH.....446 W. 155th St.

NOTE.—Wednesday meetings in Fourth, Sixth and Eleventh Church are at 8:15 P. M. Wednesday meeting in Ninth Church at 12 noon. Fourteenth Church has no Sunday evening service. Seventh Church has discontinued the Sunday afternoon service and First, Sixth and Thirteenth Churches have discontinued the Sunday evening services during August.

FREE LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
will be given by a member of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship
Aug. 31, 8 P. M., Second Church
The public is cordially invited.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.,
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—Rev. EDMUND B. CHAFFEE, Minister of the Labor Temple,
"The Sin of the Ages—Exploitation."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor.
REV. THOMAS MORGAN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
11 A. M.—Dr. W. C. Pearce.

Divine Science

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST,
REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Waldorf-Astoria, Sunday, 11 A. M.
Speaker: Rev. HENRY VICTOR MORGAN, "ENTERTAINING ANGELS UNAWARES" or "THE WONDERFUL VISIT."
Healing Meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at Noon. Public Invited.

MICHAEL FANNING
speaks every Sunday at 11 A. M. at the HOTEL McALPIN, Broadway and 34th St.

Interdenominational

TENT EVANGEL,
95th St., just off Broadway.
SUNDAY AT 11 A. M.
MRS. E. M. WHITTEMORE,
Founder Door of Hope Rescue Home for Girls. Subject: "A BUNDLE OF FACTS."
HARRY A. IRONSIDE,
"The Spurgeon of the Pacific Coast."
SUNDAY, 4 and 8 P. M. and nightly to Aug. 24.
SUNDAY, 4, Subject: "THE PRACTICAL EFFECTS OF THE BLESSED HOPE."
SUNDAY, 8, "LEAVES OF STONE THAT WILL FALL FROM HEAVEN."
DR. W. LEON TUCKER,
Aug. 25 to 29.
FINAL RALLIES, AUG. 31.
LEONARD C. VOKE,
Gold Medalist of London, England.
Special Music Tonight.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
603 Eighth Av. (near 44th St.).
Rev. A. WILLIAMSON, Founder.
Rev. ANTON CHRISTOLEIT, Assoc. Pastor.
Services Are Being Held Until Further Notice in the
ASCENSION MEMORIAL CHURCH,
438 St., between 7th and 8th Avs.
Sunday School, 2:30. Service, 3:30 P. M.
DR. R. E. NEIGHBOR, Southern Bible teacher and evangelist, will preach.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
139 West 89th St.
Rev. George Shaw, Pastor.
11—Rev. J. R. MORRIS of Passaic, N. J.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Jewish

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Sunday, 11 A. M., at 136 West 73d St.
PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED.

Lutheran

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West.
11.—The Rev. William Frese will preach.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH
131 West 104th St.
REV. M. A. SNYDER, D. D.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Strangers cordially invited.

OLD JOHN STREET, 44 John St.
FRANCIS B. UPHAM, D. D., Minister.
11 Sunday. Each weekday, 1 o'clock.

MADISON AV. METHODIST, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, D. D. } Ministers.
Rev. John M. Pearson, B. D. }
11—Rev. Arthur C. Hill, D. D., of Glasgow.
8—Mr. Pearson.

ST. PAUL'S,
166th St. and West End Av.
RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Rev. F. WATSON HANNAN, D. D., Professor in Drew Theological Seminary.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 4th St. W. of Sq.
Rev. LEWIS E. CHRISTIAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. WALTER S. MAGGS.

New Thought

UNITY,
SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, President.
FISK BUILDING, 250 W. 57th.
Sunday, 11 A. M. Address by AGNES M. LAWSON.
8 P. M., FRANCES G. LORD.
Services daily, 12:15, 2:30, 8 P. M.
Public cordially invited.

ELEVEDA WHITING TAYLOR,
CONSULTING PSYCHOLOGIST.
Psychoanalysis by appointment. Endicott 6345
Lectures Sunday and Wednesday evenings at 8, 129 West 79th, New York City.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill, Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
DR. HUGH BLACK will preach at 11.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D.D., Minister. 11 A. M., Rev. Mebane Ramsay of New York City will preach.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
5th Av. and 55th St.
11:00 and 4:30—Services of Worship.
Bishop E. H. Hughes, D. D., of the Boston Area of the Methodist Episcopal Church, preaches.
4:00—Organ recital by Harry Gilbert.
10:00—Men's and Women's Bible Class.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
5th Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers, D. D.
11 A. M.—Rev. THOMAS BUTTERFIELD SPEERS.
8 P. M.—Lawn Service (weather permitting). Rev. Thornton B. Penfield Jr.
Mid-Week Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway at 174th St.
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Rev. Harris Gregg, D. D., preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

HARLEM-NEW YORK,
Mount Morris Park West and 122d St.
Preaching at 11 and 8.
Rev. K. P. Miller of Franklin, Ind.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Corner South Oxford Street, Brooklyn.
President Clarence A. Barbour, D. D., LL.D., Rochester Theological Seminary, will preach at 11 and 7:45.

MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Northeast corner 73d St.
MINISTERS:
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D.
Rev. John Hopkins Denison, D. D.
Rev. William Raymond Jelliffe.
Rev. George Stewart, Ph. D.
11 A. M.—Rev. George Stewart, Ph. D.
8 P. M.—Dr. Stewart.

Presbyterian

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN,
Park Av. and 86th St.
EDWIN D. MINER, 11 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS,
4th Av. and 130th St.
Rev. WILLIAM ALLAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Going South."

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN,
South cor. 96th St. and Central Park West.
Rev. GEORGE J. RUSSELL, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. James D. Steele.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. J. SIDNEY GOULD preaches 11 A. M.
Topic: "The Joyous Jesus."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 112th St.
8 and 11 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M. and 4 P. M.—Preacher:
Rt. Rev. John Newton McCormick, D. D., Bishop of